Hamilton's FIRE SALE

Began Today at 9:00 A. M.

with Record-breaking Crowds

Merchandise will be sold for cash only during the FIRE SALE!

BELGIAN SECRET BAND DO MANY DARING FEATS

Are Chosen From Men Who Know No Fear of Death.

(By William Philip Sims, United Press Staff Correspondent.)

-(By mail).-The romances of the hundred and fifty is called upon-and swashbucklers are daily outdone here it never fails. among the floods of Flanders where be called its own.

picked men who snap their fingers in met death; in other words, the band the face of death and who, when the has been wiped out more than twice.

vorst comes to worst, meet their quad: "Shoot and be hanged. It abouts. little I care."

The public knows little or nothing of "The Hundred and Fifty," but there isn't a Belgian trooper who doesn't know of the band and speak of in his voice. When an enterprise is on foot requiring supreme daring, un-faltering, a do it or die determination With the Belgian army, February 8, of an almost superhuman sort, the

the army of King Albert stands with man or men, and if these do not deits back to the wall, fighting to hold liver the goods, another man, or more the little strip of Belgian soil still to men, come forward until the thing required is accomplished. Impossible For instance, there is the secret as it may seem, of the one hundred band of "The Hundred and Fifty," and fifty men in the organization It is composed of volunteer soldiers, some three hundred and fifty have

The lay of the land, so to speak doom with a jaunty smile on their lips, brought the daredevil group into bea smile tinged just a little with scorn ing, a necessary result of the strangely and which says to the grim firing peculiar fighting now going on here

Imagine an almost treeless stretch of marshes extending for many, many miles in all directions, a river whose bed is higher than the surrounding country, cutting through the middle it with something of awe and mystery Checkerboarding this, imagine long. straight highways, built up, but barely emerging from the seawater which has inundated the whole landscape save a few islands, which dot the waste of water here and there. In short, imagine the dreariest, wettest The band furnishes the necessary spot on earth and you will have the scene of the battle of the Yser as it is now between Belgiana and the Ger-

> The two fronts pass along the course of the Yser in a general way, the battalions occupying the roads and islands.

The only means of advance in the ordinary way is along the roads, practically an impossibility, since one mafrom knee to neck deep in the ice-cold sea water or cross on rafts or scows, an equally impossible feat during daylight hours.

Stealth must be the keynote of evto prepare these surprises, or, as frecome impossible on account of the The Dalles, Oregon, the afternoo water, to make the dash themselves Here is an illustration

It was learned that the Germans had established themselves on one of the many islands jutting out of the in undation and were using it for various effective operations. An observer posted in the massive tower of a mediacvial church there was giving mos deadly instructions by telephone to guns situated so far back that the much lighter Belgian guns were ineffective against them. Something had to be done to put this outpost out of

That night twenty men went out to capture the island, it being believed that it was occupied by only eight or ten men. None of the twenty came

The second night one of the

hundred and fifty left the Belgian lines alone, swimming. When he returned shortly before daylight he asonished everybody by reporting the tiny island held by two lone sentries. A large island, however, some two hundred yards further back held some two hundred and fifty men, and be tween this island and the tower rai a causeway made of brush tied in bundles. The sentires threw up illuminat ing bomt's at intervals, and upon discovering the approach of the enemy gave the alarm, whereupon reinforce ments ran over the causeway, took position upon a tiny fort built around the tower and by the aid of machine guns stood their ground.

The following night fifty men started for the island in scows which swimmers and waders pulled affently through the flood. They halted just outside the range of the illuminating bombs and the scout of the night be fore went forward alone. Two bombs n succession would be the signal for the party to land quickly. Fifteen ninutes of absolute silence followed, then two bals of fire rose and floated the block night. The fifty men hot forward. They landed without opposition. The body of a dead Gertan lay on the grond. It was sentry His helmet was missing as ras his coat. On the breastworks about the tower a few feet away, stood what appeared to be a German eckoning to the Belgians. This was heir own man, wearing the coat and helmet of the German sentinel. Inside the trench beside the muchine gun lay sentry number two. The Belian had slain both without a sound with his thick sword. The first by surprise, the second by impersonating

While destroying the brush cause way, the Germans on the little island nearby found out what was going on and attacked. They were repulsed nd the two Belgians of the night before were more than avenged. Today the Belgians occupy the island and its ower, though daily battered by Gernan artillery, serves as an observation post. In their turn, besides keeping a permanent defense force on the sland, the Belgians have connected it o their first line of trenches.

The men of the one hundred and fifty are anonymous. It is said that many of them are nobles. The man who, singlehanded, captured the tower without making a sound, so the correspondent was told, was a Brussels lawyer of nationwide reputation, who, when he volunteered for the service, presented himself in a frock oat and a silk hat.

CELILO CANAL WILL BE OPENED IN MAY

Portland, March 4,-(Special)-A series of celebrations in honor of the formal opening of The Dalles-Celilo canal of the Columbia river. Oregon, is planned for the entire week of May 3-8, 1915, in which local committees in every important river city of the Columbia basin are cooperating with a general committee of the Portland Chamber of Commerce.

mark the opening ofshrdhetaocmfwy These celebrations will fittingly mark the opening to free navigation of the great Columbia river and its principal tributary, the Snake, from Lewiston, Idaho, to the Pacific ocean, a distance of five hundred miles.

