

PRINCE ALEXANDER



Crown Prince Alexander of Serbia, who was appointed regent of the new Jugo-Slav state.

VICTIMS OF TRIPLE MURDER ARE FOUND

Olympia, Wash.—Three persons, instead of one, as at first thought, were murdered and their bodies buried in the woods on Hawks Prairie, it was disclosed, when Coroner Mills and Chief of Police Cusack of Olympia uncovered the bodies of two boys, 4 and 6 years old respectively, buried in shallow graves at a lonely spot among the trees.

The discovery was made after the searchers had come across a child's straw hat 10 feet from the rude grave where the body of a woman was found on Wednesday.

N. E. Burnett, who was arrested for the alleged crime, denies any recognition or knowledge of the hats and clothing found with the skeletons, and identified as belonging to Burnett's wife and children. In accounting for their absence he has given several conflicting versions, and evidence is accumulating that convinces the officers they are close to a solution of the crime.

CAMPS' PURCHASE ADVISED

Uncle Sam Urged to Buy Land for Future Training.

Washington.—Government acquisition of all 16 national army cantonment sites, leaving determination of their ultimate use to the future, was urged by Assistant Secretary of War Crowell before the house military committee.

Two of the cantonment sites—Camp Washington—are owned by the government, Kansas, and Camp Lewis, Oregon, and the cost of the land of the remaining 14 would be \$9,654,000 for 131,000 acres, the annual rental of which is \$358,000.

General Snow said that 300,000 American artillerymen were in service abroad during the war, using guns bought in England and France. He said American production of guns was beginning in quantity when the armistice was signed.

Lithuanians Take Riga.

Copenhagen.—Riga is in the hands of the Lithuanian soviet troops, according to a wireless dispatch from the Russian Bolshevik headquarters received here.

Polish Battalion Sails for America.

New York.—The French line steamship France, which sailed from here, carried a battalion of Poles, numbering 1554 men, recruited in America for the Polish army.

War Vessels Returning.

Washington.—Thirty-one destroyers and seven submarines have sailed from Europe and should reach their home stations within the next 10 days or two weeks.

THE MARKETS

Portland

Oats—No. 2 white feed, \$53 per ton. Barley—Standard feed, \$49 per ton. Corn—Whole, \$49@73; cracked, \$71@75. Hay—Timothy, \$30@32 per ton; alfalfa, \$27.50. Butter—Creamery, 65c per pound. Eggs—Ranch, 72c per dozen. Potatoes—\$1.50@1.75 per hundred. Poultry—Hens, 28@30c; springs, 30c; roosters, 25c; ducks, 30c; geese, 20@25c; turkeys, 40c.

Seattle

Hay—Eastern Washington timothy, \$33 per ton; alfalfa, \$34 per ton. Butter—Creamery, 66c. Eggs—Ranch, 76c per dozen. Poultry—Hens, 26@29c; springs, 27c; roosters dressed, 27@28c; ducks, 31c; geese, 36c; turkeys, 44@47c.

ROME PAYS TRIBUTE TO PRESIDENT WILSON

Visit to Italian Capital Is Busiest One of European Trip.

Rome.—The president's visit here is accounted by those who have been with him in London and Paris as the greatest personal demonstration of his trip. King Victor Emanuel, who met the president at the station, attired in a general's war-worn uniform, got no greater measure of acclamation from his own people than did the president of the United States.

After the procession from the station to the Quirinal, the president visited the queen mother, had conferences with Premier Orlando and Foreign Minister Sonnino, gave an audience to the council of the Royal Academy of Science, was received at the house of parliament, was the guest of honor at a state dinner given by the king, and ended the day with a reception at the capitol, where he received the citizenship of Rome.

There appeared to be more onlookers than there were leaves on the palm trees of Rome. There were too many people for the streets and great squares and too many for the trees, buildings, monuments and other points of vantage.

In Parliament house a joint reception was given President Wilson by the members of the senate and the chamber of deputies. The function was an impressive one. The large and distinguished gathering gave the president an ovation.

Pope Benedict received President Wilson at the Vatican Saturday.

President Wilson left Rome for Paris shortly after 9 o'clock Sunday night, with the cheers of the Roman throng that had gathered to witness his departure ringing in his ears. His visit to the Italian capital had proved the busiest of his European trip, and it was the most demonstrative.

91ST DIVISION IS ORDERED HOME

Washington.—Three combat divisions, the 30th, 37th and 51st, have been designated by General Pershing for early return from France, General March announced.

The 51st includes Washington, Oregon, California, Idaho, Nevada, Montana, Wyoming, Utah and Alaska troops.

The 30th includes national guard troops from Tennessee, North Carolina and South Carolina; the 37th, Ohio and West Virginia guardsmen.

