

News of the War

More Details of Fight

London, May 3.—Additional details of the Russian repulse on the Yalu continue to sift in.

Reuter's Seoul correspondent states that the Japanese now hold the north bank of the Yalu from Antung to Lissakou.

Despite their confused condition the Russians were able to carry off all their wounded at Antung.

They found that in addition to the force confronting them they were threatened by strong detachments on either flank, and then their retreat became so rapid that there was no time to replace the artillery horses shot down by the Japanese, and the guns, ammunition, rifles, officers and men were captured.

Probably Belated Rumor

London, May 3.—A St. Petersburg dispatch says that a rumor is current there to the effect that another great battle has occurred on the Yalu between thirty thousand Russians and eighty thousand Japanese, in which the Japanese were victorious, capturing thirty-six Russian cannon and two thousand prisoners. Twenty officers and about six hundred men are reported wounded. The rumor may be a belated exaggeration of the last fight.

Japanese Version

London, May 3.—Japanese minister Hayashi made public this evening a despatch from General Bunoki, commanding the Japanese forces giving details of the fighting following the battle of Yalu and the pursuit of the retreating Russians.

Kunki says "on the afternoon of May 1st, the enemy offered a stubborn resistance to our pursuit, adding three hundred to our casualties. The enemy fought bravely to the last. Finally two companies of artillery, having lost a majority of the men and horses, surrendered, raising a white flag.

Officers taken prisoners asserted that General Kashtarski, commander of the eleventh and twelfth infantry regiments and many officers of the artillery and sharpshooters were killed. Many other superior officers were killed or wounded. Many refugees subsequently returned and surrendered. The total number of prisoners is thirty officers and three hundred sub officers and men. The details of our losses are under investigation.

Failure of Bottling Works

St. Petersburg, May 3.—A sensational rumor is current this evening that 8 Japanese fire ships and two torpedo boats have been sunk by the Russians at Port Arthur, while the former were trying to bottle the harbor. Two official telegrams have arrived but have not yet been issued to the press.

Kouropatkin to the Rescue.

London, May 3.—The Central News Rome correspondent wires that a Mukden dispatch reports Kouropatkin marching from Liaping to Fenwang Cheng with 20,000 men, apparently for the purpose of taking personal command of the forces opposing the Japanese.

He Gets There

Berlin, May 3.—Die Post reports that Kouropatkin has arrived at Fong Huang Chong to rally the troops fleeing before the Japanese.

Unconfirmed Report

New York, May 3.—A Wall Street news agent dispatch from London states that rumors are current there that the Japanese fleet in command of Admiral Uru has captured the Russian Vladivostok squadron, but this is wholly unconfirmed.

Eight Ships Sunk

St. Petersburg, May 3.—Viceroy Alexieff reports officially that eight Japanese fire ships were sunk last night when an attempt was made to block Port Arthur harbor. Some torpedo boats also went down, according to the report.

The fire ships were discovered by the search lights, creeping in from the east and southeast. Five torpedo boats and destroyers were ordered out, and Alexieff himself went aboard the coast defense ship Otavaihi. A heavy fire was opened lasting from midnight till 5 o'clock, when the last of the fire ships sank.

Japanese steamers armed with Hotchkiss and Maxim guns responded warmly to the Russian fire. Two officers and a few members of the crews of the fire ships were saved by the Russians.

Nine Sunk

Tien Tsin, May 3.—The Russian officials here have received a dispatch stating that nine Japanese fire ships were sunk by the guns at Port Arthur clear of the harbor entrance.

Terrific Resistance

Port Arthur, May 4.—Some idea of the terrific resistance offered by the Russians in defending the channel Monday may be gained from the fact that thirty-five hundred shots were fired by the Russian batteries and guard ships on the attacking fire ships.

Army Ready to Advance

Seoul, May 4.—A dispatch from the Japanese front at the Yalu states that the dead from Sunday's battle have all been buried and the wounded given medical attention, and the army is ready to continue the advance. The message adds "Many of the enemy found hiding in the underbrush have been taken."

Doubtful Report

London, May 4.—Nothing further has been received concerning the capture of New Chang up to 3 p. m., and the accuracy of the report is doubted.

Agitation in China

St. Petersburg, May 4.—The newspaper Lavikie claims to have authority for the assertion that the Chinese generals Yuan, Shikai and Ma are promoting an anti-Russian agitation in the flower kingdom.

Student Spies

Berlin, May 4.—A St. Petersburg dispatch states that three students who were sent to Siberia in 1901 and were pardoned and sent to the front have been hanged for an attempt to betray the Russian cause.

Vessel Searched

London, May 4.—Reuter's Port Said correspondent reports that the Peninsula Orient liner Ostris was stopped by a Russian warship, and her mail was gone through in a search for Japanese letters. The Japanese mail was at the bottom of a huge pile and was not touched. The Ostris was out nine hours from Brindisi when she was stopped by a blank shot from the Warship Kratzer, and was detained two hours.

