

The price of The Observer is \$1.50 per year, 75 cents for six months, 50 cents for four months—but if paid in advance we accept \$2.50 in full for 2 years. Shorter terms than one year 12 1/2 cents per month. A Blue Mark here will answer an inquiry, when entered upon our calendar, giving the date of the paper as he date at the time current.

DOING THINGS BY WHOLESALE

Easy to See Many Advantages in New Methods Rapidly Being Brought to Perfection.

Heretofore we have bought medical service at retail. Now Glasgow is trying out a plan to sell medical service wholesale.

What Glasgow is striving to do is this: Divide the city in districts and provide free dispensaries and free doctors to all who need medical attention.

It is claimed that such a scheme will reduce the death rate, because many poor people now skip their families in the matter of health precautions.

And the doctors like it, also. They work fewer hours and a standard pay is guaranteed.

Without the Glasgow plan of wholesale doctoring is said to be cheaper than our old-fashioned retail method "Girard" writes in the Philadelphia Press.

American cities have made half a step toward such doctoring of the people in wholesale lots.

We have boards of health and health bureaus. They administer in a general way and they administer in wholesale doses.

An order goes out and it goes for all the people. It is economical and wise, as every one knows, during such an epidemic as the "flu" was last year.

Doctoring by wholesale saved millions of lives in that calamity.

Uncle Sam did the insuring of his own soldiers by wholesale in the last war.

Public schools supply education in wholesale quantities.

Our spiritual wants are supplied in a fashion wholesale through the churches.

So wholesale doctoring is only another day's march in the general direction of a socialist empire.

MAKES NEW USE OF ECHOES

Inventor's Idea May Do Away With the Old Practice Known as "Heaving the Lead."

An inventor in Oakland, Cal., has found a new and practical use for echoes, and as a result the time may come when the practice of "heaving the lead" at sea will be known only in historical novels and old maritime history.

The marimeter, as the new device is called, sends a sound from the keel of the ship to the bottom of the sea; the sound comes back as an echo, and the journey, automatically recorded on a dial, is translated into terms of length. The report shows the depth of water between keel and bottom, calculated from the known speed of the sound-wave in salt water, and the knowledge may be acquired at the rate of four soundings a minute, which is very much faster than by the older methods.

The marimeter, to be sure, has only recently gone to sea. If indeed the steamer Governor, which will carry the first of them, has yet left dry dock in Seattle, Wash. But the instrument promises to add materially to the security of ocean traffic.

Science and Soap Bubbles

Sir James Dewar, the English professor of chemistry, who has made soap bubbles which he kept intact for more than a year, says that when a soap bubble becomes very old, say in three or four days, it offers the only possible example of the molecule visible to the naked eye.

In the soap bubble ordinarily there are about 100 layers of molecules, but scientific treatment has produced black spots in which there is only a single layer, so thin that Sir James estimates that it would take one and one-third million like it superimposed to make an inch.

Insures Cruise's Muskets

The musket said to have been given to Alexander Selkirk when he was put ashore on the Island of Juan Fernandez, 400 miles off the Chilean coast, has been going the rounds of British museums.

It was Selkirk's adventures upon which was based De Foë's famous story, "Robinson Crusoe." The musket is inscribed with the name of "A. Selkirk Largo, 1771." It was purchased by Randolph Berens for \$6.25, but the owner has insured it for \$10,000.

Selkirk owned a tavern near Clapham, England, but died in 1723 at sea as a lieutenant aboard a naval vessel.

Mennonites Make Trouble

The Mennonites in Canada are fighting the compulsory school law. Insisting on sending their children to their own parochial schools. As a result, a little schoolman has sat at his desk in a schoolroom in central Saskatchewan daily since September 1, waiting in vain for pupils to come to occupy the empty benches.

Put Over

"The gentleman disclaims any knowledge of a huge slush fund spent in his behalf."

"And you will observe he does so without rancor."

"Quite so. I also observe that the gentleman was elected, which may explain the absence of rancor."

Salt in Holland

Holland has begun to produce salt from wells drilled experimentally in two provinces and may be able to obtain enough for all its needs.

New Metal Ladle Invented

For workers with melted metals a ladle has been invented that pours from the bottom, leaving the dross and impurities behind.

GEN. PILSUDSKI



Gen. Joseph Pilsudski, president of Poland and commander-in-chief of the Polish armies opposing the Russians.

10,000 STILL IN WASHINGTON

Seattle, Wash. — Donald A. McDonald, federal prohibition director for Washington, announced that he has estimated the number of illicit stills in the state, preparatory to a campaign by his agents, and is convinced there are between 8000 and 10,000 stills in operation.

Gasoline stoves, Mr. McDonald asserted, are in almost universal use among the distillers. The amount of gasoline used in these stoves, he said, amounted to several thousands of gallons a month.

At least 2500 of the 10,000 stills, Mr. McDonald estimated, are in King county. Pierce county, he estimates, harbors 1500, Grays Harbor county is third with 700 and Kittitas county fourth with an estimated 400 stills.

