

Established 1887.

Moro, Sherman County, Oregon, Friday, December 1, 1922

Five Cents

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DENTIST
United States Dental Examiner for this district.

Office at
MORO, OREGON

Dr. Howard Gove
DENTIST

Office opposite Sherman Hotel
Wasco, Oregon

Dr. C. L. POLEY
Physician and Surgeon

Office in Residence
MORO - OREGON

IRA M. PETERSON
Attorney-at-Law

Practice in All the Courts
of Oregon
Phone OFFICE IN 541
BANK OF MORO BUILDING
Moro Oregon

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Attorney-at-Law

Office Phone Main 93
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Treats All Domestic Animals

Prescription for
Wound Dressing, 8
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for "Aid in
Cattle," 8 Oz. \$2.50
Prescription, Colar
Sore, 10 Oz. \$1.00
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be accompanied by
cash.

Office in Post Office Bldg., Phone Main 502
WASCO OREGON

Notice of Estimated and Proposed Tax Levy for Sherman County, Oregon, for the Year, 1923.

Notice is hereby given that on Friday, the 23rd day of December, 1922, the Budget Committee of the County Court of Sherman County, Oregon, will be in regular session at the County Court House in Moro, Oregon, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m., and any taxpayer of Sherman County, Oregon, will be heard in favor of or against the proposed tax levy, as hereinafter itemized.

ITEMIZED STATEMENT

Prepared in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 118 of the 1921 General Laws of Oregon, showing an estimate of the amounts of money required to be raised by taxation by Sherman County, Oregon, for the year 1923, to maintain each department of the county government, county office, or county officer, and for each county improvement, the maintenance of each county building, structure, or institution, and for the salary of each county officer or employee, and for the improvement and maintenance of public highways, roads and bridges, and for other contemplated expenditures.

Also showing the probable receipts of Sherman County, Oregon, from sources other than direct taxation upon real and personal property for the year 1923 and also the approximate amount of the balance of the various funds of Sherman County Oregon upon January 1, 1922.

Proposed Appropriation for year, 1923
and Estimate of Expenses during 1921 1922

	1921	1922	1923
County Judge			
Salary	450	450	450
Incidental expenses	200	200	200
County Clerk			
Salary	1620	1620	1620
Deputy salary	1320	1440	1440
Record books and blanks	300	300	300
Incidental expenses	100	100	100
Sheriff			
Salary	1800	1800	1800
Deputy salary	1600	1500	1500
Traveling expenses	480	480	480
Office supplies and incidentals	500	250	250
Treasurer			
Salary	600	600	600
Record books and incidentals	50	50	50
Assessor			
Salary	1920	1920	1920
Deputy salary	630	300	300
Rolls, stamps, detail sheets, etc.	230	230	230
Agricultural census			500
District Attorney			
Incidental expenses	25	25	25
Superintendent of Schools			
Salary	1680	1680	1680
Traveling expenses	600	300	300
Incidental expenses	265	265	265
8th grade examinations	75	75	75
Coroner's Fees			
Fees and expenses	100	100	100
Jury's fees and witnesses	50	50	50
County Commissioners			
Fees and mileage	300	400	400
Surveyor			
Fees and incidental expenses	100	100	100
Sealer of Weights and Measures	110	79.95	80
State Account expenses	50	50	50
Court House Expenses			
Janitor, fuel, light, water, telephone rental, repairs, furniture, and miscellaneous	1500	1500	1500
Jail			
Board of prisoners	150	150	150
Care of Poor	2000	2000	2000
County Physician	300	300	300
Barial expenses	100	100	100
County Health Officer			
Salary	100	100	100
Expenses	25	25	25
Relief of soldiers	50	50	50
Boys' and Girls' Aid Society	120	120	120
Insane, examination and expense	25	25	25
Louise Home	75	75	75
Elections			
Judges and clerks	500	600	600
Ballots	200	200	200
Ballot Boxes and fees for Registration	210	210	210
Deputy sheriffs, hall rent and booths	200	200	200
Scalp Bounty	400	600	600
Fruit Inspector	80	80	80
Stock Inspector	325	325	325
School Library	135	135	135
School Children's Industrial Fair	400	600	600
County Institute	150	150	150
Widows' Pension	150	150	150
County Fair	4000	2000	2000
(This item is inserted by the Budget Committee, subject to approval by the County Budget Meeting December 22, 1922)			
County Agriculturalist			
Exhibit at State Fair and at Pacific International Fair	2500	3900	2000
Circuit Court			
Witnesses and jurors	1000	1000	1000
Reporter's fees	100	100	100
Stationary	25	25	25
Meals for jurors	50	50	50
Bailiffs	80	80	80
Justice Courts			
Witnesses and jurors	100	100	100
County Schools			
Apportionment of \$10 per capita	12000	12000	12000
County high school tuition fund	5000	5300	5300
School board convention	60	60	60
State of Oregon state tax	12385.54	112224.30	112224.30
Market Road Tax	18300	25771	25771
Auditor			
Auditing county books	250	250	250
Total	190,771.54	183,920.75	184,220.80
Income from other sources than taxation			
Approximate balance in general fund	3000	3000	3000
Fees from County Clerks office	1900	1800	1800
One half of bounty from state	200	300	300
Totals	5100	5100	5100
Total amount to be raised	185,671.54	178,820.75	179,120.80

