

# The Coast Mail.

**NOTICE TO LAND CLAIMANTS.**  
ROSEBURG LAND OFFICE, Aug. 4, 1880  
TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—  
I hereby give notice that I have designated the COAST MAIL as the paper in which I shall hereafter publish all pre-emption and homestead notices, and applications for mining patents for lands lying near Marshfield, Coos county, Oregon.  
WM. F. BENJAMIN, Register.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 28, 1880

## TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

**THE COQUILLE IMPROVEMENT.**—The party of engineers that have lately been engaged in surveying Yaquina harbor accompanied by Capt. Littlefield, will visit the Coquille next week to make the final survey preliminary to the commencement of the improvement. Inquiries as to the facility for getting and cost of material will be immediately made by Capt. Littlefield, and from appearances it is probable that the work will soon be commenced. It is understood that the government work will not be at the locality of Parker's crib wall, but nearer the bar.

**ALMOST BLIND.**—Mr. Cathcart, formerly of Douglas county, but now residing on Coos river, was in town Tuesday. He is eighty-three years of age, and for some time past his sight has been failing to such an extent that he can no longer distinguish any object before him. He is quite active, and his mental faculties are still vigorous; it is a great misfortune for him to be deprived of sight, and it is to be hoped that something can be done to restore his failing vision.

**HON. EDWARD PIERREPONT,** in his late New York speech, alluded to the danger to the country in the shape of southern claims for loss of property in the rebellion, should the Democrats gain full control of the Government and think that it is with reference to these that the part of Gen. Hancock's letter of acceptance to be interpreted in which he said: "It is now more than 15 years since the war was ended, and it is time to enjoy the substantial benefits of reconciliation." These are the "substantial benefits of reconciliation."

**A "SACK OF SPUDS."**—There is not, ordinarily, anything suggestive of romance or poetic inspiration about a sack of potatoes, but a nice sack of "snowflakes" came down Coos river, Tuesday, by the *Bertha*, from some friend who conceals his name. On the label we found besides the address this faultless stanza:

A North Fork Granger in arrears with you,  
With nary red about his ragged duds,  
By way of interest on subscription due,  
Sends you, dear Editor, a sack of "spuds."

**SUCCESSFUL FARMING.**—The New publishes the following: Mrs. Yokam of Coos river, aided by her daughter and one hired man, carries on her farm and she has this summer, already, laid down 1600 pounds of butter for which she expects to realize 50 cents per pound in the winter, and besides sufficient hay for her stock, she has 40 tons to sell, for which the adjacent logging camps will furnish a ready market. There are few gentlemen farmers can make a better showing.

**CHILD DROWNED.**—Last Friday evening, Willie, a bright little boy, son of Mr. Wm. Barkas of Coos river, fell into the river at his father's landing and was drowned. It is thought that the little fellow's head struck upon a boat as he fell, leaving less hope for his rescue than there might otherwise have been. Willie was the eldest child, and a favorite. The parents have the sympathy of many friends in their bereavement.

**THE EMPIRE DRUG STORE.**—The advertisement of the Empire City Drug Store, Henry Sengstacken proprietor, appears in another column. Mr. H. gives the business of the store his personal attention; he has a fine stock, and customers can depend upon having their orders filled with promptness and care. Dr. Mackey has his office in the store.

**ARRIVED.**—The steamers *Gusie Telfair* and *Arcaea* arrived last Saturday, the former bringing the following named passengers: G. W. Kelly, S. S. Bailey, wife and child, W. D. McGee, C. F. Parson, H. Bettyes, Chas. Ingersoll, L. Lobree, A. Moore, L. Leberman, G. J. Nagh, O. Johnson and J. Hanson.

**THE GAME LAW.**—The restrictions of the game law cease September 1st, next Wednesday, after which the hunter can supply the market with wild game without being liable to any penalties.

