

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

MAPLEWOOD FARM.—On our return from Ellensburg, we visited Joe Noy's "Maplewood" farm at the crossing of Elk river, four miles this side of Port Orford. It is, without doubt, one of the pleasantest places in the county, and its appearance has been greatly improved within the past year by the erection of a large and commodious dwelling house. The proprietor of this place is justly proud of his fine colts. Having no wife or babies, they are his pets; he handles them from their birth, and always has them tame, gentle and ready for use in any line when they are old enough. He claims championship of the "turf" of Coos and Curry and has thus far sustained the claim. "Thad Stephens," purchased from Mr. Noy by Lient. Payson, last spring, is fast, but Noy thinks he has a two-year old mare, of the same stock, that is still better. He has also a very fine sucking colt, christened "Maplewood," that he says will be heard from one of these days. There is but one drawback to Mr. Noy's happiness, which is the absence of a wife. Some enterprising young lady should open correspondence with him, "with a view to matrimony."

NEW BOAT.—W. A. Cox, near the mouth of the Coquille river, is building a boat or vessel of ten or twelve tons capacity, in which he expects to go to the Shuslaw, and engage in whatever trade may be found or built up between that part and other harbors of the vicinity. He will carry supplies or produce between the Shuslaw and Umpqua, and perhaps, if business requires, will extend the voyages to Coos Bay or Coquille. The boat will be suitably furnished and rigged for the business for which she is intended, and we hope she will prove mutually advantageous to her builders and the inhabitants of that somewhat isolated settlement.

PUBLIC HEALTH.—The Board of Trustees of this town, at a meeting held last Tuesday evening, resolved to take vigorous measures to enforce proper cleanliness and to put a stop to filth and slops being left to accumulate till they fill the air with stench, and breed disease. This action is very commendable, and those of our citizens who are conscious of having in their vicinity anything that emits an offensive odor, or is a nuisance, should abate the same voluntarily, and not leave it to attract the attention of the health commission.

DISSOLVED.—The law firm of Hazard & Hamilton is dissolved by mutual consent, and we are informed that Mr. Hamilton will move to Roseburg. Mr. Hazard will continue business at Empire City, and, being relieved of the duties of District Attorney, will be able to give more attention to civil business than he has during the past four years. The district has never had a more capable or efficient prosecuting attorney, and persons who need the services of a lawyer will find him equally efficient in looking after their interests.

STABBING AFFAIR.—News has been received here that in the early part of this week George Wells and a man by the name of Smith, both of the vicinity of Bandon, got into a quarrel and mutually went for each other with butcher knives. Smith got in the first cut, being a downward blow entering Wells' left shoulder, and inflicting a wound some four inches deep. A deviation of a few inches from the course taken by the knife might have produced fatal results.

NEW STEAMER.—Reed & Nelson's steamer, the *Ceres*, it is said, resumed trips on the Coquille river a few days since. She is practically a new steamer, having new machinery, an improved model, and good accommodations for passengers. Her owners will accommodate excursion parties who wish to visit the coast on Sundays.

COMPLETED.—The surveying contract taken by Mr. Wright in the Ten mile region has been completed and returned to the office of the Surveyor General. It will be yet some time before the plats will be filed in the Roseburg Land Office, which will be duly announced.

EASTPORT.—The Eastport mine is again in operation, employing about twenty miners. The schooner *C. H. Merchant* is taking her first cargo of coal there, she having been heretofore exclusively employed in the lumber trade.

THE "DUNCAN" SOLD.—The *Telegram* says it is reported that the steamer *Alce Duncanson*, owned by Mr. Hume, has been disposed of to the Pacific Steamship Company. She will be placed on the Monterey route, south from San Francisco, as a freight boat, in the place of one recently wrecked.

CENSUS.—The business of census-taking is progressing well in the several districts into which this county is divided for that purpose. Mr. Atkinson reports about 625 inhabitants in the town of Marshfield.