Dated at Moro, Oregon, this 24th day of November, 1922.

E. D. McKee, Chairman
J. M. Wilson, Secretary
L. L. Poets
Fred Krusow
C. H. Howell
O. L. Belahie
Budget Committee

GOVERNMENT TO FILE WAR FRAUD SUITS

Recovery of \$75,000,000 Alleged Improperly Spent at Camps Is Planned.

Washington, D. C.—Legal action to recover more than \$20,000,000 alleged to have been obtained fraudulently from the government in the construction of four army cantonments during the war was instituted by Attorney General Daugherty as the first formal step in a far-reaching prosecution of those who held contracts for the building of war camps.

The number of suits to be filed has not been definitely decided, but it was indicated that a dozen or more separate actions were in prospect.

The initial cases are expected to involve construction of Camp Upton, Yaphank, N. Y.; Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C.; Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, Ohio, and Camp Funston, Fort Riley, Kans.

Unofficial estimates place the total sum that will be sought in all of the recovery suits contemplated at more than \$75,000,000. In one camp, costing \$13,000,000, auditors were said to have found indications of an excess expenditure of \$5,000,000.

In the first group of four suits in which action is to be instituted, the government seeks to recover a total of \$21,500,000; the Camp Upton suit involving \$6,000,000, the Camp Jackson suit \$6,500,000, the Camp Sherman suit \$5,000,000 and the Camp Funston suit \$4,000,000.

DECREASE NOTED IN TAX COLLECTIONS

Washington, D. C.—Federal tax collections during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1922, fell off almost \$1,400,000,000, or 39 per cent as compared with the previous year. Income and profits taxes collected showed a decrease of \$1,441,000,000, or 35 per cent.

Total tax collections for the year aggregated \$3,197,451,093, compared with \$4,538,451,061 for 1921, while income and profit taxes for 1922 amounted to \$2,086,918,464, against \$3,228,137,673 the previous year.

Miscellaneous collections arising from taxation other than that on incomes and profits amounted to \$1,110,532,618 for 1922, a decrease of \$256,686,770, or 19 per cent.

Summary of the income and profits tax receipts during the year by states showed New York far in the lead in amount with Pennsylvania second and Illinois third. Collections by states include:

Alaska \$173,787.12, California \$92,251,112.85, Hawaii \$14,632,590.97, Idaho \$1,372,658.22, Montana \$2,302,231.74, Oregon \$14,934,997.18, Washington \$18,733,630.39, Wyoming \$1,547,987.02.

IRRIGATION AID IS OPPOSED

Desire For Economy May Prevent Any Legislation at This Session.

Washington, D. C.—Opposition to further federal activities in reclaiming arid lands at this time has manifested itself among the members of congress who represent the middle west sections.

This became apparent when President Harding conferred with a number of the most active members of the committee on irrigation and public lands in the house.

In view of the desire for economy in all departments on the part of the administration and of the middle west opposition, those best informed in reclamation matters believed there would be no reclamation legislation at this session.

States Divide on S. P.-C. P. Divorce.

Washington, D. C.—Railroad commissions representing two western states, California and Nevada, have asked the Interstate Commerce Commission to continue the merger of the Southern Pacific and Central Pacific railroads, which the supreme court has ordered dissolved, while commissions of two other states, Wyoming and Idaho, have urged approval of the separation. Representative Mondell, house republican leader, made the principal argument for Wyoming in supporting the separation decree.

Tipping Middles Get Severe Rebuke.

Washington, D. C.—Midshipmen from the naval academy who celebrated over-indulgently after the annual army-navy football game Saturday were held up to public scorn by Secretary Denby in one of the most stinging rebukes ever administered by a secretary of the navy.

