CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Look Carefully To Your Kidneys

Dr. Jenner's Kidney Pills

cause the kidneys to work as nature intended they should.

They build up the shrunken walls of the kidneys, as no known remedy has been found to do before.

As a cure for urinary troubles they have no equal.

10, 25, 50 Cents

Red Cross Drug Store.

A Subtle Foe

Dyspepsia is unrecognized in half the cases. It deceives the unknowing sufferer. Its many variations run along the weakest lines of the system. To battle against only one of them is vain. Our booklet explains symptoms. Our Dyspepsia Tablets give complete and lasting relief.

GILES' Dyspepsia Tablets

10c., 25c., and 50c.

Red Cross Store

Don't Force Your Bowels

with harsh minerals which always leave bad after-effects on the entire system, and where their use is persisted in, tend to completely wreck the stomach and bowels.

..USE..

Edgar's Cathartic Confections

The only harmless, vegetable, bowel regulator, and liver vitalizer known.

As pleasant to the taste as candy, and as positive as the harshest mineral. No gripe or pain.

10, 25, 50 cents.

Red Cross Drug Store.

The Flight of Time.

A masked man confronted me with a pistol in a lonely spot on the dark road. "Cough up your chronometer," he demanded gruffly.

I fumbled for my 18 carat timepiece, thinking that my last hour was at hand. When I dared to look up, he had vanished with his plunder.

Even then, such is the incongruity of the human mind, though rejoiced that my time had not yet come, I regretted in my heart that it had gone.—New York Sun.

Coast Mail.

MARSHFIELD OREGON

BRAVING SPION KOP.

VIVID STORY TOLD BY ONE OF BULLER'S SOLDIERS.

The Disaster Only an Incident In a Week of Fighting—A Fearful Spectacle For Those on the Outside. The Clever Boers.

[Copyright, 1901, by G. L. Nilson.]

SPION KOP did not, as many suppose, begin and end with the catastrophe upon the hop itself, says one who was there. The actual fighting, the "rush and hold" which distinguish a battle from a mere engagement, began on Saturday, Jan. 19, and ended when the troops dragged their exhausted limbs back over the Tugela pontoons again in the dawn of Saturday, Jan. 27. Between these two dates the fighting was uninterrupted and dogged, and it is of these seven days of strain, with thousands charging, firing, dying, along the crest of the mountains, that one who was present will think when he hears the battle of Spion Kop mentioned in after days.

Buller's first march from the Tugela toward Ladysmith seemed to be a clean sweep of Boers from his track. Finally the British came in front of a rank of mountain spurs separated by dark gorges. The gold was in form of a crescent, with Spion kop at one horn. Back of all this, on high ground, lay the main Boer position. The crest line of the ridge the Boers held with a few men and made no show of resistance when the British rushed them. This enabled Buller to send home dispatches of his marvelous victories in driving the Boers from key positions one after another.

General Hart's brigade rushed two gorges on Saturday, the 20th, but when his men were hurled forward of the crest line upon the open ground leading back to the Boer defenses on the distant ridge the wily burghers showed that they were not asleep, neither flying before Buller's army. Great guns and Mausers began to volley bullets and shrapnel, and the British rested that night with sore knuckles and shins, thankful that they still held the crest lines of the ridge. Between the lines the tall grass had been fired by shells, and the British in their soaked khaki looked at the warm glow with envy, although the rumor sped along the line that some Boers had been caught in the fire and were burning up beyond the reach of help. Next morning was Sunday, and Hillyard's brigade rushed a third gorge, adding another spur to the British captures, and all the army began to crow over the victories which later turned out valueless.

In all these movements the British held their breath, gripped their weapons for death struggles, used up their nerve and vigor fighting men of straw, all with tremendous show of energy and valor. The Boers played a good game. They let no chance slip to rake the British advancing lines with shrapnel and often mowed down the ranks in heaps. Really the British died countless deaths in imagination.

A lull followed one terrible outburst of Boer fire poured into some of the Queen's and Yorkshire regiments who tried to rush over the naked flat.

"It was of short duration," says the anonymous writer whose story in Blackwood's is the basis of this account, "and was broken into by the first shot of six days' continual sniping and volley firing. All along the ridge ran the steady roll of fire, from behind low sangers, big bowlders, from little depressions, sometimes straying away in portions of the line, sometimes redoubling in intensity throughout its lengths like common impulses. Now and then a company would tap the orchestra with rhythmic volleys, while thousands of free lances on either side stood their hands for a moment as if to listen; then the independent firing would recommence, rifle to rifle, until the rhythm of the volley was drowned in the tremendous rattle; then two or three Maxims would chime in, and the whole ridge resounded from end to end, peak calling to peak, ravine to ravine.

