

Established 1887.

Moro, Sherman County, Oregon. Friday, August 25, 1916.

Five Cent

C. J. BRIGHT, W. C. BRYANT.

## Bright & Bryant.

Attorneys-at-Law  
offices at

The Dalles and Moro, Ore.

## J. B. Hosford

LAWYER

Practises in United States  
and State Courts also in the  
State of Washington.

Suite 1 and 2  
The Bank Building  
MORO, OREGON.

## Grover J. Duffey

Lawyer.

Office with W. H. Ragsdale

MORO, OREGON.

## C. M. Huddleston

Attorney at Law

Wasco, Oregon

## Dr. C. L. Poley

Physician and Surgeon.

Moro, Oregon.

Office in residence.

## J. R. Morgan

Dentist

Office on First street,

MORO, OREGON

## Dr. Theo. Beletski

VETERINARIAN

Interstate Stock Inspector  
Examiner of Stallions for License

WASCO, OREGON  
Telephone Main 502.

## PAPER HANGING

PAINTING

SIGN WRITING

Estimates Furnished  
Free.

## J. F. Noonan, Moro, Ore.

Your business will be  
appreciated and an endeavor  
will be made to please all.

## DOING BUSINESS?

If You Want  
To Trade Your Property  
Write to

E. A. BRASHEM  
501 - 2 Northwest Building  
Portland, Oregon.

## ALLIES START BIG DRIVE IN BALKANS

Offensive Against Central Pow-  
ers Now Under Way on  
All Fronts.

London.—The long-expected general offensive on the Saloniki front has opened and the grand assault against the forces of the central powers now is in progress in every theater of the world-war. General Sarraill is attacking the Bulgarian-German forces along the entire Greek-Serbian frontier, a distance of more than 150 miles.

In a joint push forward, the Serbs, operating on the left wing, south of Monastir, and the Anglo-French forces, operating in the center and on the right, moved forward. The Serbs won the Bulgarian first line on the Greek border, southeast of Monastir, while the allied armies crossed the Struma, east of Saloniki.

Daily attacks by the British against the German lines north of the Somme in France are reported. British and French on the Somme front followed up their victories last week with a new attack which won for the French a strongly fortified woods between Guillemont and Maurepas, and for the British a section of trenches north of Bazentin le Petit. General Foch's men captured a large quantity of war material.

The news that the attacks had cleared out the famous Leipzig redoubt, has caused rejoicing here and military opinion now holds that the gains were the most important since the first stroke of the offensive. The redoubt has been a thorn in the British flank since the first day. It threw back the storming parties with heavy losses and had resisted all efforts since.

## RUSSIANS RESUME BATTLE FOR KOVEL

London.—The battle for Kovel has been resumed with full vigor, the Russians this time endeavoring to sweep down upon the great Volhynian railway city of the northeast. They succeeded, according to Petrograd, in breaking through the Teuton positions on the three mile front between Tchornobol, on the eastern bank of the Stokhod, to miles northeast of Kovel and the village of Tobole, on the western bank of the river.

Berlin admits that General Brusiloff's troops have crossed the Stokhod at one point, and Petrograd says that the Russians have pushed on beyond the river and captured a series of heights on the road to Kovel. Pierce's continues on the crest of the Caucasus, where the Russians are within sight of the Hungarian plain. No indication has been given, however, of the strength of the forces engaged in this region, and it is uncertain whether General Brusiloff is making a serious effort to enter Hungary.

On Field Marshal Von Hindenberg's front, where a battle has been raging for some days, west of Lake Nobel, 60 miles northeast of Kovel, Berlin says the Russians were "completely thrown back."

## GREEKS AND BULGARS CLASH

Stubborn Fighting Near Seres and Many Greeks Have Been Killed.

London.—Greek troops have been fighting the Bulgarians in the vicinity of Seres, says an Athens dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company.

The Greek commander at Seres has called to arms all the reservists in that locality, says the dispatch. That the fighting is of a stubborn character is indicated by the fact that a large number of Greek soldiers have been killed.