The eastern portion of the state, Mr. Donald said, has a very small proportion of the total number of illicit distilleries, due probably to the absence of heavy timber.

The stills, Mr. McDonald said, are using an annual approximate amount of sugar estimated at 48,000,200 pounds.

BRIEF GENERAL NEWS

Sugar prices are declining in many parts of the country, according to reports.

Governor Cox will begin his western campaign tour September 2, to speak in every state west of the Mississippi.

More than 4000 old clerks, men and women, passed out of the government service in Washington Saturday under the new retirement law.

Trunkline railroads incurred a deficit of \$15,616,328 on June operations, according to a preliminary report issued by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Importation into Norway of articles of luxury such as automobiles, diamonds, laces, paintings, pianos and phonographs is forbidden by a government order.

Headquarters of the league of nations has announced four amendments to the covenants suggested by Denmark, Norway and Sweden for consideration at the first meeting of the league assembly November 15.

Decision was made by the Idaho public service commission not to allow railroads to increase passenger rates beyond a maximum of 3.6 cents per mile on intrastate traffic, following a hearing before that body last week.

Liquor Shot Over Border in Torpedoes

Washington.—Whiskey filled torpedoes fired across the Great Lakes from Canada is the latest ruse adopted by bootleggers to get supplies of liquor into the forbidden territory of the United States. Several of the torpedoes filled with liquor have been captured by prohibition enforcement inspectors along the shores of the lake.

Mesopotamia Rebels Menace British

London.—Fears are expressed here that recent events in Mesopotamia will involve Great Britain in a costly military campaign. Official reports show that the country is in a state of anarchy and rebellion against the British administration.

Sugar Dealers Caught in Slump

Washington.—Sugar dealers caught in the price slump with large stocks on their hands are appealing to the department of justice to save them from loss, according to John F. Crosby, head of the department's campaign to lower the cost of living.

GOING UP

Did you read of the miraculous escape of the captain of that sunken submarine? Yes, one paper headed it "A Salt Rising."

Unexplored Arabia. In Arabia there is a tract of unexplored territory nearly five times the size of Great Britain.

Skiffful Navigators. The world has never imagined greater navigators than the early Polynesians, who in their big outrigger canoes traversed the Pacific north and south, east and west. Without map or compass, they pushed north to the equator and south to the ice pack. The white explorer came in the tracks of their canoes.

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35,000 BOLSHEVIKI CAPTURED BY POLES

Many Guns, Thousands of Rifles and Horses Taken in Counter-Attack.

Warsaw.—Military authorities announced that the Poles captured 35,000 prisoners in their counter-attack against the bolshevik. Many guns, thousands of rifles, hundreds of machine guns and motor cars and great numbers of horses also were taken. Thousands of Russians are thought to be cut off in the forest awaiting an opportunity to surrender.

Among the 300 bolshevik soldiers killed in the fighting at Mlawa were found, it is claimed, a German officer, and several German soldiers.

The bolshevik armies northwest of Warsaw, between the Vistula and Prussia, are sending wireless appeals for help. The intercepted messages reportedly have asked bolshevik headquarters for ammunition and supplies.

The capture of Praszysz, sixty miles north of Warsaw, and Mlawa, on the Polish frontier, seventy-five miles northwest of the capital, is reported in the Polish official statement issued last night. The bulk of the fourth soviet army and the entire third cavalry corps have been surrounded by the Poles, the statement says.

The Russian bolshevik forces were reacting virtually along the whole line in an effort to save the remnants of the red army, but they had been easily frustrated by the Poles. On the north there was heavy fighting in the region of Mlawa and Soldan.

Forced to face two Polish armies, one advancing from Modlin and the other from Graudenz, the bolsheviks were making desperate efforts to extricate their advanced guard, some of which had ventured as far as Eylau and Pionsk. The red losses in prisoners in this region amounted to 11,000 in two days.

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A PHILIPPINE TRAVELOGUE

THE ROMANTIC ISLANDS OF THE FAR EAST. PICTURES OF THEIR NATURAL BEAUTY AND HISTORIC SPOTS—BEING COMING A MECCA FOR TOURISTS AND A POPULAR WINTER RESORT.



The Zigzag on the Way to Baguio, Summer Capital of the Philippines.

All aboard! Let's go! We're starting from Manila, the great picturesque, Americanized Oriental city, and will travel by automobile 200 miles to the north to Baguio, the summer capital of the Philippines. The trip can also be made by train.

We have ahead of us one of the most scenic, spectacular and thrilling automobile trips in the world. We will have excellent roads all the way. The Philippines are, in fact, a paradise for motorists, possessing 3,500 miles of fine unglazed roads.