"It was to this crashing accompaniment of musketry that the writer's battalion moved forward late in the afternoon to relieve a regiment upon the crest line. A shell or two side of the mark and a spinkling of bullets creeping almost perceptibly were all the notice taken of our advance by doubtless elevated advance. Evening was just falling when we entered the deep gorge, at the top of which lay the battalion we had come to relieve. It was a curious and depressing spectacle. Imagine a huge basin of shallow brown earthenware with sides so steep that your neck is strained as you look up from your position at the bottom. From the encircling rim are darting innumerable spurts of flame looking almost angry against the darkening sky. These are from the rifles of men clinging like flies to the crest line. All around a ceaseless hum, which now felt than heard, as the fingers before winds down at the end of their flight and plop into the soft earth or strike with a crisp split upon a boulder. There are not very many of them now, for the Boers are easing off after a hard day, and we are sending them to Lady Buller's for one Manser across the plateau.

"The relief is soon effected. We climb the stony wall. The relieved battalion stumbles wearily past us and disappears in the gloom behind to its well earned rest, all save one of its officers, who refuses to go until he has found some of his dead lying out on the plateau. He pokes about in the darkness in front of us, feels the barrows he is looking for and on his return jeers us in a hasty rapid-light dance with as much unmoveren as if he had been out mushroom picking."

During the night the Boers planted some guns to rake the gorge and showered the British with small shot all day the 22d. There was not an instant's cessation of fire, not an inch of ground gained nor an inch lost. Another night the counterpart of that of the 22d, broken by the same fusillade at dawn, and another day under ceaseless rain of iron, and the battalion was ordered back for a night's rest, then, early on the 24th, was sent forward to support the attack on Spion kop. Spion kop had been seized in the night.

"As we started toward the fatal hop all was calm upon its summit. The stormers, having won the hill after a brief scuffle with a scattered picket, were busy rearranging the confusion of a night advance and piling up sangers with the few loose stones available. The enemy, very much disconcerted for the moment, were entrenching in the background as to their next move. Only a few hardy spirits lay on the far end of the ridge waiting for 'something to turn up.' Over all lay a brooding mist and a quiet which was curiously contrasted with the fusillade volleys from the spurs and gorges of our left attack. Then the sun rose and the mists fled before it. When the last filmy veil had disappeared, one could see the crowded masses of the British force like little black centipedes against the light blue sky, and how thick they appeared!

"Surely the enemy must be very narrow if but one brigade were huddle together in this manner, a mark such as artillerists desire of, but seldom enjoy to win. The Boer artillerists are then almost as keen as we do. A boom from the high ground which run like the conspine of a T across the line of the hop, a puff of woolly smoke in the air, and a shrapnel shell, timed to a fraction, burst through the park on the hillface. Then the 12s fire begins, shorn, angry, incessant, from every crevice and every knoll. To us below the whole mountain seemed alive with noise. Then some shrapnel, striking of it, strewing the ground by with balls and smoke as if a giant hand were flinging crystals into the air, while the sob of Boy Scouts swayed and shook, distinguished and reformed into parts in a manner terrible to see to one who knows what the look of shrapnel is like.

"Now a train of shells would burst at the upper end of the rank, which appeared to surge forward a little, reducing the depth of the targets; then another placed with diabolical skill in advance of the first. The men in rear edged still farther forward until a solid mass of humanity stood revealed upon the sky line. Quick as a flash the whole Boer battery was upon them. Bang! Bang! Bang! Bang! A storm of projectiles tore into the black mass which broke into agitated patches, some shifting forward, some back, some disappearing altogether as the men scampering there fell below our line of vision. Again the same performance—cloth battered, more targets, leading their victims on to the slaughter ground for the rough de grace of that appalling salve. Splendid gunnery, but a frightful spectacle in all its unbeautiful clearness up there on the rearbarked ridge, visible to the angry, pitying eyes of the whole army.