It was stated in a Paris dispatch that the fourth Greek army corps had fallen back from Seres as well as from Kavala and Drama. Seres is an important city of about 30,000 population, 45 miles northeast of Saloniki.

## German Torpedo 2 British Cruisers.

London.—Two light cruisers, the Nottingham and Falmouth, were sunk Saturday in the North Sea by German submarines, while the vessels were searching for the German high seas fleet, according to an official announcement issued by the admiralty.

## Russian Troops in Greece.

Athens.—An initial brigade of Russian troops has arrived at Saloniki to join the entente allies in the fighting in the Balkans. The arrival of the Russians has created a profound impression here.

## Guardmen's Stay at Border Indefinite.

Washington.—The national guard will be retained on the Mexican border until it can be withdrawn without again endangering American lives and property, according to Secretary Baker.

WARREN S. STONE



Photo by American Press Association.  
Warren S. Stone, chief of Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, involved in the controversy with the railroads.

## BRIEF WAR NEWS

The Russians have broken through the Austro-German lines on the Stokhod river in Volhynia, and have made a considerable advance.

The French offensive continues on the right bank of the Meuse, in the Verdun region, and Paris chronicles the capture of two fortified redoubts northwest of the Thiaumont work. Progress also is reported for the French east of the Vaux-Chapitre wood.

The continued success of General Brusiloff's two powerful movements, which gradually are enveloping Kovel and Lemberg, have begun to have a marked effect on the situation in the central portion of the front, which, except for small Russian gains in the lake region south of Dvinsk, has remained virtually unaltered since the Russians fell back last autumn to the line from Dvinsk to the Pinsk marshes.

Assaults by British and French forces against German positions north of the Somme in France have resulted in the gaining of additional ground. The French advance was in and around Maurepas, and the British gain was in the direction of Ghinchy and Guillemont, near the southern end of their section of the Somme front. The Anglo-French attack took place along the whole line from Pozieres to the Somme.

The great offensive opened by the allies on the Saloniki front is developing, but no decisive action has been fought. The British and French advancing on the right have crossed the Struma, pushing northeastward toward the Bulgarian frontier. At the same time the Serbians, who have opened a drive for Monastir, report the capture of Bulgarian first line trenches. On the extreme left, however, immediately south of Monastir, they have suffered a reverse and have evacuated the Greek town of Benicia.

## SHORT NEWS NUGGETS

The government's Alaskan railroad now is carrying coal from the Matanuska fields to the harbor at Anchorage.

General Funston has reported that it is now safe and, in his opinion, advisable to withdraw the American troops from Mexico.

A bill providing that the sheriff of any Georgia county in which a lynching occurs be removed by the governor was tabled 113 to 29 by the Georgia house.

Robert Bacon, ex-ambassador to France, has announced his candidacy for the nomination for United States senator from New York in the coming republican primary.

The total of new cases in greater New York last week was 912, as compared with 1151 for the previous week, while the number of deaths was 226, as compared with 301.

The shipping bill providing expenditure of \$50,000,000 for a partially government owned merchant marine and for a shipping board with wide powers, has passed the senate.

President Wilson will go on no campaign "stumping tour." This was definitely decided at a luncheon tendered by the president and Mrs. Wilson to members of the democratic campaign committee.

China has protested to Japan against the sending of 2000 troops to Cheng Chinglung, in eastern Mongolia, because of recent disturbances there resulting in a clash between Chinese and Japanese troops.

## Berlin Socialists Arrested.

London.—The premises of all Berlin socialist clubs were raided by the police last week, according to an Exchange Telegraph company dispatch from Geneva.

## Italian Troops Sent to Saloniki.

Paris.—Italian troops have disembarked at Saloniki, says a Havas dispatch from that point.

## RAILROADS INSIST ON ARBITRATION

Employees Accept President's  
Plan to Avert Strike, But  
Managers Decline.

Washington.—President Wilson's plan for settlement of the threatened nationwide railroad strike was accepted by the representatives of the employees, but the railroad managers declined to accept the plan. President Wilson summoned all the presidents of the great railway systems of the country to Washington following the refusal of the chief executives of the railways now here to accept his basis of settlement in the threatened strike.