These three entire divisions and the 2d corps headquarters, which operated with the British army in Flanders under Major General George W. Reed, has been added to the priority list and will be returned home as shipping becomes available. The three divisions and the headquarters comprise 33,000 men.

U. S. MUST FEED HUNGRY

President Pleads for Relief of Destitute Europeans.

Washington.—President Wilson's first recommendations based on his study in Europe look to the relief of distressed populations "outside of Germany" which are threatened with starvation.

Request for immediate appropriation of \$100,000,000 to supply food to liberated peoples of Austria, Turkey, Poland and Western Russia, who have no recognized governments and are unable to finance international obligations was transmitted to congress by Secretary Glass on cable instructions from the president.

The president's message said that food shipments worth \$1,500,000,000 must be made from the United States to Europe in the next seven months.

Civil War in Berlin.

Copenhagen.—Civil war has broken out in Berlin. Violent street fighting is raging between the Spartacists (Bolsheviks) and the loyal troops supporting the socialist government. The banks have all been barricaded and the Spartacists have occupied many public buildings, from which they are sweeping the streets with machine gun fire.

Troops Rescued From Stranded Liner.

Fire Island, N. Y.—Every one a veteran of European battlefields, and more than half of them helpless, on their cots, all the 2000 soldiers who were passengers on the stranded army transport Northern Pacific were removed safely ashore or on board naval vessels at the close of the second day of one of the most remarkable rescues in the history of the Atlantic coast.

Typhus Spreading in Russia.

Washington.—Typhus is spreading in Russia, according to advices to the state department.

PREMIUM LIST

OF THE

EIGHTH ANNUAL SHERMAN COUNTY

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FAIR

To be Held October 8, 9, 10, 11, 1919 at Moro, Oregon

Rules Governing Exhibits

1. The County Fair will be held October 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 1919. Thursday, October 9th, will be School Day at the County Fair. Teachers and pupils will be admitted free to the fair grounds on this day.

2. Entries must be made by each school upon blanks furnished by the County School Superintendent.

3. Any Sherman county boy or girl who is between the ages of nine and nineteen on the first day of October, 1919, is entitled to membership in any industrial club, and may undertake any of the approved club projects for this county; providing, however, that no one shall be permitted to take more than two projects at one time.

4. Each contestant in any club project contest must be regularly enrolled with the County School Superintendent at Moro, Ore., on special enrollment blanks. These blanks may be obtained by writing to the State Club Leader, Oregon Agricultural College, Corvallis, Oregon.

5. In case there is no competition, or the entries are deemed unworthy of the prize offered, the premium will be awarded at the discretion of the judge.

6. All exhibits being shipped should be billed to C. C. Calkins, County Agricultural Agent, Moro, Oregon. Where exhibitors bring their own exhibits, they should leave them at the office of the County Agricultural Agent. All school exhibits must reach Moro not later than Wednesday, October 8th.

7. Full instructions in regard to shipment, tagging, etc., will be mailed to teachers later.

8. The rules given in the State Premium List for Industrial Contests, regarding the basis of awards, such as scoring and judging the different projects, shall govern the Sherman County Club Members Contest.

9. All final reports on Club Work must be mailed to the State Club Leader at Corvallis before the first of October so that reports may be scored and returned by October 9th, the day the exhibits will be judged at the County Fair.

10. The County Premiums for each County Project shall be as follows: First premium, \$5.00; Second premium, \$4.00; Third premium, \$3.00; Fourth premium, \$2.00; Fifth premium, \$1.00.

11. Those entering the Club Members Contest should enroll for the work as soon as possible, and make an exhibit of their work at the Local Fair.

12. It is intended that the State and County Fairs should harmonize as far as possible. For further information one should read the project circulars sent out by the State Club Leader, Oregon Agricultural College, Corvallis.

13. Local Fairs will be held at Wasco, Moro, Grass Valley, and Kent the week beginning April 28th, 1919.

14. Prizes at the Local Fairs are as follows: First premium, \$1.00; others 50 cents each. Each contestant at the Local Fairs who has not finished a project, must write a story telling about their work.

15. The County Agricultural Agent will supervise the arrangement of the Sherman County School Booth at the State Fair.

16. Any club member may take up projects not on the county list, but no prize will be given except ribbons.

Club Members' Contest

The following Club Projects given in the State Premium List for Industrial Contests at the State Fair have been adopted as Sherman County Projects for boys and girls:

Project 2. Potato Growing.

Project 3. Vegetable Gardening.

Project 4. Poultry Raising.

Division II. The incubation of one setting of hen's eggs.

Project 5. Pork production.

Division I. Care and management of brood sow and litter.

Division II. Care and management of one or more pure bred pigs intended for market.

Project 6. Sheep Raising.

