The Coast Mail.

MARSHFIELD, OREGON:
Thursday, :::::::: September 18, 1884

For President,
JAMES G. BLAINE.....of Maine

For Vice President,
JOHN A. LOGAN.....of Illinois

Presidential Electors... { D. P. THOMPSON / WARREN TRUITT / J. C. LEASURE

A Valuable Thing for Miners.

A Colorado miner has suggested a new idea to H. N. Copp, the land lawyer and publisher of Washington, D. C., as to what is wanted by practical men in the mineral regions. The result is "Copp's Prospector's Manual," price 50 cents, now before us. It purports to enable a prospector to determine with reasonable certainty any mineral he may discover. Acid and blowpipe tests are given in abundance. Considerable space is given to descriptions of gold, silver, copper, and other metals and their compounds, gems, paints, etc., with tables to determine all known minerals. In addition, it gives the United States and local mining laws to date, land office instructions, and valuable forms for location notices, miners' liens, proofs, leases, deeds, and applications for patent. Every enterprising business man and miner should have a copy.

"Protection and Free Trade To-Day."

Jas. R. Osgood & Co. of Boston publish in neat and convenient form the address of Robert P. Porter to the Arkwright club of New England, on "Protection and Free Trade To-Day." Portre graphically presents axactly what voters in both political parties want to know, the facts showing how free trade and protection work at home and abroad, in the field and the workshop. He shows how agriculture, commerce and manufacturing in the United States, Great Britain, Germany and Holland have been affected by these two economic policies. Porter's work will be appreciated by business men, farmers and artisans who have no time to read a volume on the subject, but who want a clear exposition of the condition of labor here and in European countries. He takes decided protective ground, but makes a fair use of official figures, which are, at times, handled with dramatic effect. Few are better equipped, by training, to discuss this question than Porter. For several years a student of the industrial progress of the west, and author of one of the most useful works on that section; for three years in charge of an important division of the census, next a member of the tariff commission; and then sent abroad for 18 months, by the New York Tribune, to investigate the condition of labor in Great Britain and the continent, the words of the author of the address on the tariff will carry weight with those anxious for a practical view of the tariff question. Price 10 cents.

The democratic national committee gives out that it has provided money and orators to conduct the campaign in Ohio. Among the latter whom it is proposed to send to make converts to the cause of bourbonism is John W. Daniel of Virginia. He is the man who in the senate of his state advocated applying "the torch to every school house in the state," and thought it "wrong to tax the rich to educate the children of the poor." He was a rival of Randolph Tucker for congressional honors. The bourbons could not afford to spare either of these rare specimens of chivalry, and so they gerrymandered the state in such a way as to give each a district. The one into which Daniel was legislated has been named the "pinhook" district, on account of its shape. It is 240 miles long, while the average width is less than 30 miles. By this arrangement the bourbons will have side by side the unrepentant and unreconstructed rebel, who recently uttered the vile slander on the dead Garfield, and the man who is opposed to educating the masses, and in favor of "applying the torch to every school house in the state." Such speakers will certainly not make any votes for Cleveland in the loyal north.

An officer attached to the Chinese consulate in New York does not give very encouraging reports for those who are eager to seek positions in the Chinese service. He says Americans are more favorably regarded than officers of other nationalities, but the positions with fat salaries are few and most of the posts of honor and profit are occupied by Chinese. Twenty years ago China and Japan both furnished fine opportunities for Americans who had some knowledge of the Chinese tongue; but the gang of adventurers who flocked to the Orient from all quarters of the globe has killed the goose that laid the golden egg.

A well-known New York medical expert has propounded a theory that a red nose is an indication of insanity and is due primarily to a defective condition of the stomach. Tea he rates above whisky as a producer of the luminous proboscis. This ought to afford consolation to many of our local topers, who would rather be classed as cranks than as chronic drunkards.

Congressman Finerty of Chicago has declared for Blaine and Logan. He is the owner of the Citizen, one of the most influential Irish-American journals in the country, and has a large political following. Finerty says Cleveland is an enemy of the people and that his election to the presidency "would be a crime, a blunder and a curse."