PREPARATIONS.—The preparations for the celebration, to take place on the 5th proximo, are being made by the several committees.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The sickness on the Coquille river is abating.

CHARLES ZUMWALT, of Port Orford, was in town Wednesday.

JAMES HARTHAM who has been very sick, is convalescent.

JUDGE WATSON left for Roseburg last Monday morning.

JUDGE WATSON's majority in Douglas county was 259.

J. C. BULL, who has been dangerously ill, is slowly recovering.

A \$5,000 fire occurred at The Dalles on the 19th instant.

L. H. PALMER, of Dora, has "hung out his shingle" a dentist at Roseburg.

A TELEGRAM says the *Areata* was to sail for this port yesterday afternoon.

THE *Gussie Telfair* is liable to put in her appearance any time; she is due.

OWEN SHORT and Walter Duggan have rented the Central Hotel and have already taken charge.

JOHN WATKINSON of this place was admitted to citizenship last Saturday before the Circuit Court.

MR. MALABREY says he will be on the celebration ground on the coming Anniversary with candies, nuts and the like.

ROBERT ROOKE of Coos river returned from Douglas county last Saturday, accompanied by his bride. We congratulate the happy couple.

THE apple crop in this county will be very small this year, owing to a blight of some kind, that has destroyed the greater part of the young fruit.

EMPIRE CITY precinct did good work at the late election. Two years ago it stood 36 Republicans and 49 Democrats; this time it is just the reverse.

REPAIRS of the schooner *Schultz* have been completed, and she was launched again last Monday. She will load with lumber and proceed to San Francisco.

S. H. HAZARD Esq., of Empire City, has been selected by the Committee to deliver the oration here on the celebration of Independence Day—a good selection.

The steamer *Coos* blew a hole in her boiler, or met with some other accident, Thursday morning on her trip to Empire City, which laid her up; she is again running.

L. H. WELLS, who has been long associated with Mr. Kelly in the *Independent*, has taken leave of that paper and has moved to Portland, to accept a situation on the *Telegram*.

MR. M. REESE, who suffered a dislocation of one of his ankles, by an accident in the Gardiner mill some weeks since, is recovering, but is only able to move about by the assistance of crutches.

OWING to difficulty in perfecting arrangements, the printers will not give a ball on the Fourth, as announced; nevertheless, there will be a ball, but under different management.

MR. GEO. M. DYER is preparing to build a new dwelling house, near the one he now occupies. The site selected is a beautiful one on the elevated ground a short distance south of his present residence.

MR. DIMICK has been for some weeks past engaged in peeling and piling up hemlock and fir bark for use in his tannery. There is timber enough of the kind required, a short distance from the tannery to furnish them bark for several years, unless it should be destroyed by fire.

AN IMPORTANT MATTER.—The *News* propounds some questions as to the effect of Mr. Schetter, the postmaster at Empire City, being elected to the office of County Treasurer. We are not particular how it goes, as Mr. Lane, who was elected Sheriff by the Democrats, is holding the office of Assessor, which does not expire until next March. In fact we rather think it creates a vacancy in both offices after the first Monday in July, and that the County Court will have to fill the vacancy by appointment. The office of Assessor is more "lucrative" than that of Postmaster at Empire, and therefore the rule would apply more strongly against Lane than Schetter. That matter will certainly have to be looked into. The editor of the *News* is very thoughtful.

LARGE CLOVER.—J. C. Haynes sends to this office some samples of white clover grown on his ranch near Coos City, which measures about four feet in length. Who can beat that with white clover?

MOVED AWAY.—W. P. Wright, surveyor, formerly of Coquille City, has moved to Dallas, Polk county, where he expects to make his future home.

A DUBLIN dispatch says that there is no doubt that the famine fever has appeared in some parts of Western and South Ireland. A letter in the *Mansion House* relief committee from Charlestown, Mayo county, says that a famine fever of the most dangerous type is very prevalent and is making much progress. It also appeared in Swendford, Mayo county, and Glengarriff, Cork county.

