

The Coast Mail.

MARSHFIELD, OREGON.
Thursday, May 28, 1885

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By JOHN CHURCH, Editor and Proprietor

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Comfort Through a Window.

[CHILD WITHIN TO TRAMP WITHOUT.]
It's not so nice here as it looks.
With china that keeps breaking so,
And five of Mr. Tenney's books
Too fine to look in—is it, though?

If you just had to sit here (well!)
In satin chairs too blue to touch,
And look at flowers too sweet to smell,
In vases—would you like it much?

If you see any flowers, they grow.
And you can find them in the sun.
These are the ones we buy, you know,
In winter time—when there are none!

Then you can sit on rocks, you see,
And walk about in water, too—
Because you have no shoes! Dear me!
How many things they let you do!

Then you can sleep out in the shade
All day, I guess, and all night too,
Because—you know, you're not afraid
Of other fellows just like you!

You have no home like this, you know.
(Where summer comes, and ladies call)—
Where the moon lives in, though,
And that's the prettiest place of all!

—(Dublin Irish Times.)

THE COLUMBIA RIVER.

Reminiscences of Capt. Gray, the Discoverer.

J. G. Swan, Esq., of Port Townsend, W. T., writes: While on a tour to Boston, in 1857, I obtained from the venerable Timothy Dodd, then 92 years of age, the following interesting reminiscence of Captain Robert Gray, the discoverer of the Columbia river.

Dodd was in business in Boston as one of the firm of Dodd & Parke, who fitted out the ship Columbia and sloop Washington in 1787 for Burrell, Bulfinch, Pinkard, Darby and others, who owned the two vessels, the former being commanded by Capt. John Kenrick and the latter by Capt. Gray. This was the first expedition ever fitted out by Americans for the northwest coast, and was crowned with success. Gray, while in command of the sloop Washington, discovered the Columbia, and in attempting to enter it came near being wrecked on Clatsop spit, and was obliged to proceed north to Nootka. He subsequently entered the river in the ship Columbia in 1792, and named the great river after his ship.

When enough furs had been obtained Gray took command of the ship and Kenrick remained on the coast in the sloop, trading with the Indians. Gray's voyage from Nootka was to Canton and thence to Boston. On his way he visited several islands of the Hawaiian group, where he was most hospitably received and kindly treated. Such was the confidence of both king and people in Capt. Gray that he was permitted to take with him to Boston the crown prince, fully relying on his promise to return him home again.

Some time about the year 1842 an eye-witness of the return of the Columbia from her first voyage relates the scene, which was published in the Cincinnati Post, and the article preserved by Dodd in his scrap book, from which he kindly permitted me to make the following extract:

"The ship Columbia was absent upwards of three years, and had not been heard from for a large portion of the time, when, in the summer of 1790, on a fine afternoon, a strange ship, bearing the American flag, arrived abreast of the castle and fired a national salute, which was promptly returned by that fortress. The firing was distinctly seen and heard from Boston, but no one could imagine what ship it was bearing our country's flag doing and receiving such honor. The inhabitants were all in motion, crowding to Long wharf by thousands. The artillery was ordered out. As the ship came to anchor off the end of the wharf the delighted multitude rent the air with joyful exclamations, while salutes of artillery shook the neighboring hills, and the astonished people of the adjacent towns hurried in to the city to join the general joy. The ship having returned the salute of the city, the custom house barge was manned and the venerable Gen. Benjamin Lincoln, collector of the port, with the owners of the Columbia, repaired on board, and after bidding a hearty welcome to Capt. Gray and his princely passenger, they returned to the wharf together, when the air again rung with loud cheers and the artillery poured forth its thunder. The prince was dressed in a helmet of the ancient Roman form, covered with small feathers of the most beautiful plumage, which glittered in the sun. On his body he wore a close dress, not visible except the sleeves, and over it a large flowing robe, in the form of a toga of cloth, covered with feathers precisely like the helmet. In this splendid costume he took the arm of Capt. Gray and, a procession being formed, they marched to Gov. John Hancock's house, on Beacon street, who had sent his adjutant-general to bid them welcome, and where the distinguished stranger was received with the princely hospitality of the grand old governor. The owners of the vessel were also received with distinguished honors by the governor, and the occasion was one long remembered."

After a stay of some months, during which the prince was the recipient of every kindness and courtesy, the ship was refitted and, with the same commander, returned the prince in safety to his country and friends. From thence sprang all that friendly intercourse between these islands and the United States, to whom they are indebted for civilization and the useful arts and benefits of the Christian religion.

It was on his second voyage that Capt.

