

## The Observer.

MORO, OREGON.

Official Paper for Sherman County.

FRIDAY August 9, 1918

Entered as second class matter at the post office at Moro, Oregon, July 25, 1911.

C. L. IRELAND, Manager.



"My Country 'Tis of Thee, Sweet Land of Liberty."

We will not be responsible for the neglect of subscribers to notify us of changes in their address. Nor will the notification of a Postmaster that the subscriber has "Removed" settle the bill of a delinquent.

### Anticipate Your Liberty Loan

Anticipate your next Liberty Loan subscription by now taking United States certificates of indebtedness, carrying 4 1/2% interest, dated August 6th, 1918, due and payable December 5th, 1918.

Banks have been called upon by the government to purchase Certificates of Indebtedness in anticipation of the Fourth Liberty Loan. This bank, believing it to be its patriotic duty to respond to this call, will take its full quota of these certificates from time to time as the treasury department needs funds to finance the war.

To the people of this community, who have responded so loyally in purchasing past issues of Liberty Bonds and who expect to take bonds of the fourth loan, and to those who may desire a short time government investment, we recommend the purchase of these certificates, which we will supply in denominations of \$500 and \$1000 and upwards, without profit to this bank.

Farmers State Bank, Moro, Oregon, member Federal Reserve System.

## Moro Transfer Company

Jim Tomlin, proprietor

City Draying, Express, Freight, any hauling attended to promptly

MORO, - - OREGON

### Next State Fair.

"With the nation engaged in war and a shortage existing in both food and clothing all exhibits shown at the State Fair this year will be of a practical nature, and will be designed to give instructions in the increasing and conserving of the food and clothing supplies of the state," states A. H. Lea, Secretary of the State Fair Board, commenting on the Fifty-Seventh Annual State Fair, which will open in Salem on September 23 for one week.

"By increasing and conserving both these resources more supplies will be available for our soldiers across the waters, and more money will be available for the government," he continued, and the Board is bending every effort towards the attainment of these ends. The Food Administration has been asked to furnish an exhibit that will especially demonstrate the value of food substitutes and how to grow and use them to the best advantage. Lectures and demonstrations will be given on food production and conservation in all agricultural, horticultural and livestock departments.

Fully as many counties as last year will send agricultural exhibits and the machinery exhibit will be the best in the history of the Fair. Tractors and trucks will predominate and the famous Ford Tractor will be on exhibition for the first time in the West.

Prize winning canning clubs from the State of Washington will compete with champion clubs of Oregon for premiums and the contests will be both interesting and instructive. The racing program will be superb, the music the best and the entertainments all of a high class order.

### Typewriting on Parchment Fades.

It has been found that typewriting on parchment deeds is not durable. In deeds deposited within very recent years many lines are illegible and several lines have completely disappeared.

### Eyes Right.

"Angelina, my angel, can you tell me why your eyes are like you and me?" was the query put in one love letter.

The reply: "No, Augustus, I can't. Tell me, oh, tell me, why they are thus."

In the following letter came the answer: "Because they correspond, but never meet."—Chicago News.

### Nipped Himself.

A political speaker accused a rival of "unfathomable meanness" and then, rising to the occasion, said, "I warn him not to persist in his disgraceful course or he'll find that two of us can play at that game."

### Luck.

"How did he win promotion?" "By being pleasant and accommodating to all people who didn't appear to be of much consequence."

"They all praised him, I suppose." "Not exactly. The little old man in the shabby suit that he was courteous to yesterday happened to be one of the directors of the company—the lucky guy."—St. Louis Republic.

### Annual Meeting of G. A. R.

The 52nd National Encampment, Grand Army of the Republic, will assemble in Portland during the week beginning August 18th and continue until the 24th. Headquarters will be at Multnomah Hotel. An unusually low rate of one cent a mile railroad transportation from any part of the United States has been made for this encampment, but in order to obtain this concession the following regulations must be observed:

No tickets will be sold by any railroad agent at the reduced rate except when a certificate is presented countersigned by the commander in chief and adjutant general of the Grand Army. These certificates can be secured through the officers of the local posts of each community. In the county of Sherman this happens to be J. M. Parry, of Moro.

Members of the Grand Army of the Republic, Woman's Relief Corps, National Association of Army Nurses of the Civil War, Ladies of the G. A. R., Daughters of Veterans, Sons of Veterans and members of their families, are entitled to the reduced rates.

The construction to be given the words "members and their families" is that the certificates shall be issued only to those who are actually of the family of members of the various organizations named. A son-in-law, a daughter-in-law or grandchild may be a member of that family, and if so is entitled to the rate. The responsibility for the interpretation of the phrase, however, will rest upon the Post Commanders, by whom the certificates must be countersigned. The ticket seller will not go back of this certificate, but the Post Commander will be put upon his honor in issuing them.

The one-cent rate does not apply to old soldiers who are not members of the Grand Army of the Republic. The old soldier who has not enough interest in his service to become a member of the Grand Army of the Republic is not entitled to this rate. If he wishes this concession he should join the Grand Army.

