

THE AURORA OBSERVER

THURSDAY, MAY 30, 1918.

N. C. WESCOTT

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

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I pledge allegiance to my flag and the republic for which it stands, one Nation, indivisible, with liberty and justice to all.

LET OREGON BE NEXT

The Lutheran Parochial schools of Washington county, bowing to the American sentiment that now looks askance at anything German, have abandoned the use of the German language in their classes. The average American connects everything German with Hohenzollernism, and is bitter in his feeling toward any exhibition of sentiment toward all things German, hence the action of the Washington county Lutherans is especially gratifying to thinking Americans, who see in it the desire of American citizens of German descent to prevent suspicion and bitterness of feeling from coming between them and their native born neighbors. With 165,000 Lutheran soldiers in the American army, it is unconceivable that those who stay at home should continue a course that will eventually provoke action that all thoughtful, loyal Americans will regret.

While no one should object to the use of the German language among German-speaking people in their homes, the point has been reached where there is absolutely no justification for its continuance in American schools—either elementary, secondary, or collegiate. The American people are opposed to its continuance in either public or parochial schools, and the wishes of the nation should not be defied. State after state is dropping German from the course of study. It cannot be another case of "Oregon First", but there is no reason why it should not be "Oregon Next," in dropping the language of our enemies from our schools. When we take orders from Berlin, it will then be time to levy special taxes to maintain a course in German.

WILL FOOD RATION COME

Hoover opposes the rationing plan for America, as being undemocratic and un-American. We have not yet reached the point where rationing has become necessary, but without more voluntary sacrifice on the part of the people, it may be necessary. If that time comes, the fear that rationing would be un-American should not deter us. When necessity drives, Americanism will know no law but expediency, and democracy will recognize it as the only fair and truly democratic way to insure an equitable distribution of food to the rich and poor alike. The adoption of a rationing system before the necessity is really keen is undesirable on other valid grounds, however.

It would impose an enormous administrative task. An army of petty officials would be needed to enforce it. These would have to be taken from other work—either of war or industry. There would be a great waste of the people's time—to obtain cards and to wait in line for the distribution of food. Also, rationing would now meet stout opposition as being unnecessary, burdensome and annoying.

It is only when the people are convinced that it must be done, that it will be accepted without general opposition. Hence for the present the appeal to the people for voluntary food conservation will go on.

Bombardments Cannot Drive This Woman Back

She Thinks Coffee for Soldiers More Important Than Safety.

The following extracts are taken from a letter written by a Red Cross Canteen worker, Helen McElhone, an American woman and college graduate now located in a district almost constantly under bombardment:

"Foyer des Allies, 'Bar-le-Duc."

"Things look very black to me. I am discouraged at the big outlook of affairs and also at my small doings, but it may be the blackness that comes before dawn. Let us hope so. Our men certainly need help now as much as the pollus. I am beginning to see those who have been at the front. In fact, I am beginning to see some of the results of this life. They are sick and homesick, and worse things have happened to them. Several have said: 'All we ask is to get to the front and do what we have to do. Anything is better than this life. . . . This morning we had more Americans than I have seen before at one time. One came up to me here as I was

drawing coffee from a big marmite as fast as I could fill cups and, pointing to his pipe, said, 'Tobac, tobac.' I said, 'Do you want some tobacco?' He seemed stunned for a moment and then said: 'Do you know it nearly gave me a fit to hear you speak English. I haven't heard a woman speak English in five months.' He said he had been walking about in the cold since four o'clock last night. He couldn't find a hotel or a bright light because, of course, everything is closed and darkened on account of the bombardments. . . . The Americans are very fond of ham sandwiches. They eat much more than the French soldiers, and when they first came in and ordered six eggs apiece it caused consternation throughout the land. The funniest thing of all is to hear the Sammies grandly urging these wealthy English girls to 'keep the change—oh, keep the change!'. . . . We start the day at five and work continuously until nine, when three fresh cantinieres relieve us. At five we go on for the evening shift from five to eight, and it is the most exciting and exhausting of the shifts. There is a certain time when they come down on us like a flood, eight or ten deep around the counter and three or four hundred altogether in this little room, as eager and tired as schoolboys."

