

The Observer.

MORO, OREGON.

Official Paper for Sherman County.

FRIDAY, July 5, 1918

Entered as second class matter at the post office at Moro, Oregon, July 25, 1891.

C. L. IRELAND, Manager.



We will not be responsible for the neglect of subscribers to notify us of changes in their address. Nor will the circulation of a Postmaster that the subscriber has "Removed" settle the bill of a delinquent.

Sherman County Makes Good

The War Savings Stamp quota for Sherman county was set by the state managers at \$66,000 and of this amount at five o'clock Friday afternoon 21 school districts out of 31 had reported \$48,870 and the reports rolling in so fast that County Chairman George B. Bourhill was swamped. He estimated that Sherman county will over subscribe to the war certificates at least 15 to 20 per cent of the \$66,000 mark set for Sherman county to attain.

School district 15 is the banner district of Sherman county, containing nine families. Its quota was set at \$2000 and it reports a subscription of \$4165. This result was attained by the active work of T. W. Alley, chairman of the school board, assisted by Albert Kaseberg. Quota for Moro district is \$6500 and of this amount \$4000 was raised at the school meeting and the balance was rapidly made up as school district residents came into town. Quota for Kent was \$4500 and the last report from that district was \$6325 and the committee yet working. Neil McDonald, the chairman of the board in District 20, reports \$45 over his district's quota of \$2500 and so it went over the county. No district is yet complete as there are absentees in every district. A few districts are quite behind their quota, not realizing the importance of the movement, but as soon as they do they will catch step with the rest of the county.

Two Kinds.

There is a place in the world for reformers. Reformers are the gentlemen who created our great Declaration of Independence, and the Constitution of the United States. Bless them, we say. At the same time there should be more positive reformers and fewer negative reformers, the latter being well-meaning persons who are always against something and not for anything.—Atchison Globe.

Clean Wheat For Seed

Believing that one of the best and easiest ways of improving the wheat crop of Sherman county is to provide pure seed, the county agent and agricultural council are working out a plan to get the wheat from clean fields set aside for seed purposes. For instance, much of the Early Baart sown on land that has been raising Turkey Red has as high as 15 to 20 per cent volunteer turkey and on the other hand there are some fields of pure Baart and this should be made available for seed purposes. The same is true of other leading varieties.

It is a source of great satisfaction to have clean seed, besides it pays, the biggest kind. In order to locate clean fields and pass on them with the least possible effort and yet make it effective the council has selected two farmers from each school district to locate and advise the county agent where such fields can be found.

It will be useless to apply for certification unless the field in question is what we might call absolutely clean but on the other hand those having clean fields should report to the committee of their district. Following is a list of the committees selected:

- 1. J. T. Johnson and Geo. Fridley.
- 2. Arnold Buhmann and W. A. Tate.
- 3. Henry Howell and Vic Anderson.
- 4. Ed Kaseburg and Arthur Sargeant.
- 5. Chas. Hull and Ben Andrews.
- 6. V. E. Smith and Frank Lamborn.
- 7. Ed Dutton and Geo. Hildebrand.
- 8. Geo. Yocum and Clyde Fridley.
- 9. L. R. Seely and J. N. Stevenson.
- 10. W. E. Smith and C. C. Calloway.
- 11. Hans Thompson and W. A. Morgan.
- 12. Claude Thompson and Herman Page.
- 13. Hugh Walker and Harry Pinkerton.
- 14. C. G. Silvers and Chris. Anderson.
- 15. Roy Powell and L. L. Peetz.
- 16. Will Olds and O. P. King.
- 17. Ed Alley and V. B. Eakin.
- 18. Hans Koopke and P. L. Schamel.
- 19. W. C. Todd and Tom Coyle.
- 20. John Wray.
- 21. L. Schadewitz and Carl Adams.
- 22. John Schassen and J. U. Leonard.
- 23. Chas. Guyton and Will Helyer.
- 24. L. W. Amick.

A Chance For Forgiveness

"Here, my man," said the citizen to the messenger who had delivered his suit of clothes. "Is a check in payment."

"But," said the messenger. "I am not allowed to collect money."

"I know, but this isn't money."

"Yes," remonstrated the messenger, "but it's the same thing."