FOREST FIRES are burning in Maine and threatening the towns, also doing great damage in New Brunswick.

Port Orford and the Breakwater.

Since the decision of the Board of Engineers in favor of Port Orford as the most practicable point on this coast for the location of a harbor of refuge, the tone of the press of the northern portion of the State has changed, and instead of speaking encouragingly of the work, some are silent and others openly oppose the commencement of the breakwater. Up to the announcement of the decision, all united in commending the movement, and admitted the benefits that would result to commerce from the same. These professions were well founded, and no doubt, honestly made; and the change that appears to have come over these people leaves them open to the suspicion that their present opposition to the breakwater is prompted by local jealousy. They have gone so far in this unfriendly course towards Southern Oregon as to misrepresent the situation of Port Orford, and have stated that it is practically inaccessible, being surrounded by high mountains, and that the development of the interior would not be promoted by the building of a harbor of refuge there.

The fact is quite the reverse of these representations. The country north and east of Port Orford to the Coquille river is not composed of high or impassable mountains, and there is an excellent route for a railroad from the Umpqua Valley, by way of the middle fork of the Coquille river to Port Orford. This road would traverse a region that is known to be rich in coal of superior quality, as well as various valuable metals, and it would also touch the navigable waters of the Coquille river and afford an outlet to one of the finest undeveloped agricultural regions of the State. The construction of a railroad would also be the means of the construction of a branch to Coos Bay. But these considerations are of little importance compared with the benefits that would accrue to the great agricultural valleys of Umpqua and Rogue river and their tributaries, and to the entire Southern portion of the State. The construction of a breakwater at Port Orford would assure to Southern Oregon a permanent and practicable outlet to the ocean for all time, and would relieve the people of that region from the high tariffs by railroad and river to which they are now subjected in reaching the great highway of nations at a point nearly two hundred and fifty miles further north, which distance their exports and imports must again travel in ships on the route to their destination.

The commerce of Southern Oregon should not be compelled to pay tribute to steamboat and railroad lines that only accommodate the same by an unnecessary and expensive transportation of over four hundred miles. It should, and ultimately must, find a point of shipment at one of the ports in the southern portion of the State, and the construction of a harbor of refuge at Port Orford would at once secure such an outlet, and would be of incalculable benefit to the people of Douglas, Jackson, Josephine and Lake counties.

This harbor of refuge is a work of national character, and the appropriations required to carry it on should not be computed in the appropriations for harbors of the State in which it happens to be located. Congress could not treat it as an Oregon appropriation, and the theory that it would, when advanced as an excuse for opposing this work, is not even plausible. The people of Southern Oregon cannot but look upon those who are working against the Port Orford breakwater as their enemies, and as the opponents of their prosperity. We favored Cape Gregory, but the decision has been made by the proper authority, and we accept it. We hope soon to be able to announce that the Secretary of War has directed work to commence in accordance with the spirit of the Act under which the location has been selected.

Circuit Court—Adjourned Term.

Following are the proceedings of the Circuit Court after returning from Curry county:

A. D. Collier vs. Henry Sengstacken, application for mandamus; taken under advisement.

John Ahearn vs. C. F. Wheeler et al; suit to foreclose mortgage; sale confirmed.

W. M. Hilliard vs. J. Norman; sale confirmed.

C. W. Sanford vs. H. W. Sanford; sale confirmed.

State vs. Cammann, indictment for assault with a dangerous weapon; continued.

J. W. Bennett, administrator, vs. J. M. Davis; dismissed.

J. M. Davis vs. J. W. Bennett, administrator, suit in equity for an accounting; judgment in favor of defendant for \$410.20.

H. H. Luse vs. James Cashman, appeal from Justice Court; continued.

Estate of T. D. Winchester vs. G. Webster, administrator; continued.

Isaac Rignam vs. Geo. Elgin, writ of review; taken under advisement.

