

BEAVERTON ENTERPRISE

H. H. JEFFRIES, Publisher

Published Friday of each week by the Pioneer Publishing Co., at Beaverton, Oregon. Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Beaverton, Ore.

One Year \$1.00 Subscription Payable in Advance.

Beaverton Office—Enterprise Bldg., Phone Beaverton 2321
Portland Office—308 Panama Bldg., 3rd and Alder Phone ATwater 6501

Member
OREGON NEWSPAPER
PUBLISHERS ASSOCIATION



Keep It Flying

To enable a U. S. Army Air Forces bomber pilot to take off from a rain-soaked emergency landing field in China, the villagers plodded across the muddy terrain, some for a distance of a mile, to bring their wooden doors from their homes—the only boards available for a makeshift runway. And yet here in America people are grumbling because they have to give up some luxury to buy War Bonds.

Victory Garden Notes

The relaxation of rationing should not be translated to mean less home gardening in 1944. Reports indicate that home gardeners should be taking more interest in producing better Victory gardens this year than last.

Cucumbers are easy to grow if given plenty of water. Two or more hills should be enough for home use. A shovelful of well rotted manure in each hill is appreciated by melons, cucumbers and squash.

In 1847, the Mormons first crop was attacked by a locust plague. With miracle-like speed, swarms of Pacific gulls exterminated the pillaging insects—sparing the Mormons from starvation.

American service men in tea-drinking Britain are getting fresh, tasty coffee every day, processed by trained experts of the Quartermaster Corps who blend and roast it.

Proposed Postwar Primer

Speaking in San Francisco recently Secretary of the Interior Ickes tossed a 'bombshell' into the debating arena that characterizes the ebb and flow of public opinion. His proposal: To reward returning service men and women by giving them 'ownership' in the \$15,000,000,000 worth of war plants built by the government to produce the weapons needed to win the war against fascism.

A thin film of plausibility was lent to the proposition by his argument that the financial controls of private ownership would dismantle or sabotage the plants rather than allow full uninterrupted operation. He concluded his argument with the statement that the returning service men would be most interested in attempting to obtain full-load, peak-capacity production in order to take full advantage of the potential abundance that modern technology can make possible.

Secretary Ickes states apologetically that he merely presents this suggestion for discussion and debate in order to stimulate interest in postwar planning. No doubt he is sincere, not only in asking for 'debate' in connection with America's future destiny but also in his presentation of this futile palliative for public consumption. He fails to recognize, however, that discussions and debates solve no problems in a physical world, and that the controls which coordinate our high-energy rapid-transit civilization must be based on accurate, definable physical laws.

One of the basic tenets of the fascist ideology we are endeavoring to destroy is that the people of a nation must be kept divided into classes. Unequal divisions of the luxuries and necessities available is the weapon most used by fascist leadership to create this class distinction. To give the responsibilities of ownership of potential capacity to produce to the veterans of World War II would bring about a condition which might completely nullify our victories, abroad by sowing the seeds of fascism at home.

A plan which could accomplish this is Total Conscription of Men, Machines, Materiel and Money with National Service from All and Profits to None as outlined by Technocracy Inc. Returning service men and their postwar problems are only one added reason for the immediate installation of Total Conscription and its continuation for a period of six months following the end of the war. We believe, Mr. Ickes, that our service men will agree with us the American technology belong to all Americans, and not to a minority.

By a Technocrat

Even when one talks to himself he is likely to say things that he shouldn't.

Why a Farmer Should Buy and Keep War Bonds

by Paul A. Eke
Agricultural Economist
College of Agriculture
Moscow, Idaho.



THE American farmer is ready now to make personal sacrifices beyond what the government has asked him to do by direct taxation. He will do this to hasten the end of the war and in this way save lives and the mental anguish which comes from separation of families and living under strange and uncomfortable conditions, both on the battle fronts and in defense centers. The most logical sacrifice for the next few months is to operate the farm as economically as possible consistent with high production and to spend as little as is consistent with good health and spiritual alertness for living costs, and then put the balance into War Bonds.

The farmer will in 1944 be more able than during the past 2 or 3 years to buy Bonds. Up until 1941 most farmers had gone through 10 years of acute agricultural depression and 20 years of below normal incomes. Most of them had long-time and current indebtedness forcing their hands at all times. Now in the main these debts are in a shape in which the farmer is master or they are completely paid off and forgotten. The farmer has at last a free choice as to what he will do with his modest and well-earned "earnings."