"My dear, misguided boy," said the citizen, with tears in his eyes, "your conscience touches me. Leave, I beg you, the employ of this soulless corporation. And if I can persuade the banks of this city that my checks are the same as money your fortune is made!"

They Put Him in the Copper.

In the Tudor days the poisoner was liable to be condemned to death by boiling; while under another statute, the man convicted of theft "shall have his head shaved, melted pitch poured upon it, and the feathers from a pillow shaken over it, that he may be known." After all there are advantages in living in the twentieth century!

ALLIES DEMAND MORE CEREALS

American Meat Restrictions Relaxed to Effect Greater Wheat Savings.

ARGENTINE ARRIVALS SHORT.

Meat Supply Here Considerably Enlarged — Food Administration, However, Warns Against Waste.

The allies have made further and increased demands for breadstuffs, these enlarged demands being caused to some degree by shortage in arrivals from the Argentine. It is, therefore, necessary for the U. S. Food Administration to urge a still further reduction in the consumption of bread and breadstuffs generally if we are to meet our export necessities. The Food Administration has issued a statement explaining the situation in detail, particularly the reasons which lead to the purpose of centering effort for the time being upon the cereal situation to relax temporarily the restrictions on meat consumption.

Experience shows, this statement says, that the consumption of breadstuffs is intimately associated with the consumption of meat. For various reasons our supplies of meat for the next two or three months are considerably enlarged, and we can supply the allies with all of the meat products which transportation facilities render possible and at the same time somewhat increase our own consumption. In these circumstances the Food Administration considers it wise to relax the voluntary restrictions on meat consumption to some extent with a view to further decreasing bread consumption.

Conservation of food must be adjusted to meet necessities from time to time, for neither production, nor allied demands are constant factors, nor can any of these factors be anticipated for long periods in advance in the disturbed conditions in which we at present live. While the world situation is not one that warrants any relaxation in the efforts to eliminate waste or to relax economy in food, the Administration desires to secure better adjustment in food balances.

So long as the present conditions continue the only special restrictions we ask are the beefless and porkless Tuesday.

The meatless meal and the porkless Saturday are no longer asked.

The farmers of the United States are responding to the national call to increase hog production. Their increase, to all appearances, is being attained more rapidly. Of more immediate importance, however, are several complex factors which have effected an immediate increase in meat supplies.

The transportation shortage before the government took over the railroads, the bad weather in January and early in February, the large percentage of immature corn in the last harvest and the necessity of feeding this corn as rapidly as possible to save it from decay, have not only resulted in backing up the animals—particularly hogs—on the farms for a longer period of feeding, but have resulted in a great increase in their average weight and will result, with improved transportation conditions, which already appear, in larger than normal arrivals at market for the next two or three months. The weight of hogs coming to the market for the past two weeks indicates an increase in weight of from an average of 203 pounds last year to the almost unprecedented average of 232 pounds, or a net increase in their meat value of over 15 per cent. This is a distinct addition to the nation's meat supply. It therefore now seems certain that we have some enlarged supplies for at least some months to come, that we can not only increase our exports to the allies to the full extent of their transportation facilities, but at the same time can properly increase our domestic consumption.

The response of the public to our requests for reduced consumption of meat during the past few months has been most gratifying, and this service alone has enabled the government during this period to provide such supplies as transportation to the allies permitted.

The Administration also suggests that in those parts of the country where the old fashioned home preservation of pork is still the custom, this practice should be extended at the present time, as it will relieve the burden upon transportation and from the packing houses and is economically sound as saving the cost of packing operations and at the same time will provide home supplies of pork to last over the months of decreased supplies.

The Food Administration desires to repeat that it does not want to give the impression that these are times when simplicity and moderation of living are not critically necessary, but that its sole desire is to secure an adjustment between our different food supplies and meet changing conditions from time to time and to keep the public fully and frankly advised of its position with the full confidence and reliance that whenever it becomes necessary renewed appeals for saving will meet the same loyal response as in the past.

Always Rainfall With Cyclones.

Cyclones are always accompanied with rain, generally so violent as to be called a "cloud-burst." When the air is completely saturated with moisture, and a "whirl" is formed, the heated stratum is not carried to so great a height. The upward currents being strong, a vast mass of partially condensed vapor is accumulated in the upper end of the funnel, so to speak, until it finally breaks off its own weight.

