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THE SUN OF PROSPERITY SHINES ON
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News Review of Current Events

MORGAN ASKS INQUIRY

Chairman of TVA Brings to the Surface the Feud With His Colleagues . . . Corn Acreage Allotments



Here, photographed after their arrest in New York, are Johanna Hofmann of Dresden, Germany, and Guenther Gustav Rumrich, former United States army sergeant and a deserter, two of the three persons accused of complicity in an international spy plot, the aim of which was the sale of United States military secrets to a foreign government. The woman, a hairdresser on the German liner Europa, was messenger and paymaster for the ring.

Edward W. Pickard
SUMMARIZES THE WORLD'S WEEK
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Berry Claim Cause of Row

LONG existing war between Dr. A. E. Morgan, chairman of the Tennessee Valley Authority, and his fellow directors, David Lillenthal and Harcourt Morgan, has come to a climax, due to the claims of Sen. George L. Berry for \$5,000,000,000 because his alleged marble quarries were flooded in the Norris dam area.



A. E. Morgan

Doctor Morgan has demanded a showdown in the form of a congressional investigation of the whole TVA set-up and its activities.

A commission appointed by a federal court in Tennessee reported the claims of Berry and his associates were worthless because their properties could not be profitably operated commercially.

Chairman Morgan then issued a long statement revealing that the quarrel in the authority was due not to differences between himself and his colleagues over policy, but to his efforts to obtain "honesty, openness, decency and fairness in government." He said: "The Berry marble case represents the kind of difficulty with which as chairman of the TVA board, I have been faced in the effort to maintain good standards of public service. To a steadily increasing degree I have contended with an attitude of conspiracy, secretiveness, and bureaucratic manipulation, which has made the proper conduct of TVA business difficult."

The statement declared that Berry charged Morgan with blocking "a sacred, binding agreement," when the TVA chairman halted the friendly agreement reached with Lillenthal and Harcourt Morgan.

"In my opinion, a 'friendly' agreement, in the face of what seemed to me to be an obvious intent to exploit was not a good public policy, and lacked several degrees of being 'sacred,'" said the chairman.

Doctor Morgan intimated that the Berry deal was only a part of the issue of honesty and decency which he had to face and that there was a lot more he would like to tell a congressional committee.

Slaps Little Business

SECRETARY OF COMMERCE ROPER told President Roosevelt that the "little" business man appears to be forsaking the policy of self help and is looking more and more to the government to solve his problems.

Mr. Roper based his conclusion on an analysis of 1,900 letters from

among 4,000 communications that grew out of the "little business" conference recently held in Washington.

The secretary said he was impressed by the fact that the recommendations in the letters showed little understanding of the broad aspects of the problems of government, and he implied that small business men were largely self-seekers.

Nothing was said of the 100 resolutions, adopted at the little business conference, which demanded that the government cease regulation and interference with business, give tax relief to business, and halt experimentation where it affected business.

Corn Acreage Cut

FARMERS of 12 commercial corn producing states were told by the Agricultural Adjustment administration that they might plant this year in corn 40,491,279 acres in 566 counties. This compares with 58,616,000 acres in 1,123 counties harvested last year. The complete national goal for 1938, including the commercial corn acreage allotments, is 94,000,000 to 97,000,000 bushels.

The 1938 allotments by states and total acres harvested in the total number of counties in each state follow:

Illinois—1938 allotment, 7,348,396 acres in 102 counties against 9,451,000 acres harvested in 102 counties in 1937.

Indiana—3,456,212 acres for 77 counties against 4,706,000 in 92 counties.

Iowa—9,249,259 acres in 99 counties against 11,180,000 in 99 counties.

Kansas—2,108,602 acres for 27 counties against 2,456,000 in 105 counties.

Kentucky—150,390 acres for four counties against 2,906,000 in 120 counties.

Michigan—223,791 acres for five counties against 1,590,000 in 83 counties.

Minnesota—3,319,803 acres in 45 counties against 4,788,000 in 87 counties.

Missouri—3,267,088 acres in 6 counties against 4,260,000 in 114 counties.

Nebraska—6,757,345 acres in 64 counties against 7,904,000 in 93 counties.

South Dakota—1,635,794 acres in 17 counties against 3,155 acres in 69 counties.

Wisconsin—452,810 acres in 6 counties against 2,424,000 in 71 counties.

Ohio—2,521,779 acres in 57 counties against 3,796,000 in 88 counties.

Under the new farm program,

(Continued on page four)

Gravest Danger of Democracy Is Indifference

The strength and clarity of thinking of the American citizen considered en masse will be the most vital factor in the resistance of the menace of the world-wide shadow of dictatorship, it was declared by Dr. Frederick M. Hunter, chancellor of higher education for Oregon, in an address before the 68th annual convention of the American Association of School Administrators held recently in Atlantic City, N. J.

American education, therefore, plays a role of universal importance, Dr. Hunter said in his talk, which was entitled "The Next Step in American Education." Outlining a program for education in this country, Dr. Hunter stressed the importance of intellectual freedom and urged "a reasonable interpretation of the results of the conception of intellectual freedom in its impact upon human activities and institutions throughout recorded history."

This interpretation, Dr. Hunter declared to be a strong factor in American resistance to the conquest of dictatorships. This resistance can be urged upon the basis of the high achievement of democracy here in the past and "from our inspiring inheritance and tradition of liberty."

A firmly founded "philosophy of education" was put forth by Dr. Hunter as the "next step" in education.