The foregoing letter indicates that our soldiers look to the Red Cross Canteen as an oasis in a desert. They would not have it if it were not for your Red Cross.

NOTICE OF SCHOOL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN To the legal voters of Joint School Dist. No 23 Marion and 303 of Clackamas County, State of Oregon, that a SCHOOL MEETING of said District will be held at the school house, on the 17th day of June, 1918, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon to vote on the proposition of levying a special district tax, and of increasing the tax by more than six per cent over the district tax levied in 1917.

The total amount of money needed by the district during the fiscal year beginning on June 18, 1918, and ending on June 30, 1919, is estimated in the following budget and includes the amounts to be received from the county school fund, state school fund, special district tax, and all other moneys of the district:

BUDGET	
ESTIMATED EXPENDITURES	
1. Teacher's salaries.....	\$ 3195
2. Furniture.....	75
3. Apparatus and supplies, such as maps, chalk, erasers, stoves, curtains, etc.....	175
4. Library books.....	50
5. Flags.....	25
6. Repairs of schoolhouses, out-buildings or fences.....	150
7. Improving grounds.....	30
8. Playground equipment.....	20
9. Transportation of pupils.....	10
10. Tuition of pupils.....	300
11. Janitor's wages.....	20
12. Janitor's supplies.....	160
13. Fuel.....	15
14. Light.....	50
15. Water.....	25
16. Clerk's salary.....	10
17. Postage and stationery.....	10
18. For the payment of bonded debt and interest thereon, issued under Sections 117, 144 to 148, and 422 of the School Laws of Oregon, 1917.....	15
19. Interest on school warrants.....	50
20. Insurance.....	50
21. School Fair.....	50
22. Incidental and Emergencies.....	100
23.....	
24. Total estimated amount of money to be expended for all purposes during the year.....	\$ 4450

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS	
From county school fund during the coming school year.....	\$ 1200
(Use amount of county school fund received last year as a basis in making this estimate)	
From state school fund during the coming school year.....	250
(Use amount of state school fund received last year as a basis in making this estimate)	
Cash now in hands of the district clerk.....	500
Cash now in hands of the county treasurer, belonging to the district.....	
Estimated amount to be received from all other sources during the coming school year.....	200
(Do not include the money to be received from the tax which it is proposed to vote.)	
Total estimated receipts, not including the money to be received from the tax which it is proposed to vote.....	\$ 2150

RECAPITULATION	
Total estimated receipts for the year.....	\$ 4450
Total estimated receipts not including the tax to be voted.....	2150
Balance, amount to be raised by district tax.....	\$2300
The amount of money to be raised by this special tax is more than the amount raised by special school district tax in the year immediately preceding this, plus six per cent. It is necessary to raise this additional amount by special levy for the following reasons: (On account of the general increase in the salaries of the teachers throughout the country and a similar increase in the cost of everything the district has to buy.)	
Dated this 22nd day of May, 1918.	
Attest:	
C. S. WESCOTT, Clerk	
J. M. WILL,	
Chairman Board of Directors.	

NOTICE OF ANNUAL SCHOOL MEETING.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the legal voters of School District No 23 Marion County and 303 Clackamas County, State of Oregon, that the ANNUAL SCHOOL MEETING of said District will be held at the School House; to begin at the hour of 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon on the third Monday of June, being the 17th day of June, A. D. 1918.

This meeting is called for the purpose of electing one director for three years, and a district clerk for one year; to vote on the levying of special tax in excess of 6 per cent over the amount voted in 1917; and to vote on the adoption of the budget and for the transaction of business usual at such meeting.

Dated this 22nd day of May, 1918.

ATTEST:
C. S. WESCOTT,
District Clerk
J. M. WILL,
Chairman Board of Directors.

