

THE EFFECT OF THE BAR.

The Oregonian, in response to a short editorial in the Democrat stating that a bar is not necessary to the success of a hotel, and that many in dry towns are prospering and giving splendid service, takes occasion in a column article to state its position on the question of prohibition, hardly necessary, for its position on all such questions is known to be with the element behind the saloon power and infidelity. It now states that in big cities the bar is a necessity and the proper thing for the hotel, and that in villages even the hotel men want the bar, though one can be run without it. As a matter of fact there is no difference between the village like Albany, Eugene and Corvallis, and the big city like Portland, regardless of the Oregonian's statement that there is. If prohibition prevailed in Portland the hotels would prosper just the same. It is possible that some of the places that are more saloon than hotel would have hard picking; but the first-class establishments would make money. This has been demonstrated in many places. The hotel bar is little different from the saloon bar and makes drunkards just the same, among a different class of people, it may be, but nevertheless it is a misery and trouble breeder.

Such childish arguments are used as, "a prohibition state is a small wrangling community," which instead suggests what the place is that is dominated by the whiskey business, more wrangle than peace.

The Democrat doubts if prohibition will succeed next year, on account of the large vote Portland will poll against it; but should it prevail it will be a good thing for the state, as it always is for a state or community that makes the traffic an outlaw, both from a business and a moral standpoint. The kind of prohibition needed, though, is constitutional, something stable and not subject to the whims of changing legislatures. It needs more than that, too, national laws preventing the shipment from wet into dry states; but that does much notwithstanding contrary statements by papers like the Oregonian.

JABS.

—By Jones—

Mr. Taft likes to enjoy nature's beauties. No brass band or cavalry escort to mar the pleasure of the woods party.

Mr. Bryan has let it be understood that he wishes to have a woman represent Colorado in Congress, and furthermore, his own daughter is to be that woman. It remains to be seen whether the distinguished prestige of Mr. Bryan will sufficiently impress the democratic convention to secure the nomination for a member of his family.

Fusion in New York politics seems to mean principally confusion.

"Anyhow, the tariff can't be blamed for the kind of hats women insist on wearing," says a republican contemporary. Maybe not, but the tariff has already more sins than it can atone for.

An Atlantic City man is killed while trying to save a dog. We refer the warning to Judge Gaynor.

That chain of hospitals twenty miles apart which Mrs. Belmont plans for Long Island will be handy for automobilists and their victims.

New York warned visitors to the city not to mistake the Chambers Street and Belt Line horse cars for relics of Fulton's time and carry them off as souvenirs.

Perhaps Cook's guide on Mount McKinley is preparing for the lecture platform.

The proposed increase of freight rates is another sign that prosperity has landed.

It must have afforded Mr. Taft a great deal of satisfaction to get into a forest of trees larger in diameter than himself.

It is as difficult for Jeffries and Johnson to get into fighting trim as it was for the G. O. P. to revise the tariff downward.

Willie Hoist is the only logical candidate of the Independence League, as the League understands logic with the \$ sign blown into it.

Eighty-six killed and 1,700 injured is the automobile record in Chicago this year. Chicago can never expect to reach 2,000,000 in population at that rate.

If Roosevelt would just kill one particular elephant! But he would not dare with Taft leading it.

The question which Mr. Taft stubbornly refuses to face is whether some interests have not been too much favored by the tariff.

Manila pidge say that Manila is to have one of the finest hotels in the Orient. A thoroughly American hotel in Manila, with ladrones for bellboys and palanzans for waiters should be a first-rate business.

It is denied that Booker Washington is going to Africa to hunt with

the Strenuous One.

It will be a long time before the government brings another suit for libel against an honest newspaper for it will be a long time before the people put that kind of a man in the White House again.

A Virginia woman sued her husband for divorce on the ground that he pestered her too much with kisses. An Indiana woman ran away from her husband because he wouldn't kiss her. You can never tell about these women.

Free school books are being demanded in many states by organized labor. The exactions of the school-book trust are a fright on a workingman with a large family. Utah furnishes books to pupils absolutely free at a cost of less than fifty cents a head. Oregon could do the same.

The people of Linn county are going to see more intensive farming and less intensive tax dodging in the future. We have men among us who have reduced tax dodging to a finer art than the agricultural department has dry farming.

What has the man done for Albany who has blocked its progress with some unbroken tract that it needed in order to expand? What do we need to help him out for?

Congressman Hawley is mending fences. He has a big hole to patch up in explaining why he stands in with the trusts and Speaker Cannon.