**SATLED.**—The steamers *Telfair* and *Arcaea* with coal, and the *Laura May* with lumber from Dean & Co.'s mill and *Aurora* with lumber from North Bend, sailed Thursday.

**A SHEWED farm hand** bought for \$160 the big motor which fell in Emmet county, Ia., last year, and was laughed at by his comrades. He has now sold it to the British Museum for \$6,500.

## LOCAL BREVITIES.

The *Moss* sailed from the Coquille last week.

The schooner *Gutoma* arrived in port Thursday.

There is to be a social dance at Eastport to-night.

The schooners *C. H. Merchant* and *Martha W. Tuft* arrived Thursday.

A fine new wagon for Mr. Lang arrived by the steamer Saturday.

The fire is still raging fiercely west of Mr. Merchant's residence.

Wild ducks have made their appearance on the Bay in very small numbers.

SETTLERS are filing numerous claims on the late surveys on the Siuslaw.

C. HARNER is putting up a dwelling house on his farm near the head of Catching slough.

The Eastport people want a school teacher; Messrs Housley, Barker and Malarkey are directors.

L. LOBBEE, who has been absent in San Francisco some time past, returned by last steamer.

Six new buildings are being put up in Gardiner, to replace those consumed by the late paper fire.

FIRE has been raging for some time past in the mountains back of Chetco in Curry County.

REED & NELSON's steamer, the *Ceres* has received a new propeller, which greatly improves its speed.

T. R. SHERIDAN will start for Roseburg to-day, to resume his duties as County Clerk next Monday.

The fishing season at the mouth of the Coquille is supposed will open about the 10th of next month.

EUGENE O'CONNEL is preparing to build a warehouse at the east end of his hardware building on Front Street.

The fall run of salmon has commenced in the Bay, and some fine fish have been brought in for the market during the week.

MR. J. J. Kronholm took out license for the sale of liquors last Monday, and received a stock of goods in that line by the *Telfair*.

The steamers experienced some difficulty at the bar last Saturday, in consequence of a heavy fog that prevailed when they arrived.

MR. THOS. R. SHERIDAN, of Roseburg, who is visiting friends at Newport, made a trip to San Francisco by the *Arcaea*, returning last Saturday.

The new steamer building at Ellensburg will probably be ready to launch about the last of October, and its carrying capacity, it is said, will be about 200 tons.

Archbishop Seghers of the Catholic Church arrived by way of Gardiner Thursday; he will hold service at Newport to-morrow, and at Ellensburg one week later.

A meeting has been ordered by the school directors of this district, to be held, Tuesday, this 31st proximo for the purpose of levying a tax for the support of the public school.

A NOTICE appears elsewhere in this paper announcing that two surgeons from the "National Surgical Institute" will shortly visit Southern Oregon. It is of special interest to the afflicted.

WM. BARKAS desires through this paper to express his grateful appreciation of the kindness and sympathy extended to himself and family on occasion of the loss of his little boy last week.

C. J. PARSONS, of Samm & Parsons, Flour Manufacturers and dealers, of Oakland, Cal., has been on the Bay during the week. He is introducing goods from the mills of his firm to this market.

MESSRS Bennett, Lockhart and McCormac started Wednesday on a protracted excursion up Coos river in quest of game, fish and recreation. The salmon fishermen might as well suspend business on the Bay till this party dispose of their "catch."

THE County Board of Equalization will meet at Empire City next Monday, to correct any errors in the assessment of property. Persons who have reason to believe that their property has been unjustly assessed should attend and represent the matter to the Board.

AT an early hour yesterday morning, death came to the relief of Robert McDonald, who has been an invalid for more than two years past. Deceased has been a resident of this county twelve or thirteen years, and has borne the character of an honest man and a good citizen. He leaves a wife and three children to mourn his loss.

KISSED THE CHARGER.—A leading Democratic exchange speaks of Gen. Hancock's bravery at Chancellorsville, and says, "It was impossible that horse and rider should escape, and the former went down. The gallant leader seemed deeply affected. He looked for a moment to see if the animal was really fatally hurt, and then he stooped quickly and passionately kissed the faithful charger."

