



It may be all right, we hope it is, to mete out so light a punishment to Mrs. Sarah Bell-Hayden, convicted on two counts of receiving stolen goods, but to the layman it looks a good deal like encouraging a repetition of the offense. One wonders how many months she would have received if she had been caught with a half pint of whiskey.

The selection of Coolidge and Dawes as standard bearers for the republican party will be approved by the conservative element of that party. Both gentlemen commend themselves to the people as fearless and thoroughly in sympathy with the wishes of the people for greater economy.

News Story

Detroit, Mich., June 4.—A new and outstanding achievement in the automobile industry of America was attained here today when the ten millionth Model "T" Ford left the final assembly in the Highland park plant of the Ford Motor Company.

The motor bearing the number 10,000,000 was completed this morning, and reached the car assembly line early this afternoon and was assembled into a touring car, the most popular of all Ford types.

In celebration of having attained a 10,000,000 production record the company announced that Ford Car, No. 10,000,000 will make a coast-to-coast trip as signifying the nation-wide popularity of the Ford Car and its appeal to every class of driver.

The car will be shipped to New York within a day or two and leaving there will be driven across the country to San Francisco. The Lincoln Highway has been selected as the official route of travel and stops will be made at most all the towns along the line. Frank Kulick, who years ago attained fame and brake many records as the pilot of Ford racing cars, will be at the wheel of the ten-millionth during the trans-continental trip.

Model "T" Ford cars are today used in every country on earth and the unusual success which has attended the Ford Motor Company dates principally from 1908, when the model "T" was developed and first introduced on the market.

The company was among the first to adopt the unit power plant and the left hand drive control, and it was the originator of such fundamental principles as the removable cylinder head, three point suspension and torque tube drive, all incorporated in the Model "T" and which have since been generally adopted in the automotive industry. The correctness of these basic features has been strikingly proven by the fact that in the entire ten-million production, while improvements have constantly been made, there never has been any deviation from the original principles of the model "T."

Previous to the time that model "T" was introduced the company had built and sold approximately 25,000 Ford cars of other models. The first model "T" was completed October 1, 1908, and it was seven years later, December 10, 1915 when motor No. 1,000,000 was produced. Since then, under an ever increasing demand, production has steadily grown until a new output record was established in turning out the last million cars in 132 days.

Aurora: 50 minutes from Salem; 60 minutes from Portland; 30 minutes from Oregon City.

COOLIDGE HEADS THE REPUBLICAN TICKET

Charles G. Dawes Named Running Mate After Frank O. Lowden Declines.

Cleveland, Ohio.—It required only one roll call to formally confer upon Calvin Coolidge the republican nomination for the presidency. Charles G. Dawes of Illinois was nominated for the vice-presidency after the convention had nominated Frank O. Lowden, ex-governor of Illinois, and he had refused to accept. There was really no contest at all for the first place on the ticket, for it was a foregone conclusion long before the gavel fell on the opening day of the convention that no other candidate would receive serious consideration, and he was named to head the ticket by one of the largest majorities ever given by a republican national convention.

No other name was formally placed before the convention, but twenty-eight of the twenty-nine Wisconsin votes and six from North Dakota were cast for Senator Robert M. La Follette, and ten South Dakota delegates, following their primary instructions, voted for Senator Hiram Johnson.



CALVIN COOLIDGE

Who Received the Republican Nomination for President.

When the secretary announced the total vote, the chairman of the South Dakota delegation got the platform and said that South Dakota, having kept its primary pledge, was willing to make it unanimous. Delegate Scott, the only Coolidge man in the Wisconsin delegation, also moved to make it unanimous, but the 28 loyal La Follette men gave a chorus of "noes" to the vote.

Coolidge's name was presented to the convention by Dr. Marion Leroy Burton, president of the Michigan university. Dr. Burton, a former resident of the president's home of Northampton, spoke on behalf of Massachusetts, and the nomination was seconded by Vermont, California, Kansas, Oregon, Illinois, New Jersey, North Carolina and New York.

Dr. Burton divided his lengthy oration into three parts. He spoke first of Calvin Coolidge, "the man," then about Calvin Coolidge, "the American," and finished off with an eloquent presentation of Calvin Coolidge, "the human being."

Burton lauds Coolidge. He did not go into the president's policies and executive acts. He left that, he said, for the politicians, and confined his address solely to the moral, spiritual and mental attributes of Mr. Coolidge. To him he ascribed in a degree attributes approached by few men, attributes of simplicity, industry, frugality, patience, vigilance, honesty and service.

Dr. Burton's peroration brought the convention to its feet with an outburst of cheering and applause and the procession of delegates started around the floor with Vermont in the lead.

