

# The Observer.

MORO, OREGON.

Official Paper for Sherman County.

FRIDAY August 23, 1918

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C. L. IRELAND, Manager.



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## The Principle of Food Conservation

There is considerable misunderstanding as to just the reason for national control of sugar and flour by the government that reaches down to the individual through state and county officials of the National Food Administration.

For the purpose of making the principle of food conservation more plain to the people at large and to bring home to all that each have an interest in seeing that all join in observing the food conservation requirements, County Food Administrator L. Barnum, requests that the Observer publish the following letter recently received from W. B. Ayer.

The matter of food conservation is a most vital question that will affect us all more and more as the war continues and the demands of the allies increase. The majority forget that under normal conditions there is at the present time a large surplus of food of all kinds in the world at places that, under normal conditions, are active competitors of this country in supplying these countries that are now allied with the United States in the war.

Another consideration overlooked by a large number is the fact that all are protected by the food control act and that the fact of any one person having more money than another does not act toward preventing the man with no storage facilities or the price required

## Moro Transfer Company

Jim Tomlin, proprietor

City Draying, Express, Freight, any hauling attended to promptly

MORO, OREGON

from having an equal chance in securing a supply of the main food staples. The editor of the Observer has heard a number of times, in the local stores, the side remark that the signing of sugar and flour cards were merely a species of Red Tape. That it was not a real war measure and the idea seemed to prevail that it was enacted for the purpose of supplying some chronic office seekers with a livelihood, but the fact is overlooked that their few dollars would fail miserably in supplying their needs if some such measure was not enforced by the national government.

The letter to Mr. Barnum from Mr. Ayer follows:

August 19th, 1918.  
The Editor of the Sherman County Observer, Moro, Oregon, I am in receipt of a letter from Mr. Ayer, food administrator for the state of Oregon, in which he asks me that every Oregon household give the following letter careful consideration.

L. Barnum,  
County Food Administrator  
"The sugar shortage in the United States is real, and not imaginary, and the Food Administrator is endeavoring to secure a fair and equitable distribution. An allotment has been made for every state, and any person buying in excess of their proper allowance or withholding any sugar above their immediate needs from the general supply, is simply profiting at the expense of others."

"It should be sufficiently clear to everyone by now that the adhering to the Food Administration's regulations is necessary for the common good of all. Any one violating these regulations is claiming a special privilege for himself, and if the offense is detected, he is subject to the penalty provided under the Food Control Act. I hope the number of such persons will prove to be small, and that the Food Administration will have the loyal and united support of all the Oregon families in its efforts to fairly distribute the limited supply of sugar allotted to this state each month."

"To make the matter more plain to a number who are genuinely desirous of arriving at an understanding of some of the perplexing questions affecting the administration of regulations regarding sugar I am answering these most commonly asked:

Question: "What is sugar hoarding?" The answer is: Having on hand more than is needed for a reasonable length of time. You should not fail to return any unused balance of sugar purchased for canning purposes.

Question: "May a household have a month's supply on hand?" Answer: This is not justifiable except in extreme cases where there are no stores available for purchase, under the rule, and it should not be done only upon the advice, and with the consent of the Food Administrator of your county.

Question: "What is the moral wrong of hoarding?" Answer: It is selfish, cowardly, unpatriotic; it is, in effect, taking unto one's self special privileges at a time when all Americans should be on the same footing—share and share alike.

Question: "Is there any punishment for hoarders?" Answer: Yes. The Food Control Act provides fines of not more than \$5,000 and imprisonment, for hoarding by dealers, manufacturers or individuals.

## National Red Cross Work

That Red Cross knitters may know the plans of the Red Cross for future knitting, George E. Scott, Acting Manager of the American Red Cross, has issued the following statement:

"When the War Industries Board some time ago advised the Red Cross that future production of knitting yarn would be greatly reduced we immediately commenced to purchase all yarns suitable for our knitting. As a result we have today in stock or on order 1,400,000 pounds of yarn for distribution to our chapters. It is hoped that we obtain some additional yarn from wool unsuitable for government uses. The expected total will, however, be considerably below the ten million pounds used last year. While the total of yarn we can secure is being determined, we are studying how to use our supply to produce only garments which are most essential. When a conclusion is reached we will announce full program of knitting."