A LONDON dispatch says that several French firms, having large orders from the Chinese government for rifles, have been instructed to complete them as soon as possible.

From a Political Opponent.

The Roseburg *Star* a strong and consistent Democratic paper, in commenting upon the nomination of General Garfield for the Presidency, uses the following language:

It is useless to disguise the truth, and Democrats must realize the fact that Garfield is a strong man. Beyond question, of all names mentioned for the nomination, he is pre-eminent in all the gifts that distinguish a statesman, and we believe that we are not wrong when we say that he is the only one of them all, unless we except Mr. Edmunds, who can claim any pretension to real statesmanship. He is a polished scholar, a concise reasoner, a finished student of the art of government, and his abilities none can question. It may be said that he is a lexicon of statistics, and in fact all his essays and speeches bristle with an array of facts and information that entitle him to the conspicuous position he holds as a great parliamentary leader."

This is an honest concession of facts from a party who knows whereof he speaks, and who only clothes the subject of his comments with such virtues, as candor compels him to accord.

Election Returns—Overwhelming Republican Majorities.

Official returns from all of the counties in the State are not yet published, but the Republican majorities may be approximately stated as follows:

For Congress, George, Republican, has between 1,500 and 2,000 majority over Whiteaker. Two years ago Whiteaker was elected by 1,151 majority; a very satisfactory gain.

For State Printer, Odell's majority over Merry will probably reach 1,500.

W. P. Lord, J. B. Waldo and E. B. Watson, Republican candidates for Supreme Judges, are elected by majorities ranging from 1,000 to 2,200. Both houses of the Legislature will be under control of the Republicans.

The greatest celebration of our National Anniversary in this State will be at the Salem Fair Grounds, Monday, the 5th. The State Fair will also be in progress at the time.

An Important Amendment to the Land Laws.

Congress has passed an act, which was approved by the President on the 14th of last month, that provides:

"That any settler who has settled, or who shall hereafter settle, on any of the public lands of the United States, whether surveyed or unsurveyed, with the intention of claiming the same under the homestead laws, shall be allowed the same time to file his homestead application and perfect his original entry in the United States Land Office as is now allowed to settlers under the pre-emption laws to pay their claims on record, and his right shall relate back to the date of settlement, the same as if he settled under the pre-emption laws."

This gives homestead settlers, who have lived on their claims for five years before the survey, the right to date back and perfect their titles by final proof immediately after filing.

A Neglected Deathbed.

An exchange thus comments upon the late death of the Empress of Russia: Yesterday the poor Czarina of Russia ended her long and lingering existence. Her residence in southern Europe failing to do her any good, she returned to St. Petersburg to die. And there she has died alone; that is, her husband, who should have been by her bedside in her final hour, was not there. It is not to his credit, apparently, that he could not pay that small compliment to the mother of his children, the woman whom he had sworn to love and cherish. We fear that Czar Alexander is but a sorry dog. Although ruling over eight millions of subjects, he allows one woman, who is not his wife, to rule him and scandalize the name of the poor woman who now closed her sorrows with her life.

Shocking Accident.

Another of those terrible accidents that so often occur in the mines, is reported from Gold Hill, in a dispatch of the 18th instant: A terrible accident at the Yellow Jacket mine occurred at 11:30 o'clock, occasioned by a car load of tools falling from near the surface to the bottom, where eight men were on the ship. Four were instantly killed, namely, Neil Gallagher, Al. Tomby, Timothy Trezona and E. Whitehead. John Trezona has a thigh broken. H. Williams has an arm off. Barney Coyle and Frank Hammon are slightly injured.

Jeff Davis and his Legacy.

A New Orleans dispatch of the 18th speaks of the contest as to the validity of the will of Mrs. Dorsey, who left a large legacy to Jeff Davis, as follows:

Jefferson Davis, Jubal A. Early and J. U. Paine testified in the case of the will of Sarah A. Dorsey, who left Davis her legatee, contested on the ground of undue influence, which Davis emphatically denied. Mrs. Dorsey, he said, believed that the Confederacy still existed; that its truths were eternal and should prevail. He believed this, too, and if that was insanity, both he and Mrs. Dorsey were crazy.

