SUBURBAN NEWS OF NEARBY TOWNS IN BRIEF.

TRUSTED BY HIS FRIENDS

Chamberlain Given a Royal Welcome in Albany.

(Journal Special Service.)

ALBANY, May 28.—Albany was a whirl of music and enthusiasm last night when George E. Chamberlain, the Democratic nominee for Governor of Oregon, addressed the voters of this city. Bands from Shedds and Carvallis assisted the local musical organization, and excursions from several adjacent towns filled the already crowded streets to overflowing.

With Mr. Chamberlain were W. A. Wann, candidate for Superintendent of Public Instruction, and J. K. Weatherford, nominee for Congressman, who also were greeted most heartily by the people. When the next Governor appeared he was greeted with such a salvo of cheers that his carrying this county by a great majority is a certainty, if his welcome here be any criterion. He spoke along the lines of state politics, treating principally of taxation, flat salaries, his own and Mr. Furnish's official careers, Mr. Fulton, the initiative and referendum and his position on the Philippines, and his every remark was wildly cheered.

As it was utterly impossible for the crowd to all hear Mr. Chamberlain, overflow meetings were addressed by Messrs Wann and Weatherford, who also made many telling points and gained many votes for the ticket.

SALEM BRIEFS

(Journal Special Service.)

SALEM, May 28.—L. E. Cline of the Town of Woodburn has begun suit for divorce against her husband, William Cline, in the Circuit Court. Desertion is the cause for complaint.

Tomorrow afternoon 23 G. A. R. veterans will visit the five public schools, as is customary with this organization on the day preceding Memiroal day. The comrades thus appointed are arranged into five committees and will present themselves simultaneously at the different schools. Ladies of the Woman's Relief Corps will also attend.

The Greater Salem Commercial Club recently guaranteed $1000 for the fall races here and have just learned that the entry fees will more than meet the required amount. Since the $1000 was to be raised by popular subscription the people, in all probability, will not be asked to contribute.

An Indian woman named Howard and an Indian girl, both living in the camp southeast of Salem, were arrested for drunkenness and had the sentence suspended by Judge Judah pending their keeping out of town.

GRANTS PASS

(Journal Special Service.)

GRANT'S PASS, May 28.—The sash, box and door factory of the Sugar Pine Door & Lumber Company, which was destroyed by fire here Monday afternoon, and the planing mills of Williams Bros., which were also destroyed at the same time, are all to be rebuilt, and the employes of each institution were set to work yesterday afternoon laying off the grounds and cleaning off a site for the new buildings. The total loss sustained by the two companies was $100,000. The directors met yesterday afternoon and unanimously decided to rebuild. The decision was glad news for many here, as the mills employed, all told, about 300 men and meant much for Grant's Pass.

The annual cleaning-up season is well along now with all of the Southern Oregon hydraulics. Over $150,000 in placer gold has been shipped from here to the mint during the past month.

THE DALLES.

(Journal Special Service.)

THE DALLES, May 28.—Arrangements are being made for a trainmen's excursion from this city to Salem, to be run June 8. About two coaches will be employed and about 50 citizens have already signified their intention of going by signing the list.

The County School Superintendent has granted certificates to the following eighth-grade pupils of the Defur Schools: Bert E. Crofoot, Jemale Stachan, Mabel Hudson, Margaret Pallson, Inez Allard and Bessie Stakely. Tenth-grade certificates to Maude Bethune and Amy Johnston. The Dufur Schools will hold their commencement exercises next Saturday night.

BAKER CITY

(Journal Special Service.)

BAKER CITY, May 28.—The colored man, Frank Moore, who was one of the gang to attack some miners on the O. R. & N. road Sunday night, in a boxcar, and who was himself shot by the miners, died Tuesday morning, and the Coroner's jury returned a verdict that he met death from a gunshot wound fired by the miner named Nelson, who is still in the hospital suffering from wounds received from the shots fired by the attacking party.

Superintendent Meikle of the Golconda mine telephoned in today to J. H. Robbins that they had struck it bigger than ever. "We are still going down on the winze from the 200-foot level, and I can only say that the riches reported the other day are not a patchen to what we are getting now. The walls of the vein are simply plastered with gold nuggets."