Orel Still Aground

St. Petersburg, May 4.—Efforts to drag the battleship Orel off the sand bank on the Neva today failed.

Japanese Loan Floated

London, May 4.—The Evening News announces that the Japanese loan of ten million pounds has been floated at about 93, secured on import duties and bearing six percent interest.

Late General News

Washington, May 3.—The Jury on the Tyner-Barrett postoffice case was completed this morning, and the preliminary statements made. Tyner was brought into court in an invalid chair.

Danmora, N. Y., May 3.—Allan Mooney, murderer of Ellen Thomas and Violet Middleton, women of questionable repute, at Saranac Lake in November, 1902, was electrocuted at 11:30 this morning. Jealousy caused the crime.

Carmel, N. Y., May 3.—A fire in the Smith Memorial hall this morning caused a panic among seventy feminine students and teachers, who all reached the ground safely, garbed in their night apparel. The building was totally destroyed.

San Francisco, Cal., May 2.—The Greth airship made a free flight this morning, going south at a good speed after describing a number of circles at an altitude of one thousand feet.

The aeronaut was forced to descend on the outskirts of the city by a minor break in the engine.

London, May 3.—A dispatch today reports that the British forces under Major Trenchard, while operating against the natives in southern Nigeria, had a severe battle in which the British native troops lost four killed and seven wounded. The enemy lost two hundred killed and wounded. Six villages were burned.

Washington, May 3.—President O'Connell has advised this morning stating that the Santa Fe strike order is generally obeyed throughout the system, with no reports of disorder.

Topeka, May 3.—All is quiet this morning in the Santa Fe shops. Eighteen additional deputies are on guard. No trouble is reported along the line.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 3.—Twenty-four hours before the meeting of the Democratic state convention the contest between Hearst and Parks is being more stubbornly fought than before.

Vancouver, May 4.—Dan McKinnon who has just arrived from Aleek diggings today says there is quite a large exodus from the creeks. He pronounces the diggings a fake.

Dublin, May 4.—A wagonette conveying Chait convent school children and servants from a visit to King Edward at Spadally was overturned today, and two were killed and others injured.

Washington, May 4.—Not a dozen spectators were in the court room today when the Tyner-Barrett post office case was resumed. Webster continued his testimony which was largely in the nature of identification.

Berlin, May 4.—Lieut. Genl. Terob, has been appointed to command the troops operating against the rebel Hereroes, in German south west Africa. Stringent measures to suppress the rebellion will be taken.

New York, May 4.—Captain Bertolozzi and crew of eight men, from the Austrian barkentine Marije, abandoned in mid-ocean Sunday, arrived on the German steamer Princess Irene today.

Being dismasted in a storm, the Marije sprung a leak and for nine days the crew labored at the pumps, while the captain stood over them, revolver in hand, and compelled them to continue at work.

Topeka, Kan., May 4.—Eighty-four machinists and apprentices went to work in the Santa Fe shops this morning. The company will bring men to take the strikers' places immediately.

Third Vice Pres. Backalew of the International Machinists is in charge of the strike on the entire system, and he will tour the road. A picket line was established today. The strikers are orderly.

Ogden, May 4.—Officers are looking for Deputy Sheriff Miller, of Butte. Miller reported to Sheriff Quinn last night that Murderer Lennox, whom he had in custody, escaped from the train, and that he followed but, seeing he could not capture him, shot Lennox dead. When the sheriff started this morning to recover the body, Miller had disappeared and cannot be located. His story is not believed here.

Portland, Or., May 3.—A desperate, free for all fight took place yesterday between the crew of the French bark Marshall de Noailles, now in port, in which fifteen men were wounded, three seriously.

The men used knives and the deck of the ship was covered with blood. The battle ended only with the intervention of the U. S. marshal. The trouble was the result of a drunken spree. Jos. Collett was arrested this morning on a charge of murder.

Los Angeles, May 4.—President Roosevelt today sent the following greeting to the Methodist Conference in session here:

"Permit me to extend greetings to the assembled Methodists. It is impossible for any student of the social and religious growth of our people to fail to understand the tremendous influence of the Methodist church in shaping this growth a right and I therefore on this occasion congratulate not merely you but all your country on what you have done, and I wish I could be with you in person as I am in spirit."

Des Moines, May 4.—When the Democratic convention assembled at 2 p. m. Hearst was master of the situation and it was a foregone conclusion that Iowa's 33 delegates to the national convention would be instructed for him.

Butler was chosen permanent chairman. He shouted some for Hearst. The Resolutions Committee, eight to three, reported a strong Hearst endorsement while the Committee on Credentials seated the Hearst people except 39 left to pacify the anti. Sixteen out of 22 district delegates and each of the four delegates at large were named by Hearst forces.

