

# FOREIGN ELEMENT ARMING

## Strikers Drill Nightly With Winchesters--- Ammunition Confiscated

MITCHELL DECLINES ROOSEVELT'S OFFER

BECAUSE IT CONTAINS NO GUARANTEE FOR MINERS

Reminds the President that Operators Would not Agree to Accept Commission's Decision—Many Conferences Held in New York—Roosevelt May Appoint a Committee of Investigation Anyway

Scranton, Oct. 9—A thousand rounds of ammunition have been confiscated, and the consignee S. Passola, with his companions were arrested this morning. This confirms the report that the foreign element among the strikers are arming. It has been rumored for several days that the strikers near Johnson settlement are drilling nightly, fully armed with winchesters.

Passola is the leader of the foreign element. The strikers at Oliphant are watched.

Police officers had been notified of the arrival of the cartridges but waited until they were delivered, then made the arrest.

This is the second shipment of ammunition intercepted within three days.

Washington, Oct. 9—Mitchell's reply to President Roosevelt was made public this morning. It is as follows:

"Hon. Commissioner Wright has doubtless reported the delivery of your message to me Monday, and my statement that I would take the matter under advisement, although I did not regard it favorably.

Since then I have consulted the district presidents, who concur in my views. I desire again to assure you that we feel keenly the responsibility of our position, and the gravity of the situation. It would give me great pleasure to take any action to bring the strike to an end in a manner to safeguard the interests of our constituents.

In our proposition made at the conference at the White House it was believed we had gone more than half way, and had met your wishes.

It is unnecessary to refer to the malicious assault made upon us in response by the operators. Having in mind certain experiences with the operators in the past, there is no reason why we should feel any degree of confidence in their willingness to do justice in the future.

Inasmuch as they refused to agree to accept the decision of a tribunal selected by you, no law exists whereby you could enforce the findings of the commission you suggest.

We respectfully decline to accept your advice as to resumption of work, simply

upon the hope that the operators might be induced, or forced to comply with the recommendation of your commission.

We appreciate your solicitude for the people who will suffer by the continuance of the strike, but feel that it is not on us that the responsibility for this terrible state of affairs should be placed, but upon the side which refuses to defer to a fair and impartial investigation."

Washington, Oct. 9—It is believed in official circles that unless today's conference in New York gives definite promise of a speedy settlement of the coal strike, President Roosevelt will appoint a commission to investigate the matter, despite Mitchell's refusal to send the miners to work.

New York, Oct. 9—At noon it was learned that President Mitchell was not at the conference in Senator Platt's office, but instead had been with Harriman, of the Union Pacific Railway, all the forenoon.

After leaving he refused to say who was present in Harriman's office.

The Platt conference continues. It adjourned to meet at 3 o'clock this afternoon, when Mitchell and Secretary Hammerlin, of the Miners' union will be present.

Lauterbach made the following statement: "My visit to Morgan this morning was for the purpose of attempting, through him, to end the strike. He was not in his office. I will, however, see him this afternoon, also Mitchell." He declined to discuss the subject further.

New York, Oct. 9—All the coal presidents, except Baer, were in conference this afternoon with Platt, Quay, Odell, Penrose, and Lauterbach. It is unofficially understood that the senators are making a proposition towards settlement of the strike, and if the coal presidents refuse they will attempt to force the issue.

**German Forest Officials.**  
A German forest official has to pass at least seven years in probationary work before he can be a candidate for even the lowest post on the administrative staff.

**New Jersey's Clay.**  
New Jersey is the chief clay producing state in the country.

## GREAT GRAND ARMY PARADE AT WASHINGTON

Let us Brave it Comrades it May be the Last March we will Ever Take Part In

Washington, D. C., Oct. 9—Let's brave it comrades; it may be the last march we will ever take part in."

