The Portland Evening Journal

VOL. I. NO. 70. PORTLAND, OREGON, FRIDAY, MAY 30, 1902. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

HONOR NATION'S DEAD

Memorial Services at Arlington, Where 30,000 Heroes Sleep—President's Speech.

(Scripps-McRae News Association.)

WASHINGTON, May 30.—The sleeping heroes of the Civil and Spanish wars were given reverent homage at the national capitol today by the President, his Cabinet and the officers of the army and navy. Organizations, veterans and the public by thousands, laden with flowers and flags, made a pilgrimage to the cemeteries.

At Arlington, where 30,000 soldiers are buried, the principal exercises were held. President Roosevelt did not leave the White House for Arlington until about noon, when he went under the escort of George H. Harris of the District of Columbia National Guard Brigade and his staff.

The President rode in his carriage. Various Grand Army posts and Spanish war veterans, who were assigned to Arlington, preceded the executive by train.

After reaching the cemetery the advance guard, led by the Marine Band, paused at the tomb of the unknown, where a dirge was rendered. The procession then re-formed and wound its way to the amphitheater, where the President, his Cabinet, Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Army Torrance and many other distinguished personages in both official and private life were gathered.

As the bugles sounded the "assembly" the band rendered an introductory dirge. "Nearer, My God, to Thee" was then sung by the memorial choir and the throng in unison.

Department Commander Bingham then called the audience to order, and the choir rendered a cantata with deep feeling. Assistant Adjutant-General Chase then read the "orders" and Edwin B. Hay delivered Lincoln's Gettysburg speech. At its conclusion more music was rendered, after which the President arose and delivered his oration to the hushed crowd.

After the President had concluded his address, during which hardly a sound was to be heard, General Torrance spoke briefly, after which the ceremonies were concluded by the singing of "America" and the benediction.

President Roosevelt's speech was as follows:

PRESIDENT'S SPEECH.

"It is a good custom for our country to have certain solemn holidays in commemoration of our greatest men and of the greatest crises in our history. There should be few such holidays. To increase their number is to cheapen them. Washington and Lincoln—the man who did most to found the Union, and the man who did most to preserve it—stand head and shoulders above all our other public men, and have by common consent won the right to this pre-eminence. Among the holidays which commemorate the turning points in American history, Thanksgiving has a significance peculiarly its own. On July 4 we celebate the birth of the nation; on this day, the 30th of May, we call to mind the deaths of those who died that the nation might live, who wagered all that life holds dear for the great prize of death in battle, who poured out their blood like water in order that the mighty national structure raised by the far-seeing patriotism of Washington, Franklin, Marshall, Hamilton and the other great leaders of the Revolution, great framers of the Constitution, should not crumble into meaningless ruins.

In Lincoln's Time.

You whom I address today and your comrades who wore the blue beside you in the perilous years during which strong, sad, patient Lincoln bore the crushing load of national leadership, performed the one feat the failure to perform which would have meant destruction to everything which makes the name America a symbol of hope among the nations of mankind. You did the greatest and most necessary task which has ever fallen to the lot of any men on this Western Homisphere. Nearly three centuries have passed since the waters of our coasts were first furrowed by the keels of the men whose children's children were to inherit this fair land. Over a century and a half of colonial growth followed the settlement; and now for over a century and a quarter we have been a nation.

During our four generations of national life we have had to do many tasks, and some of them of far-reaching importance, but the only really vital task was the one you did, the task of saving the Union. There were other crises in which to have gone wrong would have meant disaster; but this was the one crisis in which to have gone wrong would have meant not merely disaster, but annihilation. For failure at any other point atonement could have been made; but had you failed in the iron days the loss would have been irretrievable. Upon your success depended all the future of the people on this continent, and much of the future of mankind as a whole.

A Reunited Country.

You left us a reunited country. You left us the right of brotherhood with the men in gray, who with such courage and such devotion for what they deemed the right, fought against you. But you left us much more even than your achievement, for you left us the memory of how it was achieved. You, who made good by your valor and patriotism the statesmanship of Lincoln and the soldiership of Grant, have set as the standards for our efforts in the future both the way you did your work in war and the way in which when the war was over you turned again to the work of peace. In war and in peace alike your example will stand as the wisest of lessons to us and our children and our children's children.

Cruelty in Philippines.

Just at this moment the army of the United States, led by men who served among you in the great war, is carrying to completion a small but peculiarly trying and difficult war, in which is involved not only the honor of the flag, but the triumph of civilization over forces which stand for the black chaos of savagery and barbarism. The task has not been as difficult or as important as yours, but, oh, my comrades, the men in the uniform of the United States, who have for the last three years patiently and uncomplainingly championed the American cause in the Philippine Islands, are your younger brothers, your sons. They have shown themselves not unworthy of you, and they are entitled to the support of all men who are proud of what you did.