Orchard Not to Be Pardoned.
Boise, Idaho.—The state board of pardons denied the application of Harry Orchard, confessed slayer of former Governor Frank Steunenberg for pardon.

GEORGES CLEMENCEAU



Georges Clemenceau, war premier of France, whose unofficial visit to the United States to promote a better understanding of the policies of France, has aroused great interest.

CORN NOW MAIN FOOD OF NATION

Washington, D. C.—Corn has supplanted wheat as the principal food supply of the United States, according to a comprehensive review just completed by the department of agriculture.

The vital importance of the corn crop and its relation to American prosperity has been made the subject of an intensive study by the department's experts, and the findings put in the 1921 yearbook, just published, which in a graphic survey presents the story of corn in all its details.

Corn is produced by nearly 5,000,000 of the approximately 6,500,000 farms in the United States. Nearly 100,000,000 acres of farm land is devoted to the production of this single crop, which, in recent years, has reached more than 3,000,000,000 bushels. The value of the crop during the war reached more than \$3,000,000,000 or one-eighth of the present national debt. The 1920 crop, the largest ever produced, had a value of \$2,150,000,000; the 1921 crop, \$1,303,000,000.

Forty per cent of the total American corn crop is fed to swine on farms, 20 per cent is fed to horses and mules on farms. Only 10 per cent is used directly for human food, but 85 per cent is used through the consumption of meat and meat products.

BRIEF GENERAL NEWS

General Pershing left Washington Sunday on a speaking trip through the middle west to advocate national preparedness.

Premier Bonar Law introduced in the British house of commons the bill putting into effect the constitution of the Irish free state.

The board of directors of the United States chamber of commerce has decided to submit the question of increased federal aid for education to a referendum of the membership. Announcement has been made that the "hill group" of railroads will spend \$1,000,000 in a four-year campaign advertising Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and Wyoming.

About 1000 nominations, mostly of postmasters, but not including supreme court or other federal judicial selections, were sent to the senate by President Harding when congress convened.

The national grange in the final session of its ten day convention at Wichita, Kan., went on record as opposing a ship subsidy by the United States government by the unanimous adoption of a resolution against the measure.

The bill to provide for purchase and sale of farm products through a \$100,000,000 government corporation, introduced in the senate by Senator Norris, republican, Nebraska, was presented in the house by Representative Sinclair, republican, North Dakota.

Asks More Specific Case on Daugherty

Washington, D. C.—Congressman Oscar E. Keller, republican of Minnesota, must be more specific in his impeachment charges against Attorney General Daugherty, the house judiciary committee decided in a resolution unanimously adopted.

Ritter Will Act For Olcott.

Salem, Or.—Roy Ritter of Pendleton, president of the state senate, will act as governor during the absence of Governor Olcott, who has gone to West Virginia to attend a meeting of governors. Governor Olcott expected to be away from the state for a month.

Portland Union Station Damaged.

Portland, Or.—The union station, Sixth and Johnson streets, was damaged to the extent of about \$50,000 early Sunday morning by fire.

POLICY OF U. S. JOLT TO ALLIES

Statement of Opposition to All Secret Treaties By America Causes Stir.

Lausanne.—America gave Great Britain, France and Italy a hard jolt when her spokesman, Richard Washburn Child, declared that the United States government has the support of the American people in its opposition to all secret treaties and agreements, particularly those designed to create zones of economic and commercial influence such as the San Remo tripartite agreement of 1920, which apportioned the Mesopotamian oil fields among the three big powers.

Mr. Child's exposition was merely a restatement of Secretary of State Hughes' aide-memoire of October 30, in which he defined for the benefit of the British, French and Italian governments the functions of the American observers to the Lausanne conference and broadly outlined America's open door policy for the near east—but it was a restatement under conditions that made it sensational.

It came as the conference was about to begin consideration of Turkey's Asiatic boundaries and it was a clear warning that America will not remain silent if the three inviting powers insist upon preferential rights in oil, mineral, railway and power development in present Turkish territory or in that which was lopped off by the war.

It was not possible for the delegates of the inviting powers to conceal their impatience at America's insistent iteration of her policy which they resent especially because of her refusal to accept a vote in the conference, to sign any report or to accept any responsibility further than to act as an adviser.

The American new attitude, however, is according great satisfaction to the neutral countries represented here.