From the standpoint of good business there are many good reasons for buying Bonds now and keeping them.

1. It is better to buy Bonds than to bid against other farmers for what few farms are now for sale and thus inflate land prices.

- It is better to reduce large inventories of livestock and put the money in Bonds now when meat is much needed and high priced than to carry over into the post-war period or into the next drought when there will be rapid liquidation and probably packing house gluts and lower prices.
- Farmers are all familiar with the wisdom of saving now to replace equipment wearing out but not being replaced.
- Saving money as Bonds will make possible new homes, barns and conveniences after the war when the boys need a job installing these things.
- Perhaps we need to mention the high pressure stock and town real estate salesmen and sellers of other "gold bricks". Buy Bonds and be out of ready funds when these "gents" appear.

Of course there is the matter of retirement for many farmers soon after the War. War Bonds will be a place where the best interest rates now available for savings can be made. Perhaps the children will need more education after the war, or the boys may need some financial assistance in starting in farming or in other lines of business.

It is hard now to buy anything except necessities and get our money's worth. For that reason, let us go along with the patriotic citizens of our country and put our financial power back of Uncle Sam.

U. S. Treasury Department

RATION BOOK REMINDER

Cut this out and keep it in your purse or billfold.

MEATS—FATS— Book 4
Red Stamps A-8 through W8 are good indefinitely. Waste kitchen fats exchanged for two points and four cents a pound.
SUGAR—

Stamp No. 30 in book No. 4 valid indefinitely for five pounds.
Stamp No. 31 will become valid April 1 indefinitely.

For canning only: Sugar Stamp 40 valid for 5 pounds through Feb. 28, 1945. Apply to local boards on Form R-325 for remainder (20 lbs. max. per person) affixing spare stamp 37 for each person.

SHOES—Loose Stamps Invalid
Look 3—Airplane stamps No's. 1 and 2 indefinitely for one pair.

FUEL OIL—
Period 4-5 coupons valid through Sept. 30. Place new orders as soon as Period 1 coupons received from local boards.

SOLID FUELS—
Dealers deliver by priorities based on needs.

GASOLINE COUPONS—
Not Valid unless Endorsed
A—No. 11 valid through June 21—3 gallons each.
A—No. 12 valid June 22 through September 21.

B3—or C3—may be renewed within but not before 15 days from date on cover.

WOOD, COAL, SAWDUST—
ORDER NOW! Don't risk shortage next winter.

TIRE INSPECTION—
Records must be presented for gasoline renewals, special application and tire replacements.

PRICE CONTROL—
Refer price inquiries and complaints to price clerk at your local board.

United States Army Air Forces destroyed 9,463 enemy aircraft in aerial combat and 1,579 more on the ground in 1943, the War Department reported. In the same period, 2,809 USAAF planes were destroyed in aerial combat and 76 on the ground.

Memories are like echoes, they always come back.

The Low Down From Hickory Grove

I just been reading where a big grain and food outfit in Minneapolis is raising 10 million dollars to use in research into new products and methods of manufacture. They are going in for experiments on things like soy beans. They want to find hardy types of beans and grains from other countries, and make them adaptable to our U.S.A. climate. They plan upon finding new markets as well as new foods. At this will expand employment.

These folks are doing our U.S.A. a good turn. If the venture turns out good, they will make some money. If it doesn't turn out so good, it will be the stockholder who will bear the burden, and hold the bag.

There is so much loose kind of talk about Big companies being this or that, or undesirable, that it is time somebody gave them a slight pat on the back. I do so.

We have been led to imagine that a Big company is death and poison to any body who is not a stockholder in same. Such imagining is tomfoolery. It is being as foolish as the cow in the burning barn full of pop corn. This old cow looked up and saw the pop corn blowing around. She thought it was snow, so laid down and froze to death.

Yours with the low down,
JO SERRA

20 Million Chinese Are Now Facing Starvation

CHUNGKING.—More than 20,000,000 Chinese are facing starvation as the result of Japanese oppression in enemy-held areas of once thriving Hopei province in North China, Chinese reports said recently.

Many areas have become wasteland through Japanese destruction of irrigation works, forced purchase of crops at low prices and the intensified conscription of the Chinese population for labor service.