"In addition to this stock of yarn, the Red Cross has ready for distribution 1,600,000 sweaters, 1,340,000 mufflers, 384,000 wristlets, 228,000 helmets and 1,328,000 pairs of socks, a total of 3,674,000 articles. We are hopeful that these and such additional garments as we shall be able to make will enable us to meet the more urgent requirements of our men during the coming winter."

"In this connection it will be of interest to the women who have been knitting to know that from September 1st, 1917, to June 30, 1918, the Red Cross distributed 5,875,000 knitted garments to the army and navy of the United States. During the same

period 70,000 knitted articles were sent to the Red Cross commissioners in France and Italy for distribution to soldiers, sailors and civilians.

"At the request of the War Industries Board, with which the Red Cross works in close co-operation, we have urged chapters and individual workers not to buy wool in the open market but to secure their materials through our department of supplies, thus stabilizing prices."

## Threshermen Should Report Work

The inclement weather is going to make it necessary for some of the threshing machines of the county to finish the work the first of September or later, but this is to remind those that the reports of the amount of grain threshed up to August 31st should be turned in at that time anyway. I would suggest that if you only have three or four days work to do after the last of the month and you know what the grain is going so that you can estimate the amount within a few sacks, that you do so, thus saving one report.

If, however, you do not report all that you will thresh on the first blank, then make note of it and a second blank will be mailed to you immediately.

Indicate the amount of barley or other cereals threshed on the bottom this same blank.

C. C. Calkins, County Agent.

Wheat ranch for sale consisting of 1600 acres; good improvements; easy terms. Inquire of Otto Peetz, manager realty department Sherman County Abstract Co., Moro, Oregon.

## Course of Study for the Moro High School

| COURSES                  | First Year  | Second Year                        | Third Year                         | Fourth Year                                 |
|--------------------------|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| English                  | English I   | English II                         | English III                        | English IV                                  |
| Mathematics              | Algebra   | Algebra                            | Plane Geometry                     | Arithmetic                                  |
| History                  | Ancient   | Medieval                           | Modern                             | English                                     |
| Science                  | Physical  | Physiology                         | Botany                             | American                                    |
| Languages                | Latin I   | Latin II                           | Spanish I                          | Spanish II                                  |
| Commercial               | Commercial  | Typewriting                        | Stenography                        | Commercial Law                              |
| Teachers' Training       |   |                                    | Elementary                         | Teachers' Training Course. See State Course |
| Domestic Science and Art | Cooking I   | Cooking II                         | Sewing I                           | Sewing II                                   |
| Manual Training          | Mechanical Drawing and Woodwork I   | Mechanical Drawing and Woodwork II | Mechanical Drawing and Cement Work |   |
| Music                    | (a) Glee Club and Chorus Work two evenings each week, immediately after school.<br>(b) Vocal or Instrumental Music taken from a teacher not connected with the school, taking place of one study. |                                    |                                    |   |
| Bible                    | Credit given for work pursued outside of school, under the provisions of the "Suggested Course of Bible Study" published by State Department of Public Instruction.                               |                                    |                                    |   |
| Physical Training        | (a) Classes for both boys and girls—systematic gymnasium courses.<br>(b) School Athletics.  |                                    |                                    |   |

## Special Regulations for Moro Schools

All recitation periods in the High School must be at least forty minutes in length. A credit is given for a five period per week subject carried satisfactorily for one school year of thirty-six weeks. Book-keeping, Typewriting, Industrial and other subjects requiring no preparation shall each be given a double period daily. When sufficient time has not been devoted to a subject to entitle a pupil to a full credit in such subject, a part of a credit proportionate to the time spent shall be given; provided always, that the work shall be satisfactorily done, and the subject authorized by the adopted Course of Study.

Fifteen full credits, consisting of at least two majors and two minors, shall be required for graduation. A major is any subject in which three credits have been completed. A minor is any subject in which two credits have been completed. English is a required major for all pupils.

Four subjects constitute regular work. No pupils will be allowed to enroll for work leading to less than 3/4 or more than 4/5 credits, unless special arrangements are made by the parent or guardian with the principal of the school.