The democrats of Idaho have nominated John Hailey for delegate to congress.

The Doubting Democracy.

Whenever or wherever the democratic apathy that has characterized the present campaign is broken, the hopelessness of the party is as much manifested as if they preserved their silence, so indicative of doubt as to the result. Hendricks is an illustration of what we maintain — democratic despondency, doubt and hopelessness. The democratic candidate for vice president is canvassing his own state. Indiana is one of the doubtful states, so called, and Hendricks is abroad in the land, in the hope that his personal popularity may turn the vote over to him. How uncertain, however, Hendricks is of this consummation is best shown in his speeches. He fairly begs his audiences to vote for him, and discarding all consideration of the principles or issues involved in the election, bases his appeal for votes on any grounds that may secure them. He becomes really lachrymose in begging for votes on the score of neighboring acquaintance, or personal friendship; and to those with whom he is not acquainted he introduces himself as the best sort of a fellow, and hat in hand, as he says, implores their support. Now, apart from the very undignified spectacle he makes of himself, Hendricks' conduct discloses a fact. It discloses the fact that he is grievously doubtful of the result, and however ill-advised his course may be regarded, he has adopted it in the hope of saving at least his own state. His abject appeals for votes, votes on the score of relationship, friendship or residence, aside from any consideration of principle, are in proof of Hendricks' doubt. He is credited, too, with having returned from his visit to New York thoroughly discouraged, and impressed with the conviction that the breach in the democratic party in that state could never be bridged. But Hendricks, as prominent an example as he may be, is not the only assurance afforded of the doubt and despondency weighing down the democratic party. In every state which it pleased the democracy to regard as doubtful, the signs are all favorable to the republican party. Cleveland's candidacy from the first alienated a host of democrats in his own state, while the so-called republicans it attracted were in no way an offset. As time has progressed, inquiry into Cleveland's career has led others to desert him on the score of his monopoly tendencies and immoralities. What is true of New York can be said of New Jersey and Connecticut. There the laboring classes are arrayed against the democratic candidate. Gen. Butler's candidacy assures Massachusetts to the republicans, and so on the very favorable account could be enlarged up, so far as "the doubtful states" are concerned, while the rest of the northern states could be accounted for as enthusiastically at work for Blaine.

A Perplexing Mystery.

A Washington letter says a curious fact shown by the United States treasury balance sheet at the close of this year's business is that there is nearly $20,000,000 of outstanding government securities on which the money is due and uncalled for. On all of these interest has been closed, and there can be no possible reasons for the holders to delay presenting them for redemption. Some of them have been due for many years. On some of them there are large sums of interest, which have not been called for, so that the interest on these alone amounts to $347,000. What has become of these documents and why they are not presented is something no one can find out. Some of them matured a half a century ago, and are still unheard from and unpresented.

Of the old debt, which matured January 1, 1837, there is still outstanding $57,665 of principal and $64,184 of interest. Of the Texan indemnity stock, which matured 20 years ago, there are $20,000 yet outstanding, not presented. Of the 5-20s of '62, which matured more than 10 years ago, and on which the interest ceased at the time, there is still outstanding $335,259. Of the 10-40s of '64, which matured 5 years ago, there is yet unpresented $178,850, with interest of $15,460, also due and unpaid. Of the 6-per-cent. consols, which matured 2 years earlier, there was $276,000 yet unpresented, and of the 6-per-cent. consols matured in 1879, there is over half a million dollars yet uncalled for, with interest matured of $56,000.

Of the 5 per cents. which matured in 1881-82, there is still nearly $800,000 unpresented, though the interest ceased at maturity. Of the compound interest notes of 1864, which bear 6 per cent. interest, and which matured in 1867 and 1868, over $200,000 are still out and uncalled for, while of the 7-30s of the same year, which matured more than 15 years ago, $133,800 has never yet been called for, nor has $20,000 of interest on them been demanded. What has become of these bonds which represent so much money is hard to understand.