Panama, May 4.—The formal act of turning over the Panama canal to the United States government was performed with much ceremony at seven this morning. The canal was received by Second Lieut. Mark Brook, of the Engineer Corps, on behalf of the United States. Consul General Gagner and other prominent Americans witnessed the ceremony, which concluded with the raising of the American flag.

Washington May 4.—G. W. Davis, Governor of Panama and Colan, accompanied by a corps of American engineers, will leave New York Tuesday and on his arrival at Colon will assume entire control of the canal property. The 1700 laborers now employed will be continued on their work.

Shops Re-Opened

Argentine, Kans., May 3.—The Santa Fe shops reopened today. The plant is apparently in full operation and the Newton and Ottawa shops are also reopened.

Big Tie-Up of Vessels

Marseilles, May 3.—Over three thousand men are idle and one hundred and two vessels are tied up, as the result of a strike of master mariners and dock workers.

To Inspect Naval Station

Norfolk, May 3.—Secretary Moody, Senators Hale, Penrose and Bacon, Representatives Dabell, Meyers and Hemingway sailed for Guantanamo bay this morning aboard the Dolphin, to inspect the naval station there.

Cochin China Typhoon

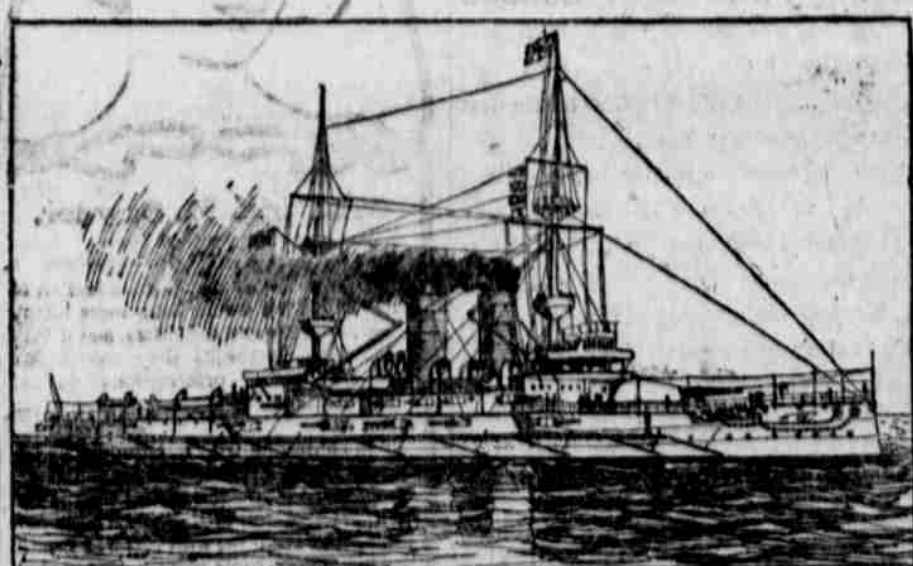
Saigon, Cochin China May 4.—A typhoon swept this country Tuesday, slaying a hundred natives, wrecking many native vessels, prostrating wires and houses. The foreign ships escaped by putting out to sea.

Coming on Arcata

San Francisco, Cal., May 3: The Arcata sailed at 11 a. m. today with the following passengers: J. M. Nye and wife, Mrs. T. Jeffers, Joe, Lewis and Dela Jeffers, Mrs. W. A. Gilmore, Miss Emma Betts, Miss Alice Bunch, Mrs. M. Morgan, John Sutton, J. B. Cooper, E. P. Warner, E. A. Ganderfinger, J. Klein, E. M. Stimson, F. Brinacomb, C. McGee, J. A. Metz, Clarence Metz, A. H. Steumons, F. Kamberg, F. Miller, Fred Keegan.

Cured His Mother of Rheumatism

"My mother has been a sufferer for many years with rheumatism," says W. H. Howard, of Hasland, Pa. "At times she was unable to move at all, while at all times walking was painful. I presented her with a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and after a few applications she decided it was the most wonderful pain reliever she had ever tried. In fact, she is never without it now and is at all times able to walk. An occasional application of Pain Balm keeps away the pain that she was formerly troubled with." For sale by John F. Reed.



THE MIKASA, JAPAN'S LARGEST BATTLESHIP, 15,200 TONS.

Success Claimed

Rome, May 4.—A Tokio dispatch asserts that the latest Japanese attempt to block the channel at Port Arthur was successful. Two vessels, the telegram says, now lie in the harbor entrance.

Claim Reiterated

London, May 4.—Reuters' Tokio correspondent also states that the Japanese were successful in their attempt to block the Port Arthur, Monday.