

Established 1887.

Moro, Sherman County, Oregon. Friday, August 22, 1919.

Five Cents



DOROTHY PHILLIPS The Incomparable

Dorothy Phillips, the wonderful—you'll never forget her as the young mother in the biggest drama of the ages, "THE HEART OF HUMANITY," the picture that will live forever. Pronounced by Press, Public and Critics "The Bernhardt of the screen," Dorothy Phillips will live long in your memory. You'll think about her. You'll talk about her. You'll never forget her.



Here is the biggest photo drama ever screened, bigger than any picture you've watched in your life, direct from its sensational run on Broadway, New York, for seven straight weeks, and with emotional events wherever shown. And here are a few of thousands of expressions on this masterpiece of all human dramas.

"A dramatic masterpiece."—Two Topics.
"A distinct achievement in motion picture production."—New York Times.
"Our advice is to go see 'The Heart of Humanity.'"—New York Tribune.
"The Broadway Theatre was packed to overflowing by an audience that never missed a thrill or missed a dramatic sensation."—New York Morning Telegraph.

"Critic's choice."—New York Herald.
"A picture of infinite pathos."—Zet.
"One of the most stirring films ever presented in New York. One of the most popular pieces of cinema ever seen on the screen."—New York Evening World.

MORO THEATER THURSDAY, AUG. 28th

Admission, - 35c and 15c

Night Only—First Showing 7:30 Sharp

MILLION "DRUG FIENDS" IN U. S.

Congress Gets Report of Investigation Conducted by Committee.

PROMPT ACTION IS URGED

Strict Enforcement of Law and Stopping of Smuggling From Canada and Mexico Is Recommended—Lack of Adequate Laws.

Washington.—The alarming spread of the narcotic drug habit in the United States is about to be called to the attention of congress in the report of an investigation conducted by a committee appointed by the secretary of the treasury.

The chief findings of the committee are:

The number of persons in the United States addicted to the use of drugs "exceeds 1,000,000 at the present time."

Increase of the drug habit in the dry South leads many authorities to the conclusion that national prohibition will swell the number of victims of narcotics.

Illegitimate supplies of opium and other drugs are smuggled from Mexico and Canada and along the Atlantic and Pacific coasts and furnished to 1,800 organized "dope" peddlers.

Summary of Recommendations.

The committee's recommendations include strict enforcement of the present federal anti-narcotic act; additional federal legislation; enforcement of state laws; concerted action on the part of state and municipal governments to suppress the illicit traffic; stopping smuggling of dope from Canada and Mexico.

"It is also recommended that educational campaigns be instituted in all parts of the United States for the purpose of informing the people of the profession, of the seriousness of drug addiction and its extent in the United States," says the report.

The committee which made the investigation consisted of Congressman Henry T. Rainey of Illinois, Prof. Reed S. Hunt, Harvard university; Deputy Commissioner B. G. Keith, internal revenue bureau, and Dr. A. G. Dumes, United States public health service.

The number of individuals addicted to the use of opium, its preparations or alkaloids, and coca leaves, their preparations or alkaloids, in the United States has at various times been estimated to be from 200,000 to 4,000,000," says the committee. "These estimates must, however, be looked upon as mere guesses."

"Owing to the lack of laws and regulations making it compulsory for the registration of addicts, it has been impossible for the committee to obtain information which would give the exact number of addicts in the United States."

Causes of Drug Addiction.

The causes of drug addiction in the order of frequency were given by police authorities as follows: Use of physicians' prescriptions, association with other addicts, prohibition, use of narcotic drugs for chronic diseases, curiosity to learn the effect of the drug, prostitution, use of patent or proprietary medicines, use of certain narcotic drugs as a stimulant, idleness, and use by dentists.

"What effect, if any, nation-wide prohibition will have on the situation could not be definitely determined by the committee," the report says. "The consensus appears to be that the number of addicts will increase as soon as the prohibition laws are enforced. This opinion apparently receives some support from investigations made in some of the southern states where prohibition has been in effect for some years."