Some of them have probably been destroyed, perhaps the majority of them, though it is proper to add that the bulk of the $19,000,000 due and unpresented is of that which has fallen due within the past year, and which will doubtless be presented when the well-fed and leisurely coupon clippers realize that there are no more coupons to be clipped upon them, or that, if so clipped, they will not be honored, because of the fact that the bonds have been called. There are, however, large sums which have been due many years, and have not been paid simply because they have not been presented. Some of these have doubtless been lost by fire and flood, others laid away as permanent investments of some fund, or perhaps forgotten in some dusty safe or muddy pigeonhole. Why or how it is that large sums are still outstanding and liable to continue so, is not even within the comprehension of the most experienced treasury official to answer.

THE MAINE ELECTION.

The Republican Majority Increased by Late Returns—A Handsome Victory.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—The Tribune's Augusta special says: Returns from back districts in the state continue to show the most extraordinary republican gains. Blaine's friends, who attribute the result to his candidacy, are exceedingly jubilant. The plurality for Robie will be more than 19,000. His total vote will exceed 79,000, which is 4000 greater than ever before polled by the party. His majority is larger than ever before obtained, except when Grant ran against Seymour, in 1868. The republicans have carried every county in the state, for the second time only in a quarter of a century, and have elected every member of the state senate, which has happened only three times before in the history of the party. They have also elected four-fifths of the lower house of the legislature, so that body is almost unanimously republican. Every county officer elected in the state is republican, except one each in Knox and Waldo counties.

W. D. Bishop, a leading democrat of Connecticut, who was passing through this city to-day, met Blaine and asked him if there was anything in the result he would like to change. Blaine looked thoughtful and laughingly replied: "Yes; I believe the democrats have elected one or two county commissioners. We ought to have had those."

Blaine has received congratulatory dispatches from every state in the union, and from democrats as well as republicans. Ex-Governor Foster of Ohio, in a congratulatory dispatch, promises to repeat the victory in that state. General Morrow of California promises a larger majority there, and similar dispatches come from other states.

Perhaps the most significant point in the result is the effect on the action of the independents of Boston and New York, and the change in the Irish vote. The independents circulated 40,000 speeches in the state, besides other documents. They sent here Josiah Quincy, George F. Williams and several other speakers, who made addresses at Portland, Augusta, Bangor and other places. Portland shows a republican majority for the first time in 16 years. At every point where the independents worked the republican gain was immense.

The Herald has an Augusta special which attempts to account for Robie's big majority. Therein is the following significant admission: "I find that some Catholic democratic votes were recorded for Robie. The Catholic priest here, Rev. Father Murray, voted for him. It was the first republican ticket he had ever cast."

While on a train between Elmira and Corning Governor Cleveland was asked by a Herald correspondent if he had heard anything about the Maine election. The governor replied that he had not, nor had he given it a thought.

A special from Augusta says: The total vote of the state reaches 142,420. Robie's majority over Redman is 20,615. This is the largest majority ever given a candidate for governor in this state, in a presidential year.

CHICAGO, Sept. 12.—The following dispatch has been received by General Logan from Bar Harbor, Maine, signed by Walker Blaine: "From official and non-official returns the total result of the Maine election can now be stated with approximate exactness. The vote will reach 142,000—the largest ever thrown in the state, with a single exception. Governor Robie's vote will exceed 79,000, the largest by 4000 ever thrown for any candidate in the state. His majority over his democratic competitor will exceed 20,000, and may reach 21,000, the largest ever obtained in any presidential year since the republican party was organized."

Answering the Dudes.

[San Francisco Chronicle, September 10.]