Gray, while in command of the Columbia, entered the great river of the west and bestowed upon it the name of his ship. It was his enterprise which secured to the United States the whole of that valuable region watered by the Columbia, and his first voyage from Nootka to Canton, where he arrived on the 10th of December, 1789, and his voyage from thence to Boston, where he arrived on the 10th of August, 1790, was the first time the American flag was carried round the world. Capt. Gray was the first man who brought about a friendly feeling and subsequent intercourse with the Hawaiian islands, which has now ripened into a friendship of lasting importance. When a century shall have elapsed since the ship of Capt. Gray first entered and named the Columbia river, it will be fitting for the people who have derived such great benefits from his enterprise to erect a suitable monument in honor of the great navigator somewhere at the Columbia's mouth, either at Scarborough's hill, Chinook, or at Astoria, the old Fort George. Any other country doubtless would erect this have some monument or tablet erected to the memory of such a man. Although our whole nation is benefited by Capt. Gray's daring intrepidity and brilliant discoveries, yet it is Oregon and Washington territory which should be proud to do him honor for the discovery of the Columbia river and Bulfinch harbor, now known as Gray's harbor. Charles Bulfinch, the Boston merchant, was one of the owners of the Columbia who took the most active part in the enterprise, and Gray named the harbor in his honor; a name which should have been perpetuated, as Gray's bay, on the Columbia, perpetuates the name of the discoverer of the "Mighty Oregon."

It seems both right and appropriate that a monument to Capt. Gray should be erected, and on it inscribed the names of the men whose means and enterprise gave this great section of the northwest to the United States.

Let honorable mention, therefore, be made of the name of Capt. Gray, that the memory of his gallant deeds perish not from among us.

Gray continued to command trading vessels from Boston till 1809, about which time he died, and, according to tradition, was buried in Copp's hill burying ground, at the north end, Boston.

THE CAPTURE OF RIEL.

Arrested by the Man He Once Sentenced to be Shot.

CHICAGO, May 18.—As G. D. Boulton, of the First National bank, read dispatches from the north and noted that Riel, the famous rebel, had surrendered, he remarked that this was a case of retributive justice, if ever there was one. Said he: "The dispatch says Riel surrendered to Major Boulton. This major is my brother, and he was captured by Riel and had a very narrow escape from death at the hands of the Indians. It was during the rebellion led by Riel in 1869. My brother had been up in that country a short time before with a surveying party. He had been an officer in the English army, and at the urgent request of settlers took charge of a deputation to visit the rebels at Winnipeg. He had a very satisfactory interview with Riel, and under a guard furnished by the rebel chief left Winnipeg, to return to his home at Portage la Prairie. They had only been conducted a short way from town when Riel sent a large party after them. They were arrested and returned to camp, and Major Boulton and one Scott were placed in irons, and sentenced to be shot. The Roman Catholic and Episcopal bishops interested themselves for the prisoners and urged upon Riel that they should be reprieved and refused to grant a reprieve. They were to be shot at midnight, and half an hour before that time the bishops left my brother, saying that all hope was gone and he must die. They, however, returned to Riel and made a further solicitation in the interest of mercy, and just five minutes before the hour fixed for the execution my brother was released, on condition that he should leave the country and never return. Scott was shot. Ten years afterward, when the rebellion was over, my brother returned to that country and settled. When Riel again took up arms, a few weeks ago, my brother organized a company of settlers, which is known as Boulton's horse, and placed his services at the command of Gen. Middleton. If the dispatches are correct Riel has surrendered to my brother's command and is now the prisoner of the man he treated so villainously 16 years ago. If my brother had been captured by Riel, instead of the reverse, he would undoubtedly have been shot."

RIEL'S STORY OF THE UPRISING.
GABRIEL'S CROSSING, May 18.—Troops have crossed the Saskatchewan river and proceeded via Duck lake, to Prince Albert, which place they will probably reach to-day.

Riel's capture absorbs all other topics. Riel says Lawrence Clark, of the Hudson Bay company, precipitated the uprising. The half-breeds were celebrating the feast of St. Joseph when Clark arrived from Winnipeg. Clark first mocked their religion and told them that 300 soldiers were coming to join in the feast and would give them all they wanted in the way of ceremony, if they did not go back to their homes and abandon their nonsense. Riel was absent from Batouche at the time, and on his return found his people were in arms and had determined to plunder the stores before the troops mentioned by Clark arrived. Riel denied that he was leader of the rebellion, and says he can prove he wanted to go back to the United States, but would not be allowed.

He expects to be hanged, and devotes

the greater part of his time to fasting and prayer.

