

The dispatches very kindly tell us how Wanamaker, the new postmaster-general, conducts his class in Sabbath school. Now if they would with the same degree of kindness tell us just how he conducted his scheme last fall of raising \$400,000 to corrupt the voters of New York and Indiana in order to elect Harrison the public would feel highly elated, notwithstanding a full disclosure of the facts might show up the new postmaster in such a light as would make people think him a very unsuitable person to conduct a Sabbath school.

It is stated that South Australia was the first to inaugurate the reform measure in voting that has secured such wide favor. It has since, as reported, taken a new departure in tax matters and adopted something like the Henry George single tax law. In the towns the taxes for water works and all the municipal features are levied on land values alone. In the country districts all improvements upon land are exempted from general taxation. As in most of the Western states and territories in this country, large tracts of land there are held, unimproved, by rich speculators; and they probably find the law very oppressive and unjust. No reason is apparent why the test there should not be thorough and comprehensive.

Beginning on the first Monday in December, 1887, the Fiftieth Congress continued uninterruptedly in session until October 20, 1888, when it adjourned to meet for the second session in December and continue until March 4, 1889, as required by law. During the two sessions there have been introduced in the House 12,659 bills, or 1,400 more than in the preceding Congress, and 268 joint resolutions, or 5 more than in the Forty-ninth Congress. Committee reports have been made to the number of 4,154. In the Senate 3,998 bills and 144 joint resolutions have been introduced, against 3,357 bills and 118 resolutions during the Forty-ninth Congress, which broke all previous records in this respect.

The Benton Leader says it does not defend the extravagance of the late legislature. Here is what the Leader said: "The total appropriations of the session were a little over \$900,000. This may seem pretty large, and a good deal of fuss has been made over the alleged 'extravagance' of the legislature that adjourned recently; but the total appropriations do not reach so large a sum as the session of 1885, and the general appropriation bill of this session is only \$38,000 larger than that of 1887." Now let people judge for themselves whether the Leader defends the extravagance of the legislature. If the Leader did not desire to break the force of public disapproval of the late legislature why does it go so far as to say that the appropriations do not reach so large a sum as the session of 1885, when in fact the appropriations this year are near \$100,000 more than they were in 1885.

LIGHT BREAKING.

The farmers of Pennsylvania are making very loud and emphatic complaints about the miserable condition into which agriculture in that state has drifted. They declare that their lands are constantly depreciating in value, that farm products are sold at a price less than the cost of production, that the prices of what they have to buy keeps up at former rates while all they have to sell is going down, that the number of farms sold under the hammer under foreclosure of mortgage or for taxes is increasing alarmingly. And all this occurs right in Pennsylvania where manufacturing is carried on more extensively than in any other state of the union, and where protection is said to furnish the farmer with a market for all he produces. Here is an eye-opener for the Oregon farmer. The farmers of Pennsylvania have submitted to the onerous and unjust exactions of our tariff laws under the most solemn assurances from the friends of "protection," that it would be the means of affording them a market for all they could produce. Now, after twenty years of trust in the blessings that were to be showered upon them as a result of the "protective system" they find it all the merest chimera, a delusion and a snare. Many of these farmers are so blinded, however, by the promised blessings of "protection" that they now propose to apply it to the competition which they have to meet in the productions of the farmers of the Northwest. Hence they demand such legislation as will compel railroads to make rates more favorable to them, or rather more unfavorable to the farmers of the Northwest, in order that they may have complete control of the produce market of that state. But what will the farmers of the Northwest think of this? Have they not borne the burden of heavy tariff taxation in order that they might have "home market" in Pennsylvania? Will they not at once conclude that if this market is to be taken from them by the "protectionists" of Pennsylvania, that then there will be no longer any reason why they should submit to heavy tariff taxation without even a promise of any of its blessings in return? But the farmers of Pennsylvania, as of many other states, are deluded and deceived by this siren song of "protection," and they will never find an antidote for the ills which beset them until they shall have broken the cords of enchantment which this "protection" chimera has wound around them.

Pain in this world is an undoubted reality. It visits all, and, though it bears greater anguish to some than to others, all feel its torturing touch. Pain meets man as he enters the world, follows him through life, and leaves him not until his heart grows still in death. It attends us as a dark angel wherever we go, through all seasons of the year, and through every period of our life.

LOST.—On First Street to-day, a pocket book, containing \$1.13. Return to J. A. Doughton.

FOUND.—A pocket book containing valuable papers. Inquire of W. L. Jester, at Southern Pacific depot.

WANTED.—200 cords of maple timber, to be used for manufacturing chairs. For particulars inquire of O. A. Archibald, at office of the Farmers' Warehouse, Albany, Oregon.

WANTED.—Three girls for general housework. Extra wages. Inquire of Chas. Metzger & Co.

SOLD OUT.

Having sold my interest in the store of general merchandise of the firm of Coshow & Cable to C. E. Stanard, I wish to call the attention of all who know themselves indebted to Coshow & Cable to call and settle at once. Having sold out on account of poor health I expect to change climates for awhile, and all accounts not settled before I get ready to leave Brownsville will be left with an officer for collection. A word to the wise is sufficient. O. P. COSHOW.

Notice for Publication.

United States Land Office, Oregon City, Or., March 11, 1889. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3rd, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," William W. Richardson, of Seilo, county of Linn, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 447, for the purchase of the S E 1/4 of S E 1/4 of Section No. 22, in Township No. 10 south, range No. 1 west, and will offer proof, show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Friday, the 7th day of June, 1889. He names as witnesses: A M Lucas, W C Miller, H Miller and J W Compton, all of Seilo, Linn county, Oregon. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 7th day of June, 1889. W. T. BURNEY, Register.



A KNOCK DOWN ARGUMENT.

That is the kind of argument we are using. We propose to make the lowest prices made in this town and we will discount the best figures that any other merchant can or will make.

This Knocks Down Competition

and gives us an undisputed precedence in our field of business. We want to convince every one that they can be best served in our store and we propose to

POUND IT INTO PEOPLE

by our low prices until the fact is universally recognized that for high grade goods and the lowest living prices no one can touch.

Brownell & Stanard,

Cor. Broadalbin and 1st St., Albany, Or.

THE PLACE.

By all means call on

Parke Brothers,

Successors to John Fox, for you!

Groceries,

Produce, Baked Goods, Etc. Etc.

Their goods are the best and their prices reasonable.

5

SPECIALTIES.

CLOTHING

Fashionable and Stylish Suits, Business Suits, Light weight Summer Suits. Boys, youth's and children's suits.

Furnishing Goods.

Fine line of light weight underwear—balbriggan and woolen; nosiery, shirts, neckwear, fine wire suspenders, guaranteed for two years, in all the latest novelties.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

A large line in this department of the best in the market.

HATS.

Staple and Fashionable Lines, among others a fine stock of the John B. Stetson hats.

Tailoring

Merchant tailoring under expert tailor. Suits made to order under short notice at remarkable low figures. More goods turned out than ever before.

L. E. BLAIN.

5



I have wandered the town over and bought of all those places where they claim to sell drugs cheap, and now buy hem

GUISS & SON'S.

FURNITURE.

You want the best and most durable furniture that is manufactured in the city go to

Thomas Brink.

Keeps almost everything in the furniture line that is not in a first-class store

SPRINGFIELD SAW MILL.

A Wheeler, Springfield, Oregon, Proprietor.

A. WHEELER, ALBANY MANAGER.

Albany Yard and Office on Railroad St., between 4th and 5th Street.

Having lumber not excelled in quality, and facilities not surpassed for the prompt satisfactory filling of orders. We respectfully solicit a share of the trade.

NEW GOODS

NEW SMYRNA RUGS AND PORTIERRES. TABLE COVERS. LINEN TABLE SETS, NAPKINS TO MATCH, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF FLINENAND SILK HANDKERCHIEFS. FINE LACE HANDKERCHIEFS. TRUNKS AND VALISES. SILK DRESS PATTERNS. COLORED AND SILK WARP HENRIETTAS. SILK UMBRELLAS,

Boot and Shoe Department.

LADIES AND GENTS FANCY SLIPPERS. GENTS FINE SHOES. MISSES AND CHILDRENS FINE SHOES AND SLIPPERS, FELT SLIPPERS OF ALL KINDS.

CROCKERY DEPARTMENT

CHOICE NOVELTIES IN DECORATED CHINA-TEA SETS. FRUIT PLATES AND SAUCERS. DECORATED BEDROOM SETS LAMPS. SALAD BOWLS. FANCY PITCHERS. FANCY CUSPADORES. CAKE DISHES. AND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF NOVELTIES IN CHINA

Samuel E. Young. Albany, Oregon

RE MOVED



GEORGE W. SMITH,

SUCCESSOR TO W H. MC.FARLAND

Has moved to the Sanders & Sternberg corner opposite S. E. Young's, where he has the largest and finest stock of

Stoves and Tinware

In the County

JOB WORK PROMPTLY DONE

NOTICE TO DEBTORS.—All persons knowing themselves indebted to the late firm of R. Glass & Son are requested to call and settle at once with R. Glass, at Crawfordville, either by cash or note. All accounts on our ledger must be closed right away. January 20th, 1889. R. GLASS & SON.

Palace Meat Market. J. V. PIPE, PROPRIETOR. FIRST ST. - - - ALBANY, Will keep constantly on hand mutton, pork, veal, sausage, etc., the meats and largest variety in the city. Cash paid for all kinds of fat stock.