List of Registrants Reclassified

Acting under instructions from the adjutant general's office the legal advisory board for Sherman county has reclassified the following registrants who are recommended for class one:

Name	Serial No.	Order No.
A. L. Holt	446	201
Norman Smith	445	202
Roy Hias	229	115
Geo. Schamel	19	120
Fred B. Downing	344	126
W. T. Johnston	1	153
Stacy W. McPherson	214	171
Lee Peterson	33	177
O. C. Eaton	332	183
J. G. Happold	127	188
B. W. VanOlder	98	210
Jno. E. McClure	398	215
J. H. Ferrell	176	230
Floyd Arnet	87	243
H. E. Morgan	256	429
R. E. Badger	104	280
W. M. Christensen	119	284
O. R. Hulise	348	297
Thos. E. Bayless	306	307
G. N. McDonald	132	320
W. H. McDowell	263	334
A. H. Zobel	60	348
G. L. Hoskinson	334	369
H. E. Everett, Jr.	301	374
E. Richeidorter	234	380
F. Hall	201	414
W. C. Thompson	188	439
A. Sanders	192	444
O. Schadewitz	403	447
J. F. Peters	151	174
Wm. A. Patterson	249	359

Our stock of canned goods is complete. Best brands at reasonable prices.—Moro Trading Co.

Butter Nut Bread, fresh daily, at Moro Trading Co.

Choice Heifer for Sale

Part Jersey, now giving three gallon a day, gentle, price \$65. Call, phone or write. Richmond & Deal, Monkland

Photo Work to Order

Moving pictures or stationary subjects; threshing scenes, etc., at just a little above cost with a U. S. Cinematograph machine. For prices see I. O. Thompson, if he is at Monkland, Oregon

Moro Transfer Company

Jim Tomlin, proprietor

City Draying, Express, Freight, any hauling attended to promptly

MORO, - - OREGON

SUMMONS.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Sherman County, Quinley E. Gwynne, and Lucilla N. Gwynne, husband and wife, Plaintiffs,

vs. J. L. Smith and Willie L. Smith, husband and wife, Defendants; T. J. L. Smith and Willie L. Smith, husband and wife, Defendants;

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF OREGON you and each of you are hereby commanded and required to appear and answer the complaint of the plaintiffs filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before six weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons; the date of the first publication hereof being the 28th day of June, 1918.

And if you fail to so appear and answer for want thereof the plaintiffs will apply to the Court for the relief prayed for in their complaint filed against you herein, which relief, among other things, is as follows: That the plaintiffs have a judgment and decree that the defendants have no title or interest in or to any of the following described property, to-wit: The Southwest quarter and the East half of section Twenty-five (25) and the West half of the Northeast quarter and the West half of the Southeast quarter of section Twenty-four (24) all in Township Two (2) North Range Eighteen East of the Willamette Meridian.

Also Lot Two (2) and the Southeast quarter of the Northwest quarter and the Northeast quarter of the Southwest quarter of section Thirty (30) and the Southeast quarter of the Southwest quarter and Lots Three (3) and Four (4) of section Thirty (30) all in Township Two (2) North of Range Nineteen East of W. M.

Also the Southeast quarter of section Twenty-six (26) Township Two (2) North of Range Eighteen East of W. M., all being in Sherman County, State of Oregon, and containing 1098 acres more or less.

And for a further decree that the plaintiffs are now the owners in fee simple of the said property holding and owning the same free and clear of any right, title or interest of the defendants or any persons claiming under them, and for a further decree quieting the title to said premises above described and all thereof in the plaintiffs as against the defendants and each of them and all persons claiming by, through or under them, and for such other and further relief as to the Court may seem just in the premises.

This summons is served upon you by publication thereof once a week for six consecutive and successive weeks in the Sherman County Observer, a newspaper of general circulation in Sherman County and printed and published in the town of Moro, in Sherman County, Oregon, pursuant to an order of the Honorable Fred Kruse, County Judge of said Sherman County, Oregon, which order was made and entered on the 25th day of June, 1918, and which order directed that service of Summons be made upon you by publication as aforesaid. The residence and post office address of the undersigned attorneys for the plaintiff is 1225 Yeon Building, Portland, Oregon. The date of the first publication of this summons is the 28th day of June, 1918.