A note of warning to citizens as well as educators was sounded by Dr. Hunter, whose observations cover years when he was superintendent of public schools of Oakland, California, as well as years in higher education work.

"The gravest danger of democracy is to be found in the complacent indifference of a great segment of our American youth toward liberties vouchsafed by their previous inheritance," he declared.

"No effort in American education must be spared to provide that a fullness of light be spread abroad on the historical meaning of the American guarantee of freedom in its highest and most complete sense."

Pythian Sisters Hold Initiation

Una Temple No. 26, met in regular session Wednesday evening, March 9th. The regular work of the lodge was conducted by the officers and the main feature of the evening was initiation at which time Mrs. Louise Trachel was initiated into the order. Several members spoke briefly at the close of the meeting commending officers and the staff on their work.

At the close of the evening refreshments were served in the dining room, at tables decorated with beautiful bouquets of daffodils and ferns artistically arranged.

In charge of refreshments and arrangements in the dining room were the social committee, Ethel Manock, Hattie Ehlen, Tillie Fry Lillie Schneider and Clara Wurster.

Aurora Boy Pledged to Fraternity

University of Oregon, Eugene, March 8—Howard Bruce Giesy, freshman in business administration at the University of Oregon, was pledged to Delta Tau Delta fraternity this term.

He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Lorin Giesy of Aurora

The price of the subscription for the Aurora Observer, 50c a year, is a rare bargain.

America's Greatest Food Authority Now Writes for This Paper



C. Houston Goudiss

We announce with pride a new feature in this issue, "What You Eat and Why," by C. Houston Goudiss, noted food authority, radio speaker, author and lecturer, famous as the man who knows food "from soil to serving, from table to tissue."

One of these articles will appear each week, and we know housewives and mothers will look forward to them for the accurate, worthwhile information they contain on foods and their relation to health. This is not a recipe column. Mr. Goudiss has designed it to serve as a link between laboratory and layman in the food field, interpreting modern scientific knowledge in the language of the home maker, giving her the elemental facts regarding new discoveries and the part played by food in building and maintaining health.

Every woman wants to know what foods will benefit her family and why, and that is just the information that Mr. Goudiss will give. Watch for the articles each week, make a scrap book of them for ready reference. They contain valuable information every home maker has been wanting.

First Sunday of Telegraphic Shoot

The Oregonian Telegraphic shoot commenced last Sunday and there was a good turn-out on the Aurora grounds. While the average was not as high as was expected, the team won two to one over the teams they shot against. Aurora—B. W. Stoner, 25; Jules Kohler, 25; T. Allen, 22; total, 72. Hillsboro, 69; Lebanon, 65; Harrisburg, 74.

Beginning next week we expect to publish a list of all members participating in the telegraphic shoot. In these shoots the first 25 targets count in the score. Several held a better record on the next 25 targets.

After shooting here some members of the club attended the Hi Everding shoot on the Portland grounds.

Knights of Pythias Burns Mortgage

Hermes lodge No. 56, Knights of Pythias, of Aurora, Oregon, held the most important meeting of its long history Friday evening, March 4, 1938. The occasion was the burning of the mortgage on its building. The lodge is now entirely out of debt, with a large balance in its treasury and considerable money at interest on good security. The colorful ceremony was given by the trustees: George Fry, Jonas Will and Fred Schneider. The chairman of the meeting was Frank Renfrew, grand vice chancellor.

Three new members were added to the lodge by initiation, the work being given splendidly, in letter perfect order, by visiting knights.

Seventeen lodges sent visiting delegations, totalling over 200 knights. Five grand lodge officers and district deputies were present. Carl Broderson, P. G. C. of Forest Grove; Louis Bennett, P. G. C. of Lebanon, and Walter Gleason, G. K. R. & S. of Portland, in brief talks complimented the lodge on its splendid record over a period of forty-six years and on its fine financial condition. Robert A. Bennett, grand chancellor of the grand domain of Oregon, gave a most interesting address.

One of the outstanding things which caused much discussion was that the records of the lodge show that Andy Fry, K. R. & S., has served for thirty-seven years and missed only ten meetings, and that Louis Webert, M. of F., has served thirty-four years and missed only twenty-two meetings.

Two other lodges reported that within a year they will finish paying for their lodge homes and burn their mortgages. The Knights present were most enthusiastic about the meeting, which was conducted with snap and closed at 10:20 p. m. Many of the knights lingered over refreshments, fraternizing and renewing old friendships until midnight.

OSC Women's Weekend Dates Set

Oregon State College—May 6, 7 and 8 are the dates just announced for the annual Women's week end at Oregon State college, which this year will feature the Mother-Son banquet. Two years ago the custom was started of having mother-son and mother-daughter banquets on alternate years. Ruth Anderson, junior in secretarial science from Portland, is general chairman of the affair, while Don Wimberly, junior in mechanical engineering from Roseburg, is in charge of arrangements for the banquet.

What Is the Purpose of a Bank's Statement of Condition?

The purpose of a bank's statement of condition is to give the proper Federal or State authorities, and to customers and the public, a report of the financial condition of the bank.

Our bank statements list our assets and liabilities, showing what we do with our depositors' and stockholders' money.

Part of the money is set aside to maintain required legal reserves. A reasonable amount of cash is kept on hand to meet the daily business requirements.

Under normal conditions much of our deposits go into active business use. A part is loaned to individual customers and well managed business enterprises which help the general business life of this community. A part goes into government bonds and other sound readily-marketable securities.

CANBY UNION BANK