

Late General News News of the War

St. Louis, May 6—Eighty per cent of the exhibits have been received and inside of a week it is thought all will be here. Inclement weather today kept down the attendance, though the Chinese dedicatory ceremonies brought out a large number.

Washington, May 6—The State Dept. has received from the American legation in Rio Janeiro a statement that Peru refuses to withdraw her troops from disputed territory, pending negotiations to be followed by arbitration, and Brazil will resort to force.

Fort Worth, May 6—Two small villages, one in Parker, and the other in Shackelford counties, are reported destroyed by a cyclone last night. Wires are down.

Moreland and Patnam are also reported wiped off the earth, and many people are killed.

Inola Creek, an Indian Nation was also struck and many are reported dead.

Dallas, May 6—The loss of life is estimated at twenty in last night's tornado, in northwestern Texas. The crippled condition of the wires prevents accuracy in detail.

Camden, N. J. May 6—Fire this morning destroyed the five story warehouse of the Camden Storage Co. The loss is a quarter of a million.

Shamokin, May 6—The fire burns fiercely in the Locust Gap mine, Michael Shannon, John and Michael Bogland are entombed. Thousands of employees are idle, and rescuers are at work.

Salida, Colo., May 6—Hotel Turret at the Turret mining camp, twelve miles north of this place burned at midnight. Raymond Zoeks, a Cheyenne mining man, was burned to death, and a number of guests narrowly escaped. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Resigned from Chagrin

Berlin, May 6—Colonial Minister Stoebel has resigned owing to blunders in the campaign against the Herreros in German South Africa.

TYPHOID GERMS.



The microscope shows that in the blood of every person suffering from typhoid the little germs can be found as shown above. They are supposed to get into the water or milk we drink. The germs multiply so that one germ is capable of producing about one hundred trillion germs in twenty-four hours. That is why if they ever get into the water supply of a town they multiply so fast that nearly everybody drinking the water comes down with the disease. There are exceptions, however, and they are the persons whose health is perfect, whose blood is pure, and liver active. When the germs get into a healthy body they are thrown off with the other poisons. Recent Chicago statistics show that one-eighth of all the deaths in the past two years in that city have resulted from pneumonia.

The best advice we can give is to purify the body into a perfectly sound, healthy condition. Be assured that you have rich, red blood and an active liver.

Many years ago Dr. R. V. Pierce, who is consulting surgeon to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute at Buffalo, N. Y., found certain herbs and roots which, when made into an alternative extract (without the use of alcohol), seemed to be the very best means of putting the stomach, blood and vital organs into proper condition.

This seemed to him as close to nature's way of treating disease as it was possible to go. For over a third of a century Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has had a wonderful sale and the cures resulting from its use are numbered by thousands. It is a tissue-builder, better than cod liver oil because it does not sicken the stomach, or offend the taste. It strengthens or renews the assimilative or digestive processes in the stomach and puts on healthy flesh when the weight of the invalid is reduced below the normal.

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." Nothing else is "just as good."

Dr. Pierce's Peppets cure biliousness.

The Hague, May 7—Owing to the serious condition of the Queen's throat, all her engagements have been cancelled.

Luling, Tex., May 7—L. M. Nixon, a member of the state Democratic executive committee and a wealthy planter, this morning shot and killed R. W. Malone, and Col. Veasy, prominent citizens, on account of a family feud.

London, May 7—Viceroy Curzans officially reports the Tibetan repulse at Cyangate, and says the enemy's loss was two hundred and fifty killed and wounded. The British had two wounded. The attack and repulse lasted two hours.

Victoria, May 7—It is feared that the sealing schooner Umbrina is lost, as she has not been seen since the big storm March 19. The schooner Triumph is also long over due. The two schooners combined carried crews of nearly fifty men.

St. Louis, May 7—Inclement weather continues today, and is driving the greater portion of the crowds from the fair grounds. The opening of the Cairo concession on the Pike and the French exhibitors' reception were the features of the day.

Walla Walla, May 6—See Champoux, who followed Lottie Brace, a variety singer from Dawson, and mortally stabbed her in the brain in a Seattle concert hall, was hanged in the penitentiary here this morning. This is the first penitentiary execution under the new state law.