The president appealed to the railroad officials to abandon their insistence on arbitration of the dispute threatening a nationwide strike and to accept his plan of settlement—an eight-hour day, regular overtime, and a commission to investigate details—already agreed to by the employees, because in his opinion the railroads are contending for a principle which it is seemingly impossible to apply to the present situation.

## Dramatic Scene in White House.

In one of the most dramatic scenes known to the white house in recent years the president declared to the heads of \$5,000,000 worth of properties assembled at his summons: "If a strike comes, the public will know where the responsibility rests. It will not be upon me."

The president declared he held firmly to arbitration as a principle, and that his plan strengthened rather than weakened it. He also said that some means must be found to prevent the existing situation from ever arising again.

Telegrams urging the president to insist on arbitration arrived in large numbers at the white house. Most of them were sent by business men, firms and organizations. Copies of many were sent to the railroad executives. Administration officials said the telegrams would have no effect on the president, since he had tried to bring about arbitration and failed and had no way of forcing it.

## President Vetoes Whole Army Bill.

The army appropriation bill was vetoed by President Wilson because he would not accept certain provisions in the revision of the articles of war, forced into the bill by the house conferees and commonly said in army circles to be in the interest of certain retired officers: "at outs with the army."

Chairman Hay, of the house military committee, at once reintroduced the bill with the entire section revising the articles of war stricken out, and the declaration that no revision at all would go through with the bill in this congress.

Chairman Chamberlain, of the senate military committee, announced that the senate would re-insert the revised draft approved by the president and the war department, but stricken out in the house, and that the situation had resolved itself into a contest between the senate and house on one hand and Mr. Hay on the other.

## Employees' Compensation Act Passes.

The workmen's compensation bill to provide uniform compensation for government employees when disabled and adequate benefits for their families in case of death, was passed by the senate practically in the same form as it passed the house.

Federal employees would receive two-thirds wages throughout disability, and provision is made for adequate medical attendance of injured.

A commission to administer the workmen's compensation affairs will be composed of three members at \$4000 a year each.

## EFFORTS AT FUSION FAIL

Washington Dries and Progressives Can't Agree on Primary Campaign.

Seattle, Wash.—Representatives of the prohibition party of Washington assembled in conference with state progressive party leaders Saturday rejected the progressive plan for a fusion ticket, and both parties will conduct separate campaigns before the primary.

A committee of prohibitionists consisting of A. B. L. Gellerman, Mrs. Nettie Hollenbeck and Harold King Rockhill, of Tacoma, and N. O. Knox, of Seattle, was named to confer with the progressives after the primary election, September 12. The committee will then have power to act in the matter of joint endorsement of candidates and on campaign affairs.

## Irish Portals Guarded.

London.—By a new order in council the government is empowered under the "defense of the realm" act to "prohibit from entering Ireland any person not a British subject or who, being a British subject, has since March 1, 1916, come or may hereafter come to the United Kingdom from parts beyond the seas."

MAURICE F. EGAN



Photo by American Press Association.  
Maurice F. Egan, American minister to Denmark, who negotiated the treaty for the sale of the Danish West Indies.

## FEDERAL PROBE OF RISE IN WHEAT ENDS

Chicago.—A load was lifted from the wheat market when the traders learned that E. N. Hurley, chairman of the federal trade commission, after making an investigation of the recent spectacular advance in wheat prices, returned to Washington and announced that there was no evidence of manipulation of prices on the Chicago board of trade.

That the recent advance in prices is justified by conditions is not disputed anywhere except by British and Canadian government officials. England is worried over supplies and it was reported that that government is planning to commandeer the Canadian crop. Ministers of agriculture in the northwest provinces of Canada have steadfastly denied that crops had been injured, but reports from American crop experts now in those provinces tell another story.

Conservative people in the Chicago trade believe that prices will soar to \$1.75 a bushel, others believe \$2 wheat will be the rule before the winter is over.

## TO STUDY LUMBER FUTURE

Plans Made for Expansion of Markets After the War.

Chicago.—The government will co-operate with the lumber manufacturers of the United States in sending abroad a corps of experts to study the condition of European lumber markets with a view to a great expansion of the field of the American producer.