EARTHQUAKE SHAKES MIDDLE WEST TOWNS

St. Louis, Mo.—Earth tremors strong enough to break windows, shake buildings and homes and rattle dishes were felt in St. Louis, southern Illinois, eastern Indiana and western Kentucky Sunday night, according to reports received here.

At St. Louis university seismographical observatory, where the tremors were recorded, attendants described them of moderate intensity. They said seismographical indications pointed to the tremors occurring in a southerly direction. A shock which experts said was "sudden" and of sufficient intensity to cause slight damage in homes was recorded. No actual damage other than the breaking of windows was reported up to a late hour.

A dispatch from Eldorado, Ill., said chimneys on several residences were toppled to the ground by the tremors although no serious damage was reported there.

CLEMENCEAU IS CRITICISED

Hitchcock Leads Off in Debate by Attack on the Frenchman.

Washington, D. C.—The Tiger of France again came under fire in the senate Monday, when his utterances on his tour of the United States were the subject of a conflicting debate.

Senator Hitchcock, democrat, Nebraska, ex-chairman of the foreign relations committee, led off in the debate with an attack on M. Clemenceau and on French policies, and was joined in the criticism by other senators, while Senator Myers, democrat, Montana, came to the defense of the aged French statesman. Senator Owen, democrat, Oklahoma, also expressed sympathy with M. Clemenceau's mission to America, but criticized French policies.

New Army Command Created.

Washington, D. C.—A new and separate command, known as the American forces in China, was announced in army orders. Brigadier-General W. D. Connor, former assistant chief of staff, will establish headquarters in Peking at an early date and, it is understood, will act as commanding officer of the American forces in China.

St. Paul Man For Supreme Court.

Washington, D. C.—Pierce Butler of St. Paul, Minn., a democrat, was nominated by President Harding as associate justice of the supreme court to take the place made vacant by the resignation of Associate Justice Day.

Irish Rebel Leader Executed.

Dublin.—Erskine Childers, chief lieutenant of Eamonn de Valera, was executed for having had an automatic pistol in his possession.

W. G. P. HARDING



W. G. P. Harding, former governor of the federal reserve board, who will assist Cuba in installation of a banking system similar to the United States federal reserve.

WASHINGTON BONUS FUND HOLDING OUT

Olympia, Wash.—Approximately \$70,000 of the \$12,500,000 that has been made available for paying the added compensation claims of world-war veterans remains, and as bonus payments now are running between \$2000 and \$5000 a week it is likely the money on hand will last until the next legislature meets.

The latest report of the division of the state auditor's office shows 56,199 claims paid, 2000 rejected, 1362 pending and 1220 classed as professional soldiers, making a total of 60,763 claims received. This number is being increased slowly.

The largest number of rejected claims were those of men not actual residents of Washington when they enlisted here; next were those who received more than the amount of their bonus in extra pay for work in the spruce division.

DEATH RATE DROPS

Fewer Deaths in 1921 Than in Year Previous.

Washington, D. C.—Figures for practically all states within the death registration area of the country, as announced by the census bureau, reflect the decreased death rate for the total area in 1921 as compared with the preceding year.

Of the adjusted rates figured on the differences in the sex and age distribution of the population in the various states, Montana showed the lowest, 8.8 per 1000 population and Massachusetts the highest, 13.4. For cities of 100,000 or more population, the lowest adjusted rate, 9.2, was reported for Akron, O., while the rate of 19 for Memphis was the highest.

Oregon Office Building Recommended.

Salem, Or.—Recommendation for the construction of a modern office building for state purposes at a cost of between \$400,000 and \$500,000 is contained in the biennial report of Secretary of State Kozer, filed with the state board of control.

Washington Tax Meeting to Be Held.

Seattle, Wash.—The tax limit league, organized to scale the total tax rate of this state down to not more than 40 mills on a 50 per cent property valuation, will hold its first state conference in Tacoma early in December.

THE MARKETS

Portland

Wheat—Bluestem, \$1.49; soft white, \$1.23; western white, \$1.21; hard winter and northern spring, \$1.15 1/2; western red, \$1.11 1/2.
Corn—Whole, \$4.1; cracked, \$4.3.
Hay—Alfalfa, \$19.50 per ton; valley timothy, \$22; eastern Oregon timothy, \$23.
Butter Fat—48¢.
Eggs—Ranch, 50¢.
Cheese—Tillamook triplets, 32¢ @ 33¢; Young Americas, 32 1/2¢ @ 34¢; block

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which gives a
delicious flavor

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