The Maine state election on Tuesday is a fitting reply to the carpings of Carl Schurz and the dude persuasion generally against Blaine. In his own state the returns show an increased republican majority for governor of nearly 4000, or 50 per cent more than the majority for Garfield over Hancock in 1880, with towns to be heard from that may raise it to 60, or even 75 per cent. "Four years ago," said Blaine in a speech at Augusta on Tuesday night, "we were humiliated by the loss of the state." The republicans that year—only two months before the presidential election—were defeated in their candidate for governor, and two months later they carried the state for president by a majority over all of but 4460. This year Blaine thinks the majority may reach 15,000, which means at least 20,000 in November. In 1882 the congressional ticket was elected by the state at large; but in 1880 the First, or Portland district, elected Reed (rep.) by the very small purality of 117. This year his majority is estimated from returns up to 12 o'clock midnight on Tuesday at 600. In 1880 the republicans elected 84 of the assemblymen, against 67 democrats. In 1882 they elected 109, against 43 democrats. This year they elect 151, against 1 democrat, and the entire senate of 31 members is this year republican, together with the whole congressional ticket. Of the 16 counties composing the state the republicans have elected every county officer in all of them but one.

We call this a fitting answer to the malicious and vindictive personalities of Schurz and his dude following against the ablest and best-loved candidate for president of the United States since Henry Clay. But it is more than that. In his Augusta speech Blaine stated the cause of the democratic defeat: "Our canvass has been conducted on the one great issue of protection to American industry." He designated the Morrison "horizontal" tariff bill of the last session of congress as a thing that, if enacted into a law, would seriously cripple, if not utterly destroy, the leading industrial interests of Maine, reduce the wages of every laboring man and stop manufacturing in the state. The people of Maine are very intelligent. They comprehended the issue and we have the result in the most overwhelming republican victory ever achieved in any state. It is now in order for Carl Schurz to toot his tin whistle and give the dudes of New York and Boston another blast to the tune of "the Mulligan letters."

The next states to be heard from are Ohio and West Virginia, and if the dude music shall prove as influential there as in Maine, it may then be in order for the dudes and the saints to unite in a general demand for the withdrawal of the Buffalo candidate.

[San Francisco Chronicle, September 11.]

It appears from the Maine election returns so far in that the republican plurality may and probably will touch 19,000, or 115 per cent more than Garfield's in 1880, when all the towns in the state are heard from. This is 9000 more than most of the Blaine papers anticipated, and is, of course, satisfactory to them; but not so to the bourbons and their free-trade allies, the dudes. They insisted before the election on 20,000, and anything less than that gives them pain. The World laments that "anything less than 20,000 is a proof of weakness in Blaine." The Herald tells its readers that the majority is 4000 less than that of Hayes in 1876, which is not true. Hayes' majority was 16,500, and this will be 2500 more; and in 1876 there were no side issues, as this year, to draw away republican votes. The fact that Blaine's influence was sufficient this year in a state election to poll a 115 per cent greater majority than as popular a presidential candidate as Garfield got in 1880 is not hinted at by any of his enemies.

There is no reason to be given for a larger republican vote this year, aside from Blaine's popularity in his own state, than that for Garfield in 1880, or for governor in 1882. The New York Times (dude) concurs with the World (bourbon) that a majority under 20,000 is a disavowal of Blaine; and like the bourbon paper, the dude goes back to the antediluvian era for its figures of comparison, totally ignoring the changes brought by side issues and independent parties since 1876, 1872 and 1868. We of California elected a republican governor in 1871 by over 5000 majority. The very next year we gave the most popular man the party ever run for president but 500 majority. Did that argue against his popularity? Not at all. It only explained that side and local issues had cut in on the republican majority.

With any other man but Blaine as the republican presidential candidate this year, it is as well known to these dudes and bourbons as to us that the republican majority in Maine would not have exceeded 8500 and probably not 5000. The great prestige of Blaine's name raised it to 19,000, and that is the truthful explanation of it. Two or three weeks ago one of the Boston dude papers gave out that the republican party of Maine would have "a hard row" this year, because the democrats were moving many "bar'ls" and other powerful influences in that state. Now that the row has been hoed out the New York dudes are claiming that the greatly increased majority is not satisfactory, and that, even unsatisfactory as it is, it is due to democratic apathy. The reader is not limited in his conclusions to a choice between the two lies. The sensible reader will reject both and follow the popular opinion that the Maine republican majority is at least 115 per cent more than was reasonably expected and that the increase is due to the great admiration of the country for the man whose name heads the republican ticket for president of the United States.