A fire broke out at 1 o'clock yesterday morning in the Waterman block, adjoining the Episcopal Church, on the corner of First and Center streets. A young man who was sleeping in the Hartman barber shop at the corner of the alley awakened and discovered the roof crackling over his head. He barely had time to snatch some clothes and a valise containing his watch and other valuables, and make his escape. The fire quickly spread to the adjoining buildings and for a few minutes it looked as if the entire block must go. Three buildings were destroyed. Through the efforts of the firemen, the Episcopal Church and Kelly's blacksmith shop were saved. Total loss, probably $1000.

INTERIOR INFORMATION IN COMPACT STYLE.

OREGON CITY.

(Journal Special Service.)

OREGON CITY, May 28.—Ten of the famous contest cases brought by Charles E. Hays against parties who located timber claims in Tillamook county something over two years ago in the local land office were appealed to the Commissioner of the General Land office yesterday. Hays' only testimony in these particular cases to sustain the allegations of fraud was that of J. F. Watts, a Portland attorney, and his evidence was not of material importance. Following are the plaintiffs in the 10 cases appealed: C. L. Brown, Oliver J. Groce, Arthur Sanders, E. C. Groce, William O. Hard, Maggie Groce, Winifred Johnson, C. M. Martin, —ay Mantella, R. M. Sanders.

The graves of 26 Indian War Veterans in Mountain View Cemetery, whose resting places are now being adorned with neat markers, will be decorated along with the graves of Grand Army Veterans next Saturday. Through the efforts of McMillan Camp, Sons and daughters of [illegible] of Portland, these graves were located. J. D. Slover, a local Indian War Veteran, took an active interest in locating the graves. Mr. Slover, in connection with Captain John Kelly, another Indian War Veteran, are now placing the markers, designed by McMillan Camp, on the graves. The local business men contributed to the expense of securing the markers. Very few of the graves are marked with headstones, although there are some prominent pioneers on the list, among them being John M. Bacon, for many years postmaster of Oregon City, and Samuel Price, a brother-in-law of United States Senator John H. Mitchell. Following is the roster of the Indian War Veteran dead: Cayuse war—Jacob Rinearson, John M. Bacon, A. J. Batty, James Larkins, James Stevens, John Hackett. Rogue River war—John Riley, William Miller. Yakima Indian war—William Mullan, Samuel Price, Ed Barnes, Hugh Kerns, Gus Arko, William Newman, Jennings McCarver, Mark Cole, Charles Cutting, Gus Engles, J. B. Williams, Thomas Edwards, James Hunt, J. P. Dickens, Ward Westfall, B. Brown, James Vincent, Sam Parnell, L. Luster. A few markers were sent out to other sections of the county where Indian War Veterans are buried.

The Saturday Club gave an entertaining program and Grecian drill at the Woodman hall last night. There were readings by Miss Hazel Hoopengarner, of Portland; piano selections by Misses Edna Caufield, Echo Samson, Kate Mark and vocal solos by Miss Mary Conyers and Mrs. W. B. Wiggins. The Grecian drill in costume was participated in by the following young women: Meta Finley, Grace Marshall, Mary Roos, Inez Adair, Carrie Gregerson, Ethel Cheney, Edith Cheney, Lizzie Walker, Bessie Woodland, Miss Dalton. Other drills were presented.

Two hop contracts were filed in the county recorder's office yesterday as follows: John and Henry Osterholtz, of Elliott Prairie, to Lillienthal Bros., 5,000 pounds for 12 1-2 cents. W. M. Lowery, of Oregon City, to Lehman & Co., 8,000 pounds for 12 cents per pound.

EUGENE

(Journal Special Service.)

EUGENE, May 28.—George L. Grisby has commenced suit in the Lane County Circuit Court for divorce. Desertion is alleged.

E. W. Frost, a street fair promoter of San Francisco, is in Eugene interesting the people in his proposition. The Commercial Club will probably take the matter up.

The funeral of J. A. Burlingame, who died in Portland Sunday morning from the effects of an operation, was held here today. The deceased gentleman was a prominent worker in the G. A. R. and Masonic organizations and took an active part in politics. He was born in Maine over 60 years ago.

The Lane County rock crusher started up for the season's run near Goshen this morning.

Warning!

PIANO OWNERS, CAUTION!

Judging from numerous inquiries and complaints received at our office, a species of confidence man in the guise of piano tuner is headed toward Portland.