This was decided at one of the most important conferences ever held in American business history, for the conference marked the opening of steps for co-operation between the nation's business men and the government itself for the extension of American trade abroad.

Part of the result of the conference will be the urging of the immediate passage of the Webb bill, now pending in congress, to remove any question of the legality of the organization by lumber manufacturers and other groups of business men of foreign sales agencies to secure and distribute orders for American goods to be sent to foreign countries.

## British Advance in the Balkans.

London.—The British troops on the Saloniki front have advanced their line and repulsed Bulgarian counterattacks, according to a war office statement.

## American Catholic Federation Meets.

New York.—Business sessions of the American Federation of Catholic societies and allied organizations began here with nearly 20,000 delegates attending.

## French Progress at Verdun.

Paris.—The remainder of the ruins of the edge of the village of Fleury on the Verdun front, was captured by the French.

## THE MARKETS

### Portland.

Wheat—Club, \$1.17; bluestem, \$1.20; red Russian, \$1.15; forty-fold, \$1.18; red flite, \$1.18.

Hay—Timothy, \$18 per ton; alfalfa, \$14.50.

Barley—No. 1 Feed, \$32 per ton. Butter—Creamery, 34c.

Eggs—Ranch, 30c. Wool—Eastern Oregon, 32c; valley, 35c.

Hops—1915 crop, 10; 1916 contracts, nominal.

### Seattle.

Wheat—Bluestem, \$1.19; club, \$1.14; red Russian, \$1.13; forty-fold, \$1.15; red flite, \$1.14.

Barley—42¢ per ton. Butter—Creamery, 34c. Eggs—30c.

## OREGON NEWS NOTES OF GENERAL INTEREST

Important Occurrences of Past  
Week Briefly Compiled for  
Our Readers.

The federal farm loan board will conduct a hearing at Portland September 7.

Wet weather has been hampering the operations of the penitentiary flax harvesting gangs.

Harvest is in full blast in the southern part of Morrow county and grain is unusually heavy.

Unexpected success is being met with by the circulators of the petitions to divide Crook county.

Printing of 246,000 wrappers for election pamphlets has been completed by Secretary of State Olcott.

A \$15,000 school building is to be erected at Gardiner as a gift from the heirs of W. P. Jewett, a pioneer.

Bend's sixth annual flower show, held Friday, surpassed all previous shows in number and quality of exhibits.

A survey of the Willamette river with a view to its improvement is soon to be undertaken by the federal government.

The new road from Seaside to the Tillamook county line, in Clatsop county, has been completed, and is now open to traffic.

There have been no fires in the Siuslaw national forest this summer, owing to the unusual amount of moisture during the season.

Nearly 100 men have enrolled in Portland for the citizens' training camp to be held at American Lake, Wash., August 28-September 23.

Several certified potato clubs have been formed in Oregon, the object being to grow a better grade of potatoes, according to Labor Commissioner Hoff.

Linn county farmers who raised vetch for seed this year are reaping a golden harvest. The yield is unusually large and the price is higher than usual.

J. A. Allen, a homesteader, shot and killed Lewis Butts at the Allen home on Rock creek, near Bridgeport, and then surrendered. He is now in the Baker county jail.

Cranes is to be the eastern terminus of the proposed Oregon, California & Eastern railroad. The Strathora field party has finished the line of their survey from Bend to that point.

The community packing house system of handling apple crops continues to grow in the Hood river valley, and no less than a half-dozen such institutions will be in operation this fall.

The apple growers association of Hood River secured the second prize in a group of four at the 23rd annual convention of the International Shippers' association at Niagara Falls, N. Y.

The university of Oregon's experiment with the flax industry showed, according to the report of Labor Commissioner O. P. Hoff, that the net return to the grower amounted to \$36.50 an acre.

For the first seven months of this year residents of Clackamas county imported \$10,000 worth of liquor and alcohol under the prohibition law, a grand total of 4035 shipments being received.

During the time of the railroad completion celebration Thursday, Friday and Saturday Coos Bay will entertain between 4000 and 5000 visitors, according to the latest estimates of the Southern Pacific.