"Meanwhile our artillery and his naval ordnance blared and thundered their best and hardest, at first methodically, with calculation and much consultation and leveling of telescopes, then impatiently, then wildly and desperately. Will those Boer guns never stop? You may take it on the word of a gunner that each of them has been hit at least six times, but still the beaming from, leaves lower where and the bulls of smoke over the summit of Spion kop. Even the pompoms, whose balls must be less hard to locate, add their stroke of chaff without let or kindness to the avalanche falling upon the unfortunate men of Wynyard's brigade, the survivors of yesterday, the officers of today. Then the mist and the night came down together, the firing ceased, and the weary commandeers lay in the dones and on the soil, our companions slept not a wink for fear of what might befall the stricken harapists on the kop."

That night the hill was evacuated and the day passed in burying the dead. Toward evening orders came to retreat to the pontoons across the Tugela. The mighty campaign to Ladysmith was a fizzle. Hardly were the orders issued when it began to rain, a cold, pitless, incessant downpour, which soaked the thin khaki in five minutes. The battalion of the Blackwood contributor covered the retreat.

"What a march that was," he writes, "back over a stony campaigne down to the pontoons. The road was as slippery as ice and ankle deep. Every second came the clatter of a falling man or struggling horse, every moment a check to the slow moving column. Here and there a stifled cry would tell of a sprained ankle, and a form would be carried out from the midst of the press to

"THE DARK FORM OF A HORSEMAN LOOMED UP."

await the arrival of a stretcher. Every hundred yards or so the dark form of a horseman loomed up, motionless as a statue, cloaked and dripping. These were the mounted men distributed along the track to mark its course. About 4 a. m. the 27th, just as dawn broke over the swollen, dismal Tugela, the bridge was reached, and as the last battalion tramped over the warment planks which swayed sickly beneath the moving within a single shell sang dearily from the enemy's position away back in the mist and fell with a splash into the water alongside."

It was like the full stop at the end of a chapter, a chapter of failure and sorrow unrelieved save by the ceaseless heroism of the dead and living whose duty it had been to write it.

GEORGE L. KILMER.

Norris Silver, North Stratford, N. H.: "I purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure when suffering with a cough doctors told me was incurable. One bottle relieved me, the second and third almost cured. Today I am a well man." Red Cross Drug Store and Sengstacken's Pharmacy.

Profits of Ignorance.

"Why don't you bookstore clerks know more about books?"

"Madam, we don't dare be intellectual, for customers would ask us so many questions that we couldn't make any sales."—Chicago Record.

Many physicians are now prescribing Kodol Dyspepsia Cure regularly having found that it is the best prescription they can write because it is the one preparation which contains the elements necessary to digest not only some kinds of food but all kind and it therefore cures indigestion and dyspepsia no matter what the cause. Red Cross Drug Store and Sengstacken's Pharmacy.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

The Chinese are not entirely clothed in cotton. The ordinary annual crop of silk in China is estimated at about 21,000,000 pounds, of which over 60 per cent is consumed in the country where it is produced.

Gen. W. Lane, Pewamo, Mich., writes: "Your Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is the best remedy for indigestion and stomach trouble that I ever used. For years I suffered from dyspepsia, at times compelling me to stay in bed and causing me untold agony. I am completely cured by Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. In recommending it to friends who suffer from indigestion I always offer to pay for it if it fails. Thus far I have never paid." Red Cross Drug Store and Sengstacken's Pharmacy.

CASTORIA. For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Way to Quit Is to Quit.

"The most original way of stopping smoking," said a man, "was pointed out to me by a portly, good natured and healthy gentleman of 60 who looked to be not over 50. 'Twenty years ago,' he said, 'I found that I was using too much tobacco, for I was not without some form of nicotine every hour of the day. So one New Year's eve I sat down and, with a box of cigars before me, decided to smoke the old year out and quit. At five minutes before midnight I threw the stub of my cigar into the fire and arose to retire, remarking to my wife, "I am not going to want to smoke any more."

"'She laughed at me, but I meant it. The next morning before starting for the office I placed three or four cigars in my pocket, as usual, and my wife, seeing the act, said triumphantly, "I thought you were not going to smoke any more."

"'I replied: "I didn't say that. I said I was not going to want to smoke any more. If I want to smoke, I shall smoke." But I never had the desire and have never smoked since that time.'"

In China there is 20 times as much coal as in all Europe.

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR.

"Something New Under The Sun"

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucious membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE" and is sold at the extremely low price of one Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of one Dollar. Address Dept. E657, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

C. W. Tower, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in Sengstacken and Smith's Bldg. Front street, Marshfield, Oregon.

J. W. Bennett,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW.
Office over Coos Bay Bank, Front street Marshfield, Oregon.