The little yellow tufted flower known as mimosa is really a species of acacia—the Acacia dealbata—and in Australia, its native country, is known as "the silver wattle." Some of these acacia trees attain a height of a hundred feet. The wood is extremely hard, and the bark is useful in tanning leather.

### FIGHT IT NOW.

You cannot run away from a weakness. You must some time fight it out or perish, and, if that be so, why not fight and conquer it now and where you stand?—Robert Louis Stevenson.

### Speeding Up Lumber Business.

From log to lumber is a rapid transformation after the log is fished from the pond, hauled up the log slip and thrown on the skid, off which it rolls on to the carriage, where it is turned into correct position by the "steam nigger," fastened on the carriage, and cut into shape and form for use by the big saws of which there are three kinds, band, circular and gang, a process which requires but a few minutes. Half an hour later the lumber is in the dry kiln, or, if timbers have been cut, they are waiting on the timber docks, ready for loading on freight cars.

Reports received at the offices of the Southern Pine association show that a majority of mills are now handling the government's war business on a six-day schedule. This is, within a week from the time a government order is received, the trees have been cut from the forest, hauled to the mill, manufactured, kiln-dried if necessary, placed on freight cars and delivered to points of destination.

### Tobacco and Food Crops.

The cultivation of tobacco in the valley of the Connecticut river has been said to have "robbed the neighboring fields of half their growth." Many a farmer in western New England who, 40 years ago, relied on this district for his cattle feed, must now pay high prices for grain raised a thousand miles away. Incidentally the giving up of so much of the most fertile land in New England to the cultivation of a non-essential has materially contributed to the high price of milk. Now, however, the raising of tobacco in New England is on the decline, and this year many of the fields which were formerly given over to the cultivation of that product have been used for raising more useful crops.

### To Put It Mildly.

There was a crash of glass out in the hall, and we went out to see what had occurred. When we arrived, the glass was there, some innocent bystanders were there, but there was no visible victim.

"What happened?" we asked. "Bill was coming along the hall, and his foot slipped, and he plunged forward and stuck his head right through that glass door!"

"Well, where's Bill?" "In the next room being plastered up."

"Was he cut much?" "Well, his face wore an injured expression."—Exchange.

## WOULD GUARD STATUES

### Paris Protects Against Neglect of Art Treasures.

Allowed to Stand Exposed to Air Raids—Promises of Aid Falls.

Paris.—Protest has arisen in many quarters here against the deliberate neglect of many of the priceless statues and works of art in Paris, which have been permitted to stand unprotected against possible damage from enemy air raids and bombardments. The special commission charged with the duty of providing protection for public monuments of art has been severely criticized.

Last year when the danger of air raids seemed comparatively remote a dozen or more monuments and statues were ordered to be protected with sandbags. Some time afterward "loaded" sacks were placed at a distance from the monuments or statues waiting to be put in place. There they were allowed to remain, nothing further being done. The bags lay about the statues for weeks.

In the meanwhile there were several air raids. Fortunately no monument or statue was hit. On the initiative of a group of citizens work on the protection of some of the masterpieces was begun, and many historic pieces like the Vendome Column, the Obelisk, the Strasbourg Monument and the art works in the Luxembourg gardens were given some adequate protection.

Street urchins anxious to play "in the trenches" climbed up among the bags, causing a loose one to slip, with the result that thousands of bags fell in an avalanche about many of the statues. It was thereupon found that the bags were filled with stones or clinkers.

Art lovers protested and called the attention of the commission to the fact that stones and clinkers afforded no protection against German bombs. The Paris municipal council is now taking measures to remedy the present condition and promises that every valuable piece of statuary and historical art will be reasonably protected.

### RED MEN WILL SAVE FOOD

Ask for Expert to Teach Squaws How to Save Wheat by Using Substitutes.

Omaha, Neb.—Indians are not one whit behind the white man when it comes to food conservation. They want their squaws to have a "food matron" just like their white brethren. Fifty leaders of the Omaha Indian tribe called on State Food Administrator G. W. Wattles and asked him to intercede with the "great white father" at Washington to have Food Administrator Hoover appoint a matron to explain to the squaws how to save the wheat by using substitutes. In the past nothing but wheat has ever been used on the reservation, but the Indians have not only sent their boys to fight for Uncle Sam, but they want to do their bit at home.

### Daily Thought.

To supplant woe with joy in a single heart is to savor creation nearer to the divine plan.—Youth's Companion.

### Upright Habits of Real Value.

There is a sort of automatic moral integrity about upright habits. The man who is set in such habits has no need to think over and reason out his course of action.

### TAKE SHRAPNEL FROM HEART

Remarkable Operation Performed on a British Soldier Proves Successful.

London.—A remarkable operation has been performed on a soldier at Leeds Infirmary. A piece of shrapnel weighing 61 grains was extracted from the anterior wall of the heart. The patient is Private John Britland, who was wounded at Arras on April 11 last year. After receiving treatment in several hospitals he was taken to Leeds Infirmary, where a radiograph established the fact that he had a piece of metal in the wall of the heart itself. He is making steady progress to recovery.