Don't believe it; he was probably listening, to see if the animal still breathed.

## Views of John A. Logan of Illinois.

At a recent gathering in New York City, John A. Logan, of Illinois, made a telling speech. His remarks were not reported in full but are summarized as follows:

All things in nature were repeated to make history—everything marking its pathways either by its ideas or by its acts. Parties made history; nations made history; Gen. Garfield represented the ideas and the history of the Republican party—its past and its future history. In examining questions for the people to decide it seemed that there was no better way to arrive at correct conclusions than to look at that which parties had done and that which they proposed to do. The history of the Republican party was as grand as any on the records of time in any country. At the time it took possession of the Government from the hands of the Democracy the country's credit was gone, industries were paralyzed, and the spirit of secession, disunion, turmoil, and discontent filled the land. Then came war and bloody struggle to preserve the Union and restore the country to prosperity. For twenty years, since that time, the Republican party has guided the country through periods of blood, of devastation, and through an era of resultant commercial and industrial depression, until to-day we find, with that same party in control, our commerce was whitening every sea, the public credit abroad was stronger than ever before; peace, prosperity, and contentment prevailed, with the promise of a prosperity in the near future that was never before experienced in any country of the world. (Cheers.) What reason was there in the world for imperiling all this by a change, and least of all by changing it for the control of the Democratic party? What has been the past history of the Democratic party? It was well-nigh bankrupted the Nation first, and then devastated it with anarchy, blood and fire. That party had lately affirmed its old traditions and principles; and what were those traditions and principles? They were the principles and traditions which taught men that the Union of the States was a myth, that the States were sovereign in all that they chose to claim as pertaining to themselves in the right to govern, and that the States themselves had the sole right to construe the Constitution and laws of the Union, as against the National Government. It was to these doctrines that that party had now "pledged itself anew." He had nothing to say against Gen. Hancock, whom he esteemed highly as a soldier, a patriot, and a gentleman, but it was enough that he stood to-day as the representative of those Democratic principles and traditions. The party had borrowed him, a Union soldier, to represent them, and he was glad to see such a sign of improvement in them. They had at last come to the conclusion that a Union soldier was entitled to as much respect as a rebel soldier. (Cheers and laughter.) Gen. Garfield and Gen. Hancock were both brave, loyal soldiers, and each represented all that was good and all that was bad in the principles of their respective parties. The principles of the Republican party, however, are those that would make this Nation greater, stronger, richer, more prosperous and contented than any other nation under the sun, if that party is allowed to control it, and that would give to and protect every man woman and child within its borders, be they white or black, in the enjoyment of those blessings and in the possession of a greater and noble and equal freedom. (Cheers.) The control of the Democratic Party, if it meant to be true to its pledged traditions and principles, could only result in the weakening and extinguishment of these blessings.

**Desperate Struggle with a Buck.**  
A San Jose paper gives an account of a desperate encounter between a school teacher, named Geo. Clement, and a buck. The teacher was out on a hunt and came across a fine buck and fired. The animal fell to the ground and lay as if dead. Mr. Clement hastened up to the body and was engaged in an inspection of its fine proportions, when the animal suddenly sprang up and rushed on him. Mr. Clement was taken unawares, but instead of retreating he grasped the antlers of the infuriated animal, and for a few moments held him at arm's length. They stood facing each other several moments, when the hunter began to yield gradually to his more formidable antagonist. The buck finally seemed to be infused with new life, and with a desperate effort hurled the hunter over a cliff. They both rolled down together to the bottom of the precipice, about 80 feet. The buck was killed before he reached the bottom, and Mr. Clement had his collar-bone broken and sustained severe bruises. When Mr. Clement was able to rise he crawled up the cliff, and after a great effort managed to reach his horse. He rode to the nearest settlement, where he received medical treatment.