FINDS CLUE TO BURIED GOLD

Custodian of Ruins of Jesuit Mission in Arizona on Track of Ancient Treasure.

Tucson, Ariz.—What is believed to be the first clue to the reputed buried treasures of the padres of the Tumacacori mission, built by Spanish Jesuits high up in the Tumacacori mountains, less than three hours' journey from Tucson, has been discovered by Frank Pinckley, custodian of the ruins. It is the gateway to the mission cemetery. From this gateway, it is said, the plans and maps left by the buried gold and silver. The Tumacacori mission was built near what are believed to be the ruins of one of the Seven Cities of Cibola. The entire region is said to show evidences of rich mineral deposits, which declare those who have inspected the mountains, doubtless led the padres to build their mission there.

Thieves Return Loot.

Cleveland, Ohio.—Friday thieves took \$855 in cash from a trunk in Edward Fuczek's home here.

On Saturday he found \$900 in a package on the front porch.

On Tuesday morning there was \$300 in the milk bottle.

That left \$295 to be returned on Wednesday or Thursday, so local newspapers pointed out.

But Fuczek hasn't recovered another nickel.

STORK FAR AHEAD OF GRIM REAPER

Report Shows Births in 22 States Exceed Deaths by 74.4 Per Cent.

BIRTH RATE 24.6 PER 1,000

Reports From Registration Area Show Birth of 14,591 Pairs of Twins and 155 Sets of Triplets in 1917.

Washington.—In the birth-registration area of the United States 1,553,792 infants were born alive in 1917, representing a birth rate of 24.6 per 1,000 population.

The total number of deaths in the same area was 776,222, or 14.1 per 1,000. The births exceeded the deaths by 74.4 per cent. For every state in the registration area, for practically all the cities and for nearly all the counties, the births exceeded the deaths, in most cases by considerable proportions. The mortality rate for infants under one year of age averaged 93.8 per 1,000 living births.

The foregoing are among the facts brought out by the census bureau's annual compilation of birth statistics.

The birth-registration area, established in 1915, has grown rapidly. It comprised in 1917 the six New England states, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Maryland, Michigan, Washington, Wisconsin and the District of Columbia, and had an estimated population of 55,000,000, or about 53 per cent of the estimated total population of the United States in that year.

Comparison With 1916.

The birth rate for the entire birth-registration area fell below that for 1916 by two-tenths of one per 1,000 population; but the death rate was less by six-tenths of one per thousand than in 1916. Thus the excess of the birth rate over the death rate for 1917, which amounted to 10.5 per 1,000, was somewhat greater than the corresponding excess for 1916, 10.1 per 1,000, although it fell slightly below that for 1915, 10.9 per 1,000.

If the birth and death rates prevailing in any one of these three years were to remain unchanged, and if no migration were to take place to or from the area to which they relate, its population would increase at the rate of slightly more than 1 per cent per annum, or a little more than 10 per cent in a decade. This would be about half the rate—21 per cent—by which the entire population of the United States increased between 1900 and 1910.

Of the total number of births reported 1,280,288, or 24.5 per 1,000, were of white infants, and 73,504, or 25.3 per 1,000, were of negro infants. The death rates for the two elements of the population were 13.7 and 22.5 per 1,000 respectively.

The infant mortality rate—that is, the number of deaths of infants under one year of age per 1,000 born alive—throughout the birth-registration area as a whole was 93.8 in 1917, as against 101 in 1916 and 100 in 1915. This is equivalent to saying that in 1915 and 1916 of every ten infants born alive one died before reaching the age of one year, whereas in 1917 the corresponding ratio was a trifle more than one in eleven. Among the twenty states these rates ranged from 67.4 for Minnesota to 119.9 for Maryland; and for the white population separately the lowest and the highest rates were 69.3 for Washington and 100.5 for New Hampshire.

