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Cream of the Week's News.

Published Every Day in the Daily Coast Mail.

New Castle, Oct. 6—One hundred thousand tons of coal were sold here this afternoon for export to America.

San Francisco, Oct. 6—Advises from Honolulu say the territorial treasurer had disappeared leaving a shortage in cash of \$18,000. Commissioner Dolz has suspended Auditor Herbert and C. Austin for giving personal checks on banks in which they had no funds.

Salem, Oct. 6—A fire Saturday night practically destroyed the entire business district of Gervais, entailing a loss of about \$40,000, on which there was only a small amount of insurance.

The fire was incendiary and was started in a confectionery store.

The residence district had a narrow escape.

Washington, Oct. 6—Rear-Admiral Wilds, at Cavite, called the department today as follows:

"A destructive earthquake occurred at Guam, September 22nd. No Americans were injured. The naval station was damaged to the extent of \$23,000. The insular public buildings and bridges suffered a loss of \$22,000."

Authority is requested to purchase material to make repairs.

Wilkesbarre, Oct. 4—There is great disappointment among the miners, but all stand firm and their confidence in Mitchell is unshaken. Admiration for President Roosevelt has increased. They say they will fight on.

New York, Oct. 4—The consensus of editorial opinion today is that the operators should be taken at their word, and it is now up to Governor Stone to maintain peace.

Boston, Oct. 4—The Advertiser says today: "In the face of so many controversies as are now in the coal regions, the courts should not hesitate to take charge of the public corporations, and carry them on by means of receivers until such time as the owners are able to resume the normal conduct of business. Unless the owners of the mines are able to run them, why not, in the public interest, apply this powerful governmental remedy, leaving the quarrel between the mine owners and mine workers to be settled out of court, after the public needs have been satisfied. We can stand the temporary socialistic remedy."

Washington, Oct. 6—President Roosevelt and Secretary Shaw met in conference this morning and discussed the

strike and the financial matter.

The president will talk with his Cabinet officers today hoping to find some new paths leading to a settlement of the strike.

The rumor is persistent that President Roosevelt has appealed to Mitchell that the miners return to work pending a congressional investigation of their grievances.

It is understood that correspondence on the strike will be given out this evening.

Scranton, Oct. 6—The report that President Roosevelt is still trying to settle the strike has revived the hope of the miners today, and all are standing firm. No attempt was made to start any collieries in the Lackawanna valley.

President Mitchell has quietly disappeared from here, and it is generally believed that he left for Washington.

Efforts to start the Sterling washery this morning proved a failure, the men engaged for the purpose becoming frightened and retreating to their homes.

It is stated on good authority that Governor Stone is making preparation to call out the entire national guard.

Washington, Oct. 4—President Roosevelt is said to be considerably aroused over the failure to effect a strike settlement, and the implied insult offered by the operators in demanding the use of the army to protect the mines.

It is believed the next step will be calling Governor Stone into consultation on the question of summoning an extra session of the Pennsylvania legislature to take action for reopening the mines.

President Mitchell, this morning characterized the operators' proffer to submit individual grievances to the courts as the veriest sham, given out with the idea of confusing the public into the belief that they wish justice.

Root, Knox and Wright held a conference this afternoon.

Root made the following statement at noon. "The president won't call an extra session of congress, nor consult with Stone nor even offer the latter suggestions for interference. Neither will he ask Morgan to confer. He considers the state of Pennsylvania the proper and only authority to handle the strike.

"As long as the operators and miners refuse to settle their differences among themselves, the only hope is that the conference of yesterday may result in good. At present he contemplates no further move. He will certainly send no troops to the field unless Gov. Stone

suggests that course."

President Thomas of the Erie line says he has 17,000 non-union miners ready to work, if the government affords protection.

Special to the Mail.

New York, Oct. 10—A forceful attempt to settle the anthracite strike is being made today and pressure is being brought to bear upon the operators.

The latter admit the pressure, but say they cannot be forced, either politically or by pressure to surrender their attitude.

Conference yesterday left considerable ill feeling. As a result, Senators Quay and Penrose and Governor Odell went to Morgan direct this morning and were closeted with the great financier for an hour and a half.

The senator returned to Platt's office, leaving Odell with Morgan. Odell left a short time after, and was followed by the financier, who told the newspaper men he had nothing to say, and they would better mind their own business.

Odell went to Platt's office immediately. It is the common belief in Wall street that he threatened to call a special session of the legislature to seize and operate the mines under right of eminent domain.

Morgan was apparently very angry.

Coal President Baer arrived in Senator Platt's office at noon and was followed by President Thomas. Hundreds of clerks and brokers lined the hallways and pavements. Mitchell remains at the Ashland house, and is constantly apprised of progress through his agents.

Regarding the Denver offer that the western miners would go on a sympathy strike, he said this morning that he had corresponded on the subject but most of the miners in the West and Northwest were quartz miners and the coal men were in the minority. While he has not reached a conclusion, the general tenor of his remarks leads to the belief that he won't accept the offer.

Washington, Oct. 10—Labor Commissioner Wright had an hour's conference with President Roosevelt this morning. He states that the president contemplates a new move, but didn't say what.

The Delaware & Hudson railroad, through Vice President Wilcox, has appealed to President Roosevelt to take action against the United Mine Workers, under the Sherman act on the ground that their organization is illegal and a conspiracy in restraint of trade among several states.

New York, Oct. 10—The conference in Platt's office ended at 1:10 o'clock. No formal statement has been given out. Odell and Platt said an adjournment

had been taken until Tuesday, and that nothing definite had been decided upon.

Wall street says that Morgan told Odell that he couldn't interfere as he had given promise to keep his hands off. He says, however, he would put no bar in the way of a conference with the operators. Quay and Penrose expect to return to Philadelphia this afternoon.

Washington, Oct. 7—President Roosevelt practically sidetracked all public business for the anthracite strike matters today.

This morning he held another meeting, Knox, Moody, Payne and J. S. Clarkson being present.

Nothing was given out but it is believed the president is considering the advisability of proceeding against the coal roads under the anti-trust laws. Attorney General Knox has been investigating the matter and ordered the district attorney of New York to look into the evidence produced by those seeking a solution of the difficulty.

Washington, Oct. 7—The following announcement was made from the White House this afternoon:

"On Monday Hon. Carroll D. Wright, commissioner of labor, went to Philadelphia and gave John Mitchell the following from the president. "If Mr. Mitchell will secure immediate return to work of the miners, the president will immediately appoint a commission to thoroughly investigate all matters in issue and do all in his power to obtain a

settlement of the questions in dispute, in accordance with the report of the commission'.

Mitchell has taken the matter under consideration but the president has not yet been advised of any decision.

Buffalo, Oct. 7—The conference between President Mitchell and the association of manufacturers adjourned to meet tomorrow at Philadelphia, where it is hoped to have the operators present.

The manufacturers will try to influence the operators to arbitrate.

Mitchell declares that the miners will not accept Roosevelt's proposition and return to work pending investigation of their grievances.


New York, Oct. 7—The coal presidents met today in one of their regular weekly meetings. All seem jubilant and say they will find plenty of men to take the place of the miners, now that military protection is gained.

Washington, Oct. 7—Members of the executive council of the Federation of Labor this afternoon agreed that Mitchell should refuse to accept the president's offer, on the ground that proposition contains no tangible advantage to the miners, being dependent on future actions. Samuel Gompers says the Federation will continue to stand by the strikers.

Harrisburg, Oct. 7—Major Gen'l. Miller today sent out an assignment order to the troops who are expected to be on the ground Thursday.

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