W. U. Douglas,
ATTORNEY AT LAW AND U. S. COMMISSIONER.
Front street, Marshfield, Oregon.

CARPETS IN THE ROLL.

WITH flying colors

Our carpet department opens the fall campaign. We have taken pretty good care of carpet customers heretofore, but this season we are in better form than ever.

Choose from the new goods while they are new and the stock is complete.

FURNITURE.

The latest and handsomest product of the best factories—all new goods—at our usual low prices.

CHRISTENSEN & JOHNSON

PLACER MINERS

Having PLATINUM IRIDIUMSMIUM and other PLATINUM METALS associated with their gold, should save them. They are worth about as much as gold. They cannot be saved by amalgamation. For info or free analysis send to the Washash Co., Room 8 Arch Sts., Philadelphia, Pa. For information as to methods of saving the metals write to the Washash Minerals Co., Limited, 140 Ellis St., San Francisco, California.

Bound to Have Order.

"My husband is just too ridiculous for anything."

"Why so?"

"Why, he staid at home last night and attended to the children while I went to the club. When I returned, he was sitting on a chair in the corner, a black snake whip in one hand and a revolver in the other."—Indianapolis Sun.

A never failing cure for cuts, burns, scalds, ulcers wounds and sores is De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve. A most soothing and healing remedy for all skin affections. Accept only the genuine. Red Cross Drug Store and Sengstacken's Pharmacy.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Finest.

"When do you intend to start for the south?"

"We shall probably leave Tuesday."

"Expect to take the rest of the week with you?"—Chicago Tribune.

B. W. Purcell, Kinterville, Pa., says he suffered 25 years with piles and could obtain no relief until De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve effected a permanent cure. Counterfeits are worthless. Red Cross Drug Store and Sengstacken's Pharmacy.

Let a boy follow his natural business tendencies. So many plow horses are being worked in carriages.—Atchison Globe.

Sid Darling, 1012 Howard st., Port Huron, Mich., writes: "I have tried many pills and laxatives but De Witt's Little Early Risers are far the best pills I have ever used. They never gripe. Red Cross Drug Store and Sengstacken's Pharmacy.

Cast iron plows were first made in this country in 1797 and were greatly objected to from the belief that the cast iron poisoned the ground and prevented the plants from growing.

Don't wait until you become chronically constipated but take De Witt's Little Early Risers now and then. They will keep your liver and bowels in good order. Easy to take. Safe pills. Red Cross Drug Store and Sengstacken's Pharmacy.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

After the convict has served out his term in the Maine penitentiary and has donned the suit of clothes given him by the state he is required to sit for his photograph, and it is kept for future reference.

Henry Byden, Harris, N. C., says: "I took medicine 20 years for asthma but one bottle of One Minute Cough Cure did me more good than any thing else during that time. Best Cough Cure. Red Cross Drug Store and Sengstacken's Pharmacy.

Betrayed by His Feet.

Sherlock Holmes—I have not looked around, but a very tall man just came in and sat down in the opera chair behind me.

Miss Marvel—It is true! Say, you do the most wonderful things. Now, tell me how you knew without looking of the tall man's presence.

Sherlock Holmes—His feet are sticking through under my chair.—Ohio State Journal.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land office, Roseburg, Oregon, August 27, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provision of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, MARK D. CUTLIP, of Marshfield, county of Coos State (or Territory) of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1803, for the purchase of the SE¼ of section No. 34 in Township No. 25 S, Range No. 11 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Reciver of this office at Roseburg Oregon, on Tuesday, the 12th day of November, 1901.

He names as witnesses: Jessie A. Smith, Anton Wirth, Edward Wires, and Charles L. Smith, all of Marshfield, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 12th day of November, 1901.

8-31 J. T. BRIDGES, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Roseburg, Oregon, Sept. 3, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, WILLIAM FERREY, of Marshfield, county of Coos, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1818, for the purchase of the E½ of NE¼ and SW¼ of NE¼ of Section No. 35 and SE¼ of SE¼ Section 26 in Township No. 25, Range No. 11 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Monday, the 11th day of November, 1901.

He names as witnesses: S B Catlip, W H Short, J A Matson, A Wirth, of Marshfield, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 11th day of November, 1901.

9-7 J. T. BRIDGES, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACF JUNE 3, 1878
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Roseburg, Oregon, Sept. 3, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, JULIUS A. MATSON, of Marshfield, county of Coos, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1816, for the purchase of the SE¼ of Section No. 1 in Township No. 26, Range No. 11 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Monday, the 11th day of November, 1901.