Division I. Care and management of one or more lambs intended for market purposes.

Project 7. Calf Raising.

Division I. Care and management of one or more calves of any dairy breed for a period of at least four months.

Division II. Care and management of

one or more calves of any beef breed for a period of at least four months.

Project 9. Canning.

Project 11. Sewing.

Division I. The completion of ten lessons in first year sewing.

Division II. The completion of ten lessons in second year sewing. This division is for those who have completed the ten lessons of Division I, or are taking Domestic Art under an instructor in grades below the High School.

Division III. The completion of ten lessons in third year sewing. This division is for those who have completed Division II, or are taking Domestic Art under an instructor in High School.

Project 12. Cookery.

Mechanical Contest

Divisions I, II, and III are for pupils in schools offering a manual training course.

Divisions IV and V are for pupils in schools not offering manual training course.

In Divisions I, II, and III no work is to be made for exhibit purposes unless made as regular class work.

Division I. For pupils in fifth and sixth grades who are taking manual training. The exhibit to consist of four articles made.

Division II. For pupils in seventh and eighth grades who are taking manual training. The exhibit to consist of three articles made from a working drawing for each.

Division III. For pupils in High School who are taking manual training. The exhibit to consist of mechanical drawings as given in the schools, and one article made from a working drawing.

Division IV. For pupils in fifth and sixth grades who are not taking a course in manual training. The exhibit to consist of three articles made.

Division V. For pupils in seventh, eighth, and high school grades who are not taking a course in manual training. The exhibit to consist of three articles made.

Basis of Awards. The awards in Divisions I, II, IV, and V shall be as follows:

Workmanship..... 50
Usefulness..... 25
Drawing..... 25

Possible score..... 100

The awards in Division III shall be as follows:

Workmanship and usefulness..... 50
Drawings..... 50

Possible score..... 100

The prizes in all mechanical contests shall consist of the following: First premium, \$3.00; Second premium, \$2.00; Third premium, \$1.00.

Special School Contest

Division I. The school of more than one class room having the best and most attractive booth at the County Fair. First premium only, \$10.00.

Division II. The school of one class room having the best and most attractive booth at the County Fair. First premium only, \$10.00.

Capital Prize for Club Work

The two boys and two girls in the county who score the highest in club work will be entitled to a trip to the State Fair with all expenses paid, and to membership in the State Fair School Camp for Boys and Girls for at least three days, where they will be entertained with boys and girls from other counties of the state. The winners will be under the direct supervision of the County School Superintendent, both going and returning from the State Fair.

All who wish to compete for this free trip must have their final reports in the office of the State Club Leader not later than September 10th, so as to give time for grading reports and deciding who will be entitled to go.

For further information in regard to State Fair Camp for Boys and Girls, see the State Premium List.

ISSUED BY

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE FOR SHERMAN COUNTY INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FAIR

Supt. E. R. Curfman, President

W. A. Terrill, Wasco, Secretary

F. E. Fagan, Moro, Treasurer

H. C. Gregg, Grass Valley

Mae B. Lynch, Kent

THEODORE ROOSEVELT DIES IN HIS SLEEP

End Comes Unexpectedly at 4:15 o'clock Monday Morning.

Oyster Bay, N. Y.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, 26th president of the United States, died at his home on Sagamore Hill at 4:15 o'clock Monday morning. He was laid to rest without pomp or ceremony in Young's Memorial cemetery in this village Wednesday afternoon. He was buried on a knoll overlooking Long Island Sound, a plot which he and Mrs. Roosevelt selected soon after he left the White house.

After prayers at the Roosevelt home, at which only members of the family were present, the funeral service was held at 12:45 o'clock in Christ Episcopal church, the little old frame structure where for years the colonel and his family attended divine worship.

Funeral Was Simple.

At the request of Mrs. Roosevelt no flowers were sent. Also in conformance with Mrs. Roosevelt's wishes, there was no music and no eulogy, but only the simple service of the Episcopal church, conducted by the pastor, the Rev. George E. Talmage.

The following statement was made by Dr. G. W. Fuller, of Oyster Bay, the physician who last saw the colonel:

"Colonel Roosevelt retired at 12 o'clock last night feeling much better. At 4:15 o'clock this morning he simply ceased to breathe. Death was probably caused by a pulmonary embolism."

This pulmonary embolism, Dr. Fuller explained, is a blood clot upon one of the arteries of the lungs.

Colonel Roosevelt spent Sunday evening reading, conversing with Mrs. Roosevelt and chatting with Dr. Fuller, who left him apparently much improved and in excellent spirits.

He also dictated a number of letters. Despite his recent return from the hospital, he had much of his old vigor.

When Dr. Fuller left him Roosevelt was laughing and called "Good night" most cheerfully.

End Comes in Sleep.