The stage between Carson and Bodie was robbed the other day near Dalziel's ranch, passengers relieved of watches and money and the express box taken, containing \$5,000.

Gen. Garfield Vindicated.

The Democratic press are laboring to create the impression in the public mind that Garfield was guilty of maintaining a corrupt relation to the Credit Mobilier swindle; but the investigation of that great fraud cleared him in the public judgment of any guilty knowledge of that business. The matter has been thoroughly ventilated in the various successful political contests through which he has since passed and he has in every case been fully vindicated. A late dispatch says that a letter has been produced from Joe Black dated in 1873, in which he completely vindicates Gen. Garfield from any wrong in connection with the recent Credit Mobilier matter. Mr. Black says that Garfield was evidently deceived by Oakes Ames, and says his (Garfield's) integrity depended upon the question whether he acted with his eyes open. If he had known the true character of the proposition made to him he would not have endorsed it, much less embraced it.

This is high Democratic authority, and ought to settle the question with those who are disposed to look at it without prejudice.

Tilden and Seymour Positively Decline to be Sacrificed.

The following dispatches simplify the problem of the Democratic candidate for President:

CINCINNATI, June 21—2:30 A. M.—The New York delegation held a late session to-night, and toward its close, Wm. Peckham read a letter from Samuel J. Tilden, declining "re-nomination and re-election." His letter which is long, reviews his entire political career, and much of it is devoted to bitter talk about the events preceding Hayes' inauguration.

CINCINNATI, June 19.—The *Enquirer* this morning says that its editor has received a personal dispatch from Horatio Seymour, and it violates no confidence in printing the following extract: "I cannot accept the nomination, if it is made, under any circumstances. I am not able to do the duties of any office. I hope my name will not be presented at Cincinnati in any way. I have never said I would accept the nomination, nor have I knowingly intimated that I would. I rely upon you to set me right with the delegates."

Garfield on Resumption.

From first to last Garfield has been a conscientious and consistent supporter of a sound currency. He voted to sustain the credit of the Government in all stages of the finance question. In his speech at Massillon, O., August 24, 1878, speaking of resumption, he said: "It is right because the public faith demands it; it is as unparliamentary as it is dishonest to try to prevent it. The highest interests of both labor and capital demand it."

Are we prepared under a government which our fathers meant should be a hard money Government, to banish gold and silver from circulation in this country for all time to come, and do the business of the country upon nothing but irredeemable paper depending for its volume upon the will and caprice of the moment or upon the views of members of Congress seeking re-election or aspiring to higher places?"

National Democratic Convention—Hancock and English Nominated.

The result of the Cincinnati Convention, which assembled last Tuesday to nominate Democratic candidates for President and Vice-President, was received here by telegraph Thursday. General W. S. Hancock, of Pennsylvania was nominated for President on the second ballot. James E. English, of Connecticut was nominated for Vice-President.

General Hancock is a soldier of good reputation, but he is not a statesman in any sense of the word, never, we believe, having so much as served a term in Congress.

Mr. English was originally a merchant, has been a member of Congress and Governor of Connecticut.

Congress Adjourns.

A Washington dispatch of the 18th says:

Both Houses of Congress adjourned at noon sine die. All regular annual appropriation bills were signed by the president in time to announce their approval before the hour of adjournment, and consequently all became laws. A number of nominations failed to receive action and expired at the close of the session. Among them that of John F. Hartranft as collector of customs for Philadelphia.

John A. Sutter Dead.

John A. Sutter, a pioneer of the Pacific coast and the discoverer of gold in California, died in Washington City on the 19th instant. He had been sick only about a week with inflammation of the kidneys. Though once wealthy, of late years he has been poor, and Congress has had under consideration during each of several past sessions, a bill granting him \$50,000. Sutter county California is named for him.

At Leadville, Colorado, a compromise has been effected between the mine owners and miners and the militia is disbanded.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES.

TOMONTO, June 15.—Robert D. E. Coursier, to be hanged to-morrow, died in his cell to-day. He is supposed to have poisoned himself.

AUBURN, N. Y., June 17.—Lewis Chatterton was killed and five firemen wounded by the fall of a wall at a fire here last night.

LARIMER CITY, June 19.—George Benton, just from North Park, says that Chauncey Bacon, a miner, was shot and mortally wounded on the 17th at Jack City by a Sneed, whose name he did not learn.

CINCINNATI, June 17.—This morning William Condon, a variety performer at one of the concert saloons, quarrelled with Lou Perry, a girl with whom he had been living a short time, and struck her in the face with a banjo. The banjo rim crushed her skull and she died in half an hour. Condon was arrested.

CINCINNATI, June 19.—At Jefferson, near Sidney, Ohio, on Thursday, David L. Shank, a young blacksmith, attacked two widows in their house and killed one, Mrs. Lane aged 64 years, the weapon used being a fence rail. He was driven away before he killed the other woman. He feigned insanity when he was arrested, but it is said that he was only drunk.

OMAHA, Neb., June 15.—Yesterday afternoon, James Weaver called upon a man named Volk, 18 miles southeast of Plum creek, to collect some money which he had loaned. A quarrel arose, and Volk instantly killed Weaver, a ball passing through his heart. The murderer is under arrest.

DEADWOOD, D. T., June 17.—The Grand Jury to day returned four indictments against County Treasurer Neill and County Commissioners Sackett, charging them with forgery, embezzlement, bribery and perjury. Indictments will be found against County Clerk McGinnis and Commissioners Jones and King as soon as their presence can be secured in court.

The Richest Women in America.

The richest woman in America, and indeed, excepting royalty and Baroness Burdett-Coutts, the richest in the world, is Mrs. E. H. Green, the wife of the Vice President of the Louisville and Nashville road. She was a Miss Robinson, and her father was a whaling master at New Bedford. He owned a fleet of ships known as the blue line of whalers, and from his profession was known as "Blubber Robinson." He died when his daughter was a mere girl and left her a fortune of about \$8,000,000. She lived slenderly and prudently, and gave the management of her affairs to Mr. John J. Cisco. As her tastes were simple and her wants few, she was able to transfer her enormous income almost every year to the body of the fortune itself, and it has now accumulated to more than \$27,000,000. Her husband, Mr. Green, was a very rich man when she married him, and has been successful since. It is said by one who should know that the income of this couple is \$2,500,000 a year. Mr. Green is rather large in stature, quiet, reserved, sagacious, and of modest habits. He is about 47 years of age, and she is about 43.

The richest young ladies in New York are the Misses Garner, the daughters of Commodore Garner, who was drowned under a yacht that overturned a few years ago. He made his fortune in Wall street, and upon his death was able to leave his daughters \$4,000,000 or \$5,000,000 each. Added to this they are charming and beautiful young ladies.

A Lost Man.

The *Independent* gives an account of the supposed death of a man named Mathew Lockhead. Mr. Lockhead was Mr. Dillard's partner in the mines discovered by the latter on one of the tributaries of Steamboat, and left Tipton's logging camp on the 18th of December last. He was seen at several places the next day, but was last spoken to at the house of a half-breed, who prepared a meal for him before he crossed the mountains. Snow was then falling, but Lockhead would go on, as he intended to make snow shoes in the mountains. Time passed on. Those at Tipton's mill supposed that Lockhead was with Dillard, and the latter thought he was at Tipton's. It was only until last week when he, Dillard, came to Tipton's, that it was discovered Lockhead had never reached the mines. There is no reason to believe anything else than that in the storm and cold of the 19th of December, poor Lockhead became first bewildered and finally froze to death.

PRESIDENT HAYES and wife expect to visit the Pacific coast in September, and will come as far as Oregon.