Farmers, business men, transportation men, chambers of commerce commercial clubs good roads enthustasts, irrigationists, governors, congressmen, engineers and high government officials of the United States chine gun can hold off a regiment. and Canada will rejoice in practically To take the islands, troops must wade every river town from the Canadian boundary and Lewiston, Idaho, to Astoria, Oregon, at the mouth of the Columbia.

The official ceremonies of dedication are to be staged in the canal baery advance along this part of the sing at Big Eddy. Oregon, Wednes-line and black nights are the only day, May 5th, at 2 p. m., in which screens available for troops here. It prominent people from all over the is the work of the hundred and fifty Pacific Northwest and the entire nation will participate. Following the quently happens, since attacks by official ceremonies a celebration with large numbers of infantry have be- distinctive features will fake place at and evening of May 5th.

DANCE NOTICE—The regular Moose dance this week will be held Thursday-night instead of Friday night, After this week it will be held Friday nights. m1-4

. Special Dinner Served Every Sunday for 50c. at ST. FRANCIS-HOTEL Duncheon 11:30 to 2; dinner

Fortmiller Bros. **Funeral Directors** Masonic Building, Albany, Or.

Both phones.

Lady Assistant

CONGRESS ENDS SESSION

(Cortinued from Page 1). Ratifications of 21 peace treaties. Another spectacular innovation inaugurated by President Wilson was

his custom of delivering messages in person to congress. With the echo of the adjournment gavels today many big figures in public life retired. Nine senators and 801,370 compared with \$304,066,603 in

congress today. The senatotrs retired today were Senators Roos, Bris-Crawford, Thornton, Camden, and White.

Among the prominent members who left the house today were Demo ratic Leader Underwood and Representative Bronssard who go to the Progressive Leader Victor senate: Murdock, and Representatives Bulkley, Neeley of Kansas, A. Mitchell Palmer, Burke of Penn., Burke of S. D., Stevens of Minn., Metz, Henry George Jr., Ainey, Bowdle, Goldfogle, Knowland of Cal., Beall of Tex., Bartlett of Ga., Bartholdt, Hobon and Stanley.

The senate had today 56 Democratc. 42 Republicana and one progressive member. The Sixty-fourth congress will see 56 Democratic, one Progressive and 39 Republican ser tors seated.

The House today had 286 Demi erats, 124 Republicans, 17 Progressives, one Independent. The next House will have 231 Democrats, 194 Republicans, 7 Progressives, one Socialist and one Independent.

Some notables have "come back" nd will be in the next House, including "Uncle Joe" Cannon, William B. McKinley, of III., Ebenezer J. Hill of Conn., Nicholas Longworth of Ohio, and "Cy" Sulloway of New Hampshire.

In addition to the "big" legislation enacted by the coungress adjourning sine die today were many important legislative features. Woman suffrage and national prohibition amendment were defeated in the House. The immigration bill, passed by both houses, was vetoed and killed by President Wilson.

"Lobby" Investigations by both the senate and the House were instituted. Cotton futures and cotton warehouses bills became law, but cotton currency legislation was defeated. The agricultural extension education bill was passed. The parcel post was inaugurated. A bill to regulate issuance of railway securities by the House but pigeonholed in the senate. Rivers and harbors appropriation bills were pruned by means of a filibuster. Radium, water power, the Alaska coal, and mineral and oil were conservation measures passed by the House. The Philippine independent bill and La Follette seamen's labor and sea safety measures were also be fore congress.

material preparedness for war was al-jof January, 1913. so a big issue during the closing session of the dying congress.

January Foreign Trade.

Figures made public by the Department of Commerce show that January, 1915, imports totaled \$122,265,276 igninat \$154,724,923 in January, 1914 and \$163,063,438 in January, 1913, Jantary, 1915, exports aggregated \$267, nearly 150 representatives left the January of last year and \$227,032,930 in January, 1913.

Comparing the month's trade with tow, Burton, Stephenson, Perkins, the low points touched is August last imports have decreased \$7,502,623, o 5.8 per cent, while exports have in creased \$157,433,876, or 142.6 per cent

The excess of exports over import for the month was \$154,536,103, or practically three times that of January last year, and more than double that

In the six months since Angust last the monthly trade balance has shifted from an excess of \$19,400,396 on the import side to an excess of \$145,536. 103 on the export side, exceeding that shown by any previous month in the ountry's history.

Of the January imports 62.67 per ent, entered free of duty against 61 per cent in January, 1914, and 55.5

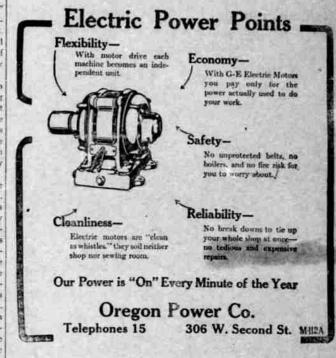
per cent in January, 1913, Imports of gold in January fast toaled \$6,210,360 in January, 1913, Gold exports in January were 1691,509, against \$6,914,056 in January, 1914, and \$17,237,648 in January two years ago.-Dunn's Review, Feb. 27

Notice Elks.

There will be election of officers
Thursday evening. Everyhody expected to be there. By order of Exalted ruler.

W. H. WARNER.







Lyric Soprano MARY SCHULTZ Violinist MISS SAUTER **Pianist** CONCERT

MARGUERITE FLOWER



First Baptist Church Wednesday, March Tenth

25c