A Mutual Recognition.

A caricaturist like Nast, who has genius in his profession, can always preserve a likeness, no matter to what ridiculous figure he attaches a head. Carl Schurz relates an anecdote in proof of this. Says he:

"I was walking up Broadway when I saw a good-looking, massively built man coming toward me. I knew who it was at once, though I had never been in his actual presence before. I could not help smiling at the excellence of this gentleman's likeness, as portrayed by the caricaturist. But evidently he recognized me from the many amusing pictures which have been drawn of me, for his face was, like mine, on the full grin. We knew each other at once. We had been pictorially introduced. We both laughed, simultaneously touched our hats, and passed on." The other man was John Kelly.

It was through the agency of Nast's caricatures of Tweed that the municipal purloiner was recognized and arrested abroad.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the partnership heretofore existing between Lars Clemmensen, Tehan Evanoff and N. P. Hansen, under the firm name of CLEMMENSEN & CO., has been dissolved by mutual consent, N. P. Hansen retiring, and that a new firm, consisting of Lars Clemmensen and Tehan Evanoff, will continue the business of brewing of malt liquors and dealers in spirituous and malt liquors and cigars at the old stand.

All debts existing against said former firm will be settled by Clemmensen & Evanoff, and all debts due the old firm are payable to Clemmensen & Evanoff, the parties constituting the new firm. LARS CLEMMENSEN, TEHAN EVANOFF.

Marshfield, Oregon, September 17, 1884.

NOTICE!

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE late firm of CLEMMENSEN & CO., of the Bayview Brewery, are hereby notified that the same is payable to us as successors of Clemmensen & Co., and persons so indebted are requested to call upon us at our place of business and settle their accounts without delay or further notice from us.

CLEMMENSEN & EVANOFF,
Proprietors of the Bayview Brewery.
Marshfield, Oregon, September 17, 1884.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE
PIONEER MARKETS,
MARSHFIELD & EMPIRE CITY.
O. Schetter & Co.,
PROPRIETORS,
Successors to H. P. WHITNEY.

A good supply of MUTTON, BEEF, PORK, ETC. CANNED GOODS, ETC., ETC. and all kinds of
SALT MEATS AND VEGETABLES
constantly on hand. Also a good stock of
GROCERIES.

VESSELS AND
LOGGING CAMPS
SUPPLIED AT SHORT NOTICE.

FOR SALE,
A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE IN MARSHFIELD.

THE PROPERTY CONSISTS OF A good dwelling house and a corner lot adjoining Capt. Dunham's residence, in the northwestern part of town. It is known as the West house, and will be sold remarkably cheap for cash. For further information inquire of
F. A. LANG at Empire City, or of
A. LANG at Marshfield. aug8

MRS. M. TOWER,
MILLINERY
—AND—
DRESS-MAKING!
EMPIRE CITY, OREGON,

HAS ON HAND A NEW AND fine stock of
Millinery and Dress-Making Goods!
☞ All orders promptly attended to.
n029

ARCADE SALOON!
Front st., opposite Whitney's Market,
MARSHFIELD,
R. M. HUTCHINSON, - - Proprietor

A NEW RESORT, SUPPLIED WITH
Choice Wines,
Liquors, Cigars,
Ale, Porter,
Lager Beer.
And all the appointments of
A FIRST-CLASS SALOON.
Patronage appreciated and the wants of customers promptly attended to by gentlemanly barkeepers. Give the new saloon a trial. n29

Bon Ton Saloon!
Holland Building, - - - - Front Street,
MARSHFIELD,
J. NASBURG, - - - - - - - - - Proprietor.

Always on hand,
CUTTER and AAA WHISKIES
and Choice Wines and Cigars.
Also—Boca, Milwaukee and Bay View Brewery Beer.
☞ BILLIARD and POOL TABLE.
ap10

H. KEINO, O. NYSTROM, A. SUDERLUND
PIONEER SALOON,
Front Street, Marshfield,
SUDERLUND, NYSTROM & KEINO,
Proprietors.

THIS OLD AND POPULAR SALOON, under the new management, has been refurnished with a stock of
CHOICE WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS,
Which are served by courteous barkeepers.
A share of patronage solicited and appreciated.
☞ Agents for Philadelphia Lager Beer. ☜
my22

CHEAPEST!
Quickest and Best

EMPIRE CITY AND DRAIN'S STATION Stage and Steamboat line, carrying the U. S. mails and Wells, Fargo & Co's express.

JARVIS, CORNWALL & CO.

Leaves Empire City and Drain's station every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY. The steamer JUNO or RESTLESS meets the stages at the mouth of the Umpqua. New and comfortable stages. Fare to Drain's station, $3; Each passenger allowed 50 pounds of baggage. Passengers are requested to be in Empire City the night before departure. Information in regard to the above line can be procured at the Blanco or Central hotel in Marshfield and at the postoffice or any public house in Empire. jy6

NOTICE FOR FINAL PROOF.

LAND OFFICE AT ROSEBURG, Oregon, September 6, 1884.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge or clerk of Coos county, Oregon, at Empire City,

On Friday, October 17, 1884,

Viz: JOHN STEINLECHNER, homestead No. 4499, for the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter, lot 2, and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section 30, township 23 south, of range 11 west, Willamette meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land—viz:

Benjamin Roberts, Nels Monson, Stephen F. Johnson and Ole Benson, all of Marshfield, Coos county, Oregon.

se11td WM. F. BENJAMIN, Register.

NOTICE FOR FINAL PROOF.

LAND OFFICE AT ROSEBURG, Oregon, September 2, 1884.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge or clerk of Coos county, Oregon, at Empire City, Oregon,

On Monday, October 13, 1884,

Viz: WILLIAM M. NAY, homestead No. 4492, for the south half of the northwest quarter and lots Nos. 2 and 3 of section 3, township 25 south, of range 11 west, Willamette meridian.

She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land—viz:

E. P. Briles, John Terry, Wm. Gamble and Ole Everson, all of Marshfield, Coos county, Oregon.

se11td WM. F. BENJAMIN, Register.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

J. D. GARFIELD,
Front street, Marshfield,
Adjoining the Marshfield Drug Store,
Manufacturer of and Dealer in
HARDWARE
—AND—
TINWARE
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
FARM TOOLS and IMPLEMENTS OF ALL KINDS,
Stoves and Ranges,
Blacksmiths' Supplies,
Crockery and Glassware,
Paints and Oils,
Lamps,
Harness,
Tubs,
Baskets.
Guns, Fishing Tackle, etc.
☞ Plumbing, Job Work and Repairing of all kinds promptly executed.
my29

CLOSING OUT!!
The undersigned,
WISHING TO GET OUT
—OF THE—
MERCANTILE BUSINESS,
is now offering his entire stock
AT COST FOR CASH!
S. C. ROGERS,
n021 South Coos River.

STEAMER
MYRTLE
HALL & LIGHTNER, Proprietors.

NEW TIME-TABLE.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE THE steamer Myrtle will run as follows:

Leave Marshfield for Empire City every morning at 8:30 and every afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Returning, leave Empire City for Marshfield at 10:30 a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m.

At Empire City the Myrtle makes close connections with Jarvis, Cornwall & Co's stage line to Drain's.

Prior to starting on or after she returns from her regular trips the Myrtle is subject to charter, on reasonable terms, for towing and other business. For further information, apply to
je21 HALL & LIGHTNER, Proprietors.

LANG'S

LIVERY STABLE
MARSHFIELD, OREGON.

HORSES TO LET AT ALL HOURS.
Hauling done at short notice.
WOOD and COAL always on hand, which will be delivered anywhere at the lowest rates. A. LANG.

E. A. ANDERSON,

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE,
MARSHFIELD, OREGON.

SADDLE HORSES AND BUGGY TEAMS to let at all hours.
HAULING done at the shortest notice and at very reasonable rates.
COAL and WOOD always on hand and delivered at the lowest rates.