## Turbulence among the Irish.

The disposition of the Irish tenantry to resist and avenge the oppression of the land owners is growing no less, and trouble is anticipated. A special dispatch from Dublin to the *New York Star* states that a farm house, situated in North Kerry, from which its tenants had just been evicted, was destroyed by fire. Its destruction was the work of incendiaries prompted by a spirit of revenge. Constabulary were stationed near the place, but they made no effort to pursue and arrest the incendiaries. The people of the surrounding country gathered in large numbers to witness the conflagration, but did not try to quench the flames, which might have been easily done had they had so desired. The people were loud in their imprecations against all landlords and promised more of like cases all over Ireland if they persisted in their heartless evictions.

## Mining Developments Near Washington.

The Baltimore *American* editorially announces the great success of the Montgomery gold mine fifteen miles from Washington, by the use of the California Robert's electrical reaction process. The mine had been worked eighteen months by the ordinary stamp process at a loss, because of its rebellious character. A Robert's furnace was recently erected, and the test for the first day's work with it in the presence of the inventor Roberts, Vernon Seaman, of San Francisco, president of the Roberts Co., Fulton & Agnus, of the *American*, and many others, yielded forty-five dollars to the ton, at a cost of three dollars and fifty cents. The daily average in hands of the ordinary mill employees continues at over thirty-seven dollars to the ton. Fulton & Agnus are the principal owners of the property and are greatly elated by their success. The quartz vein in which abundant sulphur has been traced a distance of several miles.

## Only One Issue.

Gen. Erastus N. Bates, who in 1878 was a candidate for State Treasurer of Illinois, answering an inquiry by Hon. A. M. Jones, chairman of the Republican State Central Committee, says that he recognizes only one issue in the pending Presidential contest—that between the ticket of Hancock and English, nominated by the solid south, and Garfield and Arthur, nominated by the party which saved the Union; he offers his services in behalf of the latter ticket, for there is no longer danger to the country from stagnation of business and idle labor. His letter is a strong arraignment of the Democracy, and appeals to all good citizens to make war against the old rebel sentiment so clearly expressed by Wade Hampton in a recent speech in which he said that the issues to-day are the same for which Jackson and Lee fought for.

## Frauds in the Census Suspected.

A late Washington dispatch says: While census officials are loth to admit that anything is wrong with the enumeration in the South, they express a determination to have certain suspicious counties reenumerated under the supervision of agents sent from Washington. In this way it will be very easily determined whether there is any ground for such heavy gains. If sample counties taken in this way show fraud, probably the whole South will be gone over again with provisions of such character as to forbid cheating. Of course southern politicians will resent any such move, and if it is not accomplished, if necessary, before the confederate Congress assembles again the brigadiers will forbid it on the score of economy or some other pretense.

## Important Historical Facts.

The N. Y. "Tribune" calls attention to the facts, worthy of consideration, which relate to the history of the two political parties now claiming the support of the people. They are these: "In 1860, after twenty years of Democratic rule, the Government found it hard work to realize 89 cents on the dollar for its 6 per cent. bonds. In 1880, after twenty years of Republican rule, the Government 4 per cent. bonds sell readily at \$1.08." They are now selling at \$1.08 and will gain in value or depreciate as the chances of the North or the South in the election seem to be uppermost. In this connection that paragraph in Gen. Arthur's letter of exhortation upon the reproduction is worthy of a careful consideration. He says: "There is danger in intrusting the control of the whole law-making power of the Government to a party which has in almost every Southern State repudiated obligations quite as sacred as those to which the faith of the nation now stands pledged."

## CRIMES AND CASUALTIES.

CARSON, Aug. 19.—Henry Evans, colored, shot and killed J. W. Ebb, a charcoal burner, at Pine Nut yesterday.

WACO, Texas, Aug. 20.—S. B. Alexander was arrested by Officer Ballard. Being released he went in search of Ballard and found him. They fought and Ballard was fatally wounded.