These younger comrades of yours have fought under terrible difficulties and have received terrible provocation from a very cruel and very treacherous enemy. Under the strain of these provocations I deeply deplore to say that some among them have so far forgotten themselves as to counsel and commit, in retaliation, acts of cruelty. The fact that for every guilty act committed by one of our troops a hundred acts of far greater atrocity have been committed by the hostile natives upon our troops, or upon the peaceable and lawabiding natives who are friendly to us, can not be held to excuse any wrongdoer on our side. Determined and unswerving effort must be made, and is being made, to find out every instance of barbarity on the part of our troops, to punish those guilty of it, and to take, if possible, even stronger measures than have already been taken to minimize or prevent the occurrence of all such instances in the future.

Lynchings Deplored.

From time to time there occur in our country, to the deep and lasting shame of our people, lynchings carried on under circumstances of inhuman cruelty and barbarity—a cruelty infinitely worse than any that has ever been committed by our troops in the Philippines; worse to the victims, and far more brutalizing to those guilty of it. The men who fail to condemn these lynchings, and yet clamor about what has been done in the Philippines, are indeed guilty of neglecting the beam in their own eye while taunting their brother about the mote in his. Understand me. These lynchings afford us no excuse for failure to stop cruelty in the Philippines. Every effort is being made, and will be made, to minimize the chances of cruelty occuring.

But keep in mind that these cruelties in the Philippines have been wholly exceptional, and have been shamelessly exagerated. We deeply and bitterly regret that any such cruelties should have been committed, no matter how rarely, no matter under what provocation, by American troops. But they afford far less justification for a general condemnation of our Army than these lynchings afford for the condemnation of the communities in which they have taken place. In each case it is well to condemn the deed, and it is well also to refrain from including both guilty and innocent in the same sweeping condemnation.

In every community there are people who commit acts of well nigh inconceivable horror and baseness. If we fix our eyes only upon these individuals and upon their acts, and if we forget the far more numerous citizens of upright and honest life and blind ourselves to their countless deeds of wisdom and justice and philanthropy, it is easy enough to condemn the community. There is not a city in this land which we could not thus condemn if we fixed our eyes purely upon its police record and refuse to look at what it had accomplished for decency and justice and charity. Yet this is exactly the attitude which has been taken by too many men with reference to our Army in the Philippines; and it is an attitude both absurd and cruelly unjust.

The rules of warfare which have been promulgated by the War Department and accepted as the basis of conduct by our troops in the field are the rules laid down by Abraham Lincoln when you, my hearers, were fighting for the Union. These rules provide, of course, for the just severity necessary in war. The most destructive of all forms of cruelty would be to show weakness weher sternness is demanded by iron need. But all cruelty

(Continued on Second Page.)

DECORATION DAY, 1902.

High lift your children, mothers! Let their young eyes behold
A dying army marching, time-beaten, spent and old.
As they toil by, as tattered as the banners that they wave,
See the worn hands saluting! Lo! They salute the grave!

High lift your children, mothers! Let their young voices cheer
The brave old hearts that slowly draw on and disappear—
Thin ranks that front the shadows, ranks must'ring out so fast,
'Tis as a phantom army that solemnly drifts past.

A fading army marching with weak and falt'ring tread—
But pressing all around it there throng the mighty dead!
Aye, bright and splendid spirits! Their battle lines are drawn,
And Comrade waits for Comrade beside the gates of Dawn.

—J. W. MULLER.

LAST EDITION.

HONORS IN MANY CITIES

Lincoln, McKinley and Other Worthies Remembered.

(Scripps-McRae News Association.)

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 30.—Ceremonies over Lincoln's tomb were celebrated here today in the usual order. The exercises were preceded by a great parade.

McKINLEY'S TOMB.

CANTON, Ohio, May 30.—McKinley Post today distributed many flowers sent here for the casket and vaut of the late President. They were impartial, placing only the customary Grand Army emblem on the martyr's casket.

CUBAN COURTESY.

HAVANA, May 30.—The battleship Maine was decorated today with Cuban and American flags, rose garlands and wreaths at the order of President Palma. Services were held at the American churches.

MILES IN GOTHAM.

NEW YORK, May 30.—A feature of today's celebration was the unveiling by General Miles of the Sailors and Soldiers' monument in Riverside Park, which cost a quarter of a million. A parade preceding this consisted of veterans and regulars by thousands and was reviewed by Miles, Admiral Barker, Generals Howard and Brooks and Mayor Low.

STATUE UNVEILED.

PHILADELPHIA, May 30.—A $20,000 bronze bust of the late President McKinley was unveiled today in the corridor of the postoffice by the Letter Carriers' Association of Philadelphia. Former Postmaster General Smith was the orator of the occasion.