USED CARS

1917 Paige-6.....	\$ 1300
1914 Cadillac.....	600
1914 Overland.....	550
1912 Overland.....	350
1917 Buick.....	650
1918 Buick.....	850
1912 Studebaker.....	150
1912 Studebaker.....	150
1915 Ford Touring.....	325
1915 Ford Touring.....	375
1914 Ford Touring.....	350
1915 Ford Roadster.....	300

PACIFIC HIGHWAY GARAGE-INC.
OREGON CITY
B 57 Phones 390

Wants, For Sale, Etc

LOCAL AD RATE.

A uniform and invariable charge of 5 cents per line is made for all advertising notices of every description in the news columns of this newspaper. This rate applies to for sale for rent, lost, found, card of thanks "want ads," and to all kinds of similar notices as well as to all notices of entertainments, fairs, socials, shows etc. No reductions or discounts.

FOR SALE—Six-room house, wood shed, and cellar-house, 2½ lots, barn, chicken house, On Second street in the city of Aurora. Call at the Observer Office, Aurora, Oregon. (8-4t.)

FOR SALE

Holstein Friesian bulls ready for service. Also a few calves from good producing dams. Buy them while they are young and have them grow into money.—Ernest Werner, Rtt. 2.

FOR SALE—Black horse 8 years old weight 1400, work single or double Hong Kee, Route 3, (near Boone's Ferry.) (8-tf)

Marry, if lonely. For speedy marriage, try my club, very successful, best, largest in the country, established 11 years; thousand wealthy wishing to marry at once. Confidential descriptions free. Reliable Club.—Mrs. Wrubel, 732 Madison St. Oakland, California. 12-7-1917

Buggy—Built on Cab style, equipped with electric lights. Is as good as new, only been used a short time. Will sell cheap. Write or come and see me.—Mrs. E. C. Schweitzer, Aurora, Oregon. Route 2, Box 92. 10-4t

MARRY At Once—Thousands of lonely, congenial people, all ages, worth \$8,000 to \$350,000 seeking early marriage. Big list of descriptions FREE. R. E. Hyde, 253a Minna St., San Francisco, Cal. 11-4tp.

FOR SALE—Ice made from pure water. Hubbard Creamery Co., Hubbard, Oregon. to8-15

LOST—Last week, in Aurora or on train to Oregon City, a check book on the First National Bank of Oregon City. It contained 2 five dollar bills, identification card and two military passes made out to Mr. Woodward. Finder will please return same to the Observer Office, Aurora, Oregon.

FOR SALE—Fresh Jersey Durham cow with heifer calf. Also young Poland China sow with six pigs two weeks old. W. H. Watkins, R. 3, Aurora. 11-tf

FOR SALE—Seven head of Nanny goats with lambs. \$4 per head. By A. Willbroad, Aurora, R. F. D. 4. (Needy Phone). 11-3tp

Four Young Milk Cows For Sale, any one of them or all. Price from \$50 up. Glen C. Carothers, Hubbard, Oregon. (11-2)

Hop contracts, deeds, mortgages, bills of sale, satisfaction of mortgages and similar legal blanks for sale at the Observer Office.

Sheep shearing done, with machine. Phone Roy White at Fred Keil's Sr. Aurora Mutual Phone, or write Roy White, Aurora, Oregon. (12-2t.)

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Martha S. Giesy, deceased, has filed his final report with the County clerk of Marion County, Oregon, and that the County Court of said County, has set Monday the 10th day of June 1918, at the hour of ten o'clock A. M., of said day, in the County Court House at Salem, Marion County, Oregon, as the time and place for hearing of any and all objections to said final report and the discharge of said administrator.

Dated May 7th, 1918.
DIMICK & DIMICK
Attorneys for Administrator
B. F. GIESY,
Administrator of the estate of Martha S. Giesy, Deceased.

No Official National Song.

There are several American songs of a patriotic character, as "The Star-Spangled Banner," "Hail Columbia," "America" and others, but congress has never adopted one of them as the official national song.

Uncle Eben.

"Talk is cheap," said Uncle Eben, "foh de manufacturer. But it may be expensive foh de man dat gives up valuable time listenin' to it."

Dispenser of Happiness.

If there is happiness in contributing to the happiness of others, the letter carrier ought to be one of the happiest men on earth.—Washington Star.

Cannot Be Done.