A class will be formed for any year's work in any subject in the adopted Course of Study, when four or more qualified pupils desire to pursue the work in class, or when the principal of the school believes it to be for the best interests of the school and the pupils to form such a class.

The following classes are to be organized for the year beginning September 16, 1918:

- English. — First, Second, and Third Year Classes.
- Mathematics. — First Year and Second Year Algebra at the beginning of the first semester.  
Plane and Solid Geometry, second semester.
- History. — Medieval History and English History, the first semester.  
Modern History, the second semester.
- Science. — Physiology and Physics, the first semester.  
Botany, the second semester.
- Language. — Spanish I.
- Commercial. — Business English, Stenography, Typewriting.
- Domestic Science and Art. — Cooking I and Sewing I.
- Manual Training. — Mechanical Drawing and Woodwork I.
- Music. — Glee Club and Chorus Work.

Pupils will be classified at the opening of school according to the number of credits which they have already earned. Three credits will entitle a pupil to be classed as a sophomore; seven credits as a junior; and eleven credits as a senior. Pupils must maintain good records in deportment and moral standing, not only in school, but also in the community, to be graduated from the school. Any function partaking of a public nature and using the school or its classes as a basis from which to form its membership, shall be deemed a school function, and under the jurisdiction of the school.

## HIGH SCHOOL FACULTY

- F. E. Fagan: Science and Mechanics
- Miss Albena Howard, English and History
- Miss Tressa Churchman, Commercial and Languages
- Miss Helen Davidson, Domestic Science and Art
- L. W. Mack, Manual Training

## Notice of Final Settlement

In the County Court of the state of Oregon for Sherman county, in the matter of Estate of Henry Smith, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has filed in the above entitled court her final report and account and that Tuesday, the 3d day of September, A. D. 1918, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. has been appointed as the time and the county court room in the county court house at Moro, Oregon, in said county, as the place fixed for the hearing of said report and account, the objections thereto, if any, and the settlement of the said estate.

Dated at Moro, Oregon, this 26th day of July, A. D. 1918.  
Bright & Bryant, attorneys for estate.  
Date of first publication, July 26, 1918  
Date of last publication, August 23, 1918

## Notice of Sheriff Sale

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Sherman County

Mary E. Lee, plaintiff

W. H. Sykes and Margaret D. Sykes, husband and wife, W. I. Chidester, C. M. Poley and Addie A. Poley, husband and wife, D. A. Hatfield, and Florence E. Herndon, defendants.

By virtue of an execution, judgment order, decree and order of sale, issued out of the above entitled court in the above entitled cause, to me directed and dated the 30th day of July, 1918, upon a judgment and decree rendered and entered in said court on the 27th day of July, 1918, in favor of Mary E. Lee, plaintiff, and against W. H. Sykes, Margaret D. Sykes, W. I. Chidester, C. M. Poley, Addie A. Poley, and D. A. Hatfield, defendants, for \$1,000.00 with interest thereon from September 5th, 1916, at the rate of seven per cent per annum, \$150 as attorneys fees and \$41.60 costs and disbursements and the costs of and upon this writ, commanding me to make sale of the following described real property, to-wit: West half of southwest quarter (w 1/2 sw 1/4) north east quarter of south west quarter (ne 1/4 sw 1/4) and north west quarter of south east quarter (nw 1/4 se 1/4) of section eleven (11) in township three (3) south, range fifteen (15) east of Willamette meridian, together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, in Sherman county, Oregon.

Now, therefore, by virtue of said execution, judgment order, decree and order of sale, and in compliance with the commands of said writ, on

Saturday, the 7th day of September, 1918, at 3 o'clock p. m. at the front door of the county court house in Moro, Sherman county, Oregon, I will sell at public auction, subject to redemption, to the highest bidder for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest which the above named defendants or either of them in the above entitled suit, had on the 5th day of September, 1916, the date of the mortgage herein foreclosed, or since that date had in and to the above described property, or now have therein, or any part thereof, to satisfy said execution, judgment order, and decree, costs and accruing costs.  
J. C. McKean, sheriff of  
Sta2-30 Sherman county Oregon

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MORO, OREGON

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