OREGON

To Get its Share of Irrigation Fund.

Portland, Nov. 2.—Extensive irrigation works are likely to follow the railroads now being built into Central Oregon. Promised transportation for that section of the state has changed the irrigation policy of Secretary Bullinger and he will take up various undeveloped projects in Oregon with the reclamation service in the near future.

Boys and girls of Portland and vicinity have entered heart and soul into a poultry raising movement fostered by the local Y. M. C. A. About 1000 have joined the Portland Junior Poultry Association, practically all being school children between the ages of 12 and 18.

Better roads for this state is the object of the Oregon Good Roads Association, formed here during the past week with a strong membership. The association will work for good roads legislation, uniform plans of improvement throughout the state and the collection of money for road building.

The Columbia river will be restocked with sockeye salmon as a result of a visit, during the past week, of United States Fish Commissioner George H. Bower of Washington, D. C. He has ordered the shipment of 2,000,000 sockeye eggs from the Yes Bay, Alaska, hatchery, to be delivered to the Bonneville hatchery, and the young fry will be turned into the Columbia.

SCIO AND JEFFERSON

To Do Some Hustling.

Every city in Oregon, no matter how small, can be on the map, if the business men are willing to get in and hustle. That is the program. A general boost all along the line, reaching out from Portland, the metropolis.

Last night Tom Richardson came up from Portland and went to Scio this morning with Manager W. R. Struble, of the Albany Commercial Club to hold a meeting at 1 o'clock, for the purpose of securing a promotion fund and doing something in the forks. Tonight they will hold a meeting at Jefferson, which is also desirous of being in the progressive swim.

Corvallis Assessment.

The board of equalization at Corvallis raised the assessment of the S. L. Kline store from \$21,500 to \$30,000. J. H. Harris \$7,000 to \$10,000. A. Wilhelm & Son \$8,000 to \$20,000. R. H. Huston \$3,000 to \$4,000. The commercial club asked for a 20 per cent reduction in Corvallis, which was turned down. The total Corvallis assessment is \$1,819,522, considerably over a million dollars less than Albany's.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. It offers one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 74c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

MISFITS.

Thanksgiving is rushing on.

The knocker is pretty well knocked.

Pretty wet for much devilry on Halloween.

Election day east with N. Y. as the center of the fight.

A great many of the troubles of life are borrowed ones.

The coming census will cost \$14,000,000. Is it worth it.

Hood River will have to hustle to get into the \$21.50 class.

Lafallett is more of a democrat any way than a republican.

Cannon will find out that there are some bomb's in the country.

Some dead foot ball players; but it isn't in it with the autoists.

Lawyer Wyatt of Portland backed up his Albany bidder to the cent.

Plenty of sand on Lyon street for the Shriners to march in on the 13th.

More trees wanted in Albany, and when they are gotten down they are cut.

Wonderful, 3,300 miles by wireless telegraph. What a vibratory thing the air is.

Will Heney be elected in S. F. He told the Democrat man he would win two to one, that the people were back of him.

In New York state there is an open season for skunks. Here it is all the time and the state is glad to get rid of them.

A southern minister doesn't propose to take any of Rockefeller's money to fight hookworms with. Foolish man, take all you can get. It will kill the worms just the same.

A \$5,000 steel bridge is to be built over Mary's river at Corvallis. The Willamette bridge is yet a matter of talk, but it will come some day and should.

Nearly a hundred acres of land in the suburbs of Albany, ought to be brought inside, without any tax dodging, and perhaps it would be put on the market. As it is it makes a big field where there ought to be suburban homes.

The home coming day should be made a permanent part of the apple fair annually. It proved a splendid thing. Twenty or thirty came home and many wrote letters. It was a good Albany advertisement and brought the city in closer touch with former residents. A visit from those who did come was immensely appreciated.

Corvallis Gazette-Times: The Albany apple fair this year easily demonstrated that the Willamette valley can produce apples worthy the attention of the world. Proper cultivation, spraying and general care produce here apples not less perfect in size, color, shape, flavor and all round beauty than that of the most famed sections. The entire display at the fair proclaimed to the world that it is only a matter of a short time when the Willamette valley will reign supreme as the apple section of the West.

C H NEWS

Deeds recorded:—
Jesse C. Ayers to Lucy Wheeler 123.76 acres \$ 2500
Martin Benson to E. L. Boggie 85 acres 1
Pearl Flagg to John W. Nye tract 13-1 E 175

During October 474 instruments were filed with the recorder, the fees being \$524.35, the most ever received in a month. Another deputy is badly needed and should be provided.