"Nobody," said Uncle Eben, "kin talk all de time an' do enough investigatin' to be able to tell de truth."

Optimistic Thought.

Honor is the recompense of those who do right without seeking recompense.



On Sound Basis After the War

Soon after the civil war President Grant put this country on a sound financial basis. On his recommendation congress passed an act "to strengthen public credit," and specie payments were later resumed.

These are prosperous days in this land, and wise people are banking their surplus cash.

Bank your money today and be prepared for any eventuality.

AURORA STATE BANK

DR. UTTER, DENTIST

Room 414 Bank of Commerce Building
Salem, Oregon.

Come to Salem, for your Dental Work—All Classes of Dentistry AT MODERATE PRICES.

CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK
A Specialty. PHONE MAIN 606

Blacksmithing

ALL KINDS OF FORGEWORK, WOODWORK, PLOWSHARE GRINDING.

Horseshoeing a Specialty

A FIRST CLASS JOB GUARANTEED

F. V. EPPERSON

Aurora, Oregon

THE WAR, THE FARM AND THE FARMER

By Herbert Quick
Member Federal Farm Loan Board

The farms of this country could carry the war to a victorious conclusion even if all the rest of the nations should quit. The rest will not quit; but we could win it without them if we had to do it. The farmers of the United States can whip Germany. We can whip them with guns. We can whip them with our products. Every farmer in the United States must remember that the war has a first mortgage on every cent he has. The last spare cent in the pockets of every farmer in America should be devoted to the war.

The Kaiser began foreclosing his mortgage on our farms when he declared ruthless submarine warfare. The war is our answer to his bill of foreclosure. Our contribution is, first, our sons and brothers for the trenches; second, the last pound of food products which we can grow by mobilizing our scanty labor supply, utilizing the men, women and children and the townspeople about us; and third, money for Liberty Bonds.

This is the crucial year of the war. Our soldiers are at the front, hundreds of thousands of them in the trenches, and a million more ready to go. The whole burden of carrying on our own part in the war, and of aiding our sister nations in arms, rests on the United States Treasury.

If the treasury falls or falters or finds itself unable to respond to every call upon it, the war is lost. Do you realize that?

Your son, and all the nation's sons are relying on the United States Treasury to furnish things with which they may fight.

Their lives are lost if the treasury fails. Our country is lost if the treasury fails. Germany wins if the treasury fails. Therefore every cent you can rake and scrape together belongs to the treasury, that our soldiers may come back to us alive and victorious. This is literally true. We can whip the Germans with our money; but not with the money in our pockets or bank accounts. It must go into the United States Treasury in subscriptions to Liberty Bonds.

(This is the last of a series of three articles by Mr. Quick.)

While Gerard was our ambassador in Berlin, the Kaiser said to him one day that he would stand no nonsense from America after the war.

Do you know what that means? It means that the Germans intend to subjugate this country if they come out of this war victorious.

The German Imperial government has preached the superiority of Germany to all the rest of the world until the German nation is drunk with megalomania. One of their great writers expressed the prevailing official view in 1903, when he wrote:

"The Teutonic race is called upon to circle the earth with its rule, to exploit the treasures of nature and of human power, and to make the passive races servient elements in its cultural development. . . . Whoever has the characteristics of the Teutonic race is superior. All the dark peoples are mentally inferior, because they belong to the passive races. The cultural value of a nation is measured by the quantity of Teutonism it contains."

Are you one of the darker races? Are you willing to be rated as one of the "servient elements" in Germany's cultural development?

You began to be one of the "servient elements" when peaceful people were slaughtered as they carried your produce to market. Was it because you belonged to a "passive race?"

This war is for the purpose of saying to that insane claim, with the roar of a hundred thousand cannon—"NO!"

Never since the Turks threatened to overwhelm Europe was the world in such danger as now. Germany must be defeated this year. Unless we win, our place in the world is lost, and our history as one of the "servient elements" begins. We must withhold nothing from the support of the war. We must give our sons. We must bring forth food in abundance. We must give into the treasury of the United States every cent we can spare.

This summer the support of the war is up to the farmers; and Uncle Sam has never called upon the farmers in vain!