A courier reports to Gen. Middleton that while on the way from Batouche to Prince Albert Wednesday, he met three Indians 12 miles beyond Lepine crossing. While talking to the Indians, Gabriel Dumont, Riel's lieutenant, appeared on the edge of a bluff, and asked the courier what he wanted. The courier asked Dumont to give himself up, saying Gen. Middleton promised him a fair trial. Dumont replied that he had arms, intended to fight, and would not be taken alive. The rebel lieutenant, with a few followers, was last seen yesterday, proceeding from an open prairie towards the ruins of Bathouche.

ST. PAUL, May 18.—Dispatches from Winnipeg state that Col. Otter yesterday made an attack on Poundmaker, and after a severe battle captured him, with 129 prisoners. The battle was fought on Eagle hills, and 21 Canadians and 19 Englishmen were killed.

HORRIBLE DISCLOSURE.

A New York Man Arrested while Carrying a Woman's Dead Body in a Sack.

NEW YORK, May 20.—At 3 o'clock this morning a Frenchman, who proved to be Louis Francis, was arrested while on his way to North river, bearing on his back a bag containing the mutilated corpse of a woman who had been murdered. A policeman was attracted by Francis' mysterious manner as he went along, weighted down by his ghastly burden, and he was stopped and asked what the bag contained. Francis refused to give any explanation, and attempted to move on, but the officer insisted upon being informed as to the contents of the sack and took Francis into custody, who thereupon dropped the bag and its contents to the sidewalk. Upon opening the sack, the officer found that it contained the remains of a woman. The body was doubled up and in an almost nude condition, and bore unmistakable evidence that the woman had been murdered. There were ghastly wounds about the head and also on the trunk. Francis was asked for an explanation of the mysterious affair, and after recovering from his confusion he declared that the corpse was that of his wife and that she had died a natural death. Being without means necessary to defray the expenses of the funeral, he had conceived the idea of carrying the corpse to the river and throwing it in. Francis again shouldered the bag and bore the corpse to the police station. He was placed under arrest. He is 37 years of age.

FRANCIS' STORY.

Louis Francis tells the following story: "Yesterday I found a valuable dog, which my wife afterwards lost. I reproached my wife for losing him, and she swore at me. At 7:30 last night she sent me out for beer. When I came back I found a man named William Welsh in the room with her. She sat on my lap and kissed me. Then she threw a glass at me, and then a can. She then went out. Welsh and I walked out half a block, and then I left him to come home. When I came back she was lying on the floor, dead. I waited an hour, thinking she would revive. She did not, and I do not know what was the cause of her death. She told me before she died that she did not care for me, but she liked a man who put up wine for her. He is Leopold Saccoville, and he lives with Mrs. Lynch, on Broadway. After I found my wife dead, I took 16 cents and went out and got drunk. In half an hour I came back and put her in a bag, to throw her into the river."

NOT HIS WIFE.

The woman was not Francis' wife; she was Selma Fehol, 35 years old, with a son 15 years of age, who lives in Boston. Francis, who is one year younger than his paramour, has worked for some time in a French polishing marble yard. Three months ago the couple moved into the apartment where the crime was committed. Francis lived on the ground floor in the rear of the structure. His three rooms were comfortably furnished and neatly kept. They were in appearance above the average in the neighborhood, but both drank freely of beer, the man often to excess. They frequently quarreled. Two weeks ago, while in one of his convivial moods, he beat and kicked her while she was on the floor. Upon picking her up he was heard by tenants in the house to say: "I guess I've finished you this time."

As the body of Selma Fehol lay in the police station this morning it had the appearance of once having been that of a pretty woman. Even traces of dissipation could not destroy this impression. She was of delicate complexion, large, expressive, blue eyes, thick, wavy, light-brown hair, and petite in figure, probably weighing about 100 pounds. On the corpse were scrupulously clean clothes and underwear—a black skirt and an embroidered night dress. About the neck was twisted a silk handkerchief, and about the throat were lines of discoloration and marks of finger nails. It was evident that she was strangled to death by twisting the handkerchief around the throat.

SMALL BOATS TO LET BY THE DAY OR ANY OTHER WAY.

THE UNDERSIGNED, BEING NOW the proprietor of the small boats heretofore kept for hire at the Marshfield drug store, is prepared to furnish the public, on demand, any thing in the boat line, from a skiff to a scow or schooner, at prices that all can afford to pay. When you want a small boat, call on the undersigned, at the Coos Bay market, Front street, near the postoffice.

J. N. CRAWFORD.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

R. MAINS, TAILOR!
FRONT STREET, MARSHFIELD.

JUST RECEIVED, SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.
Stock of Foreign and Domestic Hats and Fancy Suits of READY-MADE CLOTHING.

