

Daily Democrat.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President—GROVER CLEVELAND, of New York.
For Vice President—ALLEN G. THURMAN, of Ohio.
For Presidential Electors—
W. H. HAYES, of Lincoln county.
W. H. E. FINGER, of Multnomah county.
E. R. SKIPWORTH, of Clatsop county.

SOME QUESTIONS ANSWERED.

SWEET HOME, Or., Aug. 15th, 1888.

Editors Democrat:

I notice the Albany Herald and other republican papers speak of the democratic policy as a free trade policy, and the republican policy as a policy of protection to American labor. Now I want to ask you a question or two. 1. Does the Mills bill repeal all tariff duties? If it does, how are we going to raise money to pay the running expenses of the government? 2. What duty does the republican policy propose to put on the importation of foreign labor? Or is there already a tax on foreign imported labor? 3. Was Mr. Harrison in favor of admitting Chinamen without paying this tax? You will pardon me for asking these simple questions, but I want light and will vote for my own interest as well as for the interest of the public at large, if I know it.

Very respectfully,
LABORER.

It is evident that "Laborer" has read freely of the "protective literature" sent broadcast all over the country and paid for out of the princely profits of the protected monopolies of the country. But he is candid, for he says he wants light. There is hope for him. He would know whether the Mills bill repeals all duties. No. The Mills bill does not repeal all duties. It reduces duties on some articles and puts about 40 articles on the free list, leaving about 4000 articles still on the dutiable list. Under the present law the average duties upon all imported dutiable articles for the year 1887 was 47 per cent. Under the Mills bill the average duty on the same articles would be 42.49 per cent. "Laborer" will please take notice that "47 per cent" means \$47 on the \$100 worth of goods imported, and "42 per cent" means \$42 on every \$100 worth of goods imported. These are the average duties under the present law and the Mills bill. On some the duties are higher and on some lower. As an example: Under the present law, if a merchant or other person should import 100 pounds of blankets, worth 90 cents per pound, the duty would be "35 cents per pound and 40 per cent ad valorem," or \$71 duty on \$90 worth of blankets. Under the Mills bill the duty would be "40 per cent ad valorem" or \$36 duty on \$90 worth of blankets. We ask "Laborer" if he does not think that \$36 is tax enough to put on \$90 worth of blankets? But we shall deal candidly with "Laborer." The Mills bill puts lumber, salt, wool, jute, grain bags and a number of other articles on the free list, but then we have had a standing free list for 100 years and it has been increased quite often, even by republicans who put, or assisted to put, quinine, hides and many other articles on the free list. And yet no one denounced them as being free traders. Under the Mills bill ample revenues will be collected to meet all the necessary expenses of the government and then have a surplus left, so that "Laborer" need not be alarmed by such false cries as are raised about that matter.

2. This question shows to what extent the protectionists of this country have befogged the minds of laboring people in making them believe that labor has been protected by the legislation of Congress. The republican party does not now, nor never did it propose to protect the laborers of this country against imported foreign labor by a "duty" or tax upon such imported foreign laborers. The manufacturers of this country are highly protected against the importation of such industrial products as they produce, but the laboring man has no such protection. The labor of the laboring man is his capital invested. There is no law against imported labor except such as is contracted for in foreign countries, and that law is practically a dead letter in consequence of the difficulty of enforcing it.

3. "Laborer" takes it for granted that there is a tax or "duty" on pauper laborers who come to this country from the pauper regions of Europe, but as we said before there is no such tax. While Mr. Harrison was in the Senate two bills were introduced to restrict Chinese from coming to this country. At all stages during the consideration of these bills he uniformly voted against all amendments intended to strengthen and perfect them, and finally voted against them. We hope "Laborer" will pursue his course of investigation, as it will be of great benefit to him.

When Philadelphia Republicans like Mr. Drexel are coming out for tariff reform it does seem as if the cause of justice is making headway. When Pennsylvanians can be convinced that there are wrongs in the war tariff, the way to reformation ought to be easy enough.

French crops have been disastrously affected by bad weather, and the shortage will be larger than heretofore reported.

Five hundred dollars per acre has been paid in some cases in England this year for cherries on the trees.

Democrats will bear in mind that the associated press dispatches are doctored up in the interest of the republican party. Every few days a regular stump speech in the interest of Harrison will be found injected into the dispatches, and the Oregonian, when called to task about the partisan character of its associated press news, will attempt to break the force of the criticism by saying that democratic newspapers that thus criticize it should remember that there is a difference between Associated press news and "special dispatches," which we might be enabled to believe if it would mark its specials as such. But its readers have no means of knowing whether it has specials or not, hence all are regarded as associated press news. If the Oregonian wants its associated press news judged fairly, let it distinguish it from its other news.

The democrats propose to make lumber free of tax. Now let the average citizen of good common sense sit down a minute and ask himself why lumber should not be free of tax. Who is helped by it? Surely not the man who builds himself a house for a home, because the tax makes his house cost more, and that is not a good thing for him at all. Not the man who lives in a rented house, because since the house cost the owner more to build because of this tax, the renter is obliged to pay more rent than he would otherwise have done. Not the workmen who work in building houses, because houses being more expensive to build than they would have been without the tax, not so many are built, and the workmen lose that much work.

