

Editorial in New York World. No truer description of political conditions in the United States has been written than this, from the London Nation: "The real fight in America today is between the powerful vested interests and the struggling aspirations of a people nourished upon the principles of freedom and progress which they find themselves unable to realize in practice."

This is a people's fight for freedom. That is the meaning of the Chicago convention. That is the meaning of the Baltimore convention.

The strength of Roosevelt in the republican primaries, the strength of Roosevelt's third party movement, springs from the belief of hundreds of thousands of republicans that he is the champion of the people against privilege, that he is fighting their battle against corrupt bosses and against the plutocratic powers that prey.

We believe they are mistaken. We believe their confidence is sadly misplaced; but nevertheless it is their idealism that makes it possible for Roosevelt to tear the republican party asunder.

And at Baltimore Mr. Bryan's victories have all been won through this instinctive belief of the rank and file of the democratic party that whatever his blunders he is honest at heart and is fighting their cause. When he appealed to this sense of freedom he overturned the Wall Street-Tammany coalition that had seized the convention. The unit rule received its death blow. The Bryan resolution paving the way for a built in case the convention nominated a Ryan-Morgan-Belmont candidate was adopted simply because the delegates did not dare vote it down. And when Murphy swung New York's 90 votes to Clary early Saturday morning the stampeede failed because delegates who might have been glad to break the nerve-wearing deadlock refused to follow Tammany Hall.

It is a political situation for which there has been no parallel since 1860. Party lines are falling; party organizations are discredited, and the old political order is in its death throes. The American people are going to have a new dispensation. They have read the death sentence of the partnership between corrupt bosses and corrupt plutocracy, and the will of the people will prevail.

This is a new birth of freedom.

Dun's Weekly Report.

Dun's Review:

"The leading crops are brought closer to maturity under favorable conditions; which were especially beneficial this week, and, as bearing on future economic conditions and costs, the prices of these important staples, particularly of cotton, underwent some considerable revision downward. In most of the other primary markets trading is maintained on fairly active lines. Wool is held at high values and there is some activity, but the market is temporarily held in check by the possibility of tariff legislation. Hides and leather are very strong and in active demand. Lumber business in iron and steel continues on the high plane of the recent activity, shortage of labor and cars being a restraining influence in this industry. Industrial activity in the East is still impeded by the arrears in the cotton mills, but otherwise later conditions are fairly satisfactory. The home crop prospects and the realization of a shortage in production has stimulated trading in grain markets. In western goods trading has for 1915 been very active and business is fairly active."

Foreign manufacturers have made additional business, but the highest prices asked have checked trading; the relative weak, however, appears to be making satisfactory progress. In the central states industrial activity is the market feature and an enlarged favorable help in the distribution of merchandise is noted. The West is feeling the influence of crop reports and the movement of wheat now exceeds the heavy movement of 1914-1915. Naturally, trade in the South is still making them awaiting final determination as to action, but there is a fair movement for this season. Statistics of new building permits still show a considerable increase, the gain at fifty-four leading cities being 13.5 per cent, omitting Greater New York the gain is 18.1 per cent. The movement of lumber at producing

points continues heavy. Bank clearings are 2.8 per cent over a year ago and 29.5 per cent larger than in 1910. Cities outside of New York report a considerable gain over last year, inactivity in the speculative markets causing a small loss at the latter point. Transportation lines are busy, gross earnings of all railroads reporting for July exceeding those of a year ago by 6.1 per cent. Foreign trade is fully maintained, exports and imports for the latest week at New York aggregating \$32,945,000, an increase of slightly more than \$1,000,000 over both preceding years. The gain is largely in exports.

Unlucky Taft.

William Randolph Hearst has indicated his intention of supporting Taft.

Unlucky Taft. Always lucky prior to his elevation to the highest office in the land, his luck changed on the date of his inauguration and has never returned.

He was first damned by the close personal friendship existing between himself and Senator Aldrich and later because of the bitter personal enmity existing between himself and Colonel Roosevelt. If he signed a bill, it invariably became unpopular; if he vetoed one it was looked upon from that day forth as a measure demanded by the great common people and the only possible means available for the relief of the consumers against the blood-sucking trusts and corporations.

He never opened his mouth that he was not overwhelmed with public censure, and never kept his tongue without being cald a moral coward. If he discharged a public servant the people criticized him; if he retained him he was charged with being in league with the trusts. If he made a recommendation to congress it was inspired by Wall Street; if he failed to make a recommendation it was due to lack of courage. If he tried to be serious the public sniggered, and if he tried to be funny the public failed to appreciate his humor. In fact it has been just one thing after another since the 4th day of March 1909 until Teddy issued his "Confession of Faith" in the city of Chicago.