GORDON MOORE killed Benjamin, a respected colored citizen and preacher of Marion county, Texas, a few days since. Cause—the knowledge of Moore that Benjamin was criminally intimate with the former's wife.

THE *Standard* says the farmers on Bachelor's island on the Columbia, above Vancouver, are going to remove to the main land. Their fields of grain are in danger of being flooded and drowned out by the high water. Two feet more will destroy all the grain on the island.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHN M. MONROE is appointed surveyor of customs for San Francisco.

Wm. COOPER, banjo player, struck and killed a girl named Lou Perry, at Cincinnati.

The city census of San Francisco is completed and it is said there are not over 20,000 Chinamen there.

The Lord Mayor at Dublin telegraphs that distress in Ireland continues and that money is needed to alleviate it. He calls for more help from America.

GEN. HATCH wants permission to follow Victoria's Indians over the Mexican border, and the State department is trying to get consent of the Mexican Government.

CITIZENS at Silver City, New Mexico, are famishing for want of food, owing to the raid recently made by Victoria's Indians. Freight trains are either delayed or lost.

Joe ACKLEY, a painter who resided in Roseburg several years ago, committed suicide in Oakland, a few days since. He severed an artery in his arm.

The President has sent a message to the Senate vetoing the Deputy Marshal's bill, on constitutional grounds, and in conformity with decisions of the Supreme Court.

A Chinese leper covered with sores and filth was a few days since dragged out on the streets of Portland by his countrymen and left to die; he was taken to the hospital by the city authorities.

A TERRIBLE plague of dysentery is prevalent at Adams, Mass., and over 1,000 have been taken with it. Supposed to be caused by the water in the reservoir being impure. It is feared many will die.

Mrs. E. H. MARSH has recently erected a handsome monument over the grave of the Reverend President of the Pacific University, S. H. Marsh. It is of Italian marble both base and shaft, which are square, the whole being eight feet high.

W. W. BAKER, editor of the *Rural Spirit*, has been invited and has accepted an invitation extended to him by the State Agricultural Society to deliver an address at the coming State Fair. Subject, "The Improvement of Live Stock."

A DISPATCH to the *Oregonian* states that Oregon's six votes were given to Garfield on the final ballot. Blaine received them on each of the thirty-five preceding ballots.

Oregon will also give him her three electoral votes as against any man who may be placed against him by the Democratic Convention.

CALIFORNIA and eastern capitalists have recently invested in mines in Sonora and Chihuahua to the value of over a million dollars. Title deeds and descriptions of property are now being translated by an expert in this city. No particulars of transactions will be given to the press until absolute possession of the mine is taken.

A DEMOCRATIC ex-official and another one soon to be, who have been repeatedly elected to their offices by Republican votes, are going after their Democratic neighbors in Empire City rough shod, because they scratched a little at the late election. A little consistency and a particle of moderation would appear becoming in their cases.

The late Congress passed a bill to relieve Wm. L. Adams, late collector of customs, and his sureties from the liability of \$13,000 stolen from him while conveying it to San Francisco, by steamer under orders of the treasury department; and also bills to remove the political disabilities of Abner Sneed, of Oregon, and to pay W. L. White for services in the Oregon City land office.

The eleventh annual meeting of the Society of the Army of the Potomac took place at Burlington on the 10th. Gen. Sheridan arrived this morning, also Gen. Nelson A. Miles and many other eminent soldiers. Veterans present number about 400. The reunion is a complete success. The city is profusely decorated. Special trains run in all directions bringing in spectators numbering about 15,000. An address of welcome was delivered by Daniel Roberts, city attorney of Burlington, to which Daniel E. Sickles, president of the Society of the Army of the Potomac, responded.

KALLOCH GOES TO JAIL.—A San Francisco dispatch of the 21st says: I. M. Kalloch, as the result of an examination *de novo* on a charge of killing Charles De Young, was held to answer this evening without bail.