This was what a gray haired veteran of Iowa said this morning at the hour announced for the different state departments of the G. A. R. to move toward their formation places for the big parade. The belief that it might be their last chance to march again shoulder to shoulder is what led many of the age-worn veterans to brave the torture that followed for several long hours. Fortunately it was that no serious results followed and much of the credit of that is due to the physicians of Washington, who, almost to a man, volunteered their services for the occasion. Following each division their was the surgeons' corps of strong young men and the army ambulances.

But the old veterans stood the tiresome ordeal wonderfully well. The great majority of them marched with precision, even if they were not as quick at obeying commands as in the old days. And they demonstrated that forty-five years does not take a man out of service, whatever may be the civil-service rules. They carried the old flag, and some of them carried their muskets and knapsacks and blankets. They were on their feet from early morning, before the parade began, and several hours on the march in the middle of the day, though the route was greatly shortened as compared with those of previous encampments.

It was 10:30 o'clock when the signal guns to start were fired. The start was made from the Congressional Library building. The white banner of peace

and the stars and stripes led the column. The flaming stripes and starry field of the flag were the more brilliant beside the white elken banner, above which perched the white dove of peace with a sprig of ivy in its beak. So the column approached the reviewing stand, and then between them rode the commander-in-chief of the Grand Army, General Eli Torrance of Minnesota. Beside him rode Colonel A. Noel Blakeman, grand marshal of the day and his aids, who escorted the commander to the stand, while the beauty and chivalry of the national capital gave him a welcome befitting a hero who conquers in peace. On the reviewing stand were seated the President and cabinet officers and numerous other dignitaries.

The flag of the G. A. R. was hung out, the stars and stripes and the banner of peace approached, and the column moved forward again and kept moving for several hours. The executive committee of the Grand Army and the Sons of Veterans escort led the way, and then came Illinois leading the veterans of the Grand Army. The bands played "Tramp, Tramp, Tramp, the Boys Are Marching," and Columbia Post, of Chicago, 100 strong, marched down Pennsylvania Avenue as bravely as they marched on that memorable day of the grand review of 1865. But the strains of music and the applause took the heart out of many of the old soldiers and the only wonder is that it did not make them all as sentimental as were many of those who looked on and let the tears course down their cheeks as they saw the Grand Army on probably its last grand review.

It was long after the noon hour when the last of the veterans had marched by the White House. The entire route was decorated lavishly, every building, public and private, being adorned with the stars and stripes, bunting of red, white and blue and the insignia of the G. A. R. and the various army corps, until the eye of the spectator was sated with the varied display. It is estimated that

500,000 persons witnessed the pageant. The morning trains brought hundreds of visitors from all points within a radius of a hundred miles of Washington and seldom has the capital entertained a larger crowd.

### New Burying Ground.

Sumner is to have a new cemetery. J. P. Wilson has deeded a piece of land on the side-hill near his farm-house, where several interments have already been made, and the citizens of the town have made arrangements to clear and fence the ground. Thos. Boone has taken a contract for the clearing, and a basket social will be held to raise funds for the fencing.



Mrs. Laura S. Webb,

Vice-President Women's Democratic Clubs of Northern Ohio.

"I dreaded the change of life which was fast approaching. I noticed Wine of Cardui, and decided to try a bottle. I experienced some relief the first month, so I kept on taking it for three months and now I menstruate with no pain and I shall take it off and on now until I have passed the climax."

Female weakness, disordered menses, falling of the womb and ovarian troubles do not wear off. They follow a woman to the change of life. Do not wait but take Wine of Cardui now and avoid the trouble. Wine of Cardui never fails to benefit a suffering woman of any age. Wine of Cardui relieved Mrs. Webb when she was in danger. When you come to the change of life Mrs. Webb's letter will mean more to you than it does now. But you may now avoid the suffering she endured. Druggists sell \$1 bottles of Wine of Cardui.

WINE OF CARDUI

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There is lively interest in the delightful new things, and this store is the center of interest for the fashionable.

The new garments

Are well tailored, perfectly fitting and dressy. It is time you saw the beauties,

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