The infant mortality rates vary greatly for the two sexes and for the various nationalities. The rate for male infants in 1917, 103.7 per 1,000 living births, was nearly 35 per cent greater than that for female infants, which was only 83.3. When the comparison is made on the basis of race or nationality of mother a minimum of 66.2 per 1,000 births is shown for infants with mothers born in Denmark, Norway and Sweden, and a maximum of 172.6 for infants with mothers born in Poland, while for negro children the rate was 148.6.

The reports from the registration area show the birth of 14,394 pairs of twins and 155 sets of triplets in 1917—in all, 29,253 infants, or a little more than 2 per cent of the total number born.

Number for Family.

The reports for 1,241,722 of the births occurring in 1917 contained information as to number of child in order of birth. Of these reports 839,042 were for the first child born to the mother, 264,044 for the second child, 191,528 for the third, 144,331 for the fourth, and 95,931 for the fifth. In the remaining 216,946 cases, or 17.5 per cent of the entire number for which information upon this point was obtained, the total number of children borne by the mother was six or more; in 37,914 cases it was five or more; in 1,000, fifteen or more; in 56 cases, twenty or more.

The total number of children borne by the mothers who gave birth to these 1,241,722 infants in 1917, in whose cases data were available as to previous births, was 4,093,908. The reports for 1,194,621 of the births occurring in 1917 contained information as to the entire number of children borne by the mothers and still living, and give a total of 3,443,400, or an average of very nearly three living children in each family in which a birth took place in 1917.

CONFIDENCE!

Large users of Trucks, who have a chance to see every Truck represented in Portland work, would not place repeat orders for REPUBLIC TRUCKS if they did not know that REPUBLIC TRUCKS were right from every angle; Stability, Low Cost of Operation and Service being considered.

53 Republic Trucks

Sold in June, 1919

LIST OF BUYERS THAT KNOW VALUES

Warren Construction Company.....7	Marshall Wells Company.....1
B. & O. T. Company.....3	Wadhams & Company.....1
Dennis Construction Company.....3	Hazeltine & Company.....1
Foster & Kleiter.....5	Pacific Tel. & Tel. Company.....1
Willamette Valley Trans. Co.....1	Young & Northrup.....1
Oregon Milk Producers.....1	McCoy & Deitrich.....1
Riverview Dairy Farm.....1	C. M. Foster.....1
Edelweiss Dairy.....1	G. Cherigino.....1
Overlook Dairy.....1	A. Turtorice.....1
Albert Schultz.....1	S. Saratari.....1
Wm. E. Scott.....1	T. W. Riebhoff.....1
Jack Patch.....1	M. T. Wright.....1
Vancouver Ice Company.....1	R. K. Neasey.....1
F. L. Evans.....1	Jersey Creamery.....1
W. Ray.....1	Phillip Carter.....1
J. E. Reilly.....1	J. Okabo.....1
J. B. Mitchell.....1	Halfway Mercantile Company.....1
Robert Hunsaker.....1	R. Morris.....1
George Hoyt.....1	Saunders Bros.....1
Ja. A. Warren.....1	