Frank Kiernan, Jr., of the Multnomah athletic club of Portland and Little Miss Anna Mahall, a 14-year-old girl of Newport, won first places in the annual Willamette river marathon swim at Portland Saturday.

Bend has for the second time voted for bonds as a basis for purchasing the terminal desired by Robert E. Strahorn for the proposed Oregon, California and Eastern railroad. An issue of \$35,000 was authorized last week.

A report to Labor Commissioner O. P. Hoff on nine lumber plants operating in Benton county shows an increase of 9 to 14 per cent in the number of people employed, and an increase of 3 to 19 per cent in the wages paid.

The red clover crop all over the Willamette valley is in splendid shape and much better than the 1915 crop, according to the statement of C. W. Creel, of the United States cereal experiment station and observatory of Forest Grove.

Seven passengers in a motor car escaped serious injury or death when the machine in which they were riding was run down and entirely demolished by a Southern Pacific freight train near Divide. All were bruised more or less severely.

Because of the unusual snow fall of the past winter and the slowness with which it has melted from the mountain passes, the forest service is having difficulty in providing sufficient range for the sheepmen who now have their bands in the mountains.

ELISHA LEE



Elisha Lee, chairman of railroad managers, whose refusal to meet their demands caused the railway trainmen strike-vote.

## CROP DAMAGED WHEAT ADVANCES

Chicago.—Hail, black rust and blight damage to the spring wheat crop of the northwest caused an advance of 10 cents a bushel on the Chicago board of trade. At the high record Saturday prices were 33 cents higher than at the low point in June. September closed at \$1.34, December at 1.38, and May at \$1.43.

Reports reached the trade that in some sections of North Dakota and southern Manitoba the crop had been ruined by hail.

Figuring the wheat shrinkage from the prospect at the beginning of July to the blight-stricken condition of the present, the loss to the farmers of the northwest based on current prices for the grain is well in excess of \$100,000,000. That is one result of temperatures around 100 degrees that caught the wheat in the milk and the dough stages and shriveled it up.

Canadian wheat has been damaged also, but not so seriously.

## RURAL LOAN BOARD MEETS

Many Cities Are in Field for One of Twelve New Institutions.

Washington.—George Norris, of Philadelphia, was designated by President Wilson as farm loan commissioner, executive head of the farm loan bank system, created by the new rural credits act.

The new federal loan board has met for the first time here to work out plans for a land bank credit system as provided for by the act of congress creating the board.

The first work of the board, after effecting organization, will be to divide the United States into 12 federal land bank districts. Before this is done the board probably will hold hearings in various parts of the country to ascertain the views of the farmers on the question.

The board has before it a list of 40 cities which have either applied or been recommended for banks.

## Farmers Urged to Prepare to Elect.

Spokane, Wash.—With a view to stimulate interest in elections and to bring out at the primary and general elections next fall the biggest possible rural vote in the state, J. V. McCall, president of the Farmers' Union of Washington, has issued a proclamation designating August 19 as registration day in county precincts in this state.

## Mr. Hughes Begins Tour of Country.

New York.—Charles Evans Hughes, accompanied by his wife, several newspaper correspondents and representatives of three press services, started for a tour of the country that will cover approximately 11,000 miles, during which Mr. Hughes will make about 30 speeches.

## THE MARKETS

### Portland.

Wheat—Club, \$1.05; bluestem, \$1.14; red Russian, \$1.03; forty-fold, \$1.03; red flite, \$1.02.

Hay—Timothy, \$20 per ton; alfalfa, \$16.

Barley, No. 1 Feed—\$27.75. Butter—Creamery, 29c.

Eggs—Ranch, 30c. Wool—Eastern Oregon, 30c; valley, 32c.

Hops—1915 crop, 3c; 1916 contracts, nominal.

### Seattle.

Wheat—Bluestem, \$1.14; club, \$1.05; red Russian, \$1.03; forty-fold, \$1.03; turkey red, \$1.03.

Barley—\$25 per ton. Butter—Creamery, 30c. Eggs—30c.