At midnight he retired. Mrs. Roosevelt sat with him for a while, then as he fell asleep, she went to her own room.

At 4:15 a. m. the man servant became alarmed and called the nurse. There was nothing that could be done. Roosevelt was dead!

Mrs. Roosevelt was called. She took the shock bravely.

He did not move in the bed as he died, but lay just as he was when his wife stepped out of the room shortly after midnight.

Colonel Roosevelt was 60 years old. He was born in New York, October 27, 1858.

His health had not been very good for some time. In fact, he had left Roosevelt hospital only a short time ago after a severe siege of sciatica.

Was Twice Married.

He was twice married, the first time to Alice Hathaway Lee, daughter of George Cabot Lee. She died in 1884. His second wife was Edith Kermit Carow, daughter of Charles Carow of New York, whom he married in 1886. She survives him.

One son, Lieut. Quentin Roosevelt, was shot down in an airplane on the western front last June.

He had two daughters. Alice, daughter of his first wife, married Congressman Nicholas Longworth of Cincinnati. O. Ethel married Dr. Richard Derby.

DEFENDS RAILWAY CONTROL

Extension of Government Control Is Strongly Urged by McAdoo.

Washington.—Only through the proposed five-year extension of government management of railroads can the government move toward a permanent and comprehensive solution of the railroad problem, Director-General McAdoo insisted in testifying at the senate commerce committee's hearing on railroad legislation.

He defended government operation against what he described as "an attempt to discredit it on the ground that net earnings had been insufficient to pay the compensation guaranteed by the government," saying judgment of unified operation should be based on earnings only in normal peace times, and that this was another reason for testing government control for five years.

Wilson's Early Return Home Likely Paris.—President Wilson will return to the United States to attend the closing sessions of the present congress, according to present plans, and will come back to France for the later sittings of the peace congress.

President Poincare to Visit America.

Paris.—President Poincare will probably visit the United States late in June or early in July.

COLONEL ROOSEVELT



Ex-President Theodore Roosevelt, who died unexpectedly at his home in Oyster Bay, N. Y., Sunday night.

AMERICANS DRIVE BACK BOLSHEVISTS

With the Allied Army of the Dvina.—American troops fighting desperately near Kadish have driven back Bolshevik troops which made an advance there. The Bolsheviks also launched attacks on the Onega sector and bombarded the allied front. The Americans came into battle along the Petrograd road and in the frozen swamps that border it. The battle was fought in snow from two to four feet in depth. American forces captured Kadish after a display of gallantry that evoked the admiration of the allied commanders. Special care has been taken of the American wounded. There were some casualties but they were small in comparison to those inflicted upon the enemy.

The enemy did not occupy Kadish because the barrage fire from the Americans made the place untenable. Shells falling on the frozen ground spread their zones of destruction twice as far as they would under normal conditions.

BRIEF GENERAL NEWS

After being closed to the public for nearly two years because of the war, the White house was reopened to visitors Saturday.

Count George F. von Hertling, the former Imperial German chancellor, died Saturday night at Ruhpolding, Bavaria. He had been ill for six days.

With its holiday vacation ended, congress settled down Monday to the task of clearing an unusually heavy legislative calendar before the session ends, early in March.

Because of interference by the police, the National Woman's party announced that it had abandoned its plan to keep "watch fires" burning in front of the White house until the senate had passed the Susan B. Anthony suffrage constitutional amendment resolution.

While the expected declaration of an Irish republic by the Sinn Feiners has not materialized, the countrywide demonstrations Sunday indicate that secret plans have been formed to keep up constant agitation so that the Irish situation will be held in the foreground during the peace conference.

The influenza epidemic, which swept the country during the latter part of last year, caused 111,658 deaths in the 46 largest cities and increased the combined death rate for those communities in 1918 to 19.6 per 1000, according to statistics made public by the census bureau. Total figures for the country were not available.

I. C. C. Against Federal Ownership.

Washington.—Opposition to government ownership or operation of railroads at this time was expressed by the interstate commerce commission in a statement presented to the senate interstate commerce committee at its hearing on railway legislation by Commissioner Edgar E. Clark.

Ford Petitions Senate For Recount.

Washington.—In a petition received by Vice-President Marshall, and laid before the senate, Henry Ford, democratic candidate for United States senator, who was defeated on the face of returns by Truman N. Newberry, republican, gave formal notice of a contest of the senate seat, and asked for a recount of the ballots.

Wilson Shocked by Roosevelt's Death.

Oyster Bay, N. Y.—Mrs. Roosevelt received a cablegram of sympathy from President Wilson, dated Modena, which is on the Franco-Italian frontier, reading as follows: "Pray accept my heartfelt sympathy on the death of your distinguished husband, the news of which has shocked me very much."