Other delegates quickly followed carrying their state standards and soon the aisles were choked with a marching throng. The North Dakota standard from the delegation in which there are six La Follette delegates, was carried into the procession, but the South Dakota standard from the delegation having Johnson delegates failed to get in.

Mrs. Florence C. Porter of South Pasadena, Cal., made the first seconding speech.

Judge Charles H. Carey of Oregon was next recognized for another seconding speech.

After listening to the keynote address of the temporary chairman, Theodore E. Burton of Ohio, only necessary preliminary business was transacted the opening day of the convention.

The first demonstration of the convention came when Temporary Chairman Burton demanded that only "tried and true republicans who will stand united" be elected to congress.

Upon taking over the gavel when the convention assembled for the

second day's session, Permanent Chairman Frank W. Mondell of Wyoming in his speech admonished republicans to see to it that only those who are "republicans in principle as well as in name" be elected to congress. A prolonged demonstration for President Coolidge started when Charles B. Warren, chairman of the resolutions committee, reading his report, mentioned the president.

Through all the demonstration for the president and the platform the delegates from Wisconsin remained silently in their seats, taking no part and ignoring the cat calls, hisses, jeers and shouts directed toward them from the marching throng and from the galleries.

The Coolidge marchers, however, were determined to get the Wisconsin delegation on its feet and it finally accomplished it by forming a circle around them and singing the Star Spangled Banner.

The La Follette delegates solemnly rose and stood at attention through out the singing and then stolidly resumed their chairs while the demonstration for Coolidge proceeded.

The convention adopted its platform, as reported by the resolutions committee, and rejected the La Follette planks presented from the Wisconsin delegation.

Chairman Warren of the resolutions committee, read the platform as it finally was approved and moved its adoption. Representative Cooper of Wisconsin presented the La Follette platform and spoke in its support. Mr. Warren made no extended arguments against the La Follette planks, merely reminding the convention that the platform as brought in from the committee had been approved by every member except the member from Wisconsin and that the committee's action might be considered a fair cross section of the sentiment of the convention.

While the selection of the candidate for president was a mere formality the naming of a candidate for vice-president provoked a spirited contest, resulting in the nomination of Charles G. Dawes of Illinois, but his nomination came only after the convention had once chosen former Governor Lowden of Ohio, who declined to accept the place.

Eight candidates were placed in nomination and the ballots on the first roll call were divided among the four leaders, Lowden, Kenyon, Dawes and Burton of Ohio. Many delegations voted for favorite sons as a compliment, while others divided their votes among various candidates.

A switch of 78 votes from Pennsylvania to Theodore E. Burton on the second ballot, gave the nomination to Lowden.

Lowden Declines Nomination.

When Chairman Mondell informed the convention that Mr. Lowden, from his home in Oregon, Ill., sent word that he positively refused to accept the nomination, it was agreed on all sides that the only thing for the convention to do was to go to it again and there was a series of hurried conferences and caucuses on the floor.

It developed openly that William Butler was insisting on the nomination of Secretary Hoover and working hard for him while the Dawes people worked like trojans to line up the delegates for the general.



CHARLES G. DAWES

Who Received the Republican Nomination for Vice-President.

Mr. Mondell read the convention the telegram he had received from Mr. Lowden.

Then the chair recognized Lawrence Y. Sherman of Illinois. In behalf of the Illinois delegates he moved that Lowden's declination be accepted.

The convention adopted the motion with some scattering noes. The clerk then began calling the roll on the third ballot for vice-president. The unofficial totals on the third ballot were: Dawes, 682½; Hoover, 234½; Kenyon, 85.

After the nomination of General Dawes had been announced and Senator James E. Watson had moved it be made by acclamation, Senator Pepper of Pennsylvania took the platform and offered a resolution to appoint Chairman Mondell of the convention chairman of the committee to notify President Coolidge of his nomination and to appoint Theodore E. Burton chairman of the committee to notify General Dawes of his nomination.

PLATFORM ADOPTED BY REPUBLICANS

Reaffirms Traditional Policies and Declares for Membership in World Court.

The platform reaffirms the traditional party policies, condemns misconduct in office regardless of party, declares for membership in the world court as recommended by President Coolidge, suggests that farm prices should be brought to a parity with those of the products farmers buy, and does not mention the bonus or Japanese exclusion.

The important planks summarized are as follows:

Declares for strict economy in administration of government and lauds republican administration in reducing taxation and public debt.

Pledges progressive reduction of taxes and endorses plan of President Coolidge to call a national conference to devise methods of lightening tax burden.

Favors comprehensive reorganization of executive departments and bureaus and enforcement of merit system in civil service.

Refuses to consider cancellation of foreign debts and stands for settlement with all debtor countries on basis similar to that made with Great Britain.

Reaffirms belief in protective tariff and in the elastic provision adopted in tariff act of 1922.