Now William R. Hearst would add insult to injury by tendering his support. It isn't fair; it is taking an undue advantage of a candidate for a great office. Mr. Hearst has shown himself entirely lacking in the finer sensibilities of a gentleman, for no gentleman would take advantage of a man who is unable to defend himself.

That Colonel Roosevelt invited the late E. H. Harriman to Washington to consult with him in regard to the political situation that the invitation was accepted and that later Mr. Harriman signed the sum of \$240,000.00 for the Roosevelt campaign, was the sworn testimony of Hon. E. B. Odell, former governor of the state of New York, who testified this week before the senate investigating committee.

Mr. Roosevelt, who only a few years ago was thus leading star-club sessions with a great railroad magnate for the purpose of raising a slush fund to further his own personal ambition, is now the candidate of the National Progressive party.

Warranty Deeds.

Wm. B. Rowers and wife by Percy L. Williams, Aug. 14, 1912. Lots 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

William G. Cross et al by E. A. Hale and wife, Aug. 12, 1912. Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

Alma M. Morgan in George A. Morgan, Aug. 3, 1912. Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

Francis C. McKee and husband by Oregon Electric Railway Co, Aug. 1, 1912. Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

M. Baker and wife to H. E. Thompson and F. W. Sisson, Aug. 10, 1912. Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

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HUNTING PARTY RETURNS FROM SOUTHERN OREGON

Attorney Guy Levensing of this city has returned from a ten days hunting trip in the hills of the mountains along the Rogue River in Southern Oregon and while the hunt was not as good as was expected, he reports a very enjoyable trip, nevertheless.

He was accompanied on the trip by Sam Burkhardt, a former Albany young man, now a member of the police force of Salem; and E. W. James, W. D. Miles and William Stutsman, also of the Capital City. The party left the main line of the Southern Pacific at West Fork and went back in the hills west of that place for several weeks where they picked camp. Mr. Levensing attributes the shortage of game to the unusually dry weather which prevailed in Southern Oregon for the past few weeks and says that he was informed that no large killings have been made in that vicinity so far this year.

He reports that Dr. Levensing of this city and party arrived at West Fork a few days after they arrived, but that they were going to hunt in the regions east of that place. "If the present rains continue," said Mr. Levensing this morning, "the Levensing party will undoubtedly be successful in securing several deer."

That his wife, Helen Beante Ankeny, struck him with a stick at their residence in Polk county last May and that she has an ungovernable temper which causes her at various times to strike him with bricks, furniture, or other instruments of torture which happen to be available, are some of the allegations made in the complaint filed at the county clerk's office yesterday afternoon by R. M. Ankeny.

Ankeny also alleges that his wife used mean and unbecoming language toward him and that while angry would speak ill of his parents who reside in the state of Washington, and has unjustly and improperly said that they were dishonest.

Ankeny alleges in his complaint that his wife refuses to live with him at their home near Richland in Polk county which causes him great indignation. He says that he has always treated her in a manner becoming a just and loving husband. In his complaint Ankeny also consents to the court entering a decree giving the care of his two children, Helen, aged 3, and Lewis, aged 2, into the care of their mother, stating that owing to their tender ages, it is necessary that they have maternal care.

The couple were married at Walla Walla, Washington, in January, 1908, and have been residents of Oregon since October of that year.

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R. M. ANKENY WANTS TO BE DIVORCED

Alleges That His Wife Struck Him Last May With Stick of Wood Without Cause.

SAYS SHE REFUSED TO LIVE AT HIS POLK COUNTY HOME

Is Willing That Court Give the Custody of Son and Daughter To the Mother.

That his wife, Helen Beante Ankeny, struck him with a stick at their residence in Polk county last May and that she has an ungovernable temper which causes her at various times to strike him with bricks, furniture, or other instruments of torture which happen to be available, are some of the allegations made in the complaint filed at the county clerk's office yesterday afternoon by R. M. Ankeny.

Ankeny also alleges that his wife used mean and unbecoming language toward him and that while angry would speak ill of his parents who reside in the state of Washington, and has unjustly and improperly said that they were dishonest.

Ankeny alleges in his complaint that his wife refuses to live with him at their home near Richland in Polk county which causes him great indignation. He says that he has always treated her in a manner becoming a just and loving husband. In his complaint Ankeny also consents to the court entering a decree giving the care of his two children, Helen, aged 3, and Lewis, aged 2, into the care of their mother, stating that owing to their tender ages, it is necessary that they have maternal care.

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