IN LEAVENWORTH.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., May 30.—The bones of General Leavenworth, founder of this fort, was reinterred here today in the National Cemetery. General Bates presided and an immense parade of regulars and veterans preceded the ceremony.

IN SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 30.—The observance of Memorial day was unusually quiet. A military parade and the distribution of flowers by warships on the waters of the bay were the only features.

WILL WED

Benjamin Hunt Forced to Marry Miss Hoenig.

Detective Frank Snow returned from San Francisco last night, having in custody Benjamin F. Hunt, wanted here for taking advantage of Miss Louise Hoenig under promise of marriage.

Hunt, after leaving here, went direct to San Francisco and enlisted in the United States Navy and was assigned to the training ship Pensacola. Snow found him in charge of the military authorties on Goat Island.

Assistant District Attorney Spencer has tried to suppress the facts, and this morning Chief of Police McLauchlan refused to allow anybody to see the prisoner. Just why they should take this course is not known.

However, Detective Snow not having received silence orders from his superiors, said that Hunt admitted his intimacy with the girl, and expressed himself perfectly willing to marry her. In fact, he told the officer that he wanted to marry Miss Hoenig before he ran away, but that her parents would not permit him to do so.

Hunt is well known here, having been employed in a local theatre as an usher. He is about 19 years of age, while Miss Hoenig is about the same age.

There will be no prosecution in the case, as Hunt was simpy brought back to be forced into a marriage, which he expresses himself as perfectly willing to accept. In fact, Detective Snow says Hunt expressed his fondness for the girl from the first.

FELL DEAD IN HIS DAUGHTER'S ARMS

DENVER, May 31.—After bringing his train in safely and reporting to the dispatchers George W. Ridgeway, one of the oldest engineers, both in age and point of service, on the Denver & Rio Grande, dropped dead in the arms of his daughter.

Mr. Ridgeway had been forced to take a vacation of four weeks because of ill health, but a week ago believed himself able to again take his run, and he was put on No. 78, the local freight from Pueblo to Denver.

He left Pueblo at 6 o'clock and pulled into Denver about 4 o'clock in the afternoon. He went to his residence, No. 412 South Twelfth street, and in reply to his wife's inquiries remarked that he had never felt better in his life. He sat in an easy chair and appeared to be thinking. Shortly before 6 o'clock he was called to dinner. Rising from his chair, and without saying a word, he plunged forward. Mrs. S. S. Simpson, his daughter, who is known on the stage by her maiden name, Kate Ridgeway, caught him. He died in her arms.

HILL IS FEARFUL

That Martinique Will Be Utterly Destroyed.

Pelee Still Rumbles Sullenly Threatening a Fresh Outbreak.

(Scripps-McRae News Association.)

PORT DE FRANCE, May 30.—The newspapers' story of the wonderful adventures of George Kavanaugh, who was reported to have gone within a mile of Pelee, taking pictures and viewing the awful scenes of desolation, is pronounced imaginative here. Pelee continues to smoke and to growl sullenly as though gathering strength for another eruption. The showers of ashes continue, and it is as impossible to venture near now as during the few days following the destruction of St. Pierre. The cruiser Cincinnati sailed quietly last night for Castries with Geologist Hill aboard. He fears for the safety of the Island. George Kavanaugh's safety is now assured.

LONDON IS GLAD

Papers Jubilant Over Peace Prospects.

(Journal Special Service.)

LONDON, May 30.—The morning papers are unanimous in accepting the statement of the government leader, A. J. Balfour, in the House of Commons, as having but one meaning, namely, peace; but the papers believe that its long experience with the astute Boer character compels the government to the unusual precaution of announcing nothing until the terms of peace are actually signed, lest another surprise should be forthcoming at the last moment. For reasons similar to the foregoing, the censorship in South Africa has been seriously devoted to preventing the terms of peace from leaking out.

The delegates who left Pretoria at 9 o'clock Wednesday night include Acting President Schalkburger of the Transvaal, General Lucas Meyer, Commander-in-Chief of the Orange Free State forces; General Botha, the Transvaal Commander-in-Chief, Generals Delarey and Dewet, State Secretary Reitz of the Transvaal, General Smutz, Commandant Beyers and Landrost Brand.

KING ALFONSO DISSOLVES CORTES

First Official Act of the Young King of Spain.

(Scripps-McRae News Association.)

MADRID, May 30.—The official gazette today publishes a decree by King Alfonso dissolving the Cortes. This is Alfono's first political act.

A NEW JOB

(Scripps-McRae News Association.)

SAN FRANCISCO, May 30.—Captain of Detectives John F. Seymour, who has been connected with the city police force since 1884, resigned today to accept a position with the Fair estate. Captain John B. Martin will be his successor.