Marriage license:—C. F. Clevenger, aged 23, and Jessie Leonore Smith, aged 20, both of Albany.

Deeds recorded:—
Theo. Heffy to S. G. Simon, 255 acres 12-3 West \$ 10
Peter Barawick to C. L. Thompson, 50 acres 10
Jas. H. Carter to C. L. Morris, 24 R. Harrisburg 1
Anton Faltus to Ladishav Krime, 10 12 acres 708
W. T. Tiao to Robert J. Munro Snow Flake claim 1

Probate: Personal property ordered sold in estate of J. F. Peabler. Final account approved in estate of a half, also in estate of A. O. Ayers.

Marriage license, John Turnidge, 38, and Cora Mills, 35, both second marriage.

1598 hunters licenses, anglers 899.

Mayor Rodgers suggestion that nothing but apple trees be grown in Albany is an interesting one, and ought to be put in the gallery, but it will hardly be observed. There will be walnuts, maples, sycamores, etc., the same as of old. But a city all apple trees has an idea that makes one take notice.

Of course Willie Hearst got left. The people don't want him.

TELEGRAPH.

PORTLAND, Nov. 1.—Lowitt, of the defunct Golden Eagle store of this city, who got into the Oregon Trust for \$50,000, was arrested at Denver today, and will be brought here to testify against those indicted.

LONDON, England, Nov. 1.—300 men are cut off in the coal mines of Glamorgan. Half were saved, three are dead and the balance are entombed.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—W. R. Hearst claims New York by 58,000. Tammany says Gaynor will be elected.

BOSTON, Nov. 1.—Democratic gains expected in the Massachusetts election. JACKSON, Ky., Nov. 1.—Troops were sent to Breathitt county to keep the peace at tomorrow's election. Trouble is feared.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—Scores of arrests for illegal voting have been made. The weather is clear.

The republican governor is ahead in Massachusetts.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—Troops were called out in Breathitt county, Kentucky, but were unable to check the lawlessness. Veterans destroyed many ballots.

San Francisco is reported here early vote and heavy. The workingmen hastened to the polls early. The labor mayor is the favorite.

TACOMA, Nov. 2.—The vote is light in the city and large in the country. Lister vote is exceptionally large, but the republicans say they will carry the country. The feeling is growing that out convention tactics causes bolting.

NEWPORT, Nov. 2.—Shellhead, a farmer, attempted to cross the Siletz near the agency, and both horses were drowned in the swift current. He saved himself by swimming.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison will serve the sentence, so says the United States supreme court.

SALEM, Nov. 2.—Gov. Benson issued a requisition to Colorado for the extradition of Lowitt.

Prof. Postifchil, violin teacher at the O. A. C., will be in Albany tomorrow, at Tremont Hall, from 11 o'clock to 5 o'clock, for the purpose of meeting those interested in the study of the violin and other instruments.

ELECTION RETURNS.

The principal results of yesterday's elections were:

William H. Gaynor, former supreme court judge, a Democrat, was elected mayor of New York, continuing the reign of Tammany. Gaynor was second and Hearst third. Gaynor promises not to be run by any Tammany boss, a disgrace to New York government for years.

At San Francisco P. H. McCarthy was elected mayor and Fickert district attorney, defeating Heney, a stab at reform.

Up in Washington Judge McCredie republican, was elected congressman, the principal fight there.

In Indiana prohibition won a big victory, Indianapolis giving a prohibition vote.

Tom Johnson, after being Mayor of Cleveland four terms, was beaten for reelection.

Four more counties went for prohibition in Illinois.

Some Floods.

PORTLAND, Nov. 3.—Reports of floods are coming in from all sections of the Northwest. Rivers are rising and log booms going out, several million feet being a drift.

Prof. Postifchil, violin teacher at the O. A. C., will be in Albany tomorrow, at Tremont Hall, from 11 o'clock to 5 o'clock, for the purpose of meeting those interested in the study of the violin and other instruments.

SUMMONS.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Linn.

Wm. L. Brewster, administrator, with the will annexed of the estate of George Baldwin, deceased, Plaintiff, vs. N. V. Sorenson, George Sorenson, S. A. D. Pater, Wade H. Richardson and Charles G. Forster, Defendants.

To Wade H. Richardson and Charles G. Forster, of the above named defendants:

In the Name of the State of Oregon: You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before the last day of the time prescribed in the order for the publication of this summons, to-wit: On or before the 3rd day of December, 1909, said day being the expiration of six weeks from the first publication of this notice, and if you fail to so appear and answer, for want thereof, plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief prayed for in the complaint.