The party claims to be sent out by a "manufacturers' association," or by "Chickerings," or by Kimballs," or by Steinways," to look over their pianos carefully. These factories advise us that this man has no connection whatever with them. He is said to be a fair workman, but the game seems to be to get an outlandish price for fictitious work done, by making people believe their pianos have been affected by moths—need regulating, rebushing, voicing, etc., etc., for all of which alleged necessary work he endeavors to get enormous prices.

The regular price of piano tuning includes everything in the way of tone and action regulating, cleaning the action and spacing and levering keys, etc. And while we have no interest in this matter, other than to see to it that our customers and the public in general are not imposed upon, we would advise that before entrusting your piano to glib-tongued strangers, no matter how plausible their story may seem, it will pay you to telephone Eilers Piano House, Grant 1291, or North 2131, or Columbia 675.

AFRAID OF YANKEE PUSH

London Papers Are Becoming Seriously Alarmed.

(Journal Special Service.)

LONDON, May 28.—The bug-a-boo of American competition will not down. A London paper this week prints the following statement giving a few facts regarding the strides of American commerce:

The world's output of copper last year was 541,811 tons, as compared with 486,408 tons in 1900. The production of the United States figured in these totals for 281,111 tons and 269,111 tons respectively. Spain and Portugal ranked second last year as a copper-producing region, but their output was only 55,000 tons in 1901 and 52,872 tons in 1900.

Experiments which have been made with American gas coal at Copenhagen shows that the American product stands as high as the English coal as regards its gas-producing powers, while the quality of the coke obtained is said to be somewhat better than that secured from English gas coal. Increasing quantities of shoes, cotton goods, shirts, hardware, and coal are now being imported into Jamaica from the United States.

TWO DAYS

Friday & Saturday, May 30-31

MULTNOMAH FIELD

Gentry Bros' Famous Shows

America's Favorite Tented Exhibition, this year larger and better than ever before.

Two Thoroughly Complete Performances Daily at 2 and 8 P. M.

20—NEWLY ADDED FEATURES—20

More Wonderfully Educated Dogs — More Pretty Performing Ponies

More Comical Monkey Comedians — More Tiny Sacred Cattle

More Lilliputian Camels

More Highly Trained Elephants Than Have Ever Been Seen Before.

Big All New Free Street Parade at 10 O'clock on Morning of Exhibition.

Two Days, Friday and Saturday, May 30-31

HENRY WEINHARD

Proprietor of the

CITY BREWERY

Bottled Beer a Specialty

Largest and most complete brewery in the Northwest

Established 1862 — Office, Thirteenth and Burnside Sts.

Telephone No. 72 — PORTLAND, OREGON

INJUNCTION AGAINST STRIKERS PARTIALLY DISSOLVED

A murmur of approval, not loud, but distinct, met the announcement by Judge Sears, at 5:30 yesterday afternoon, in the strike injunction case. After a whispered consultation with Judges Fraser, George and Cleland, Judge Sears gave the temporary restraining order a bad blow. He announced:

"The restraining order as to the Building Trades Council and the Federated Trades Council, including the officers of each, now stands dissolved. As to the bearing of the order upon the defendants, the court will, for the present, take that matter under advisement."

The hearing, in detail, in addition to what was given by The Journal yesterday, was as follows:

"No court of equity sits to condemn employes in doing what my clients have done," said Judge Carey. He demanded that the injunction as to them be dissolved. He cited the Supreme Court in the longshoremen's case. He wanted the court to immediately dissolve the injunction and not to take it under advisement.

The fact that the notice of the Building Trades Council had already been rescinded cut no figure with the principle involved. Such was not a matter of court record.

Judge Bennett at 2:45 addressed the court in behalf of all the defendants save those represented by Judge Carey. The Federated Trades Council, he said, approved of the strike, but not of any threats that may have been made.

Judge Bennett declared that the authorities showed that injunction should not be granted except in rare cases where great wrongs were liable to be done. The present was not one of them. Employes have a right to quit work, singly or in a body; they have a right to peaceable influence others to do so. Employers are entitled to certain legal rights which are not moral rights. Employes have a right to appeal to public opinion. This is a force for good; a coercion, perhaps, but a moral coercion merely. Labor organizations are a good thing. Strikes are unquestionably temporarily bad things. It is an industrial battle.

The effect of strikes has been that employers and employes learn to respect each other. The striker should have the right to make his strike effective.

The employer has the same right as his men to make his appeal to public opinion. If either side is right it should win, morally and legally.

