## The REGISTER'S EDITORIAL and FEATURE Page <br> C. J. READ, Editor and Publisher

©hre Ashlanù AReniater oftive
 Member STATE EDITORIAL ASSOCIATION
Member NATIONAL EDITORIAL ASSOCIATION

## FRENCH AND AMERICAN "JUSTICE"

There are American citizens, some of them in Ashland, who smile at what they call the French idea of justice, when "crimes passionels" are idea of justice, when crimes
viewed with apparent leniency
This observation follows the acquittal of the Countess de Janze, formerly of Chicago, who abandoned her husband and children for an Eng-
lish lover. When he decided to leave her, because his religion would not sanction marriage with a divorcee, she accompanied him to the station. As they kissed she drew a revolver and shot him near the heart, thān sent a bullet, into her abdomen.
Both recovered. Her victim refused to press the charge against her, and in, court, accepted all the blame himself, after listening to the Judge's reproach for his breach of faith. Heavy censure was poured on the lady her broken heart was "sufficient excuse,", after the shooting but opinion prevailed that although the judge upbraided her with treachery for shooting, while pretending to kiss her lover. When found guilty she was sentenced to six months in jail and fined about $\$ 4$ but the jail term was suspended.
This "justice" amuses some Americans immensely. For their benefit, consider the case of George Remus, convicted bootlegger, who pur-
sued his wife through the streets of Cincinnati in sued his wife through the streets of Cincinnati in
an automobile, forced her car to the curb, and an automobile, forced her car to the curb, and
when she fled, overtook her in a park and shot when she fled
her to death.
When brought to trial Remus, an attorney, behaved in a manner unknown to American courts, blamed his trouble on the prohibition law, and she was about to rum off with a prohibitiong that after conspiring to kill and rob him of what he after conspiring to kill and rob him of what he
possessed. The American jury found him "not possessed. The American jury found him "not
guilty" on the grounds of insanity, the most favguity on the grounds of insanity, the most fav-
orable verdict that could have been rendered under the judge's charge, and one of the jury is quoted as sayng, we could have returned our
verdict in ten minutes. If Judge Shook had given us a plain not guilty verdict we would have brought in a straight aequittal.
Among other remarks, the juror continued, we felt Remus had been persecuted long enough When we retired I said, 'Let's go out and give him a Christmas present. Let's make him happy this Christmas. He says he wasn't happy last Christmas."
We submit, with all pride in our native land, that the Remus verdict takes precedence over the French decision and outranks it in any and every
ridiculous consideration ridiculous consideration.

## TOO MUCH HEAT IS UNHEALTHY

At this time of the year it is probably well to call the attention of our readers to the danger of excessive heating. Americans as a rule like their homes and officers to regiser not less than 70 degrees and there are individuals who get cold in a room where the mercury showes less than 75 degrees.
Too much heat is dangerous. Excess temperatures causes increased heart beats and acceler-
ated respiration, with a fall in blood presure ated respiration, with a fall in blood pressure. Eminent physicians are agreed that the high
pneumonia rate in winter is caused, not by cold pneumonia rate in winter is caused, not by cold
weather, but by the habit of many people, who weather, but by the habit
keep their houses too hot.
According to Dr. C. E. Inslow, of Philadelphia the proper householu temperature is between 64 and 68 degrees. This is healthful temperature. Any more is dangerously unhealthy
There may be homes in Ashland unequipped with thermometers. In this case we advise the householders to make an immediate investment. These instruments are so cheap that it is not too
much to have several seattered through the home, where they will render accurate testimony as to where they will render accurate testi
the actual temperature of the rooms.

## COOLIDGE GOES TO CUBA

This week President Coolidge leaves the United States for a visit to Cuba, where the sixth Pan-American Conference will convene in Havana. If we understand the purpose of the trip it is to answer the theal or the smaller countries, who have determined, it seems, to bring some
pressure on this country through the conference.

Our Pet Peeve


Heretofore, these gatherings have been nicely worded love feasts for the most part with lit e international politics mixed in the agenda his country has had its part in the gatherings, This but so long as nothing serious was attempt d this made little defference
At the Cuba Convention eminent Latin-Amer cans will gather for the first time in a serious frort to lay down certain rules to govern the reations between one and the other. This is plain
ly aimed to lay down the law to this country y aimed to lay down the law to this country, be cause our well-meant eforts in Panama, Sa aroused, at times, vigorous opposition in these countries.
The most impressive delegation of American epresentatives named since the Versailles conerence will take care of American interests President Coolidge and Secretary Kellogg will be guests not delegates, but heading the American delegation will be Charles E. Hughes, and there will be the ambassadors to Mexico and Cuba, Henry P. Fletcher, Oscar Underwood, and group of others well known in Latip-America. President Coolidge will make one speech, on he sixteenth. This will probably be an exposition of the American conception of duty and responsibility in this hemisphere. It will be an important occasion and the message will be one of vital interest.

## SAFETY AND THE SUBS

Considerable discussion follows the loss of the S-4. Everybody and his brother is rushing insind should have been prevented. Some valuable suggestions may result and future lives be saved, but. it seems, that most of them have been considered and eliminated for on or two reaons. Either they have been
a) Impractical, or,
(b) The instalation ol various devices, to be used after aciedents, would sacrifice essential safety in operation and tend to increase accients.
While we hold no brief for the naval experts, who have considered and reported on many suggested safety devices, it does seem to us that they konw something of the risks to be run. If in their judgment, it is safer to put every ounce of space and strength into making submarines safer in op ration, rather than in providing equipment and evices for use only after accidents, the layman ill have to accept their verdict.
Naturally, there will be a full investigation by Congress and the suggested safety devices will be advertised. The naval experts will have to fer the harsh condemnation of the public sufrally. The fate of the trapped submarine sailor is too fresh in memory and their slow death too harrowing to be lightly overlooked.

Our extra slice of pie for this week is awarded o the little girl who was sick in bed when Sant Claus came.
The anticipated slump in the rag business will be brought about, it is predicted because men today are wearing their clothes too long and the
women too short.




## $\mid$ the Steamship Mereer is one of the first vesess which will us the new fuel The coal, to the the consisteney of taicum pow.

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


## OREGON

; Or a Romance and Adventure in and of the West
By DAVID MARK
216 Central Ave., Ashland, Oregon


$\qquad$

|  | will be easily settled. Making a |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | living questing and how it was made has been the real question |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |




