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Cocoons for Donald

By JANE OSBORN

MARDY DAWSON was riding along Black Duck road in a pre-occupied mood. How could she take much note of the familiar scenery when only ten days more separated her from the much planned European trip with twelve months' study and travel? She would have ridden straight on without noticing the car at the side of the road or the young man who had alighted if it had not been for his remarkable antics. He was apparently intent on doing something to a young wild cherry tree that grew up from the roadside ditch.

Mardy reined in her horse a little as she approached. "Couldn't I help you—at whatever it is you are trying to do?" she asked. "Why, yes—thanks awfully. You see I'm trying to get that thing—that cocoon up there."

"But I can get it easily," laughed Mardy. With that she had turned her horse, deftly taken the small ditch with him and with the greatest ease plucked the branch that bore the coveted cocoon.

"Do you collect them?" asked Mardy drawing her horse back into the road. "Butterflies, I mean?"

"Not much, only there's a youngster up the road, a boy that ought to be playing football and hockey, but he's sitting off there in his room—crippled. He's turned his mind to butterflies and moths—and I promised to get some cocoons for him."

"Do you mean Donald Dawson?" "That's the lad," said the young man sadly—"You don't happen to know the family?"

"I know the family well enough," flared back the girl. "To know that Donald was injured at football practice, but the Dawsons have spared no expense, and as for sitting off there in his room, why, he has a post-graduate hospital nurse with him all the time. He has a professional entertainer out from the city every week to amuse him, the local doctor comes every day and the Dawsons have the very best specialist in the country."

"You seem to know the Dawsons well—perhaps the doctors are doing their humble best, but they'd do a lot more if that room up there on the hill was flooded with hope and inspiration. Professional entertainers cure a week—pooh!"

"The young man held out the cocoons, the one that the girl had called. "You are Miss Dawson, of course?" The resemblance between her and Donald is striking. May I ask you to carry these to the boy—your brother—and if you don't object to deception, say that you brought them of your own accord."

Mardy gave rein to her horse and, still holding the twigs gingerly, galloped at top speed back to the Dawson estate on the hill.

During her childhood and the lifetime of her mother it had been their year-round residence. Then business had kept her father more and more closely confined to his duties in the city, an elder sister had married and gone away to school. The old place was left to a nephew only as a less and less frequently visited summer place. Then had come Donald's injury, and the doctors had ordered quiet residence in the country.

"But perhaps—" she thought as she left her horse with a waiting groom in the driveway—"perhaps after all I might cheer him up a bit," and with out changing from her riding tops she bore her old little offering of cocoons to his room. "I happened to find these," she told him.

The boy's pale face had brightened, his eager hands reached out for the treasure and the alert eyes and mind were at work identifying each of the little gray cocoons. He asked for his books on butterflies and moths and for a half-hour harangued his sister on the lore of the moth collector. Then the nurse came in quietly and announced Doctor Turnbridge, and Mardy left, promising to come back.

"It's all right, though," the boy had called to her. "Even when he has to hurt a little I don't mind—he's a regular prince."

In the hall Mardy stood aside to let the celebrated specialist pass. It was the stranger she had met on the highway.

A half-hour later when the doctor had come out of the sickroom and passed down the hall, Mardy was still standing there.

"I'm sorry for what I said," she said simply. "I want to tell you how much I appreciate what you have done for my brother—I've been thinking—marveling that you, the great Doctor Turnbridge, should take time to gather cocoons just because we were too selfish to think about it—here the young voice almost broke down, but she went on—"I have decided to stay home, right here with Donald until he is all better."

The doctor's voice wasn't quite steady when he replied, "That's all we need to win the fight."

And Mardy did stay—for ten long months. And then just when Donald was ready to go out again with nearly his former vigor, she determined to postpone the European trip indefinitely, deciding that to marry a man like Dr. Homer Turnbridge was an even more wonderful and serious business in life than completing her musical education.

AGAIN WORLD NET QUEEN



Helen Willis.

Wimbledon, England.—Miss Helen Willis maintained her position as queen of the tennis world by winning the English women's singles for the third consecutive year. She defeated her fellow Californian, Miss Helen Jacobs, 6-1, 6-2, in the first all-American final in the history of the British tennis championships.

24 LIVES LOST AS RAMMED SUB SINKS

Craft Had Been Maneuvering Off the Irish Coast.

London.—Steaming through the Irish sea with the rest of the fleet, which had been maneuvering off the Irish coast, a little 500-ton submarine, H-47, collided with a giant 1,080-ton submarine, the L-12, and went to the bottom carrying with it all but two of the crew.

The point where the two submarines collided is 20 miles northwest of Fishguard, where the water is 324 feet deep, probably too far down for divers to work successfully, though salvage ships were rushed to the spot of the disaster.

The total number of men lost was announced as 24. The submarine's regular full complement is 23, of whom two were saved—Lieut. R. J. Gardner, commanding officer, and Sidney Cleburne, telegraph operator. Charles Edward Bull, leading signal man, and Arthur Sampson, seaman, died of injuries.

It was one of the worst disasters in British submarine history. It is No. 14 of peace time submarine losses. Only three previous accidents involved the greater loss of life, those of the M-1 in 1925, when 68 were killed; of the H-42 in 1922, when 28 lives were lost, and of the H-5 in 1921, when the death toll was 67.

The H-47 was built on the model of the American constructed ships in the British dockyard of Beardmore in 1918. Its displacement when it was submerged was 500 tons and its speed 13 knots at the surface and 10½ knots at the bottom. Its armament consisted of four 21-inch torpedo tubes and no guns.

Mexico Executes Bandit
Who Murdered American
Mexico City.—The War department announced the capture and execution of El Zaus in Guanajuato of Jose Padron, one of the leaders of the rebel band that kidnapped and killed Joseph M. Underwood and C. C. Alsthrope, American mining officials, last February.

WASHINGTON BRIEFS

Ernest I. Lewis, chairman of the Interstate Commerce commission, disclosed that a general investigation in to the grain freight rate situation is under active consideration by the commission.

The Press Wireless, Inc., was organized by a group of newspaper publishers here to use the 20 transatlantic channels set aside by the Federal Radio commission for use of the American press.

Representatives of 50 nations will gather in Warsaw, Poland, October 4, to discuss the unification of aeronautical laws by mutual agreement, the Department of Commerce has announced.

Confronted with mounting deficits in the postal service, which reached \$137,000,000 in the fiscal year just closed, President Hoover has resolved to see if the Post-Office department can be made self-sustaining.

A \$4,000 automobile, paid for by 10-cent contributions from every R. F. D. carrier in the country, has been purchased for John W. Phillips, former Dallas (Texas) postmaster, recently sworn in as fourth assistant postmaster general.

Willis Sells Auto Interests
Toledo, Ohio.—In a deal reported to involve approximately \$25,000,000, John N. Willis, pioneer automobile manufacturer, has sold most of his personal interest in the Willis-Overland company.

Danish Baptist Church Head Dead
Cedar Falls, Iowa.—Andrew E. Lunn, 85-year-old, president of the National Association of Danish Baptist churches, died of heart disease in his home here.

NAVAL PARITY WITH BRITAIN, U. S. UKASE

Warning Is Issued on Proposed Disarming Plan.

Washington.—An important note on naval armaments, dispatched to England and the powers, makes clear the opinion of the United States in the matter of naval parity.

In the most recent note the United States tells the maritime nations finally that they must accept some new method for fixing the fighting value of ships, as outlined by this country, or there can be no hope of reductions. The note also says that in any conference the United States will insist upon a navy equal with that of Great Britain.

This was learned after Secretary Stimson, Undersecretary of State Cotton and Secretary of the Navy Adams, were recently closeted with the President for one and a half hours.

It is understood that Charles G. Dawes, ambassador to Great Britain, sent a highly important communication to the State department here as a result of his conference with the British admiralty and Hugh S. Gibson, American ambassador to Belgium and the American expert on naval armaments. In it he stated the views of the British and other powers as they have just been revealed.

There could be no confirmation of reports from Great Britain that a proposed conference for naval reductions had been finally rejected by that country and that any future action would have to be taken through the League of Nations' preparatory conference or through the Washington armaments conference, which is to meet here in 1931.

The impression in official circles, however, is that the British had made a counter proposal to that in which the United States had been certain the fighting value of ships, most of which are said to be objectionable to the British.

It was taken for granted that the British have made some concessions to the American view, and that the door to a conference for actual reductions has not been closed, although the United States in the new note stands firm on her previous position.

London.—Disarmament conversations between United States and Great Britain, initiated as soon as Ambassador Dawes reached England, were renewed a few days ago when the ambassador spent several hours with Premier Ramsay MacDonald in the premier's private room in the house of commons.

The conversations begun by the ambassador's hasty visit to Forbes, Scotland, and his luncheon there with the prime minister, were touched on again at the invitation of MacDonald.

U. S. Corn Crop Is Put at 77.6 Pct. of Normal
Washington.—The condition of the United States corn crop was placed at only 77.6 per cent of normal on July 17 by the crop reporting board of the Department of Agriculture. This would indicate a production of 2,662,050,000 bushels, the department statistics revealed. The total acreage under cultivation was placed at 98,333,000.

Winter wheat was estimated at 532,492,000 bushels, on a condition 75.9 per cent of normal on the 39,385,000 acres to be cut.

Indicated production of durum wheat was 58,278,000 bushels, based on a condition of 67.5 per cent of normal on the 5,357,000 acres remaining for cutting.

For other spring wheat the indicated yield was 123,000,000 bushels, with a condition of 74.4 per cent of the normal. There were 15,314,000 acres remaining.

Figures for all wheat indicated production of 823,820,000 bushels, with a condition of 74.9 per cent of normal and an acreage of 60,773,000.

Opium Worth \$1,000,000 Found in Woman's Trunk
San Francisco.—Eleven pieces of baggage brought from China to San Francisco by Mrs. Susie Ying Kuo, daughter of the Chinese minister to Cuba and wife of the Chinese vice consul here, disclosed a fortune in opium when opened by customs officials.

The value of the opium was fixed by customs officers at \$1,000,000. Asked to name the persons in China for whom she had brought the drug, Mrs. Kuo refused, saying that since she now knew the trunk contained opium, her life would be endangered by revealing the owner's name.

Fifth 15th Army Bank Closes
Leeds, Ala.—The Leeds State bank was fifth to suspend business in the state within two weeks.

Trips to Mount Rainier Barred
Tacoma, Wash.—Trips to Mount Rainier will not be permitted until a complete survey of the trails has been made. The edict resulted from a climbing tragedy in which two men were killed.

Mexico Calls Special Congress
Mexico City.—A special session of the Mexican congress will be called by President Portes Gil to convene on July 20 to consider the new labor code.

His Pony or His Girl

By H. LOUIS RAYBOLD

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JIMMY was downcast and, as was his habit when the blues attacked him, he told his little horse Monty all about it.

"You see, little boss, this Kitty I'm engaged to doesn't care much about animals. She likes things quite different from the way I do. Her dad's got a job waiting for me in a Cheyenne shoe store and her ma's going to furnish three rooms in the upper story of their little house. There won't be any place for a little boss."

The two of them were making their leisurely way across the grassy range towards the once prosperous Circle Bar ranch. As the clump of cottonwoods sheltering the low building came into view, Jimmy changed his thoughts from his immediate troubles to memories of the past.

What good times he had had in that old ranch house! That was before his owner, Tom Goodrich, had died and his wife and daughter Ruthe had gone to visit relatives in the East. There was a girl that couldn't bear to be cooped up—or could she? Maybe she was enjoying it there in New York.

Then he nearly fell off his pony. There was some one moving in front of the ranch house.

As he drew nearer he saw that the person, whoever it was, was engaged in tacking up a sign beside the door, but not until many minutes later, after he had been swept into the embrace of Mrs. Goodrich and welcomed almost as warmly by her daughter, did he take in what the sign actually said.

"For rent—to desirable tenants," Ruthe saw him staring at it. "We have decided to rent," she said sadly, which are said to be objectionable to the British.

Jimmy looked eager, then thought, "I suppose a fellow could get a long-term lease with an option to buy?" he asked.

Mrs. Goodrich nodded. "Of course," she said.

Late that night Jimmy rode into Cheyenne but it was too late to call on Kitty.

The following morning, however, he went around to her house. Kitty, flustered at the early start, led him into the tiny parlor where Jimmy sat stiffly on a sofa and told his plan.

"See here, Kitty," he began. "I've got the chance of a lifetime. Ruthe is mighty hard to get hold of except by outright, with all them Easterners wanting to make dachas out of them. But the Goodriches want to rent their place on a long term lease with option to buy when the fellow has made a little from it."

crops. I have a feeling I could make it pay big. Alfalfa and sugar beets, maybe, and a few short-horns and later some hogs. Isn't it a chance?"

Kitty regarded him coldly. "A chance for you or for me? Seems as if your best chance was with dad getting you that fine job with the Best Shoes store."

Tactlessly Jimmy spoke just what was in his mind. "If I took that and came to live in this place, I'd have to be somebody different from me. I'd have to sell Monty, too!"

Kitty rose with dignity. "Well, if you're trying to decide between me and your horse, I can save you the trouble. Trust as if I had to depend on you, Jimmy Brown, to get me a husband. There's Joe Kendall just liking to step into your shoes!"

Jimmy stood up also, twisting his big hat on his long, sun-browned hand. "It isn't you and the boss, Kitty. It's—it's the whole deal. I don't want to live in this place. I want to put foot on the ground. I'd never get anywhere. But this way I'll be a sure-enough rancher some day."

"Good luck," said Kitty pleasantly. "And now you must excuse me. I was out darning with Joe last night and I sure am tired!" She yawned openly and unbecomingly.

Jimmy rode back to the Circle Bar. He found Ruthe kneeling in her neglected flower bed.

"Oh, Jimmy," she looked up at him wistfully. "I hope whoever gets this place will take care of the flowers, too."

"Sure I will," said Jimmy promptly. "Nurse 'em like they was babies." "Sure you will? You?" Ruthe jumped up and grabbed his arm.

Jimmy nodded. "Sure, me. I'm your new tenant—if you'll let me be," he added humbly.

Suddenly, his little scene with Kitty seemed years away. All that mattered was the Circle Bar, and his horse and Ruthe and the warm Wyoming sunshine in which they stood.

He found himself telling her all about Kitty. "I know it wasn't real love," he admitted. "If it had been, I'd have been willing and glad to be a shoe clerk and live anywhere just to be near her. Why, the way I feel this minute I would be willing to do that very thing—for you, Ruthe!"

But he didn't have to. It was Ruthe herself who helped Jimmy become the successful farmer. It was Ruthe who married him and spent the rest of her life in the dear old house in which she had been born.

And sometimes, as the soft Western twilight swept over the plains, Jimmy would stand down to the corral and whistle to Monty. "Little boss," he would say fondly, "this is the life!"

Another way to make a million: Give diplomacy a workable substitute for red tape.

Social precedence is now mentioned by physicians as rather dangerous in causing loss of appetite.

GEN. FELAND PROMOTED



Brig. Gen. Logan Feland.

Washington.—Brig. Gen. Logan Feland, of the marine corps, has been assigned to command the department of the Pacific, succeeding Maj. Gen. Eli K. Cole.

MARKED INCREASE IN MIDWEST INDUSTRIES

11 Per Cent Ahead of 1928 Is Predicted by Shippers.

Fort Wayne.—Agricultural and industrial activity in the Midwest during the third quarter will be at a rate 11 per cent ahead of the corresponding period of 1928, according to estimates of the Mid-West Shippers' Advisory board in session here a few days ago.

The forecast covers the states of Illinois, Iowa and Wisconsin, western Indiana and northern Michigan. A short time ago, consolidated reports of shippers' boards from all over the country indicated a probable increase of 7 per cent in business activity of the north during the current quarter.

Comparing the months of July, August and September this year with the same months a year ago, the following increases in activity were forecast here for mid-west territory:

There will be a probable increase of 40 per cent in the movement of iron and steel, the actual loadings of these commodities amounting to 61,900 cars in the third quarter of 1928, while the estimated loading for the third quarter this year is 88,500 cars.

Likewise, there was predicted an increase in coal movement of approximately 32 per cent, from 380,000 cars in the third quarter last year to 500,000 cars in the next three months.

An increase of 25 per cent was forecast for the movement of hay, straw and alfalfa, while increases of 20 per cent and 15 per cent respectively were predicted in the movement of grain and of flour, meal and other mill products.

Petroleum and petroleum products will show an increase of 10 per cent, while approximately the same increase is anticipated in the movement of potatoes. An increase of 8 per cent was forecast in the movement of machinery and boilers, while increases ranging from 5 to 2 per cent were forecast for the movement of fresh fruits and fresh vegetables, other than potatoes, live stock, ore and concentrates, lumber and forest products, cement, lime and plaster, agricultural implements and vehicles, and paper, paper-board and prepared roofing.

A level of activity in the coming three months approximately equal to that of the third quarter of 1928 was reported for salt, brick and clay products, fertilizers, chemicals and explosives.

Decreases were reported in four lines, amounting to 5 per cent for poultry and dairy products, 7 per cent for canned goods, 10 per cent for sugar, sirup and molasses, and 15 per cent for sand, gravel and stone.

Schilling, Dairy Chief, Is Added to Farm Board

Washington.—The appointment of W. F. Schilling of Northfield, Minn., president of the Twin City Milk Producers' association, as a member of the federal farm board representing the dairying interests of the country, was announced at the White House after a conference between President Hoover and the Minnesota.

Mr. Schilling's selection for the sixth place on the board left only two vacancies. The full board of nine will include Arthur M. Hyde, secretary of agriculture, as an ex-officio member.

The first session of the new body is being held here.

The board includes, in addition to Secretary Hyde, Alexander Legge, of Chicago, former president of the International Harvester company, chairman; C. O. Teague of California, J. C. Stone of Kentucky, C. B. Denman of Kansas, and Carl Williams of Illinois.

Chilean Deputies Approve Treaty
Santiago, Chile.—The treaty between Chile and Peru, settling the 50-year controversy over the provinces of Tacna and Arica, which they divide between them, has been approved by the Chilean chamber of deputies by a vote of 71 to 8.

Church Drops German
St. Louis.—After using the German language for 60 years, Christ Lutheran church here has adopted English exclusively.

60-Story Tower for Chicago
Chicago.—A building permit was issued for the construction of a 60-story tower skyscraper for John F. Gueco at Michigan avenue and Randolph street.

25 NATIONS OPPOSE U. S. TARIFF RATES

Total of 38 Documents in Hands of Committee.

Washington.—President Hoover, at a recent conference with senate Republican leaders, advised that the yardstick of "adequate protection" be applied to the tariff bill framed in the house. Senator Watson, Indiana, and Senator Reed, Pennsylvania, afterward said the President favors a "sane and sensible" tariff bill, but they would not attempt to say what that would mean as far as the pending tariff measure was concerned.

Washington.—The protests of many foreign governments, or made by such governments' representatives in behalf of foreign commercial interests, were summarized by Senator Reed Smoot, chairman of the senate finance committee, dealing with the new United States tariff schedule. Twenty-five countries, including possessions, are represented in the protests, although the number of documents totals thirty-eight.

All manner of subjects are covered in the objections, ranging from textiles, plate glass, and cement, to bananas and cashew nuts. Although the protests generally are formed in careful and diplomatic language, there runs through all of them a note of warning to the effect that undue tariff burdens will react against American trade abroad. There are occasional intimations of reprisals of tariff war.

The protest from the Austrian government, through the Austrian minister, Edgar Prochnik, presents the possibility of a tariff war.

The Spanish government's protest contains a threat to denounce the existing modus vivendi. The Spanish communication, dated April 26, is signed by the Spanish premier, Primo de Rivera, under his title of Marques de Estella, and as minister for foreign affairs. It was transmitted through the American ambassador at Madrid. Specifically, it protests against increases on cork, olives, grapes, onions and dried fruit, as well as sanitary regulations which would affect Spanish products.

It is pointed out by the Spanish premier that not only is the trade balance unfavorable to Spain, but that the situation is aggravated by a series of restrictive measures and impediments on the part of the American government. Under the circumstances, it is stated that "it is difficult for his majesty's government to fail to take into consideration the importances it is receiving, not only from especially interested quarters, but from Spanish public opinion in general," and that it might find itself obliged to proceed to the denunciation of the existing modus vivendi.

Besides this, the Spanish embassy in several communications, objects to increases in rates and says the proposed increase is so great that Spanish products in some cases will be shut completely out of the American market.

Senator Smoot, after giving out a digest of the communications from abroad, minimized their importance. He declared they were not as numerous as on previous occasions when the tariff was revised and were "mild" in comparison with previous ones.

Intimations were also made by Republicans on the finance committee that the foreign protest would not be permitted to have great weight in the fixing of the tariff rates.

Maine-Rome Flyers Are Welcomed by Italians
Rome.—The long desire of the Italian nation that some transatlantic aviator would achieve Rome as goal was finally gratified when the United States Bellanca monoplane, Pathfinder, with Roger C. Williams and Lewis A. Yancey aboard, landed on Littorio flying field just at the outskirts of the city.

They reached the Eternal City 56 hours after their hop from Old Orchard, Maine. They are estimated to have flown about 4,700 miles. They completed the 900-mile hop to Rome from Santander, Spain, where they were forced down when they ran short of gasoline, in ten hours twenty-five minutes.

Ambassador Henry P. Fletcher designated the counselor of the embassy, Alexander C. Kirk, to greet the aviators in the name of the American government. Commander Patrick N. L. Belinger, air attaché, Capt. Ralston S. Holmes, naval attaché, and Maj. James L. Collins, military attaché, were also among the waiting throngs.

Fight Michigan Cigarette Tax
Lansing, Mich.—Petitions for a referendum on the new Michigan cigarette tax of 2 cents a package are arriving at the capital. The referendum requires 67,000 names.

Cliff Woodbury Quits Racing
Altoona, Pa.—Cliff Woodbury, seriously injured at the Altoona speedway in the crash that killed Ray Keech, left the hospital and announced that he was through with automobile racing.

Single Regent Board Controls All of State Higher Education



Men now administering affairs of Oregon's higher educational institutions, who took office July 1. Top, from left, B. F. Irvine, C. L. Starr, and C. C. Colt, all of Portland. Center, Edward C. Pease, E. D. Dales, Albert Burch, Medford; F. E. Callister, Albany. Bottom, Herman Oliver, Canyon City; Aubrey Watrek, Portland, E. C. Sammons, Portland.

Backed by a large majority of the state legislature, a favorable decision of the supreme court, and evident support from the public, Oregon's new plan for the administration of state supported higher education went into effect July 1 under the leadership of the board of education consisting of nine men appointed by Governor L. L. Patterson. This board, with the assistance of a full-time executive secretary, now has full charge of the affairs of Oregon State college at Corvallis, the University of Oregon at Eugene, the Oregon Normal School at Monmouth, the Southern Oregon Normal at Ashland, and the Eastern Oregon Normal at LaGrande.

The board has been empowered to conduct an impartial survey of all the institutions to determine their needs and most effective organization, after which it may allocate the total funds appropriated for higher education as it sees fit. For the first year there is to be no change in the present ratio of distribution.