GALVESTON, Aug. 17.—A two-minute cyclone at Goliad demolished twenty-five houses. Five persons were injured.

Two farmers, Johnson and Odol, had a fight. Both were killed.

SEATTLE, Aug. 14.—A twelve-year old son of Mr. Dawson, Samish, while visiting his uncle J. V. Dawson, telegraph operator at San Juan, last week accidentally shot himself by the careless handling of a shot gun, the entire charge entering his neck and killing him instantly.

ATLANTA, Aug. 19.—A young man named Waldron was arrested at Sunnyside, Ga., by the sheriff of Spaulding county. A posse overpowered the Sheriff, took the prisoner and cut his head off. Waldron ran away two weeks ago and came to Atlanta, bringing with him a girl twelve years old, his wife's sister.

CHEYENNE, Aug. 19.—A colored prostitute named Willy Davis grew desperate over the desertion of her lover last night, and saturated her clothes with kerosene, set fire with suicidal intent. Her shrieks brought assistance and the flames were extinguished. She was burned horribly, her breast cracking open and her bowels protruding. The flesh on her limbs and arms hung in shreds. She cannot live through the night.

LOWELL, Mass., Aug. 23.—People ten miles distant on the Mignun river were horrified to find yesterday morning that twin children of John Farley had been drowned in a tub of water during the night. The father and mother were arrested. The children were only a month old. The parents were very poor, and Farley is given to drinking. They both deny the charge, but Farley says that he believes that his wife drowned the children. They have three other children.

CHAMPAIGNE, Ill., Aug. 23.—At about 11 o'clock last night George Glass, keeper of a low brothel at Urbana, shot and killed Frank Stillwell, laborer, who was trying to gain forcible admission to his house. Glass fired at his victim with both barrels of a shot gun, while he stood within four feet of the muzzle both charges entering the left side under the arm. Stillwell's body was found this morning forty-five paces from where the shot was fired. He had been drinking and leaves a young wife and child. Glass was arrested.

MILLWAUKIE, Aug. 21.—A Neenah special says that Mr. Albert Huxley, of the town of Clayton, Winnebago county, aged 78 years, was shot this morning by his son-in-law, Morris Emmons, who lived with him. Emmons then shot himself, both dying within an hour. It is understood that the fatal deed was the result of a family and business difficulty. The parties lived together for three years, and their relations had been pleasant up to a year ago. Mr. Huxley leaves a wife and married daughters. Emmons leaves a wife and two children. Both parties were well known and respected, and the double tragedy causes intense excitement.

MADISON, Aug. 24.—The house of Martin Winrick, on a line between Dane and Columbia counties, was discovered in flames Sunday night, and the neighbors on forcing an entrance found the body of Mrs. Winrick ridled with shot lying in a pool of blood. The body of her husband was found on a bed bleeding from two ghastly wounds. The bodies were taken out of the burning house, though somewhat scorched. Winrick and wife lived unhappily on account of children of each by former marriages, and it is supposed that he shot his wife with a shot gun, set fire to the house and then shot himself with a revolver, and failing to finish himself, discharged a shot gun into his own body. They have several grown children who live in the neighborhood.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 21.—Edwin C. Mix, Jr., aged thirty-two, was killed to-day by the three Derance brothers, Ferdinand, Armand and Henry, aged twenty-five, twenty and eighteen respectively. The Derances were imprisoned. They declare that Mix had flirted with their young sister. Although warned, he had not desisted, but continued to follow the young lady. Mix, with his brother, Franklin Mix, went to the residence of the Derances to explain the matter, both unarmed. They failed, however to convince the Derances, and when leaving were followed to the street, where two of the brothers opened fire on Edwin C. Mix. He attempted to flee, but was shot down, when Henry, the youngest of the Derance brothers, ran up and stabbed him several times with a dirk. Mix leaves a wife and widowed mother. His brother Franklin, who was present at the killing, was on the 12th inst. married to the daughter of the late Gen. Harry L. Haynes. The Derances are the sons of the late Dr. Henry Derance, one of the prominent physicians of this city.