Which will be sold at BOTTOM PRICES. Ready-made goods bought at this shop altered and pressed free of charge. Give me a call.

DAVID YOUNG. HENRY HUDEN.

Marshfield SODA WATER WORKS,
Corner of Third and C streets.

RUDEK & YOUNG, Proprietors.

SODA, SASSAPARILLA, GINGER ALE, ETC.

Constantly on hand and for sale. Orders from the country promptly filled. Address orders to "Marshfield Soda Works."

FRANK ROSS. J. N. CRAWFORD.

COOS BAY FAMILY MARKET

Front street, Marshfield, South of the Postoffice.

DILLON & ROSS, Proprietors.

HAVING JUST OPENED OUR NEW

and next meat market just south of the postoffice, we are prepared to furnish, at the lowest living rates, the best of

Beef, Veal, Pork, Mutton, etc.

Salt Meats of all kinds. Canned Goods and FAMILY GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS.

Vessels and Logging Camps promptly supplied. Such a share of public patronage as first-class goods, low prices and square dealing entitle us to a respectfully solicited.

JAS. CRAWFORD & ROSS.

PIONEER MARKETS,
MARSHFIELD & EMPIRE CITY.

O. Schetter & Co.,
PROPRIETORS.

Successors to H. P. WHITNEY.

A good supply of MUTTON, CANNED GOODS, BEEF, BUTTER, ETC., ETC., and all kinds of SALT MEATS AND VEGETABLES constantly on hand. Also a good stock of GROCERIES.

VESSLS AND LOGGING CAMPS SUPPLIED AT SHORT NOTICE.

HONGELL & SELANDER.
O'Connell's new building, Front street.

DEALERS IN—

BOOTS, SHOES AND—

Clothing!

Ladies' fine and coarse shoes, boys' boots and shoes, and gent's rubber coats, boots and shoes in great variety. Our ready-made boots and shoes were manufactured expressly for the bay trade. Hats, caps and underwear; stationery, cutlery, tobacco, cigars and matches.

A full assortment of men's clothing, in suits or otherwise; mattresses, bed-clothing and valises. Custom-made coats and shoes a specialty, for which we keep the best French kip, calf and sole leather. Our entire stock is of the latest styles and finish, and as cheap as the cheapest. Come and see us at our new store, in O'Connell's new building, Front street.

NOTICE: The BUREAU GUIDE is issued March and Sept., each year, in 12 pages, 8 1/2 inches, with over 3,300 illustrations, a whole picture gallery. Given without price direct to consumers on all goods, personal or family use, or for gifts. Tells how to give exact anything you want, wear, or with. These books contain information gleaned from the markets of the world. We will mail a copy free to any address upon receipt of the postage—5 cents. Let us hear from you. Respectfully, MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., 227 & 229 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Bon Ton Saloon!
Holland Building, - - - Front Street, MARSHFIELD.

J. NASBURG, - - - Proprietor.

Always on hand, CUTTER and AAA WHISKIES and Choice Wines and Cigars.

Also—Boca, Milwaukee and Bay View Brewery Beer.

BILLIARD and POOL TABLE.

REFO

The Coast Mail
And the San Francisco

Weekly Chronicle
\$3 50

Per year in advance.

The Coast Mail
And the San Francisco

WEEKLY CALL
\$2 75

Per year in advance.

Opportunities at the Marshfield Drug Store will receive prompt attention, only.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

PIONEER SALOON,
Front Street, Marshfield, SUDERLUND & KEINO, Proprietors.

THIS OLD AND POPULAR SALOON, under the new management, has been refurnished with a stock of CHOICE WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS.

Which are served by courteous barkeepers. A share of patronage solicited and appreciated. Agents for Philadelphia Lager Beer.

my22

ARCADE SALOON!
Front st., opposite Whitney's Market, MARSHFIELD.

R. M. HUTCHINSON, - - Proprietor

A NEW RESORT, SUPPLIED WITH

Choice Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Ale, Porter, Lager Beer,

And all the appointments of

A FIRST-CLASS SALOON.

Patronage appreciated and the wants of customers promptly attended to by gentlemanly barkeepers. Give the new saloon a trial.

jean

EXCHANGE SALOON,
Front street, Marshfield.

N. P. HANSEN, Proprietor,

DEALER IN CHOICE BRANDS OF

Gibson's well-known Whisky,

AAA Whisky and fine

Brandy, Wines, Cigars, etc.

Also—Agent for the renowned Chicago Lager Beer and Porter, at wholesale and retail.

Also—The celebrated Boca Beer, on draft or in bottles.

no20

STAR SALOON!
FRONT STREET,

Opposite O'Connell's Hardware Store, MARSHFIELD, OREGON.