One of a Series of Informative Articles on Dental Hygiene—No. 19

## Caring For The Soldier's Teeth

IMAGINE a soldier aiming a great gun behind the trenches—piloting a swift aeroplane above the clouds—with a badly aching and dropping tooth. Uncle Sam does not want his men taking care of their teeth. He has a staff of dentists in each camp who care for the teeth of the defenders of our country. It's the man behind the gun who must be kept in trim, otherwise the gun becomes useless.

In a short time, in the Boer war, England had to send home more than five thousand soldiers, maimed, because of bad teeth. Had and neglected teeth vitally affect the nation's health. So many go through life under the foolish belief that artificial teeth are "something they can always have." Dentists have proved that artificial teeth, at best, do only one-sixth of the work required of natural teeth.

Many teeth, sound in outward appearance, are being undermined by decay. Often the pulp (nerve) becomes infected and dies; pus forms, which, taken into the blood, menaces your entire health.

Published by the Board of Dental Examiners State of Oregon

### Notice of Final Settlement

In the County Court of the State of Oregon for Sherman County, in the matter of Estate of Henry Smith, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has filed in the above entitled court her final report and account and that Tuesday, the 30th day of September, A.D. 1918, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m., has been appointed as the time and place for the hearing of said report and account, the objections thereto, if any, and the settlement of the said estate.

Dated at Moro, Oregon, this 26th day of July, A.D. 1918.

Isabel H. Smith, executrix.  
Bright & Bryant, attorneys for estate.  
Date of first publication, July 26, 1918.  
Date of last publication, August 23, 1918.

### Notice of Sheriff Sale

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Sherman County

Mary E. Lee, plaintiff  
vs.  
W. M. Sykes and Margaret D. Sykes, husband and wife,  
W. I. Chidester, C. M. Poley and Addie A. Poley, husband and wife, D. A. Hatfield, and Florence E. Herndon, defendants.

By virtue of an execution, judgment order, decree and order of sale, issued out of the above entitled court in the above entitled cause, to me directed and dated the 30th day of July, 1918, upon a judgment and decree rendered and entered in said court on the 27th day of July, 1918, in favor of Mary E. Lee, plaintiff, and against W. M. Sykes, Margaret D. Sykes, W. I. Chidester, C. M. Poley, Addie A. Poley, and D. A. Hatfield, defendants, for \$1,000.00 with interest thereon from September 5th, 1916, at the rate of seven per cent per annum, \$150 as attorneys fees and \$41.60 costs and disbursements and the costs of and upon this writ, commanding me to make sale of the following described real property, to-wit: West half of southwest quarter (w 1/2 sw 1/4) north east quarter of south west quarter (nw 1/4 sw 1/4) and north west quarter of south east quarter (nw 1/4 se 1/4) of section eleven (11) in township three (3) south, range fifteen (15) east of Willamette meridian, together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, in Sherman County, Oregon.

Now, therefore, by virtue of said execution, judgment order, decree and order of sale, and in compliance with the commands of said writ, on

Saturday, the 7th day of September, 1918, at 3 o'clock p.m. at the front door of the county court house in Moro, Sherman County, Oregon, I will sell at public auction, subject to redemption, to the highest bidder for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest which the above named defendants or either of them in the above entitled suit, had on the 5th day of September, 1916, the date of the mortgage herein foreclosed, or since that date had in and to the above described property, or now have therein, or any part thereof, to satisfy said execution, judgment order, and decree, costs and accruing costs.

J. C. McKean, Sheriff of Sherman County Oregon

Sta-2-30

## GINN, COLEMAN & CO.

MORO, OREGON

Sherman County Agency for Three Important and Exceptionally Useful Farm Implements

### GRAIN TIGHT WAGON BEDS

100 bushel and 125 bushel capacity. The sides built of matched tongue and grooved Poplar lumber, the bottom of Yellow Pine lumber laid on Oak cross sills. Grain slide made of best approved steel.

### PORTABLE GRAIN ELEVATOR

The best appliance to load wagons from the field or to unload wagons into bins, storage elevators or railroad cars, and is interchangeable in its work. W. S. Powell, at the Farmers' Union warehouse in Moro, with this machine handles seven sacks per minute loading from the warehouse to railroad car.

### PORTABLE WOODEN BINS

Mounted on skids and to be used for wheat storage in the field or at the farm. Capacity 1000 bushels.

Orders Should be Placed Early

Call in and Talk it Over

## JOB PRINTING

We Cordially Solicit Your Patronage.

## Have You Your COAL?

Now is the time to Fill Your Bin with Rock Springs Coal. We have plenty of Coal if you order at once. Have just unloaded a car, and another car is on the way.

## "Tum-A-Lump"

For all that's Good in Coal or Wood

"See H. U. Martin about it!"

Tum-A-Lum Lumber Co., Moro, Oregon

Which do you want for your 10c—ordinary plug or lasting tobacco satisfaction.



Peyton Brand Real Gravely Chewing Plug 10c a pouch—and worth it

Gravely lasts so much longer it costs no more to chew than ordinary plugs

P. B. Gravely Tobacco Company Danville, Virginia

FOSS & CO. INC.

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