Counsel deprecated any right to do wrong. He did not believe placarding plaintiff's property was right. He declared that defendants would not again do so. That defendants had a right to peaceably influence workers to cease.

Judge Cleland asked counsel whether officers could restrain members of labor unions. He also inquired whether counsel thought that officers of unions had a right to send out members on picket duty. Counsel replied affirmatively.

Judge George then drew statement from counsel that the men were not authorized to commit unlawful acts. If picketing meant threats, that would be unlawful.

Attorney Fenton ventured the opinion that the doctrine of respondent superior applied.

At 3:30 Judge Bennett began citing and reading cases in support of boycotting.

Attorney Fenton began argument for plaintiffs at 3:45 p. m. He differed with both Judges Carey and Bennett as to their theory of the case, and proceeded to read legal authorities on injunction.

Counsel contended that where the object was to restrain defendants from committing certain acts, retain the restraining order; and this regardless of the filing of the answer; that the court, in the exercise of legal discretion, should continue the injunction.

Attorney Fenton then proceeded to attack the argument of Judge Carey; that it was equally guilty with the other defendants. The officers of the unions can not send the members down to commit harmful acts and when they did unlawful acts they are chargeable and responsible therefor.

"I might read and commend the Sermon on the Mount. I may agree with Judge Bennett on the moral right to strike," said Attorney Fenton.

Men should have the right to go free from molestation, whether they are union or non-union men. He said that the whole force of the law and government of the United States would be invoked to protect men who wished to support their families, even though they do not belong to unions.

Picketing is not legitimate use of a street.

Today a man may be a laborer; tomorrow a capitalist.

"If, when the evidence is all in, we are not entitled to the injunction, in the opinion of the court, we have our injunction bond. If any rights of the defendants have been infringed upon, they have recourse."

Then followed the reading of affidavits of men who said they were interfered with by the strikers. It was shown that the term "scab" was frequently applied. One affiant declared that he was threatened with personal violence; that the restaurant where he boarded was threatened with a boycott.

One affiant said he was threatened with a booting (kicking) and another with having his head skinned. "This," said Attorney Fenton, "is the mild and guileless persuasion my friend Judge Bennett refers to."

A sarcastic murmur went up from the audience. Judge Sears remarked that if the offense was repeated, the courtroom should be cleared.

Attorney Fenton asked the continuance of the restraining order, that the men who desire to work shall be protected. His address was an eloquent one.

At about 5 o'clock Judge Carey again addressed the court. Counsel contended that Attorney Fenton's statements were general and not specific. He then read from the 'longshoreman's case. He again asked that the restraining order be dissolved as to his clients. He did not seek to raise the question of misjoinder as to parties, plaintiff or defendant. He was of the opinion that the corporate mill owners could not join in one suit.

Judge Bennett took up Attorney Fenton's remarks, touching his clients and himself. He had had no chance to investiagte Mr. Fenton's affidavits.

"The theory of the complaint," said Attorney Fenton, "is that the Building Trades Council and the Federated Trades Council were guilty of conspiracy."

Judge Bennett made a powerful and vehement appeal. He carefully and ably went over the argument for plaintiffs.

Then the court announced its decision, as shown in the beginning of this article.

OVER THE WIRES.

HAVANA.—Horace S. Squiers, the first American Minister to Cuba, was formally received by President Palma yesterday.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex.—President Roosevelt has written to the president of the street fair promising to visit this city in October if possible.

BOSTON.—Richard Gotthell, New York, and William Mc[illegible], Philadelphia, were yesterday elected respectively president and secretary of the American Zionist Federation.

NEW YORK.—Elvin L. Coolidge was killed and nearly 100 persons injured by the collapse of a temporary sidewalk here last night. The crowd was watching a demonstration in honor of the Rochambeau Mission.

CHICAGO.—Fred Littleton, an alleged counterfeiter under arrest, slipped his handcuffs in the Union station here last night and escaped unhurt through a hail of bullets.

CHICAGO.—Emil Rossman, 19, shot and killed Sophia Battal, 17, his sweetheart, here last night and then committed suicide.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—The State Board of Health of Kentucky today declared a smallpox quarantine against Indiana.

HAZELTON, Pa.—A consignment of rifles for use against the strikers has been received for the colliery owners here. Trouble is feared.

PHILADELPHIA.—Five hundred damask weavers went on strike for higher wages here yesterday.