He names as witnesses: S B Catlip, W H Short, Wm Ferrey, A Wirth, of Marshfield, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 11th day of November, 1901.

9-7 J. T. BRIDGES, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Roseburg, Oregon, Sept. 17, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, WILLIAM S. DENNING, of Marshfield, county of Coos, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1839 for the purchase of the NE¼ of Section No. 13 in Township 26 South, of Range 11 west, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 31 day of December, 1901.

He names as witnesses: Jessie Smith, Albert Abbott, Lester Smith, Anton Wirtt all of Marshfield, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 31 day of December, 1901.

9-21 J. T. BRIDGES, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land office, Roseburg, Oregon, August 14, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, ELGAR RATKOWSKI, of Pe Ell, county of Lewis, State (or Territory) of Washington, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1772 for the purchase of the NW ¼ of Section No. 12 in Township No. 26 South, Range No. 11 west, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Friday, the 25th day of October, 1901.

He names as witnesses: August Mayer, Albert Mauermann, Stanley Globa, Charles E. Knox, of Pe Ell, Washington.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 25th day of october, 1901.

8-10 J. T. BRIDGES, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Roseburg, Oregon, Aug 27 1901.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, ANTON WIRTH, of Marshfield, county of Coos State (or Territory) of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1802, for the purchase of the SE¼ of Section No. 35 in Township No. 25 S. Range No. 11 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg Oregon, on Tuesday, the 12th day of November, 1901.

He names as witnesses: Jessie A. Smith, Wilfred L. Wirth, Edward Wires, and Mark D Cutlip all of Marshfield, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 12th day of November 1901.

8-31 J. T. BRIDGES, Register.

John F. Hall,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in Eldorado block, Front street, Marshfield, Oregon.

I. Hacker,
ABSTRACTOR
Coquille City, Ore.
Abstracts of title of real property in Coos county furnished promptly. Have a set of abstracts.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Roseburg, Oregon, August 27th, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, ROBERT E. L. HAYTER, of Marshfield, county of Coos, State of Oregon has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1801, for the purchase of the Lots 3, 4, S½ NW¼ of Section No. 2, in Township No. 26 S, Range No. 11 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 12 day of November, 1901.

He names as witnesses: Mark D. Cutlip, Anton Wirth, Edward W. Wires, Charles L. Smith, of marshfield, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 12th day of November, 1901.

8-31 J. T. BRIDGES, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Roseburg, Oregon, Sept. 17, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, ALBERT ABBOTT, of Marshfield, county of Coos, State of Oregon has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1838, for the purchase of the SE¼ of Section No. 13, Township 26 South, of Range 11 West and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 3d day of December, 1901.

He names as witnesses: William S. Denning, Jessie Smith, Lester Smith, Antoin Wirtt all of Marshfield, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 3d day of December, 1901.

9-21 J. T. BRIDGES, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Roseburg, Oregon, August 14, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, W. JOHN FLOOD, of Dryad, County of Lewis, State (or Territory) of Washington, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1788, for the purchase of the NE ¼ of Section No. 26, in Township No. 26 S, Range No. 11 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Saturday the 26th day of october, 1901.

He names as witnesses: Louis Toepelt, Herman Toepelt, Albert H. Toepelt, of Doty, Washington, Albert Willis, of Roseburg, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 26th day of october, 1901.

8-17 J. T. BRIDGES, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land office, Roseburg, Oregon, August 7th, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, ELGAR RATKOWSKI, of Pe Ell, county of Lewis, State (or Territory) of Washington, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1772 for the purchase of the NW ¼ of Section No. 12 in Township No. 26 South, Range No. 11 west, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Friday, the 25th day of October, 1901.

He names as witnesses: August Mayer, Albert Mauermann, Stanley Globa, Charles E. Knox, of Pe Ell, Washington.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 25th day of october, 1901.

8-10 J. T. BRIDGES, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Roseburg, Oregon, Aug 27 1901.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892 ANTON WIRTH, of Marshfield, county of Coos State (or Territory) of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1802, for the purchase of the SE¼ of Section No. 35 in Township No. 25 S. Range No. 11 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg Oregon, on Tuesday, the 12th day of November, 1901.

He names as witnesses: Jessie A. Smith, Wilfred L. Wirth, Edward Wires, and Mark D Cutlip all of Marshfield, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 12th day of November 1901.

8-31 J. T. BRIDGES, Register.