The relief prayed for in the complaint is that the defendants be required to set forth fully the nature of their claims in, or to the following described lands, situated as follows:—

In Benton County, Oregon.
Northeast quarter (1/4), southeast quarter (1/4), southwest quarter (1/4), and southeast quarter (1/4) of section thirty-six (36), township thirteen (13) south, range seven (7) west, containing five hundred and twenty (520) acres.

In Clackamas County, Oregon.
All of section sixteen (16), township seven (7) south, range three (3) east, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

In Coos County, Oregon.
North half (1/2) of the southwest quarter (1/4) of section sixteen (16), township twenty-nine (29) south, range fourteen (14) west, containing eighty (80) acres.

All of section sixteen (16), township twenty-eight (28) south, range nine (9) west, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

Northeast quarter (1/4), northwest quarter (1/4), southwest quarter (1/4), north half (1/2) of the southeast quarter (1/4) of the southwest quarter (1/4) of section thirty-six (36), township twenty-eight (28) south, range nine (9) west, containing six hundred (600) acres.

Northeast quarter (1/4), northwest quarter (1/4), west half (1/2) of southeast quarter (1/4), and northeast quarter (1/4) of southeast quarter (1/4) of section sixteen (16), township twenty-eight (28) south, range ten (10) west, containing six hundred (600) acres.

All of section sixteen (16), township twenty-eight (28) south, range nine (9) west, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

Northeast quarter (1/4), northwest quarter (1/4), southwest quarter (1/4), north half (1/2) of the southeast quarter (1/4) of the southwest quarter (1/4) of section thirty-six (36), township twenty-eight (28) south, range nine (9) west, containing six hundred (600) acres.

Northeast quarter (1/4), northwest quarter (1/4), west half (1/2) of southeast quarter (1/4), and northeast quarter (1/4) of southeast quarter (1/4) of section sixteen (16), township twenty-eight (28) south, range ten (10) west, containing six hundred (600) acres.

All of section sixteen (16), township twenty-eight (28) south, range nine (9) west, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

Northeast quarter (1/4), northwest quarter (1/4), southwest quarter (1/4), north half (1/2) of the southeast quarter (1/4) of the southwest quarter (1/4) of section thirty-six (36), township twenty-eight (28) south, range nine (9) west, containing six hundred (600) acres.

Northeast quarter (1/4), northwest quarter (1/4), west half (1/2) of southeast quarter (1/4), and northeast quarter (1/4) of southeast quarter (1/4) of section sixteen (16), township twenty-eight (28) south, range ten (10) west, containing six hundred (600) acres.

All of section sixteen (16), township twenty-eight (28) south, range nine (9) west, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

Northeast quarter (1/4), northwest quarter (1/4), southwest quarter (1/4), north half (1/2) of the southeast quarter (1/4) of the southwest quarter (1/4) of section thirty-six (36), township twenty-eight (28) south, range nine (9) west, containing six hundred (600) acres.

Northeast quarter (1/4), northwest quarter (1/4), west half (1/2) of southeast quarter (1/4), and northeast quarter (1/4) of southeast quarter (1/4) of section sixteen (16), township twenty-eight (28) south, range ten (10) west, containing six hundred (600) acres.

All of section sixteen (16), township twenty-eight (28) south, range nine (9) west, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

Northeast quarter (1/4), northwest quarter (1/4), southwest quarter (1/4), north half (1/2) of the southeast quarter (1/4) of the southwest quarter (1/4) of section thirty-six (36), township twenty-eight (28) south, range nine (9) west, containing six hundred (600) acres.

Northeast quarter (1/4), northwest quarter (1/4), west half (1/2) of southeast quarter (1/4), and northeast quarter (1/4) of southeast quarter (1/4) of section sixteen (16), township twenty-eight (28) south, range ten (10) west, containing six hundred (600) acres.

All of section sixteen (16), township twenty-eight (28) south, range nine (9) west, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

Northeast quarter (1/4), northwest quarter (1/4), southwest quarter (1/4), north half (1/2) of the southeast quarter (1/4) of the southwest quarter (1/4) of section thirty-six (36), township twenty-eight (28) south, range nine (9) west, containing six hundred (600) acres.

Northeast quarter (1/4), northwest quarter (1/4), west half (1/2) of southeast quarter (1/4), and northeast quarter (1/4) of southeast quarter (1/4) of section sixteen (16), township twenty-eight (28) south, range ten (10) west, containing six hundred (600) acres.

hundred and sixty (960) acres.