LONDON.—Sydney, Australia, advices say the drouth prevailing in that colony has cost over £15,000,000 already. Thousands of sheep are dying daily.

An Excursion For a Quarter

Away from the city's glitter and glare,
Out on the river's breast,
Away from turmoil, strife and care
I'll sit me down to rest.

And I'll join the chorus of happy souls
On handsome Leona's deck,
Where Willamette's tiny wavelets roll
At Boreas' call and beck.

The Steamer Leona leaves foot of Taylor Street at 8:30 and 11:30 A. M., and 3:00 and 6:15 P. M. for Oregon City. Round trip 25 cents.

Sundays—8:30, 10 and 11:30 A. M.; 1, 3, 4:30 and 6:15 P. M. Round trip 25 cents.

VICTORY CERTAIN

Chamberlain Gaining Votes All Along the Line.

"I will come down from Eastern Oregon to Multnomah County with a majority of close on two thousand votes," said George E. Chamberlain this morning in an interview with a Journal man. "My experiences in the Inland Empire in the last few days have convinced me that the prospects for my election as Governor are of the brightest. Southern Oregon will do as well. Everywhere I have been I have been greeted with outbursts of enthusiasm of the most gratifying nature, and I am safe in saying, further, that the whole Democratic state ticket is making great and constant gains. As to Multnomah, I am not fully so well posted, but from information I consider absolutely reliable I expect a handsome majority. I have no doubt that I shall be elected Governor of Oregon on Monday next by a handsome majority.

Chairman White, of the Democratic party, who was also interviewed, is just as enthusiastic. "There is a general landslide for Mr. Chamberlain throughout the whole of Eastern Oregon," said he, "and I predict that he will have a majority over Mr. Furnish there of at least 2000. Every place I visited I received reports to this effect, and it is now a practical certainty that Furnish will be defeated in his own county by a crushing vote."

Another Eastern Oregon man who has views on the matter is Mayor T. G. Haley of Pendleton, who is in the city. He said: "I left Pendleton last Monday, spoke at Roseburg last night and will deliver an address at McMinnville tonight. Everywhere I have been I have found scores of men working enthusiastically for Chamberlain, while the Furnish partisans are apathetic and dispirited. Throughout my own county, Umatilla, the sentiment against Furnish runs high. Four-fifths of the best Republicans of the county are fighting him tooth and nail and his defeat is certain. Morrow County, nomally Republican by 250, will go Chamberlain strong and Douglas will give at least 150 majority to the people's candidate. It is all over but the shouting."

Shepherds of America.

A meeting of the Shepherds of America will be held at Foresters' hall Wednesday night. This organization was organized about six weeks ago and is the second degree of the Foresters of America. The officers are J. A. Watson, pastor; Mr. Lightsell, sub-pastor; John McDonell, recording secretary; Frank Bourgevose, financial secretary; Mr. Ahlgren, treasurer.

The Shepherds have about one hundred members made up from the various courts of Foresters of the city. There are but three degrees of Forestry, the last being the uniform rank, there being but one organization of this kind on the coast, that of California.

MODERN FRATERNAL ORDER.

Order of Washington Has Paid Its Members $109,000 in Benefits.

The push and energy of the Order of Washington is attracting much attention in the Pacific Northwest. This fraternal association easily leads all its contemporaries in this field and is growing more widely popular every day. The May issue of its official organ, the Washington Advocate, is just out, and contains a complete table of benefits paid to members since the founding of the organization. The total amount reaches the large sum of $109,000. There are many reasons why the Order of Washington has been so successful, and is increasing its membership all the time, but chief among these reasons is the confidence which it secures, by its strict business methods. One of its field organizers last week wrote $51,000 new insurance in a single Oregon town in one week. This gives an idea of the way the society is developing. Its headquarters are in the Marquam building, Portland, Oregon, and its chief officers are some of Portland's well-known business men.

A FINANCIAL FAILURE

The Charleston Exposition Kept Open at a Loss.

Hon. George W. Bates returned Monday from a visit to the Eastern States. Mrs. Bates accompanied him back as far as the Sound and will remain there for a few days on a visit. While away Mr. and Mrs. Bates visited Galveston, Tex., New Orleans, Charleston, Washington, New York, Boston and Chicago. The exposition at Charleston, Mr. Bates says, will prove a financial failure. In order to keep it open one of the wealthy men of Charleston has agreed to stand behind it personally and pay the deficits. This will run about $200,000. The exposition is well worth seing. Mr. Bates is glad to get back home again. The weather, while in Chicago, was uncomfortably hot.

