## THE SUMPTER MINER.

Wednesday, July 18, 1900

### RICH SURFACE ORE.

# in Cable Cove.

The Gipsey King property, consisting of three claims in the Cable Cove district, likeness of which can be seen nowhere has been bonded to W. H. W. Hamilton, of Sumpter, by the owners, Eugene Bartholf, A. C. Otness, Wm. Rumsey, Geo. H. Dedrick and Ira Isaacs.

Mr. Hamilton started for Montreal Friday, where he expects to interest Canadian capital in these claims. They were located only last month, but in doing the assessment work the owners have uncovered such a showing of ore with the high values characteristic of the Cable Cove district, that they had no trouble in getting a good bond, which it is probable will Question of Whether or Not Values Increase be taken up. Samples of ore shown here last Friday taken from two feet below the surface gave values from \$5.00 to \$40.42. A 100-pound lot of sulphide ore brought In to receive a mill test will be tried at the Sumpter smelter.

The fact that they have two distinct veins, both, of unusual width for the Cable Cove district, and considering the makes the claims very attractive propositions.

#### Exposing the Nome Confidence Game.

The Alaska argonauts have now found out for themselves that the attractions of Cape Nome were grossly exaggerated. All the available claims in the vicinity of Nome City and along Snake and Nome rivers and their tributaries have been taken up for more than fifty miles. The tundra has been everywhere staked. The productive beach is fully occupied. Nothing is left for the great throng that joined the wild rush through the ice covered seas, inviting perils and hardships and daring any calamity in their insane eagerness to reach the gold fields. Now many of them complain that they were cruelly deceived. But the truth was plainly and bluntly told, and they saw and heard and tales because they wanted to believe. They decline to apply the test of common and to examine the credibility of the witnesses. If any one had repeated to them the stale fable that there is a pot of gold at the end of yonder rainbow, they would, but when they were entertained with a new version about the riches of the aurora borealis waiting for all comers, they were unable to resist, and off they rushed .--**Pertland Mining Review.** 

#### Miner From Mexico Here.

near Geiser, accompanied by Frank N. ore bodies cannot extend to great depths. Mitchell, recently from Mexico, where he is superintending large mining interests, far as man's explorations have gone, the came up from Baker City Friday on their metals have been found to occur very irway to the Virginia. Mr. Mitchell is on a regularly. The same ledge is sometimes visit to his father John H. Mitchell, of rich in mineral at a depth of a hundred Baker City, and is also here to inspect the Virginia, from which such rich ore has at a thousand. These alternating condibeen taken, and of which his father is one tions may extend downward indefinitely, of the principal stockholders. Having and probably do. It is, therefore, futile lived in Baker county, and being familiar to argue the matter, for it is one of those with this section in 1881 to 1883, his ideas questions which do not seem to admit of regarding the country hereabouts are interpositive solution. Compared with the esting, particularly as he has had large enormous bulk of the earth's mass the experience in other mining districts and greatest depth man will ever be able to can make the comparison between them reach must be considered as "shallow," and what is to be seen here. Mr. Mitchell and it is idle to speculate upon the comwill probably not return to Mexico for mercial value of what lies below .- Anaseveral weeks. conda Standard.

fifty mile trip from Union over mountains, across streams, up and down gulches, then tone up your imaginative abilities and behold, a thousand or more Most Attractive Proposition teet below, a valley ten miles long and a half a dozen wide, through which several streams run, the banks lined by groves of pines, the land being divided into farms and nearly every one in a high state of cultivation. Imagine a mixture of orchards, gardens, grain and hay fields, the else in this world. Any crop that can be raised in a temperate climate can be producted here in its perfection. Imagine your gradual descent into this paradise and your being greeted by the most hospitable people you ever met. Your imagination being limited, we advise a personal visit, which will repay you a thousand fold .- Tocsin.

### RICHNESS OF ORE BODIES.

# With Depth Unsettled.

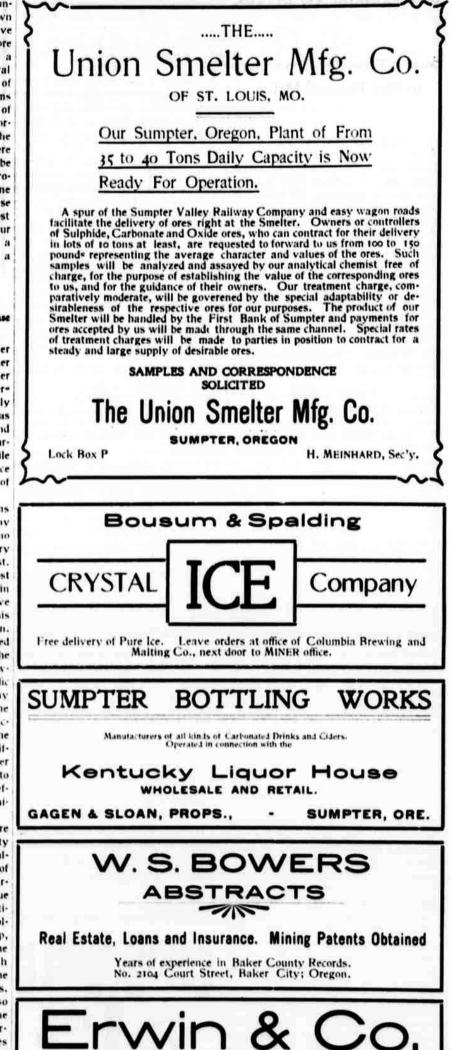
There has been much controversy over the question whether mines grow richer with depth. The dispute probably never will be settled, for the reason that therseems to be no way of settling it finally and definitely. Some mines get richer as depth is attend, others get poorer, and some give out entirely. Many rich surslight work done to encounter such ore, face "finds" have little or no depth, while in other cases rather indifferent surface showing have developed into mines of great value.

As a broad generalization, there seems to be no reason why there should be any material difference. There can be no doubt that the useful metals are very widely diffused through the earth's crust. They exist in small quantities almost everywhere, but they only occur in large masses where the conditions have been favorable for their deposition. This may be near the surface or deeper down.

Where the metals have been deposited from solutions, it would seem that the tendency should be for them to seek lower levels by reason of their specific gravity; but gravity is only one of many things which may determine where the deposition shall take place. The character of the country rock, the form of the refused to heed. They believed fantastic crevasses or fissures, the presence of different kinds of metals or acids, together with conditions of temperature leading to sense and experience to all they heard, chemical combinations, all have their efto weigh the probable and the improbable, fect. Hence, there seems to be no uniformity or regularity about it.

Where the deposit is in a true fissure vein, and it would seem as if uniformity should prevail, it frequently, indeed alof course, have rejected it as ridiculous; most invariably, happens that portions of the vein will be rich and other parts barren or nearly so. This is equally true whether it is taken horizontally or vertically. If the fissures into which the molten masses have been poured are deep, there is no apparent reason why the metals should not extend down with A. M. Sneath, of the Virginia mine, them. It they are shallow, obviously the But within the range of their deposit so feet, poor at twe hundred and rich again

The half way house of C. H. Barnard



#### Pine Valley an Earthly Paradise.

There is no prettier spot in nature than on the Bourne road is a well conducted, Pine valley in June and July. Imagine respectable place where ladies or gentleit you can, our gentle but unfortunate men can stop for ice cold refreshments reader who knows not this garden spot, a and lunches,

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