CLARK, MIDDLETON & CLARK, Attorneys for Plaintiffs. Residence and Post Office address, 1225 Yeon Building, Portland, Oregon.

Cow for Sale

An A No. 1 Jersey milch cow Gives a uniform supply of milk the year round. Inquire at Nish ranch or phone Chas Bullard, 31jn21 Monkland, Oregon

Wheat Farms Wanted

Good, clear property to offer as part payment on wheat farms. Send us particulars if you want to sell or trade. Luddeman Co., 913 Chamber of Commerce, Portland, Oregon.

Headers for Sale

One 12-foot and one 14-foot 2d hand McCormick header. See Ginn, Coleman & Co., Moro.

Undertaking Supplies

Caskets and Robes always on hand; special supplies and caskets ordered at any time Sam Brisbane, Moro, Oregon.

Reward for Return of Stray

Strayed away from the Chas. Benefield's pasture on the Edw. Everett ranch near Biglow, Sherman county, some time during April, five mares description as follows:

Five year old bay mare, star in face, two hind feet white, wire cut in both hock joints, weight 1150, branded W on left stifle.

Nine year old bay mare, small white spot in face, weight 1250, branded 7 on right shoulder should have colt six weeks old by her side.

Three year old black filly, wire cut on left arm, branded lazy D on left shoulder.

Six year old bay mare, strip in face, weight 1300, left hind foot white above fetlock, branded lazy D on left shoulder, may have suckling colt.

Seven year old bay mare, star in face, weight 1150, white right eye, branded lazy D on left shoulder.

Will pay reward of \$10 each for their return to Benefield's pasture or will pay a suitable reward for information leading to their recovery. Notify Benefield at the ranch or W. G. McDonald at the McDonald ferry.

R. A. Wallis, owner, 217 East 82d street N., Portland, Oregon.

GINN, COLEMAN & CO.

MORO, OREGON

Sherman County Agency for Three Important and Exceptionally Useful Farm Implements

GRAIN TIGHT WAGON BEDS

100 bushel and 125 bushel capacity. The sides built of matched tongue and grooved Poplar lumber, the bottom of Yellow Pine lumber laid on Oak cross sills. Grain slide made of best approved steel.

PORTABLE GRAIN ELEVATOR

The best appliance to load wagons from the field or to unload wagons into bins, storage elevators or railroad cars, and is interchangeable in its work. W. S. Powell, at the Farmers' Union warehouse in Moro, with this machine handles seven sacks per minute loading from the warehouse to railroad car.

PORTABLE WOODEN BINS

Mounted on skids and to be used for wheat storage in the field or at the farm Capacity 1000 bushels.

Orders Should be Placed Early

Call in and Talk it Over

JOB PRINTING

We Cordially Solicit Your Patronage.

YOU! Heed Fuel Administrator Garfield's Warning!

DO YOUR CHRISTMAS COALING EARLY

Pull Together! Get Serious! We're at War!

There is plenty of Coal to supply all, but

It can't be mined and transported in eight months. It takes twelve full months to mine a year's supply. There are only 200 days left until the snow flies and then the deliveries from mines are blocked!

STORE COAL NOW: IN MAY, JUNE, JULY

If you haven't the Cash on Hand: Borrow it

Don't argue. Provide storage room. Make what sacrifice is now needed to keep your house warm, your business running, and the food, clothing, arms, and ammunition necessary for our Soldiers "Over There" flowing in a steady stream to the front.

Help Win the War and Protect Yourself and Your Business at the Same Time

"Tum-A-Lump"

For all that's Good in Coal or Wood "See H. U. Martin about it!"

TUM A LUM LUMBER CO., MORO, ORE.

The man who knows the comfort of a good-tasting chew sticks to Real Gravely Chewing Plug every time. Lasts longer than ordinary tobacco, too.

Peyton Brand Real Gravely Chewing Plug 10c a pouch—and worth it

Gravely lasts so much longer it costs no more to chew than ordinary plug

F. B. Gravely Tobacco Company Danville, Virginia

FOSS & CO., INC. MORO, ORE. GARAGE Blacksmith and Machine Shop

Firestone TIRES Goodyear

Gas, Oils, Grease and Accessories Auto Repairing and Storage

Iron, Steel and Coal, Hardwood Carriage and Wagon Material.