56 Republic Trucks

July Sales Record

ANOTHER LIST OF BUYERS THAT KNOW VALUES

Warren Construction Co.....5	Mutual Creamery.....3
Independent Paving Co.....2	Home Creamery.....1
Marion County.....1	Zwald Dairy.....1
Hansen Transfer Co.....1	R. D. Chamberlain.....1
Pacific Livery & Transfer Co.....1	M. R. Dieter.....1
Walters Transfer Co.....1	L. Reinhart.....1
Olsen Roe Transfer Co.....1	C. K. Rogers.....1
Paulina Stage Co.....1	F. A. Chamberlain.....1
W. S. Jubb.....1	Joe Bussone.....1
F. Howell.....1	Jim Campagna.....1
N. J. Day.....1	A. J. Liburn & Son.....1
L. C. Bailey.....1	Saunders Bros.....1
Ed Douglas.....1	L. C. Campbell.....1
H. C. Green.....1	H. F. Baird.....1
E. S. Ruggles.....1	R. Morris.....1
Linsay Boreat.....1	Wm. Gray.....1
F. W. Wohlfert.....1	Fred Cyphers.....1
J. I. Moore.....1	Lawn Welch.....1
J. W. Fargher.....1	Geo South.....1
J. N. Holcomb.....1	Tom Brennan.....1
H. F. Baird.....1	J. Beebe.....1
J. A. Wood.....1	J. Devore.....1
S. S. Paris.....1	V. C. Libball.....1
Chas. Milne.....1	W. L. Creswell.....1

A Few of the 600 Republic Truck Owners in Oregon

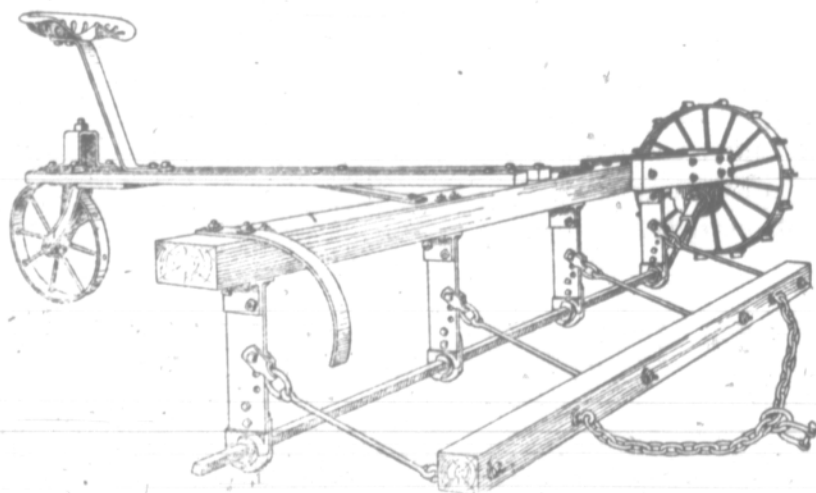
The Republic Internal Gear Drive Applies the Power at Point of the Least Resistance.

Standard Oil Company.....1	Wadhams & Co.....1
Union Oil Co.....1	Manning Transfer & Warehouse Co.....3
Commercial Transfer Co.....8	Star Transfer Co.....4
Tru-Blu Biscuit Co.....2	Foundation Shipyard.....1
Royal Bakery.....12	Green Transfer Co.....2
Pacific Telephone Co.....2	Portland-Damascus Milk Co.....7
Shevlin-Hixon Co.....3	Hammond Lumber Co.....1
American Express Co.....1	Tins & Graziano.....2
City of Albany.....1	Olsen & Roe.....1
City of Eugene.....1	Jones Market.....1
Yamhill County.....1	Central Transfer Co.....4
Baggage & Omnibus Co.....6	A. O. Ekstrom.....2
Northwest Steel Co.....1	Edelweiss Dairy.....3
Luckel, King & Cake.....1	Sterrett Packing Co.....3
Pacific Fruit & Produce Co.....1	Modern Dairy.....2
Ajlen & Lewis.....1	U. S. Bureau of Fish.....1
Gauld Co.....1	

Walther-Williams Co.

THE DALLES, ORE.

KILL THE WEEDS WITH A



CHENEY JUNIOR ROTARY ROD WEEDER

The Junior Cheney Weeder operates a 12-foot cut and is giving good satisfaction where they are used

SOLD BY

Moro Hardware & Implement Co.

Moro, Oregon, Agents for Sherman County

R. H. McKean our Agent at Wasco.

Try a Want Ad. in The Observer. It Pays. IF YOU WANT TO SELL OR BUY