BOLD, BAD BURGLARS.

While the inmates were attending the musicale at the Methodist Church at University Park last Friday burglars entered the residence occupied by the Coin and Calgon families and the parsonage occupied by Rev. C. T. McPherson. In the parsonage the burglars tore off the wire screen and raised the front windows and entered the house. The house was entirely ransacked, but as yet Rev. McPherson has not discovered anything missing.

A number of trinkets and other jewelry were stolen from the Coin and Calgon residences.

FOR MUNICIPAL JUDGE.

GEORGE J. CAMERON.

Mr Cameron is a man of fine sensibilities, is possessed of superior legal attainment, conscientious in the discharge of his duties and is fortified with two years of experience. His clean record in office is his best recommendation.

THE MARKETS.

A number of advances were made in the quotations this morning. Wheat is rather strong at quotations, Valley being quoted at 67 cents, Walla Walla 66 cents and bluestem 67½ cents. The scarcity of Valley makes the demand rather sharp. The local demand for flour has increased but at present there is no change in prices.

A decided firmness was noticed today in dairy and store butter; the quotations for store being 14½@ 15 cents; dairy, 15@16 cents; best creamery, 17@18½ cents. The supply about equals the demand on creamery.

The receipts of eggs is falling off and the quotations went up today to 1 cents straight.

A few changes will be noticed in the vegetable market today. A large amount of flat Dutch cabbage is arriving from Sacramento.

Wool in the East is in good demand, but quotations are not very satisfactory.

The trade was notified this morning that canned corn, roast and boiled beef had advanced 5 cents a dozen. This is the second advance in that line in the past two weeks.

GRAIN AND FLOUR.

Wheat—Nominal; Walla Walla, 66c; bluestem, 67½c; valley, 67c.
Barley—Feed, $22@23 per ton.
Oats—No. 1 white, $1.25@1.30; gray, $1.20@1.25.
Flour—Best grades, $3.35@3.40 per barrel; graham, $2.50@2.80.
Millstuffs—Bran, $16.50 per ton; middlings, $20; shorts, $18; chop, $17.50.
Hay—Timothy, $12@13; clover $7.50@8.

BUTTER, EGGS, POULTRY.

Butter—Creamery, 17@18½c; dairy, 15@16c; store, 14½@15c.
Eggs—16c.
Cheese—Full cream, twins, 13@13½c; Young America, 14c.
Poultry—Chickens, mixed, $4.50@4.75; hens, $4.50@5 doz; broilers, $2.50@3; fryers, $4@4.50 doz; ducks, $5.00@6 per doz; turkeys, live, 12½c; dressed, 14@16c per lb; geese, $6@6.50 per doz.

VEGETABLES AND FRUIT.

Potatoes—Best Burbanks, $1.50@1.65 per cental; Early Rose, $1.25@1.40 per cental.
Onions—California red, $1.25@1.50; Oregon, $2.50@2.75.
Tomatoes—$2.25@2.50 crate for California; turnips, $1@1.25; carrots, $1@1.25; beets, $1.00@1.25 per sack; cauliflower, 10@30c per dozen; celery, 90c per dozen; peas, 4@5c per lb.; asparagus, $1.25 box; radishes, per doz., 12½@15c; green onions, per doz., 12½@15c; cabbages, per cwt., $1.50; new Flat Dutch, 2c per lb; early York, 1½c per lb.; strawberries, $1.25 per crate; do Oregon, $2.40@3 per crate of 24; Oregon rhubarb, 2@2½c lb.; artichokes, per doz, 50@75c; lettuce, head, per doz, 20@25c; cherries, $1.25.
Green fruit—Lemons, $3@3.50; oranges, $3@3.50 per box; bananas, $2.25@3; pineapples, $5 per doz; apples, $1.50@2 per box; dried fruits, sun-dried, sack or boxes, per pound, 4@5c; apricots, 11½@12c; peaches, 8@11c; pears, 6@8c; prunes, Italians, 3@4c. figs, California blacks, 3½@4c; do white, 5c; pluma, pitted, 5@6c.

GROCERIES, NUTS, ETC.