Joliet, Ill. May 7—W. Crotins, mayor and Democratic candidate for governor, three police officers and one citizen have been indicted for conspiracy, and the policemen for alleged intimidation of voters.

The case grows out of the election in which the mayor is alleged to have interfered.

New York, May 7—John Mitchell addressed the Executive Committee of the National Civic Federation today, on joint trade agreement in bituminous fields, saying that he thoroughly believed in strike and lockout when ever all other means have failed. Arbitration is useful in preventing strikes but fundamental questions cannot be arbitrated.

Paris, May 7—The delivery of the Panama canal in all its details to the United States was accomplished today.

Washington, May 7—Admiral Walker, chairman of the Isthmian Commission had a long conference with the President today. Secretary Shaw this afternoon will draw a warrant for \$40,000,000 in favor of Morgan & Co. for the Panama Canal Co. This is the largest single warrant ever drawn on the treasury.

Morley Denies the Story

London, May 6—John Morley today denies any idea of joining the Catholic church.

Bridge Collapsed

Scranton, Pa., May 6—By collapse of a temporary foot bridge over the Lackawanna this afternoon forty people on their way to Syracuse were plunged in the water. All were rescued.

Landing near Port Arthur

London, May 6—The Central News' St. Petersburg correspondent wires that the Japanese landed at two points in the vicinity of Port Arthur, Pitzsewo and Port Adams.

The two places are on opposite sides on the Kwang Tung peninsula, and the forces landed are twenty miles apart.

Officially Confirmed

Washington, May 6—The State Department is officially advised of the landing of the Japanese forty-five miles northeast of Port Arthur.

Imitating Shafter's Move

London, May 6—The apparent object of the Japanese in landing on the Lia Tung peninsula is to duplicate the move of General Shafter at Santiago and attack Port Arthur with a heavy force from the rear.

Port Adams is on a narrow inlet on the west coast of the peninsula, while Pitzsewo is on the east coast. Each form the base angle of a triangle of which Port Arthur is the apex.

Togo Advised Movement

Constantinople, May 6—According to the news service which the Mikado has ordered sent to the Sultan, Admiral Togo attended a meeting of the war council at Tokio Thursday, leaving the Port Arthur fleet aboard a 35 knot destroyer which carried him to Nagasaki, where a special train took him to Tokio.

At the meeting of the war council, he assured the authorities that the Russian fleet would be unable to interfere with a landing on the Lia Tung peninsula. It was then decided that transports be sent to secure such landing, and Togo immediately returned to the fleet.

Details of Landing

Tokio, May 6—Hosoya, detailing the landing of Japanese troops on the Lia Tung peninsula in an official report says: "The Seventh division with torpedo boats and two transports arrived off Lia Tung this morning. The Fifth bombarded a number of the enemy's patrol, and landed a party of sailors who went ashore a thousand yards, and took possession of a range of hills, planting the flag without a shot. Three gunboats were employed to distract the enemy's attention, killing several. The first fleet transports, seeing the flag on the hill, began landing at 8 o'clock that night. The troops are wading ashore until piers are erected."

Completely Bottled

Tokio, May 7—Admiral Togo reports Port Arthur completely bottled except for small boats. The Japanese did not lose a single warship in the last attack on the port although it was expensive in loss of life.

How Harbor Was Blocked

Washington, May 7—The Japanese Legation gives out a Tokio cablegram bringing Togo's report of Port Arthur blockading operations on May third. The gunboats Akagi and Chokai and the second, third, fourth and fifth destroyer flotillas, and the ninth, tenth and fourteenth torpedo boat flotillas, with steamers, started May 2nd, but a strong wind soon arising greatly hindered the movement. Therefore the commander was ordered to stop operations but the order

Port Arthur Impregnable

St. Petersburg, May 6—The Russian version of the Pitzsewo landing, obtained from Chinese arriving at Port Arthur, is that thirty thousand men came ashore from sixty transports. Notwithstanding the war office believes that Port Arthur is impregnable either by land or sea, the fort is provisioned for a year. Admiral Wittsoeff has been ordered not to take the warships from Port Arthur.

No positive information has been received here whether Lauraki's army has advanced from its position on the Yalu. The possibility of a flanking movement of the army to the north and east of Fen Huang Cheng is being well guarded.

The report is current that the entire Russian army is to be mobilized on the eleventh when a grand review occurs.