MANY APPLICANTS

Want to Serve Old Uncle Sam on the Sea.

Many boys want to go to sea. This is evidenced by the number of applicants at the navy recruiting office in the Postoffice building.

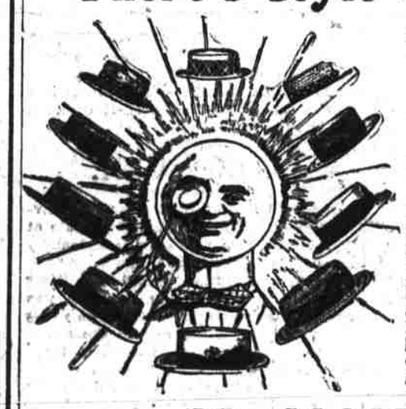
To prevent a rush at the last minute, persons desiring to enlist had better do so at once. The office will be open from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. daily until June 5; when Chief Master-at-Arms Josephson, Lieutenant J. P. Morton and Dr. W. L. Bell will move to Whatcom, Wash., where they will stay from June 6 to June 11; Olympia, Wash., June 13-18; Salem, June 19-24; Ashland, June 25-28.

The recruiting officers are especially after Portland policemen, as they could get positions as masters-at-arms, with salaries of from $30 to $50 per month with board.

There's Style and Finish

TO OUR

Straw HATS



If you need one now why not have it decidedly up-to-date? That's the kind we offer, and it's a most complete line of beauties. Take your choice among PANAMAS, PORTO RICANS, MILANS or MACKINAWS—they are the leaders. Our prices are always reasonable.

M. SICHEL,

MEN'S FURNISHER and HATTER,

Sole Agent for the JAMESON HAT. 288 Washington St., Portland, Or.

The Weather--Tonight and Saturday, fair, light frost tonight; warmer Saturday

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY

If You are in need of

Summer UNDERWEAR

This is a rare opportunity to get two suits for the price of one. They are regular 50c goods in all colors and sizes. Now is the time to lay in a supply while these prices last.

Fifty-Cent UNDERWEAR for 25c.

HENRY J. WHITE

Gents' Furnisher and Hatter

Sole Agent for the KING Hat.

169 Third Street Between Morrison and Yamhill

WOODARD, CLARKE & CO.

Garden Hose.

ALL QUALITIES. LOWEST PRICES.

Store open 6 a. m. to 11 p. m. | Woodard, Clarke & Co. | Canadian Money received at par.

A FULL LINE OF GENUINE

Russian Hand-Cut Brasses

At fair prices. The first time this kind of a line has been shown. A large assortment of novel electrical shades. . . . . Call and see us.

The John Barrett Company

New Stores, cor. Sixth and Alder Sts.—opposite Oregonian Bldg.

'PHONE MAIN 122. PORTLAND, OREGON

THE

Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co.

Leading Manufacturers in the World of

Billiard and Pool Tables, Saloon Fixtures

BOWLING ALLEYS AND SUPPLIES.

Office and Salesrooms 49 Third St., Portland, Ore.

A Valuable Pointer When you need a bracer or a bottle to take home, don't ask for WHISKEY. If you do you will get cheap bulk goods. Ask for

OLD VALLEY WHISKEY

and you will get an article nine years old and of an extra special quality.

Henry Fleckenstein & Co., Agts. 204-206 Second Street

GOING TO BUILD?

To householders and persons about to build, our EXCLUSIVE DESIGNS in

Gas and Electrical Fixtures

Are now on sale at PRICES NO OTHER CONCERN CAN DUPLICATE.

PARQUET FLOORING; INTERLOCKING RUBBER TILE.

American Tank & Fixture Co.

Visitors welcome, estimates given Illustrated catalogue free.

Welch & Riner, Sole Northwest Agents, 175 Fourth St., Near Yamhill.

Incandescent Arc Lamps

on meter basis of

5c. PER HOUR WHILE BURNING

Electric Lamps below cost to consumers of our current viz—

15c EACH, $1.75 PER DOZEN

Portland General Electric Co

Seventh and Alder Sts. Phones 385

No More Dread of the Dental Chair

New York Dental Parlors

4th and Morrison Sts., Portland, Ore.

No Pain NO PLATES REQUIRED No Gas

Full Set of Teeth $5.00

Teeth extracted and filled absolutely without pain, but our late scientific method applied to the gums. No sleep-producing agents or cocaine. These are the only dental parlors in Portland having patented appliances and ingredients to extract, fill and apply gold crowns and porcelain crowns undetectable from natural teeth, and warranted for 10 years. Without the least pain.

Hours: 8:30 to 8:00—Sundays 8:30 to 2:00.

MANN & ABBOTT

PRINTERS

92 SECOND STREET

Between Stark and Oak

Advertise in The JOURNAL