Sugar — Cube, $4.85; crushed, $4.85; powdered, $4.70; dry granulated, $4.60; extra C, $4.10; golden C, $4.00; beet, granulated, $4.55 per 100 lbs., sack basis; barrels, 10c; half barrels, 25c; boxes, 50c per 100 lbs., above basis. ¼c per lb. discount for prompt cash; maple, 15@16c per pound.
Coffee—Mocha, 23@28c; Java, fancy, 26@32c; Java, good, 21@24c; Java, ordinary, 18@20c; Costa Rica fancy, 19@20c Costa Rica, good, 16@18c; Costa Rica, ordinary, 10@12c per pound; Columbia roast, $11; Arbuckle's $11.83 list; Lion, $11.13 list; Cordova, $11.75; Yosemite, $11.
Salt—Fine table and dairy, 50s per sack, 74c; Liverpool, 77c; Worcester, 80c. Barrels, Worcester, bulk, 280 lbs., $3.75; bales 2s to 10s, per bale, $3.10.
Soda—Coarse, half ground, 100s, per ton, $20.15; 50s per ton, $20.65.
Honey—Fancy white, 14@15c; light amber, 12½@14c; dark amber, 10@12c.
Grain bags—Calcutta, $6.50@6.75 per 100 for July-August.
Nuts—Peanuts, 6@7½c per pound for raw, 8@9c for roasted; cocoanuts, $5@6c per dozen; walnuts, 11½@12c per pound; pine nuts, 10@12½c; hickory nuts, 7c; chestnuts, $3.50@4 per drum; Brazil nuts, 17c; filberts, 15@16c; fancy pecans, 14@14½c; almonds, 12½@15c.
Coal Oil—Cases, 20½c per gallon; barrels, 16c; tanks, 14c.
Rice, Imperial, Japan No. 1, 6c; No. 2, 4½c; New Orleans, 5@7c.
Beans—Small white, 3½c; large white, 3 1-5c; pink, 3c; bayou, 3¾c; limas, 6¼c.
Salmon — Columbia River, one-pound talls, $1.35; two-pound talls, $2.35; fancy one-pound flats, $2; ½-pound fancy flats, $1.25; Alaska talls, 95c; two-pound talls, $2.00.

HOPS, WOOL AND HIDES.

Hops—14½@15c per pound; contract, 12@12½c.
Wool—Nominal; Valley, 12@13½c; Eastern Oregon, 8@11c.
Sheepskins—Shearings, 15@25c; short wool, 25@35c; medium wool, 30@60c; long wool, 60@75 each.
Tallow—Prime, per pound, 4@4½c; No. 2 and grease, 2½@3c.
Hides—Dry hides, No. 1, 16 pounds and up, 15@15½c per pound; dry kip, No. 1, 5 to 15 pounds, 15c; dry calf, No. 1 under 5 pounds, 16c; dry-salted, bulls and stags, one-third less than dry flint; salted hides, steers, sound, 60 pounds and over, 8@9c; 50 to 60 pounds, 7½@8c; under 50 pounds and cows, 7c; stags and bulls, sound, 5@5½c; kip, sound, 15 to 30 pounds, 7c; veal, sound, 10 to 14 pounds, 7c; calf, sound, under 10 pounds, 8c; green (unsalted), 1c per pound less; culls 1c per pound less; horse hides, salted, each, $1.50@2; dry, each, $1@1.50; colts' hides, each, 25@50c; goat skins, common, each, 10@12c; Angora, with wool on, each 25c@$1.
Mohair—22@24c.

MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

Fresh Meats—Beef, 6@7½c; pork, 7½@8c; veal, 7@7½c; mutton, 6½@7c per lb.; dressed, 6½@7c.
Hams, bacon, etc.—Portland pack (Western) hams, 14½@15½c, picnic, 11c lb.; breakfast bacon, 15½c lb.; light sides, 12½c lbs.; backs, 12½c; dry salted sides, 12½c; dried beef cuts, 16c; insides and knuckles, 13c per lb.; outsides, 10c per lb.; Eastern packed hams under 18 lbs., 14½c; over 18 lbs., 14½c; fancy, 15c; picnic, 11c; shoulders, 11c; dry salted sides, unsmoked, 12c; breakfast bacon, 15½c; bacon sides, 13½c; backs, unsmoked, 11½c; smoked, 13½c; cutts, 11½@12c.
Lard—Kettle leaf, 11½c; steam rendered, 10½c, tierce basis.

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