Communication Cut Off

St. Petersburg, May 6—Japanese troops landing at Pitzsewo have cut off land communication with Port Arthur.

Steamers Running

St. Petersburg, May 6—Traffic across Lake Balkal by steamer has been resumed.

Town Occupied

London, May 6—The Central News' Tokio correspondent states that Gen. Kuroki says he has occupied Tang Kang Cheng, midway between Antung and Feng Huang Chang.

Hand to Hand Fight

Washington, May 6—The Japanese legation has a Tokio dispatch saying that General Kuroki reports that May 3rd a company of mounted scouts, after a severe hand to hand fight near Feng Huang Cheng, drove back the Russians.

Captured officers say that the only bodies which retreated in good order on May 1, were five or six infantry battalions and two artillery companies.

Two hundred more Russians killed and wounded have been found left on the field and more are forthcoming.

Bad Mistake

London, May 6—Reuters' Tokio correspondent says that a report has been received from Gen. Kuroki stating that in the retreat Sunday a large body of Russians mistook a smaller body of their countrymen for Japanese, and attacked them with great fury. One hundred and eighty were killed and wounded.

Japs Buy Steamers

London, May 6—The Canadian Pacific steamships Tartar and Athenian have been sold to the Japanese and re-named Yosan and Kaisha.

did not reach him in time.

Consequently eight steamers dashed into the harbor despite the enemy's search light fortress fire and mines. Five gained the entrance mouth and one broke the harbor boom further inside and the entrance is considered effectively blocked. The cruiser and battleships flotillas remained till morning when the disabled boats were towed away. The port engine of the torpedo boat Aotaka was damaged. The casualties were three killed and two wounded.

Cruisers Watching

St. Petersburg, May 7—A Port Arthur dispatch dated yesterday states that six of the enemy's cruisers are continually in sight.

A parade of the garrison was held yesterday in honor of the Casarina's name day.

General Stoessel, addressing the troops, alluded to the new phase of the war whereby Port Arthur is threatened by land. He expresses confidence in the endurance of its defenders. The soldiers and sailors cheered heartily.

Stoessel's Talks to Soldiers

St. Petersburg, May 7—A telegram from Port Arthur contains an order issued by General Stoessel, saying at 4:30 p. m. May 1, the enemy crossed the Yalu river in great force. Our troops fell back on the positions previously selected. The enemy effected May 5, an important landing on the Lia Tung peninsula south of Pitzsewo and in the vicinity of Kan Chow bay.

"Our work is beginning. Naturally the enemy will destroy railway communication and endeavor to drive our troops back to Port Arthur and besiege this fortress, the Russian bulwark in the Far East. We must defend it until the arrival of the troops who are coming to relieve us."

Stoessel said in part: "I call on you to display unceasing vigilance, and I caution you that you must be ready at all

Russians Repulsed

Wija May 7—Word was received today of another Russian repulse in Manchuria. A thousand Russian in the rear guard made a stand at Honango on the Liao Yang Road. Japanese charged and after a brief struggle the Russians spiked their guns and retreated. Four hundred and thirty Russians were captured.