MARSHFIELD
LUNCH HOUSE
AND RESTAURANT!
(Formerly Behrle's.)
LACKSTROM & STORA, Proprietors
MEALS AT ALL HOURS!
From 15 Cents to $1 00,
Till after Midnight, when they will be
From 50 Cents to $1 00.
☞ Board by the Day, Week or Month.

A variety of the best brands of San Francisco Beer always on hand.
Also, choice Wines and Cigars.
☞ Fresh Eastern Oysters by every steamer—served in any desired style.
Special attention paid to Ladies and Families. Give us a call.
oc25 LACKSTROM & STORA.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

THE MARSHFIELD

HARDWARE STORE
KEEPS ON HAND A SUPERIOR quality of
TIN, COPPER and SHEET-IRON WARE
Of some manufacture, in connection with a well-selected stock of
GENERAL HARDWARE,
Stoves and Ranges,
Wood and Willow Ware,
Farm Tools and Implements,
Coal, Iron and Steel,
Pumps,
Water Pipe and Fittings,
Paints, Oils and Brushes,
Doors and Windows,
Harness and Trimmings,
Glassware,
Lamps and Crockery,
Plated and Granite Ware,
Rope,
Rifles, Pistols and Ammunition,
Fishing Tackle,
Bird Cages,
Terra Cotta Chimney Tops,
☞ JOB WORK and REPAIRING done at short notice.
E. O'CONNELL, Prop't.

NASBURG & HIRST
FRONT STREET, MARSHFIELD, OR.

NEW GOODS BY EVERY STEAMER; keep constantly on hand in our large and commodious store a well selected stock of
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
consisting of the best staple and fancy
DRY GOODS
of all kinds, the choicest
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS
A LARGE STOCK OF
Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Rubber and Oil Clothing, Oil Cloths, Slippers, Crockery, Glass and Hardware, Tools,
CIGARS and TOBACCO,
Paints, Oils and Varnishes; Choice Wines and Liquors; Tinware, Ammunition, Cutlery, Wood and Willowware, School Books and Stationery, Furnishing Goods, Etc., Etc., Etc.
Our extensive show cases are filled with the finest
MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS.
PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
N. B.—All goods purchased at our Store will be delivered free of charge at any point on the route of the steamer Myrtle. y14-tf

—THE—
WESTERN HOTEL
South Front street, Marshfield,
JOHN SNYDER, : : : : : : Proprietor.

I HAVE RECENTLY TAKEN CHARGE of the above-named well-established hotel and am sparing neither pains nor expense to insure my guests the best of accommodations.
THE TABLES AT THE WESTERN
Are supplied with the best the market affords and patrons of the house receive prompt and courteous attention.
TERMS—Board and lodging, per week...
Board by the day.....
my7 Single meals.....

CENTRAL HOTEL
Corner of Front and A streets,
MARSHFIELD, OREGON,
JOHN J. KRONHOLM, - - - Proprietor.

THIS WELL-KNOWN AND FAVORITE HOTEL has just been entirely refitted and refurnished throughout and is again open to the public for patronage.
New beds and spring mattresses have been placed in almost every sleeping room of the house and neither trouble nor expense has been spared to put everything in first-class order.
At the bar is to be found the best brands of wines, liquors and cigars.
A new entrance to the dining room has been made that opens on Front street, and the table will always be supplied with the choicest the market affords.
my3 J. J. KRONHOLM, Proprietor.

BLANCO HOTEL,
Marshfield, Coos County, Oregon.
FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS
And Reasonable Charges.

Having lately completed a large addition to the above hotel, and having had an extensive experience in this line of business, we can safely guarantee to our patrons comfort and accommodations excelled by no other house on the bay.
☞ The reading room of this hotel contains the leading papers of the Atlantic States and the Pacific coast.
FERREY & HOLLAND,
sep10 *Proprietors.*

W. G. WEBSTER,
DEALER IN
CLOTHING,
HATS and CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES,
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