WEBBER & SONDSTROM
PROPRIETORS.

CHOICE WINES AND LIQUORS OF

all descriptions and the best brands of imported and domestic cigars dispensed by attentive and gentlemanly barkeepers.

Also pool table and club rooms for the use of patrons.

ap30

E. B. DEAN & CO.,
E. B. DEAN, D. WILLCOX, AND C. H. MERCHANT.

WE HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND A FULL Assortment Of

General Merchandise

STOCK ALWAYS COMPLETE

LUMBER
MANUFACTURED TO ORDER

And SOLD IN ANY QUANTITY DESIRED

and at the LOWEST LIVING PRICES.

P. C. LEVAB. P. P. NORTON

EMPIRE Cigar Store!
Schetter's Corner, Empire City, NORTON & LEVAB, Proprietors, JOBBERS AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Cigars and Tobacco, Cutlery, Jewelry, Playing Cards, Confectionery, Stationery, Toilet Articles, Etc., Etc.

Novels and Periodicals for sale.

my25

W. G. WEBSTER,
DEALER IN

CLOTHING,
HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES,

Harness, Saddles and Bridles, Crockery, Etc.

Also, a full line of Gent's Furnishing Goods.

Custom Boots made at short notice and repairing neatly and promptly done.

N. B.—Gentlemen's fine suits a specialty.

ap24

HENRY KERN,
THE

COOPER,
HAS MOVED HIS SHOP TO MARSHFIELD and is located on McKnight's lot at the north end of Front street, where he is prepared to manufacture

Beef Barrels, Butter Barrels, Fish Barrels,

And all that or any other character of coopering, at shortest notice and on most reasonable terms.

my7

E. F. COOK,
PAINTER, GRAINER,

—AND—

Paper - Hanger,
MARSHFIELD, OREGON.

IS PREPARED TO DO ALL KINDS OF work in his line at short notice and on the most reasonable terms.

A SPECIALTY.

Sign PAINTING and GRADING

Opportunities at the Marshfield Drug Store will receive prompt attention, only.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

NASBURG & HIRST,
FRONT STREET, MARSHFIELD, OGN.

NEW GOODS BY EVERY STEAMER; keep constantly on hand in our large and commodious store, a well selected stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
consisting of the best staple and fancy

DRY GOODS.
of all kinds, the choicest

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

A LARGE STOCK OF

Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Rubber and Oil Clothing, Oil Cloths, Slippers, Crockery, Glass and Hardware, Tools,

CIGARS and TOBACCO, Paints, Oils and Varnishes; Choice Wines and Liquors; Tinware, Ammunition, Cutlery, Wood and Willowware, School Books and Stationery, Furnishing Goods, Hosiery, Etc., Etc., Etc.

Our extensive show cases are filled with the finest

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS.

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

N. B.—All goods purchased at our Store will be delivered free of charge at any point on the route of the steamer Myrtle.

v1-1-1

WHITE BRONZE
ENDORSED BY SCULPTORS PRACTICALLY INDESTRUCTIBLE 45000

MONUMENTS
FRED SCHETTER, of Empire, Agent for Coos county, Oregon.

MINIATURE MONUMENTS, MADE

at our office at Empire. Also illustrated designs of all descriptions of monuments, with prices and full particulars.

Persons wishing to purchase monuments are invited to call upon me and inspect the "White Bronze," the newest, neatest and most durable substance of which they are now manufactured.

Also—See also table and club rooms for the use of patrons.

ap30

E. A. ANDERSON,
MARSHFIELD, OREGON.

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE,
MARSHFIELD, OREGON.

SADDLE HORSES AND
BUGGY TEAMS to let at all hours.

HAULING done at the shortest notice and at very reasonable rates.

COAL and WOOD always on hand and delivered at the lowest rates.

LANG'S
MARSHFIELD, OREGON.

LIVERY STABLE
HORSES TO LET AT ALL HOURS.

Hauling done at short notice.

WOOD and COAL always on hand, and will be delivered at the lowest rates.

A. LANG.

NOTICE FOR FINAL PROOF.
LAND OFFICE AT ROSEBURG, Oregon, May 7, 1885.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of Coos county, at Empire City, Oregon.

On Thursday, June 18, 1885.

Viz: PETER J. PETERSON, pre-emption declaratory statement No. 4799, for the north half of the southwest quarter and the south half of the northwest quarter of section 13, township 25 north, range 12 west, Willamette meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land—viz:

James Catching, homestead No. 3437, for the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter and the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 22, township 25 south, range 12 west, Willamette meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land—viz: