Helping Them

Hives and Eruptions Cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"Two of my little boys had eruptions on their faces. I began giving them Hood's Sarsaparilla, and before they had finished taking the first bottle the sores were all gone. We are now giving Hood's Sarsaparilla to our babies for hives, and it is helping them.—MRS. C. A. BAYES, Stayton, Or. Get only Hood's because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. 25 cents.

Revolving Seat.

A seat especially adapted for use on open trolley cars, for the overhead seats on 'busses, for benches in public parks or private country houses, etc., is designed upon the principle of the rolling top desk, so that there is always a dry surface during the rainy or snowy weather. As a covering for the ordinary fixed rails or solid wood seat there is an endless roll, formed of flat strips of wood, riveted securely to bands of leather, pegamoid or similar material and presenting an even surface, the usual width of a single seat, which is slipped around the seat board. By means of sunk buttons or rings laced at suitable intervals this roll can be readily revolved, bringing any portion into position for a seat, as may be required Thus, in the event of the seat being exposed to the rain and rendered unfit for use, the person desiring to sit down has simply by means of the finger holes or rings to draw the roll forwards, and a perfectly dry portion is brought into position, whilst the roll is of such length that another dry portion sufficient for a seat is still in reserve, if found necessary In addition to this as the roll is revolved in either direction it it underneath the seat, brough in contact with an india-rubber scraper which takes off all the heavy moisture so that even the portion of the seat which has been exposed to the rain is very quickly dried and again rendered fit for use.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for **FREE $2.00** trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

A seven-foot granite monument in Upper Harz, Germany, has an iron tablet inscribed: "Here, in the year 1847, the first trials were made with the cultivation of the potato."

We will forfeit $1,000 if any of our published testimonials are proven to be not genuine. THE PISO CO., Warren, Pa.

The death penalty is rarely enforced in Germany, Austria, Denmark or Sweden. In New York 11 out of 12 murderers escape without any punishment, and in the United States only one murderer in 50 suffers capital punishment.

A portable X-ray apparatus no bigger than a Webster's dictionary, but powerful enough to enable a surgeon to look through a man's body, has been invented for use in war by Professor Reginald A. Fessenden, of Pittsburg.

The photographic action of light, though not destroyed at very low temperatures, is diminished by 20 per cent., the loss being greatest in the violet light which at ordinary temperatures is the most effective.

Professor Dewar recently stated in the course of a lecture at the Royal Institution of Great Britain that there has been a great developmnet in the application of liquid air as an analytical agent.

No parental care ever falls to the lot of a single member of the insect tribe. In general the eggs of an insect are designed to be hatched long after the parents are dead, so that most insects are born orphans.

Clocks can be accurately leveled by a new shelf which has a fixed wall plate supporting a pivoted, adjustable shelf, with levels in the top, to be set by thumb screws on the upper side.

When dead bodies are entered as a cargo on a ship they are often recorded on the invoices as "statuary" or "natural history specimens," to allay the superstitious fears of the crew.

COULD NOT SLEEP.

Mrs. Pinkham Relieved Her of All Her Troubles.

MRS. MADGE BABCOCK, 176 Second St., Grand Rapids, Mich., had ovarian trouble with its attendant aches and pains, now she is well. Here are her own words:

"Your Vegetable Compound has made me feel like a new person. Before I began taking it I was all run down, felt tired and sleepy most of the time, had pains in my back and side, and such terrible headaches all the time, and could not sleep well nights. I also had ovarian trouble. Through the advice of a friend I began the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and since taking it all troubles have gone. My monthly sickness used to be so painful, but have not had the slightest pain since taking your medicine. I cannot praise your Vegetable Compound too much. My husband and friends see such a change in me. I look so much better and have some color in my face."

Mrs. Pinkham invites women who are ill to write to her at Lynn, Mass., for advice, which is freely offered.

TANG PFUNDER'S OREGON BLOOD PURIFIER

Tested and True.

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

FIRED THE FIRST SHOT.

Gunner Charles Cavanaugh Opened the Battle at Manila.

Gunner Charles Cavanaugh, the man who fired the first shot in the great naval battle of Manila Bay, is a native of Harvey County, Kansas. He is a gunner on the Olympia, Admiral Dewey's flagship, and has charge of one of the 8-inch guns. When the battle commenced the Olympia signaled the other ships to begin firing, both by "wigwagging" and by firing the first shot herself. Charles Cavanaugh had the honor of firing that first shot. A

CHARLES CAVANAUGH.

letter was received from Cavanaugh by Charles Barber, a cousin, in which he said the fire of the Spanish fleet was at all times very wild, and that to the American sailors it was simply an exciting target practice. Gunner Cavanaugh is just 21 years old, and has been in the American navy nearly two years. He enlisted in November, 1896, and was drilled in the recruiting ship Independence. The following March he was sent across the Pacific in the mail steamer Peru, and after his arrival in Japan April 15 he was transferred to the flagship Olympia. He learned the tricks aboard ship very quickly, and was transferred to the Yorktown and back to the Olympia. His promotion was rapid, and he soon was placed in charge of one of the big guns.

BULLETS IN '61.

But Cheers of Welcome for the Bay State Troops in 1898.

The reception accorded recently in Baltimore, Md., to the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment, en route to Falls Church, Va., to fight the Spaniards, was in striking contrast to that given

ATTACK UPON THE SIXTH MASSACHUSETTS IN BALTIMORE.
Street between Gay and Bowley's wharf, April 19, 1861, where a mob of 10,000 assailed the troops.

the same regiment in the same city April 19, 1861, when the New England troops were on the way to Washington to defend the capital against a Confederate attack.

In '61 the troops were savagely attacked and blood flowed freely. Recently the troops were received with every demonstration of joy and patriotic fervor. Truly has time healed the wounds of the civil war. In '61 the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment, after leaving the President street railway station were proceeding along Pratt street, between Gay street and Bowley's wharf near Calvert street, when stone throwing and pistol firing by those opposed to the passage of the troops was commenced with great vigor. A large pile of cobblestones was piled up on the side of the street here and these were used to drive back the soldiers. There were thirty killed in the mob and more than 100 wounded. Five of the soldiers were killed and twenty-four were injured.

Among those who welcomed the Bay State soldiers last month were fifteen of the men who stoned them in '61. They made up in enthusiastic welcome for the dark event of thirty-seven years ago.

Duck Eggs in an Albumen Factory.

Near Chingkiang, China, is a great albumen factory, for the utilization of the duck eggs which are produced in that region in enormous quantities, flocks of 4,000 and 5,000 ducks being by no means uncommon. The eggs are broken at the rate of from 40,000 to 60,000 per day by women, who separate the white from the yolk, the former being carefully cleaned and dried until they resemble fish glue, when they are packed in 400-pound cases lined with zinc. The yolks are passed through sieves into twenty-five gallon receptacles, mixed with a salt and borax solution, packed in 500-pound barrels, and used in Europe for preparing and dressing articles of superior quality. The albumen finds a ready market in England, France and Germany for dyes for the best cotton goods.—Philadelphia Press.

Liverpool and Slave Trade.

The great wealth of the merchants of London and Bristol enabled them to enjoy a practical monopoly of the African slave trade for a long period prior to Liverpool having any share in it, says Gomer Williams' "History of the Liverpool Privateers." Liverpool adventurers with a small capital were unable to equip vessels and purchase goods specially adapted to the African market and of no use outside of that market, nor could they afford to await the uncertain results of round voyages, sometimes prolonged to more than a year and subject to terrible dangers unknown to any other description of trading adventures. Early in the eighteenth century, however, a successful rivalship with Bristol in exporting provisions, coarse checks and silk handkerchiefs of Manchester make to the West Indies and the continent of America eventually enabled the merchants of Liverpool to participate in the more lucrative slave traffic.

While Liverpool obtained from this competition a sudden accession to her commerce which filled her warehouses with sugar, rum and other West India produce, the trade of Bristol to the West Indies declined. The checks of Manchester, carried in Liverpool ships, ousted from that market the German, French and Scotch osnaburgs exported from Bristol.

The Morse Handwriting.

Thomas Bailey Aldrich once received a letter from his friend, Professor E. S. Morse, and, finding the handwriting absolutely illegible, he sent the following reply: "My Dear Mr. Morse: It was very pleasant to receive a letter from you the other day. Perhaps I should have found it pleasanter if I had been able to decipher it. I don't think I mastered anything beyond the date, which I knew, and the signature, which I guessed at. There is a singular and perpetual charm in a letter of yours—it never grows old, it never loses its novelty. One can say to one's self every morning: 'Here's a letter of Morse's; I haven't read it yet; I think I shall take another shy at it to-day, and maybe I'll be able, in the course of a few years, to make out what he means by those t's that look like w's and those I's that haven't any eyebrows.' Other letters are read and thrown away and forgotten, but yours are kept forever—unread. One of them will last a reasonable man a lifetime. Admiringly yours, Thomas Bailey Aldrich."

Poets in Parliament.

The father of English poetry—Chaucer—was elected a member of the House of Commons in 1386. In 1621 Waller was at the age of 17 elected member for Agmondesham, in Bucks. He was several times re-elected and in 1639, as a member of the Long Parliament, delivered his famous speech against the levying of the ship tax. Andrew Marvell was, in 1658, elected member for Hull, the place of his birth. Addison entered Parliament in 1706; he had previously been Under-Secretary, and afterward was Secretary of State. Richard Glover represented Weymouth in Parliament for many years subsequent to 1761. Richard Brinsley Sheridan sat in the House, and his speeches as a member were greater than his poems; and at the same time George Canning, author of the "Needy Knife-Grinder," sat as a member of the House of Commons. Contemporary with Canning was Lord Macaulay, whose rival in debate, William Mackworth Praed, also sat in the House. Monkton Milnes (afterward Lord Houghton) became a member of Parliament in 1837, though better known as the writer of "Strangers Yet" and "The Brookside."

Danish Kings.

How many historical students have observed that Denmark's kings for 384 years have all been named Christian or Frederick? This is not the result of accident. It is the law. The present King is Christian IX. He will be succeeded by Frederick VIII., who in turn will be succeeded by Christian X. It is the law of Denmark that Christian must be succeeded by Frederick and Frederick by Christian. To attain this, and without the changing of names, in case of death or other reason, every Danish Prince, no matter what other names he may receive, always includes Christian and Frederick. In some German royal families it is also the custom to name all the male children after the head of the house Thus it transpires that the house of Reuss has its King Henry LXIX.

Ready for the Next.

A certain eminent judge who was recently re-elected, when he was asked about the facility with which he turned from one case to another, replied that he had learned that from what he saw at a baptism of colored people when he was a boy. The weather was very cold, so that to immerse the candidates they were obliged to cut away the ice. It befell that when one of the female converts was dipped back in the water, the cold made her squirm about, and in a moment she had slipped from the preacher's hands and was down the stream under the ice. The preacher, however, was not disconcerted. Looking up with perfect calmness at the crowd on the bank, he said: "Brethren, this sister hath departed—hand me down another."—Argonaut.

Naming Ships of the Navy

The naming of vessels of the United States navy is regulated by law. Vessels of the first-class are required to be named after States, those of the second after rivers, those of the third after the principal cities and towns, and those of the fourth as the President may direct.

Carp Out of Water.

Some fish exhibit great power of endurance when deprived of power of access to their native elements. In Holland carp are kept alive for three weeks or a month, the fish being placed in wet moss and kept in a cold spot.

Keeping the Dye.

A little cream rubbed into black kid gloves will prevent the dye from coming off. It also gives them a nice gloss

FILTHY SAN JUAN.

Porto Rico's Walled City Looks About as It Did 250 Years Ago

San Juan is a perfect specimen of a walled town, with portcullis, moat, gates and battlements. Built over 250 years ago, it is still in good condition and repair. The walls are picturesque and represent a stupendous work and cost in themselves. Inside the walls the city is laid out in regular squares, six parallel streets running in the direction of the length of the island and seven at right angles. The houses are closely and compactly built of brick, usually of two stories, stuccoed on the outside and painted in a variety of colors. The upper floors are occupied by the most respectable people, while the ground floors, almost without exception, are given up to negroes and the poorer classes, who crowd one upon another in the most appalling manner. In one small room with a flimsy partition a whole family will reside.

The ground floors of the whole town reek with filth, and conditions are most unsanitary. There is no running water

STREET SCENE IN SAN JUAN.

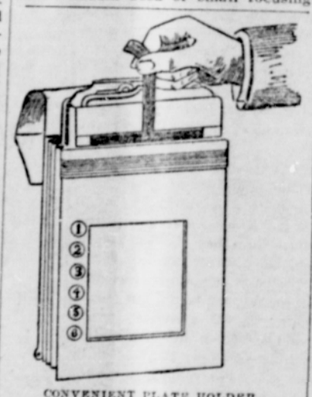
in the town. The entire population depends on rain water caught on the flat roofs of the buildings and conducted to the cistern, which occupies the greatest part of the courtyard that is an essential part of Spanish houses the world over, but that in San Juan, on account of the crowded conditions, is small. There is no sewerage, except for surface water and sinks, and the risk of contaminating the water is great and in dry seasons the supply is entirely exhausted. Epidemics are frequent, and the town is alive with vermin, mosquitoes, and dogs.

The streets are wider than in the older part of Havana and will admit two carriages abreast. The sidewalks are narrow, and in places will accommodate only one person. The pavements are of a composition manufactured in England from slag, easily broken and unfit for heavy traffic. The streets are swept once a day by hand, and are kept very clean. From its topographical situation the town should be healthy, but it is not. The soil under the city is clay mixed with blue, so hard as to be almost like rock. It is consequently impervious to water and furnishes a good natural drainage. The trade wind blows strong and fresh, and through the harbor runs a stream of sea water at a speed not less than three miles an hour. With these conditions no contagious diseases, if properly taken care of, could exist; without them the place would be a veritable plague spot.

FOR THE AMATEUR.

Very Convenient Triple Photographic Plate Holder.

Here is a triple slide holder, which consists of a water-proof case for holding three double dark slides, with an extra space at the back for prints, memorandum book or small focusing



CONVENIENT PLATE HOLDER.

cloth. In the front is a white matte surface washable tablet, on which may be recorded particulars of the exposure, and in each partition is a tape which enables the slide to be easily pulled out. A pencil and pencil holder are included, and altogether this makes an excellent protection for dark slides, either in the camera case or in the holder alone.

Two Most Remarkable Rivers.

From the beginning the Nile was an exceptional river. Its sources were unknown. There were those who thought that the Nile flowed down from heaven; that it welled up from streams that disappeared under the earth on another continent, or, at the very least that its springs were inaccessible to man.

There was no such mystery about the Euphrates. From the remotest times its sources seem to have been known by hearsay, if not by observation, to the dwellers on the coast.

The Nile was beneficent even in its floods. The people learned to let its waters flow over their lands at the time of the inundation, and where they raised dikes and sunk canals and basins it was to let in the water, not to keep it out.

The Euphrates also had its floods, but these were destructive. They scarred the soft earth with ravines and swept the fertile soil onward to build new lands along the edge of the Persian Gulf. The people anticipated the overflow with dread, and their most absorbing task was to restrain the river within bounds. They became more intimate with the earth than their Egyptian contemporaries. They learned how to mold the clay and to make their houses and the houses of their kings and their gods out of the material under their feet. The Egyptians learned something about brick manufacture, but they had no need to depend wholly upon that sort of building material. It was easy for them to obtain stone, as their huge piles attest.

A Total Disability Claim of $1,650 Paid to a Man Who Was Afterward Cured.

The *Monitor*, a newspaper published at Meaford, Ont., Canada, first discovered this case two years ago, and published it at length, which now seems, owing to the cure of it, to be a miracle. The facts were so remarkable that many people doubted the truth of them. They said: "It is too remarkable; it cannot possibly be true; the paper is mistaken, and the man, although he may think himself cured, will soon relapse into his former condition," etc., etc. The accuracy of its report called into question, the *Monitor* determined to find out definitely whether the facts were as stated and whether the man would really stay cured. They accordingly kept a close watch on the case for *two years* after the first article appeared, and have just now published another article about it in which *the original reports are completely verified, the cure is permanent, and they publish a fac simile of the check given by the Canadian Mutual Life Association for $1,650.00 amount of total disability claim paid by them to Mr. Petch.*

The first account stated that the patient (see address below) had been a paralytic for five years, that there was such a total lack of feeling in his limbs and body that a pin run full length could not be felt; that he could not walk or help himself at all; for two years he was not dressed; furthermore that he was bloated, was for that reason almost unrecognizable, and could not get his clothes on. The paralysis was so complete as to affect the face and prevented him from opening his mouth sufficiently wide to take solid food. The doctors called the disease spinal sclerosis, and all said he could not live.

For three years he lingered in this condition. Then by some friends he was advised to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. He took them and there was a slight change. The first thing noted was a tendency to sweat freely. This showed there was some life left in his helpless body. Next came a little feeling in his limbs. This extended, followed by pricking sensations, until at last blood began to course freely, naturally and vigorously through his body, and the helplessness gave way to returning strength, the ability to walk returned, and *he was restored to his old time health.*

The above is the substance of the first article published by the *Monitor*. Now follow some clippings, taken from the same paper two years afterward, and there is not the slightest shadow of a doubt, in view of this testimony, that Mr. Petch's cure is permanent. Here follows the account:

On being again questioned, Mr. Petch said: "You see those hands—the skin is now natural and elastic. Once they were hard and without sensation. You could pierce them with a pin and I would not feel it, and what is true of my hands is true of the rest of my body. Perhaps you have observed that I have now even ceased to use a cane, and can get about my business perfectly well. You may say *there is absolutely no doubt as to my cure being permanent. Indeed I am in even better health than when I gave you the first interview.*"

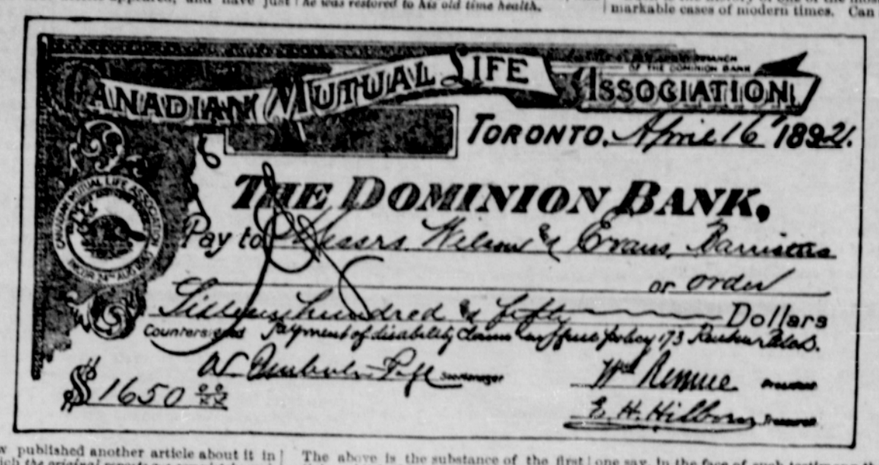
"Do you still attribute your cure to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills?" asked the *Monitor*.

"Unquestionably I do," was the reply. "Doctors had failed, as had also the numerous remedies recommended by my friends. Nothing I took had the slightest effect upon me until I began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. *To this wonderful medicine I owe my release from the living death.* I have since recommended these pills to many of my friends, and the verdict is always in their favor. I shall always bless the day I was induced to take them."

Such is the history of one of the most remarkable cases of modern times. Can any one say, in the face of such testimony that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are not entitled to the careful consideration of any suffering man, woman or child? Is not the case in truth a miracle of modern medicine?

To make the evidence complete we publish above a fac simile cut of the check received by Mr. Petch from the Canadian Mutual Life Association, being the amount due him for total disability. It is unnecessary to add that this life insurance association did not pay this large amount of money to Mr. Petch, except after the most careful examination of his condition by their medical experts. They *must* have regarded him as forever incurable.

Mr. Petch's address is as follows: Reuben Petch, Griersville, Ont., Canada.



Engineering Under the Earth.

The newest wonder in American engineering has just been inaugurated at Haughton, Mich., viz., the Red Jacket shaft of the Calumet and Helca—the greatest mining shaft in the entire world. It is 4,900 feet deep, and, compared with it, the deep silver mines of the Comstock lode in Nevada, or the wonderful mines in Austria, worked for many centuries past, are but shallow pits. There are six compartments, says the New York Sun, each equal in size to an ordinary mining shaft, four of these being used for hoisting rock and lowering timber; one is used for the ladderways, and the sixth and last compartment carries the wires and pipes for telephones, light, power, water and compressed air. The underground workings of the shaft are laid out with mathematical accuracy, the undeviating course of the copper-bearing lode allowing work to be planned thousands of feet ahead of the mineral picks. The great pumps which free the mine of water are operated interchangeably by compressed air and electricity. The power drills which eat the holes for the dynamite cartridges are run by compressed air alone, and there are more than 300 of these drills, each doing the work of a dozen men, working both night and day, in the Calumet and Helca mine.

REDUCTION IN BICYCLE PRICES.

It is said that western capitalists are contemplating the organization of a great bicycle company, which hopes to make first-class wheels and sell them as low as $10. Whether this be true or not, the fact remains that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a first-class remedy for the stomach, liver and blood, and the price puts it within everybody's reach to be well and strong. For fever and ague it is a specific.

The latest of the lofty outputs of science to be established has has recently been put on the summit of Mount Kosciusko 7,328 feet high, the most elevated point in Australia. It is a meteorological observatory.

