

From our regular correspondent.
WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14th, 1888.

Evidently President Cleveland has no hard feelings towards Mr. Calvin S. Brice, who was the democratic manager in the recent disastrous campaign, whatever some people may say. Mr. and Mrs. Brice have been guests at the White House for several days, and at Mrs. Cleveland's brilliant reception Saturday afternoon, her first public reception of the season, Mrs. Brice assisted.

In order to stop Representative Weaver from filibustering, Speaker Carlisle has agreed to recognize him to-day for the purpose of making a motion to suspend the rules and pass the Oklahoma bill. The motion it is expected will be met by filibustering on the part of the opponents of the bill. Mr. Carlisle's action in making a bargain with Mr. Weaver has been hardly criticised, but what else could be done? Mr. Weaver had shown what he could do by blocking the House for four entire days, and expressed his willingness to keep it up indefinitely. There was only one other way of stopping him; that was to refuse to recognize him when he made a motion, and that was a precedent which Mr. Carlisle considered entirely too dangerous to make now of all other times.

The National Wool Growers Association which was in session here last week, don't want the earth, although it must be confessed that they seemed to be willing to accept a large part thereof. Not satisfied with the protection given them by the Senate tariff bill, which is much greater than they need, they prepared a wool schedule of their own, and appointed a committee to present it to the Senate finance committee, with the modest request that it be incorporated in the tariff bill in place of the present schedule. They will be left. The Senate will consider the wool schedule this week, but it won't be the one fixed up by the wool growers. The election is now over.

I understand that Representative Anderson, of Kansas, proposes to lead the filibustering against the Oklahoma bill.

Senator Morgan is still after Canada with a sharp stick. He proposes to offer the following amendment to the Senate tariff bill this week: "All laws and parts of laws which exempt from the payment of duties any articles of commerce upon which duties are imposed in this act, when in transit through the United States to, or from the Dominion of Canada, are hereby declared to be inoperative." There is little probability that the republicans will support this amendment, as it would practically be a portion of the legislation asked for in Mr. Cleveland's celebrated retaliation message.

Senator Plumb struck the New England brethren in a sore spot when he stated, in a short but vigorous speech on the duty on fresh fish packed in ice, that New England was for either protection or free trade just as one or the other favored her own interests. The Senator certainly had a good right to complain of the fresh fish schedule as it was; it admitted fresh fish in their ordinary condition free, giving New England the benefit of low prices; a duty was placed on fresh fish packed for long distance transportation, thus making the people of the interior pay large prices for them. The result of Mr. Plumb's remarks was the adoption of an amendment making the duty on fresh fish of all kinds one half cent per pound.

Secretary Whitney keenly feels the want of enough war ships to look out for American interests just now. They are badly needed in Hayti, Samoa, and Central America.

There is a general feeling that the rules governing the House of Representatives are entirely too complicated. Some rules are of course necessary to protect the rights of the minority, but there is no necessity or reason for having rules which enable one man to block all legislation whenever he may feel disposed for an indefinite period, as Weaver did for four days last week. Such things as this will give the republicans an excuse, when they control the House, for so changing the rules as to deprive the minority of all the rights to which they are entitled.

The sudden spasm of enthusiasm on the part of Representative Weaver in favor of the Oklahoma bill, is thought to arise from his desire to be elected delegate to represent that territory in the House. Weaver is a chronic pirant for office, and having been left out in the cold by his Iowa constituents, he probably wants to catch on somewhere else.

Ex-Senator Mahone sent a delegation of Virginia republicans to Indianapolis last week, to urge his claims upon Harrison for a seat in the cabinet. He is a schemer from way back, but the impression here is that Harrison knows him too well to take him into the cabinet.

If coal should not go upon the free list there is no logic for exempting anything from taxation. It is a necessary of life, an essential to manufactures, to transportation and to commerce. To tax the fuel of the people in the interest of a few mine-owners and railway companies when the Government has \$100,000,000 of surplus revenue is an abuse of the taxing power. We are glad that eleven Democrats in the Senate had the courage to stand up for untaxed coal.

There were 7,572 suicides in France last year, of which 2,168 are attributed to mental afflictions of different kinds, 1,228 to physical suffering, 975 to domestic troubles, 800 to drunkenness 483 to poverty, 305 to pecuniary difficulties, 202 to the desire to avoid imprisonment, 100 to the loss of employment, 89 to the fear of exposure, 56 to the loss of relatives, 25 to the dread of military service and 227 to jealousy and crossing in love.

The most important fact brought out by the debate over the Senate Tariff bill is that the Republican party is irredeemably pledged to the policy of high taxation. In view of the uncompromising attitude of Republican Senators on the tariff question the impression that extreme protection views would be abandoned after the election is rapidly vanishing. The manufacturers propose to do some "fat-frying" now.

The New York World says more than a thousand manufacturers and over five hundred labor organizations in that State attribute the advance and maintenance of wages during the last five years "wholly to the organization of labor." These men know. They deal with a condition, not a theory; with facts, not guesses.

Over 500,000 2 cent postage stamps are sold daily in the New York postoffice, while the amount of all stamps sold each day is over \$20,000.

GOLDEN RULE BAZAAR.

Cash Goes a Long Ways at Julius Gradwohl's

I have made arrangements for buying goods direct from the factories in Europe, and will sell at wholesale or retail, cheaper than any where else on the Pacific Coast. The following are some of my cash retail prices:

1/2 dozen unhandled tea cups and saucers, 35 cts.
1/2 dozen unhandled coffee cups and saucers, 45 cts.
1/2 dozen handled coffee cups and saucers, 50 cts.
1/2 dozen seven inch dinner plates, 45 cts.

These goods are all iron stone China and not a cheaper grade of goods. I have also added a good stock of groceries, which I ask people to call and examine and judge for themselves as to quality and prices.

JULIUS GRADWOHL.

PURE MILK.—Mr. Henry Stewart has established a milk route in this city and asks for the patronage of our citizens. Tickets for sale at Brownell & Standard's.

H. Ewert, practical watchmaker and jeweler.

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ALL GRADES WOOLEN OVERSHIRTS

Big Stock Cardigan Jackets,

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ALL WEIGHTS LEATHER BOOTS AND SHOES.

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Last but not least a large stock of CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS

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Golden Rule Bazaar.

His stock has been enlarged so that it equals any on the Coast, and consists of

Roger Bros. Silverware, French China and Crystalware, Boys' Wagons, Doll Carriages, Fancy Goods, and a general assortment of Crockery and Toys.

He buys direct and carries the largest stock in the Willamette Valley, to which has been added a complete line of

FAMILY GROCERIES.

Is Agent for insurance companies with a capital aggregating \$75,000,000.

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