## The Democratic Party and its Relation to the South.

The Democratic party have always been controlled by the interests of the South. The welfare of the nation and even the sacredness of the Union itself has been held by the Democratic party to be subservient to the demands of Southern politicians; and there is every reason to expect that should they again come into power, the ultra Southern sentiment as enunciated by Wade Hampton and others, will become directors of the policy of the Government. The history of that party with reference to subserviency to the South, is briefly summarized by an exchange as follows:

The South demanded the repeal of the Missouri compromise. The Democratic party helped to repeal it.

The South demanded that slavery should be nationalized. The Democratic party assented to it.

The South demanded that Kansas should be made a slave State. The Democratic party tried to make it so.

The South demanded the right to destroy Abolition and Republican documents found in the mails. The Democratic party was silent while they did it.

The South insisted that the Union was but a rope of sand, to be broken by any state at will. The Democratic party assented to the doctrine.

The South denied that the Government had the power to coerce a seceding State. A Democratic President and the Democratic party agreed with it.

The South denied the right of the Government to emancipate the slaves. The Democratic party sided with it.

The South denied the power of the Government to reconstruct the Southern States on a basis of loyalty and freedom. The Democratic party joined in the denial.

The South claimed the right to occupy seats in Congress while the blood of the war was yet dripping from its garments. The Democratic party insisted that it had this right.

The South demanded that the colored people be excluded from participation in the affairs of the Government. The Democratic party agreed.

The South claimed the right to exclude colored people from public conveniences and places of public resort. And the Democratic party sustained this claim.

The South insisted upon putting rebels who served in the Mexican war, including Jefferson Davis, upon the pension rolls. And Democrats voted for this.

The South has insisted that the Democrats should be deaf and dumb and blind to the horrible methods which have produced a solid South. And the Democrats have done so.

## Two Surgeons.

From the National Surgical Institute, Indianapolis, Indiana, will visit Portland, Oregon, at St. Charles Hotel, September 7th, 8th, and 9th, 1880, provided with a complete and expensive apparatus designed to treat every form of Spinal Disease, Hip and Knee Disease, Crooked Limbs, Club Feet, Paralysis, &c. Piles and Fistula certainly cured. This institution has an unequalled reputation in the successful treatment of the above diseases. Interested parties should not fail to see these Surgeons. Returning home overland, they will stop off September 11th and 13th at Eugene City, 15th at Roseburg, and 18th and 20th at Jacksonville Oregon.

On the 20th, says the *Standard*, a man named Failman, engaged in driving a reaper in a harvest field near Oregon City, met a fearful death. Failman was busy at work when the team of horses attached to the reaper suddenly became frightened at some object, and started to run away. The driver tried his utmost to restrain the horses but was unsuccessful, and the animals making a sudden turn, Failman was thrown directly in front of the sickle, and in a moment both of his legs were cut off by the sharp teeth of the instrument. As speedily as possible all the assistance possible was rendered to the unfortunate man, but the shock to his nervous system, the loss of blood and the impossibility of properly dressing his wounds, all combined against the victim, and he died shortly after the accident.

A MAN named Failman, near Oregon City, was killed by a reaping machine on the 21st. The team took fright and ran away throwing him in front of the sickle which cut both legs off, from which he soon died.

A YOUNG couple from Camas Valley who were married in this county some months since, have been recently remarried in Douglas county, on account of the absence of the required parental consent to the former ceremony.

## DIED.

On Coos river, August 27th, 1880, Wm. H. son of Wm. and Emma Barkas, aged about 3 years and nine months.

At Empire City, August 26th, 1880, Robert McDonald.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

POSTMASTER-General Maynard has entered on his duties.