Tractor Riding "Grandma" Praises War Bond League

Mrs. K. C. Henkle of Kenton, Ohio, does more than her share of war work. She and her husband run two farms at maximum production and with almost no outside help. In addition, Mrs. Henkle is chairman in her township for War Bond sales, for the Red Cross and for the combined scrap paper and grease salvage campaign. She is also a writer and has composed poems for War Bond and Red Cross programs over Stations WMRN, Marion, and WLW, Cincinnati.

Mrs. Henkle, who has an Army son, a Navy son, and an Army son-in-law, enthusiastically endorses Mrs. George C. Marshall's appeal to grandmothers to buy Bonds for



Mrs. K. C. Henkle

their grandchildren. She herself takes turns buying Bonds for her five grandchildren ranging in age from 4 months to 11 years. "Those Bonds," she says, "will help educate the children and set them up in businesses and farms ten happy years from now."

The Grandmothers League was founded by General Marshall's wife and has been widely accepted as a worthy and unselfish Bond-buying drive.

Though warned that his safety belt wouldn't fit the outside hooks, Ruddy Carston, a window cleaner, used it and fell five floors, the belt caught on a picket fence and broke the fall—saving Carston.

By eliminating the paint formerly used to cover the surface of a Liberator bomber, its American builders saved 80 pounds in weight, reduced the cost, and added about eight miles per hour to its speed!

It is possible to convert sawdust and other wood waste into alcohol, sugar or protein cattle feed, and scientists in the forest industries are now trying to make such conversion commercially practical.

An electronic microscope can make invisible objects appear 200,000 times their actual size. If a postage stamp could be magnified that much it would appear to be 3 miles high!

LAWN MOWERS Repaired-Sharpened

BICYCLES Repaired

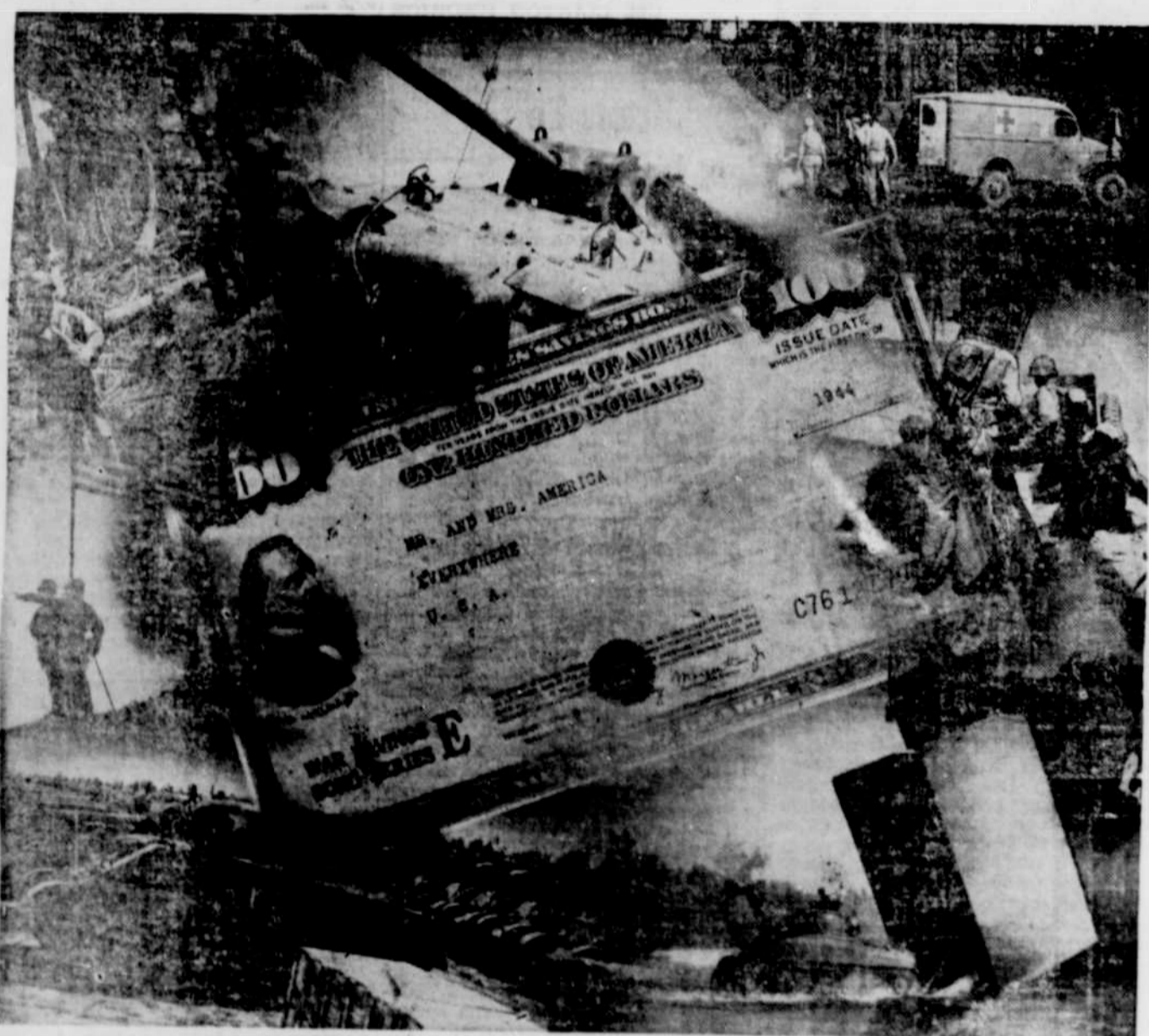
BEAVERTON MOWER SHOP
E. PHELPS, Prop.
On Canyon Road
West End of Beaverton,
Formerly Hartrampf location
HOURS 2 TO 8 P. M.