TRY ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous, and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Ten thousand testimonials of cures. Try it *today*. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Sent by mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, New York.

Persons residing in the District of Columbia have no vote there, but they may vote in the state in which they claim a legal residence.

WAGONS IMPROVED.

The new improved Stoughton wagons stand the racket. Two car loads have just arrived. It pays to have the best. Write for free catalogue. JOHN POOLE, sole agent, foot of Morrison street, Portland, Or.

In 1794 the habitual users of the English language did not number more than 30,000,000; in 1897 their number was estimated at 100,000,000.

A Gold Mine for Sampson.

The war prizes captured by Rear-Admiral Sampson's North Atlantic squadron are of considerable value. Twenty-eight captures of Spanish vessels were made, and it is said that six of the principal ships and cargoes have been valued at $1,500,000. When they have been sold half of the cargoes will go to the government and the other half ($750,000) will be divided among the captors. Twenty per cent. of this, or $150,000, will go to Admiral Sampson, and the rest of it to the subordinates, including the crews. If this sort of thing keeps on Admiral Sampson may come out of the contest a millionaire, and every jack-tar in his ships may have a snug little fortuune of his own.

Marigolds in North Africa reach a height of four or five feet.

HOITT'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

At Burlingame, San Mateo county, Cal., is one of the most thorough, careful and practical "Home School" to be found on the Pacific Coast. Accredited at State and Stanford Universities. Thorough preparation for business. Send for catalogue. IRA G. HOITT, Ph. D., Principal. Re-opens Aug. 9th.

Anglo-Saxon Postal Cards.

The Canadian people are showing a stronger sentiment towards Uncle Sam at the present time, called out no doubt by the struggle, if such it may be called, between this government and Spain. An instance of this is found in new postal cards, which are passing through the Canadian mails to this country. On one card is shown the Stars and Stripes, which cover the entire front of the postal card, the white bars of Old Glory being used to write the address upon. Another card shows the union of the English and American flags inscribed "Anglo-Saxon, one aim, one goal," while below are the national shields held by Ceres and the Goddess of Liberty, guarding whom are the proud eagle bird and the lion. Both are private postals, such as are now permissible in this country, and both are very unique.

The most ancient coin in Europe, the ducat, was first struck in the mint of Venice in the year 1284. The building is still in existence.

SYRUP OF FIGS

NEVER IMITATED IN QUALITY.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.

LOUISVILLE, Ky. NEW YORK, N. Y.

Cookbooks for Soldiers.

Cook books have been distributed through the companies of the Twenty-second regiment, says the New York Tribune. The receipts given show just how the government wants its supplies cooked. There must hereafter be an inspection of the food at each meal, and an officer is to overlook the weighing and apportioning of supplies to ascertain that the amount given out is sufficient.

In New Zealand two persons working together constitute a factory.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury,

As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A NEW DEPARTURE IN .DENTISTRY.

At last the long looked for improvement has been made on the old method of plate teeth. Instead of wearing a clumsy mouthful of rubber teeth, by Dr. White's new method you can have your teeth replaced by crown and bridge work, giving the same results as your natural teeth, in appearance, comfort and durability.

... DR. WHITE ...

271½ MORRISON ST., COR. 4TH, PORTLAND, OR.

Aufgepaßt!

Um unser Blatt, die „Nachrichten", in solche Kreise einzuführen, in denen es bisher noch nicht genügend bekannt war, senden wir es von jetzt an bis zum 1. Januar 1899 frei an alle diejenigen, welche für das nächste Jahr unsere Abonnenten werden und den Betrag dafür, $2.00, jetzt einsenden. Man lasse sich Probe-Nummern schicken.

German Publishing Co., Portland, Or.

YOUR LIVER Is it Wrong? Get it Right. Keep it Right.

Moore's Revealed Remedy will do it. Three doses will make you feel better. Get it from your druggist or any wholesale drug house, or from Stewart & Holmes Drug Co., Seattle.

WILL & FINCK CO.'S SPRING EYE GRAIN BAG NEEDLES.....

Plain or with Cutter. The best needle in the market. Used by all sack sewers. For sale by all general merchandise stores, or by

WILL & FINCK CO.,
820 Market Street, San Francisco, Cal.

OPIUM MORPHINE COCAINE LAUDANUM Stopped at once

DR. J. C. HOFFMAN, 484 Isabella Bldg, Chicago, Ill.

N. P. N. U. No. 28, '98.

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Price, only $185.