Stands for agreement among nations to prevent war and preserve peace and endorses permanent court of international justice and adherence to this tribunal as recommended by President Coolidge.

Advocates calling of a conference on the limitation of land forces, the use of submarines and poison gas as proposed by President Coolidge.

Lauds friendly adjustment of differences with Mexico.

Recognizes adverse agricultural conditions have brought about distress and pledges party to take whatever steps necessary to bring back balanced conditions between agriculture, industry and labor and reorganization of market system on sounder and more economical lines.

Pledges continuation of policy of co-operation with the states in highway building.

Commends congress for adoption of constitutional amendment authorizing legislation on child labor and urges prompt consideration by state legislatures.

Pledges continuance of successful efforts of republican administration to eliminate seven-day, 12-hour week in industry.

Favors a careful and scientific readjustment of railroad rates with a view to encouragement of agriculture and basic industries without impairing railroad service.

Stands against all attempts to put the government into business and opposes nationalization or government ownership of public utilities.

Favors permanent merchant marine, built by Americans, owned by Americans and manned by Americans.

Urges congress to enact at earliest possible date a federal anti-lynching law.

Development of natural resources and improvement of rivers and harbors and waterways favored.

Promises continual and increasing solicitude for all those suffering disability as a result of service in time of war.

Believes in time of war nation should not only draft its citizens but also every resource which may contribute to success.

Endorses protection against unrestricted immigration.

Declares time for granting independence of Philippines has not yet arrived.

Endorses policy of present administration with reference to Alaska and favors a continuance of the development of the territory.

Continuation of reclamation of arid and semi-arid lands pledged.

Opposes further weakening of army and promises to round out navy to full strength allowed under treaty.

Reaffirms devotion to orderly government and urges respect for law and order.

Demands the speedy, fearless and impartial prosecution of all wrongdoers without regard to political affiliation or position, but declares no greater wrong can be committed against the people than the attempt to destroy their trust in the great body of their public servants.

Emphasizes responsibility of party to people and urges the people to elect a republican president and vice-president, to elect to the senate and the house of representatives men and women who believe in the republican principles, acknowledge party responsibility and who can be relied on to keep faith with the people by carrying out the program which the republican party presents and pledges itself to fulfill.

Nevin National News

(Special Washington Correspondence)

The House of Representatives on June 4, by a vote of 154 ayes to 234 nays voted down the McNary-Haugen bill. During the several months the bill has been under consideration, it was supposed that there was a safe majority in its favor, and this was true until the few days ago when the appeal was made by those opposed to the measure to vote it down in order to prevent a deficit under a new tax bill. The opposition to the bill was chiefly from New England, the large cities and industrial centers and from the South. Representatives Hawley, Sinnott and Watkins of Oregon all voted for the bill.

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A Test Every Man Past 40 Should Make

Medical authorities agree that 65 per cent of all men past middle age (many much younger) are afflicted with a disorder of the prostate gland. Aches in feet, legs and back, frequent nightly risings, sciatic pains, are some of the signs—and now a member of the American Association for the Advancement of Science has written a remarkably interesting Free Book that tells of other symptoms and just what they mean. No longer should a man approaching or past the prime of life be content to regard these pains and conditions as inevitable signs of approaching age. Already more than 10,000 men have used the amazing method described in this book to restore their youthful health and vigor, and to restore the prostate gland to its proper functioning. Send immediately for this book. If you will mail your request to the Electric Thermal Company, 657 Knapp Bldg., Steubenville, Ohio, the concern that is distributing this book for the author, it will be sent to you absolutely free without obligation. Simply send name and address. But don't delay, for the edition of this book is limited.

Final Notice of Executrix

To whom it may concern: Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Sarah W. Mann, has this day filed, in the County Court for Marion County, Oregon, her final account as executrix of the last will and testament and estate of James D. Mann, deceased, and that said court has fixed and appointed Tuesday, July 15, 1924, at the hour of ten o'clock a. m. of said day, in the county court room, in the county court house, in said county and state, as the time and place for the hearing of objections to such final account and for the settlement thereof. SARAH W. MANN, Executrix of the last will and testament and estate of James D. Mann, deceased. Carey F. Martin, attorney for estate, 413 Masonic Temple Building, Salem, Ore. June 12-1924

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NORTH BOUND	
No. 22 (on Flag)	5:44 a. m.
No. 16 (on Flag)	7:38 a. m.
No. 62 (Stop)	10:19 a. m.
No. 18 (Stop)	2:16 p. m.
No. 24 (on Flag)	7:00 p. m.
SOUTH BOUND	
No. 17 (Stop)	9:43 a. m.
No. 61 (on flag)	2:08 p. m.
No. 23 (Stop)	4:53 p. m.
No. 21 (on Flag)	9:09 p. m.

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