Report Confirmed

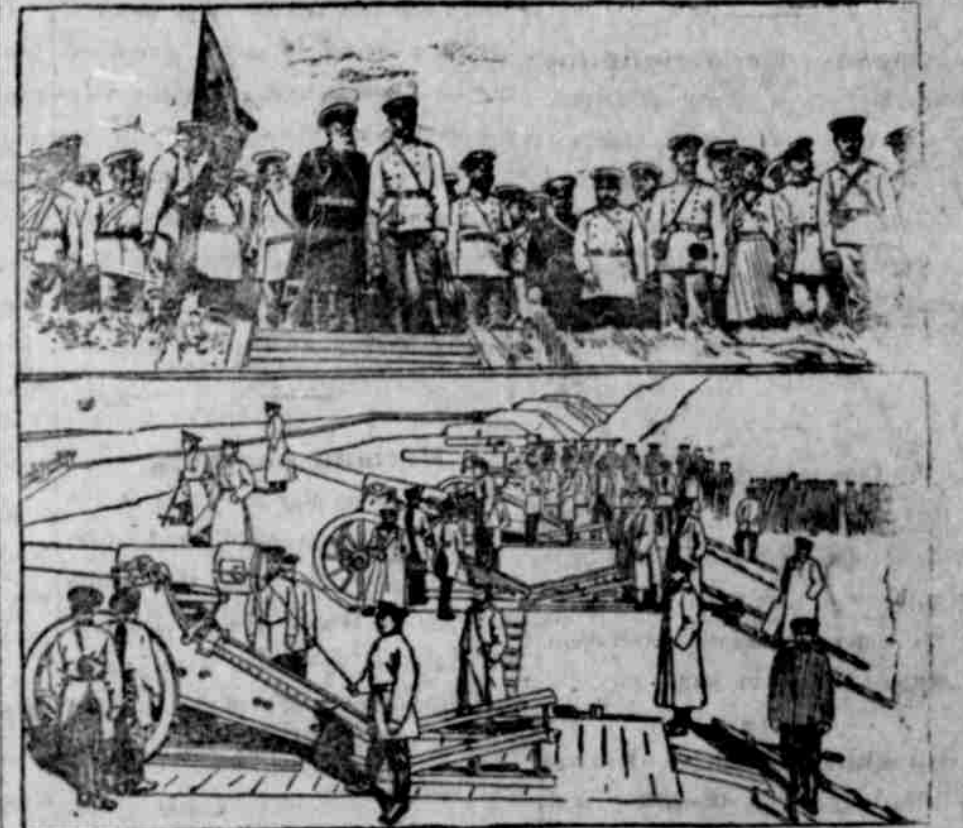
London, May 7—Seoul dispatch confirm the report that Feng Wang Cheng has fallen with heavy losses on both sides. Seoul traces the report to Antung which says that it fell on Wednesday.

Officially Admitted

London, May 7—An official admission that the Japanese have captured Feng Wang Cheng is made in St. Petersburg dispatches.

Cave up Without a Struggle

St. Petersburg, May 7—Kuropatkin gave up Feng Wang Cheng without a struggle, and the Russians fell to the Japanese. There was a slight loss on both sides.



VICEROY ALEXIEFF AND PORT ARTHUR FORT.

In the upper picture are shown Viceroy Alexieff, the "czar of the east," and his officers, while the lower picture is of a new Russian fort at Port Arthur. Alexieff is the white bearded officer in a dark uniform at the head of the stairway.

times to demean yourselves with the dignity and order becoming the glorious troops of Russia. No matter what happens you must not lose your heads. Remember that everything is possible in war. We will be able with God's help to cope with the arduous task imposed upon us."

Clearing Port Arthur Harbor

Cheefoo, May 7—Chinese coasting vessels report that a succession of tremendous explosions have occurred at the entrance to Port Arthur harbor. It is evident that the Russians are trying to clear the channel of obstacles and mines, placed there by the Japanese, where a cruiser squadron is watching the harbor to prevent a sally of torpedo boats against the Japanese transports lying along the peninsula.

Russian Plans

It is learned that the government is planning to concentrate a huge reserve army at Harbin, to be ready by August. When this force is ready, according to present arrangements, the Czar himself will visit the place to inspire the men with a resolve to drive the Japanese into the sea.

Until this army is assembled, it is probable that Russia will abandon the whole of southern Manchuria, with the exception of Port Arthur. This is admitted by those in a position to know.

The Japanese have destroyed the railway at Port Adams, blowing up the bridges.

Occupation of Feng Huan Chang by the Japanese was due to Kuropatkin's decision not to give battle. No Russian troops will be sent to Shanhai Kwang.

Attempt to Destroy Supplies

St. Petersburg, May 7—The newspaper Viedomosti today reports what is believed to be a Japanese attempt to destroy the governmental section at Kronstadt where a large quantity of naval supplies are stored. The newspaper urges an alliance of Russia and Turkey.

Victory At Mukden

Makden, May 7—Alexieff arrived from Port Arthur today.

Cost of War

London, May 6—A St. Petersburg dispatch gives the cost of the war for the first five months to June first as \$125,000,000.

After June 1st, it is estimated the monthly cost will be \$3,500,000 for the navy, and 15,000,000 for the army, making a total for the year closing the navy first next, of \$254,500,000.

The new loan which is to be floated in Paris next week will probably go for \$100,000,000 in national treasury percent bonds.

When the war began Russia had \$1,000,000,000 gold to its credit.