DO YOUR WAR DUTIES Cheerfully!



W. E. PEGG
MORTICIAN
Beaverton, Oregon
Estab. 1910—Serving 33 years
PHONE BEAVERTON 3411

WANTED
Wool, Mohair and
Casaca Bark
PACIFIC COAST CASCARA
BARK CO.
1319 NW Johnson St., Portland, Or.
AT. 8393



WHICH ISSUE SHALL I BUY?

There Is a Fifth War Loan Security to Meet Every Investment Need

- FOR MAXIMUM SAFETY OF PRINCIPAL**—All issues. There are no safer investments in the world.
- FOR MAXIMUM YIELD**—Series E Savings Bonds (2.9%*); Series F Savings Bonds (2.53%*); Series G Savings Bonds (2.5%*). *If held to maturity.
- FOR CURRENT INCOME**—Series G Savings Bonds, Treasury 2 1/2's of 1965-70, Treasury 2's of 1952-54.
- FOR DEFERRED INCOME**—Series E and F Savings Bonds (for tax purposes income may be deferred or accrued).
- FOR SHORT TERM**—1/4% Certificates of Indebtedness (slightly over 11 months); Treasury 1 1/4% Notes of Series B-1947 (about 2 3/4 years) and Series C Savings Notes (6 months to 3 years).
- FOR MEDIUM TERM**—Series E, 10 years; Treasury 2's of 1952-54 (10 years); Series F and G (12 years).
- FOR LONG TERM**—Treasury 2 1/2's of 1965-70 (26 years).
- FOR MARKETABILITY**—Treasury 2's and 2 1/2's coupon or registered form; 1 1/4% Notes and 1/4% Certificates of Indebtedness, coupon form only.
- FOR BANK LOAN COLLATERAL**—Treasury 1 1/4's, 2's, and 2 1/2's, 1/4% Certificates of Indebtedness, and Series C Savings Notes.
- ESPECIALLY FOR PAYING TAXES**—Series C Savings Notes (acceptable during and after second calendar month after month of purchase at par and accrued interest for Federal Income, estate or gift taxes).
- FOR MY ESTATE**—Series G (redeemable at par on death of owner), Treasury 2 1/2's (redeemable at par for estate taxes only on death of owner).
- FOR GIFTS**—Series E (or any other issue depending on needs of the recipient).
- FOR EDUCATION OF CHILDREN**—Series E.
- FOR SELF RETIREMENT PLANS**—Series E.
- FOR INVESTMENT OF BUSINESS RESERVES AND OTHER TEMPORARY FUNDS**—1/4% Certificates of Indebtedness, Treasury 1 1/4% Notes and Series C Savings Notes. The last named are redeemable at par and accrued interest during and after sixth calendar month after month of purchase, except where otherwise provided, in which case redemption will be made at par.

Special
NEW
LOW
PRICE!



FORMER PRICE \$4.89 FOR 100 CAPSULES

100 CAPSULES
Now \$3.98

BEAVERTON PHARMACY
Phone Beaverton 2311

SEPTIC TANKS

"Concrete"
SEE YOUR BUILDING MATERIAL DEALER
Portland Concrete Pipe and Products Co.
5819 SW Macadam Ave., Portland, 1, Oregon
AT. 8384