The first part of the trip is through typical small towns and then across the central plain of Luzon and through several rich and fertile provinces, where tropical vegetation is seen at its best. Here one is impressed with the great agricultural wealth of the Philippines, which represents one of the East's greatest producing areas, with the advantage of immense natural resources for the development of further production. It is regrettably true that even in the United States there is far from any real understanding of the potentialities of the islands.

At some points rice fields, looking in the distance like the greenest of green lawns, stretch away as far as the eye can see. If you want color, if you want to feel the romance and mystery of an Oriental twilight, pass this way as the red eyed sun at the end of the dying day is slowly sinking behind the unending expanse of green fields. At first you cry out in ecstasy, at the gorgeous scene. But as you ride along, your eyes fastened on the panorama of tints and colors, and with the impenetrably black Oriental night coming on fast, you become enthralled. You no longer try to express your feelings. You cannot. You realize that those now fast changing, colorful masterpieces in the heavens and on the landscape are pictures that no man can adequately describe nor human hands duplicate. So what's the use of trying!

True, there are but impressions, but the traveler considers himself justified in mentioning them, for they are a part of the trip to Baguio and return. Indeed, the gorgeous sunsets in all parts of the Philippines leave an impression on the mind of the tourist that is everlasting.

We leave the palms and tropical foliage and enter the zone of rugged pine. We pass through the soft, incense laden air of the warm lowlands to the crisp, invigorating ozone of the temperate zone, all within a few hours' time.

For mile after mile the road now follows the tortuous course of a river, the road lying in the bottom or on the rocky sides of a granite canyon.

The Philippines are rich in hydro-electric possibilities. This power is the cheapest power on earth. And it is everlasting. Your travelogue is neither a prophet nor the son of a prophet, but he predicts that one day there will be innumerable Philippine government owned hydro-electric plants in this canyon we are now passing through. Think of the possibilities of such a project! Today the trip from Manila to Baguio is too expensive for the average Manila worker and his family, many of whom may live and die without beholding the prodigious beauties of their own island of Luzon. Think of what a blessing it would be to Philippine mothers and children to feel upon their fevered brows the cool, invigorating breezes of the mountain tops now so near and yet so far! With the Philippine government owning its own electric railways and hydro-electric plants it would be possible to bring

to the rim of the world. Some of the turns are so sharp it is impossible to see 20 feet ahead, and we seem to be perpetually over the "jumping" of places. We were told it is easy to lean out and peer in at a person's window, and when we did we were really satisfied we were right in the world. Yet the trip is a most interesting one, and the driver has to be a most expert one.

All told, we have had the grandest of Philippine scenery, the mountains, and are most surprised that the modern city we find at the foot of the mountains has been built from a granite canyon in the now fairly famous Baguio resort of the Philippines. It is a completely deserted spot, but to become a large city.

Baguio ranges in elevation from 4,500 to 5,500 feet and is surrounded practically on all sides by high mountain ridges and "hills" to be seen from the sides at a height of almost 8,000 feet.

Aside from the scenery, which is noteworthy, the great beauty of Baguio is its temperate climate. It is indeed a good spot to live in, and is the healthiest place in the Philippines. It is a completely deserted spot, but to become a large city.

Each year during the hot season the school teachers of the entire Philippine are enabled by the government to spend a month at the health resort in Baguio for the purpose of refreshing their minds and bodies. American officials and their families also go to Baguio for the same purpose.

And now that very many people have you there, for there are many interesting trips to take, and to Baguio is the most beautiful place in a vacation in the entire Philippines.

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Moro Theater

Ventilated by Recently Installed Electric Fans
Mathews & Livingston, Proprietors
G. E. Mathews, Manager

August Program
Tuesdays and Saturdays of Each Week

Popular Prices, 30c and 15c, Prevail Unless Otherwise Specified
Show Starts Eight O'clock

Saturday August 28th
"Sundown Trail"
with Frank Mayo starring
This is a Western Drama, a Special Production, at Popular Prices and a 2-reel Comedy

Tuesday August 31st
"Ace of the Saddle"
Featuring Harry Carey, the Whirl Wind Star
Comedy and International News

"Try It Out Yourself"
says the Good Judge

And you will find how much more satisfaction a little of this Real Tobacco gives you than you ever got from a big chew of the ordinary kind.

The good, rich, real tobacco taste lasts so long you don't need a fresh chew nearly as often. So it costs you less.

Any man who uses the Real Tobacco Chew will tell you that.

Put up in two styles
W-B CUT is a long fine-cut tobacco
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SOWING the seed is only one step in the production of a crop. If the harvest is to be abundant, favorable conditions must be maintained. To the business man, this means favorable credit conditions.

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Moro - - - - - Oregon

WHEN YOU TRAVEL BY AUTO AND VISIT THE DALLES STORE YOUR CAR

In the concrete, fully equipped, roomy garage of Walther-Williams Company. Competent workman always ready to help you in any way they can at least expense to you. For any service rendered the charge will always be reasonable.

WALTHER-WILLIAMS GARAGE
THE DALLES, - - - OREGON.

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