Northeast quarter (1/4), northwest quarter (1/4) of section sixteen (16); and the northwest quarter (1/4) and southwest quarter (1/4) of section thirty-six (36) in township thirty-one (31) south, range eight (8) west, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

All of section sixteen (16), township thirty (30) south, range nine (9) west, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

Northeast quarter (1/4), southeast quarter (1/4) and east half (1/2) of the west half (1/2) of section sixteen (16), township twenty-nine (29) south, range eight (8) west, containing four hundred and eighty (480) acres.

Northeast quarter (1/4), northwest quarter (1/4) of southwest quarter (1/4), west half (1/2) and northeast quarter (1/4) of northeast quarter (1/4) of section thirty-six (36), township twenty-seven (27) south, range eight (8) west, containing three hundred and twenty (320) acres.

Northeast quarter (1/4) and northwest quarter (1/4) of section sixteen (16), township twenty-five (25) south, range eight (8) west, containing three hundred and twenty (320) acres.

Northeast quarter (1/4), southwest quarter (1/4) of section thirty-six (36), township twenty-five (25) south, range eight (8) west, containing three hundred and twenty (320) acres.

All of section thirty-six (36), township twenty-four (24) south, range nine (9) west, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

Northeast quarter (1/4), northeast quarter (1/4) of northwest quarter (1/4), northwest quarter (1/4) of southeast quarter (1/4) of section thirty-six (36), township twenty-four (24) south, range eight (8) west, containing two hundred and forty (240) acres.

All of section thirty-six (36), township twenty-four (24) south, range seven (7) west, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

Northeast quarter (1/4) and southwest quarter (1/4) of section thirty-six (36), township twenty-three (23) south, range ten (10) west, containing three hundred and twenty (320) acres.

In Jackson County, Oregon.
Northeast quarter (1/4) of northeast quarter (1/4), west half (1/2) of southwest quarter (1/4), and southeast quarter (1/4) of southwest quarter (1/4) of section sixteen (16), and the north half (1/2) of the northeast quarter (1/4) of section thirty-six (36) all in township thirty-five (35) south, range one (1) east, containing two hundred and forty (240) acres.

Southeast quarter (1/4), southwest quarter (1/4), south half (1/2) of north half (1/2) and north half (1/2) of northwest quarter (1/4) of section sixteen (16), northeast quarter (1/4), northwest quarter (1/4) and southeast quarter (1/4) of section thirty-six (36), township thirty-five (35) south, range two (2) east, containing ten hundred and forty (1040) acres.

All of section sixteen (16), township thirty-four (34) south, range one (1) east, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

Southwest quarter (1/4), southwest quarter (1/4) of southeast quarter (1/4), south half (1/2) of northeast quarter (1/4), and northwest quarter (1/4) of the northeast quarter (1/4) of section thirty-six (36), township thirty-four (34) south, range one (1) east, containing three hundred and twenty (320) acres.

All of section sixteen (16), township thirty-four (34) south, range two (2) east, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

All of section sixteen (16), township thirty-three (33) south, range one (1) east, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

West half (1/2) of northwest quarter (1/4), north half (1/2) of southwest quarter (1/4) of section thirty-six (36), township thirty-two (32) south, range three (3) east, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres.

All of section thirty-six (36), township seventeen (17) south, range three (3) east, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

West half of the southwest quarter (1/4), and east half (1/2) of the southeast quarter (1/4) of section sixteen (16), township sixteen (16) south, range one (1) west, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

All of section sixteen (16), township thirty-two (32) south, range one (1) east, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

West half (1/2) of northwest quarter (1/4), north half (1/2) of southwest quarter (1/4) of section thirty-six (36), township thirty-two (32) south, range three (3) east, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres.

All of section thirty-six (36), township seventeen (17) south, range three (3) east, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

West half of the southwest quarter (1/4), and east half (1/2) of the southeast quarter (1/4) of section sixteen (16), township sixteen (16) south, range one (1) west, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

All of section sixteen (16), township thirty-two (32) south, range one (1) east, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

West half of the southwest quarter (1/4), and east half (1/2) of the southeast quarter (1/4) of section sixteen (16), township sixteen (16) south, range one (1) west, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

All of section sixteen (16), township thirty-two (32) south, range one (1) east, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

West half of the southwest quarter (1/4), and east half (1/2) of the southeast quarter (1/4) of section sixteen (16), township sixteen (16) south, range one (1) west, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

All of section sixteen (16), township thirty-two (32) south, range one (1) east, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.