There is a strong and increasing Tariff Reform sentiment in Colorado. The Pittsburg Post has interviewed Mr. W. U. Smith, largest business man at Denver. He says: "A large number of lukewarm Republicans, and almost the entire independent vote of Colorado, will be for Cleveland and Tariff Reform. The subject of tariff reduction is being widely spread in our State by means of printed copies of the different speeches made before Congress. The Republicans, of course, have a large majority in Colorado, but with the independent vote and the liberal Republicans Cleveland has an excellent chance."

City Marshal's Notice,

Notice is hereby given to the owner or keeper of any dog or dogs in the corporate limits of the city of Albany, that the tax upon such dogs for the year 1888, is now due and payable to the City Marshal; and that all dogs found running at large within the city limits, upon which said tax has not been paid, will be taken up and disposed of as provided by an Ordinance, "Relating to taxing dogs and regulating their running at large." Section one of said ordinance, provides: That it shall be the duty of the City Marshal on and after the first day of August of each year to collect from the owner or keeper of each dog the sum of \$1.50 and for each "slut or bitch so owned or kept, the sum of \$3.00.

Dated at Albany, Oregon, this 30th day of August, 1888.

ISAAC HAYS,
City Marshal

A. J. ROSSITER, V. S. Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College,

Is prepared to treat diseases of all domestic animals on scientific principles. Residence and office two doors east of Opera House, Albany.

BINDING TWINE.

We start in this season with 60,000 pounds of absolutely pure manilla binding twine, which we will sell at as low a price as the quality of the goods will admit. There is very little of the pure in the market, and a great deal of poor twine is being offered at low prices. We would be glad to fill your orders for the best.

STEWART & SOX.

THRESHERS AND ENGINES.

The celebrated engines, separators and saw mills manufactured by Russell & Co. of Massillon, Ohio, are now sold by us. They are fast taking the lead in the Valley and invariably give satisfaction.

STEWART & SOX.

BINDERS AND MOWERS.

Farmers, remember that we this year have the Osborne Steel Frame Binders and Mowers, the strongest, highest running, and best made machine in the market. We can give you just as good terms as anyone, and probably a little better; at any rate come and see us before you buy.

STEWART & SOX.

First National Bank OF ALBANY, OREGON.

President.....L. FLINN
Vice President.....S. E. YOUNG
Cashier.....GEO. E. CHAMBERLAIN

TRANSACTS A GENERAL banking business.

ACCOUNTS KEPT subject to check.

RIGHT EXCHANGE and telegraphic transfer, not on New York, San Francisco, Chicago and Port Oregon.

COLLECTIONS MADE on favorable terms.

DIRECTORS:
J. E. YOUNG, GEO. E. CHAMBERLAIN
L. E. BLAIN, L. FLINN,
WALTER E. TURNER.

MACHINE OILS.

The best varieties of machine oils to be had are kept by Stewart & Sox, especially the kinds that have been thoroughly tested by the Linn county farmers. Prices guaranteed.

Notice of Removal.

I take pleasure in announcing that I have removed my old Store

TO MY NEW BUILDING,

On the corner of First and Broadalbin Streets.

Thanking my customers for the liberal patronage they have bestowed on me in the past I trust that with

INCREASED FACILITIES

and a large experience I may merit a continuance of it in the future.

Samuel E. Young.

THE PLACE.

By all means call on

Parker Brothers,

Successors to John Fox, for your

Groceries,

Produce, Baked Goods, Etc., Etc.

Their goods are the best and their prices reasonable.

MCALISTER & WOODWARD. Homeopathic Physicians & Surgeons

Obstetrics, Treatment of Chronic Diseases of woman and children a specialty. All calls promptly attended day and night.

Office in the Flinn Block.

FOR SALE.

at very low rates.

Lumber, Shingles, Lath, Posts, Pickets, Fence Trimmings, Sash, Doors and Blinds.

Call for prices at yard on 6th St., east of O. & C. switch.

W. W. CROWDER.

FRANCIS PFEIFFER, —PROPRIETOR OF— Albany Soda Works.

—And Manufacturers of—

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY,

We are now prepared to sell at wholesale, always fresh and pure at Portland prices to dealers. We also keep a full line of

Nuts and Tropical Fruits,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO

WANTED.

To rent by two experienced farmers 200 or 400 acres for wheat with teams and farm implements and seed furnished. Please state terms. Address O. M. GARNETT, 347 S Front St., Portland, Oregon.

BARGAINS!

First-class goods at bottom prices is what the public wants. These I have at my store in this city. Bought at Bankrupt sales I can sell my stock of

General Merchandise

consisting of dress goods, gents furnishing goods, clothing, etc.,

AT COST.

My 5, 10, 15 and 25 cent counters also contain many articles worth examining

Cash or goods will be paid for all kinds of country produce.

G. W. SIMPSON,

Albany, Oregon.

JULIUS JOSEPH, Manufacturer of Choice Cigars

—AND DEALER IN—

FINE IMPORTED AND KEY WEST

Cigars, Plug and Smoking Tobaccos, Meerschaum and Briar Pipes, and a full line of Smokers' Articles. Also dealer in

CALIFORNIA AND TROPICAL FRUITS,

Next door to Burkhardt & Keeney Albany, Oregon.

G. L. BLACKMAN,
Successor to E. W. Langdon,
DEALER IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES,
CHEMICALS, BRUSHES,
SOAPS, COMBS,
and everything kept in a first-class Drug Store. Also a fine stock of pianos and organs.

ALBANY, OREGON.

FOSHAY & MASON,

—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—

Druggists and Booksellers,

Agents for John B. Alden's publications which we sell at publisher's prices with postage added.

ALBANY, OREGON.