THE census shows a population of a little less than 50,000,000 in the United States.

FROST occurred in Central New York on the night of August 15th doing some damage.

THE *Daily Bee* has been changed to the *Daily Bulletin* and claims to be on a substantial basis.

LORD Stratford de Redcliffe, many years English Ambassador at Constantinople, is dead.

A MAIDEN lady 64 years old was lately married in Roseburg to a gentleman one year younger.

IN the history of Portland, money has never been so plentiful as at present, says an exchange.

THE Roseburg school house has received repairs to the amount of about \$1000, and is now pronounced good.

D. C. IRELAND, editor and proprietor of the *Astorian*, arrived at home and resumed his place on the paper.

WHEAT in some parts of Eastern Oregon, Washington and Idaho has been shrunken by the excessive heat.

IT is reported that "Tye" Owens brother of W. F. Owens of Roseburg, was lately shot and killed in Leadville Colorado.

COL. I. S. TICHEBOR, chief in the quarter master's division of the United States Treasury department, is visiting Portland.

PRESIDENT HAYES does not intend to say a word about politics during his Pacific Coast trip or engage in the campaign in any way.

A FIERCE tornado, followed by a water spout, swept over a portion of Cass county, Dakota, on the 19th, doing great damage to buildings and grain.

MISS ADELAIDE NELSON the distinguished actress who died recently in Paris, had no living relations, and left \$200,000 to Rear Admiral Henry Cass Glynn.

IN the State University of California it is under contemplation to teach the Chinese language if a sufficient number of students are found who desire to learn it.

THE U. S. Commissioners of the World's Fair for 1883, met at New York on the 11th, to effect an organization and make preparations for the exhibition.

THE *Plainedealer* reports a valuable coal mine discovered in the vicinity of Camas Valley, in Douglas county. Some experiments prove the coal to be of a good quality.

SINCE the drowning of Miss Barkbank, there has been a "life line" stretched at the Ilwaco beach. If it had been done before, the young lady would have been saved.

THE Rochester *Democrat* italicizes the following: "No Democrat of national reputation has yet alluded to the charges against General Garfield, except to condemn them."

GEN. Phil Sheridan says that "there is no officer in the American army who can beat Hancock mixing a whiskey cocktail." And yet we are told he is not a statesman.

PRESIDENT HAYES and party will come to Oregon overland, and are expected to leave Redding for Roseburg by stage about the 6th of next month. So says the *Independent*.

WORK on the Columbia bar improvement has been commenced, and the *Astorian* hails the commencement as the dawning of a new era of prosperity for Astoria and for Oregon.

THE Pacific Coast representation at the grand Conclave of Knights Templar, which has just closed, is spoken of as having made a splendid appearance. They moved in a separate battalion.

THE London *Times* ridicules as palttry theatrical exploits the Fenian riots in Ireland, but regards anti-rent agitation as serious, and says they should meet with patient but determined statesmanship.

QUEEN VICTORIA is said to have been much disappointed and not satisfied with the Republican nomination for President. She had formed a favorable opinion of Gen. Grant and hoped to see him nominated.

A DAUGHTER of E. H. Hosford, of Salem, two and a half years old was drowned in a tub of water last week. She was playing in the water and no one saw her until life was extinct.

THE *Astorian* says: A passenger took passage on the Portland steamer, who claims that he did not have time to purchase a ticket at office, and as he refused to pay the 50 cents penalty for not doing so, was put ashore at Knappa without baggage. He proposes to make a test case of it.

By recent statistics compiled from the records of the United States Treasury Department it appears that the percentage of loss, from default and dishonesty of federal officials during Grant's second term, (during which it is claimed the greatest stealing occurred) was less than under the most economical and fine Democratic administration in the history of the country, and yet our Democratic friends claim that the country needs a change in order that the civil service might be reformed.

SUBSCRIBE for the COAST MAIL. Only \$2.50 per annum.