

Dr. C. L. Poley
Physician and Surgeon.
Moro, Oregon.
Office in residence.

C. J. BRIGHT, W. C. BRYANT, M. G. ELLIS.
Bright, Bryant & Ellis.
Attorneys-at-Law
offices at
The Dalles and Moro, Ore.

J. B. Hosford
LAWYER
Practises in United States and State Courts also in the State of Washington.
Suite 1 and 2
The Bank Building
MORO, OREGON.

Grover J. Duffey
Lawyer.
Office with W. H. Ragsdale
MORO - OREGON.

C. M. Huddleston
Attorney at Law
Wasco, Oregon

**PAPER HANGING
PAINTING
SIGN WRITING**
Estimates Furnished Free.

J. F. Noonan, Moro, Ore.
Your business will be appreciated and an endeavor will be made to please all.

WHY THE BEST OF CHEWS IS "SPEAR HEAD"
Its Rich, Sweet, Mellow Flavor Has Been Famous for a Generation

MADE OF CHOICEST RED BURLEY
The secret of tobacco satisfaction is known only to the man who chews good tobacco. The reason is that a good chew gets right next to your taste, while the leaf in plug tobacco is in a state of fresh, juicy richness that is not possible in any other form of tobacco.
There's no tobacco in the world that can give you the hearty, wholesome flavor that you get from a delicious chew of Spear Head.
Spear Head is made exclusively of ripe, red Kentucky Burley—the most richly-flavored chewing tobacco that grows. Still more, only the very choicest red Burley leaf is used for Spear Head.
This choice leaf is selected with the most painstaking care, is stemmed by hand, is thoroughly washed free of all foreign matter, and is pressed into Spear Head plugs so slowly that not a drop of juice or an atom of the natural flavor escapes.
Try Spear Head, and you'll get a sweet, mellow, luscious, satisfying chew that cannot be obtained in any other tobacco. In 10c cuts, wrapped in wax paper.

GERMANS FORCED TO THIRD LINE TRENCHES

Four Heavy British Assaults Repelled on Western Front.
London.—General Haig's troops, battering at the third German line in Picardy, are forcing a breach through which Bapaume can be won. Stubborn fighting won for the British High wood and Delville wood, north of the Basentin-Longueville line. Thus Posters and Martinpuich—and through them Bapaume—are seriously menaced.
The war office announced that at one point the Germans were forced back to their third line positions. The British are consolidating their new positions north of the Basentin-Longueville line and are bringing up their heavy artillery preparatory to resuming the great drive toward Peronne.
After four assaults hurled in rapid succession at the German lines in the region of Oivillers and Basentin, le Petit had failed to dislodge the enemy, operations on both sides coming to an abrupt halt.
On the French side of the Somme line the Germans took General Foch by surprise. Powerful attacks enabled them to capture la Maisonette and Blaches, but they were ejected before they had time to rally against the French counter attack. The rapidity with which the Germans were rolled back from these two positions is hailed by military experts as an indication of the firm grip the French have obtained on the newly-won ground.

ARMIES STRUGGLE AT CLOSE QUARTERS

British Front in France, via London.—Continuing their offensive, the British, who broke the German second line of defense, now have taken all of Delville wood, which was stormed by the South Africans, and the high wood, establishing themselves beyond Basentin-le-Petit, advanced parties having been to the outskirts of Martinpuich and Posters and some other points close to the third German line of defense.
The operations were more in the nature of open fighting, the Germans using strong points on favorable ground which were good machine gun positions to gain time in rallying reinforcements, and dig new trenches while the British dig in opposite them with each stage of the advance. Frequently they are so near each other that neither side dares use its guns.
Both the British and the French are confronted with almost insuperable difficulties in moving their systems of communication with the advancing troops. The biggest guns of the allies are too huge to be handled either by horses or motors, but require freight trucks for their transportation.

GERMAN POSITION CAPTURED

Territory Gained Extends Over Front of 1500 Yards.
London.—German second-line positions northwest of Basentin-le-Petit wood have been stormed and captured by the British, the war office has announced. The positions captured, in what the statement characterizes as a "further important success," extend over a front of 1500 yards.
A strongly held position at Waterlot farm, east of Longueville, also was captured by the British, while the remaining strongholds of the Germans in Oivillers and La Boiselle also were taken.
Germans Admit Withdrawal.
Berlin, via London.—A withdrawal of German troops under General von Linsingen southwest of Lutsk to a point behind the river Lips, is officially announced by the war office.
Noted Scientist Dead.
Paris.—Professor Elie Metchnikoff, the famous bacteriologist, is dead. Professor Metchnikoff was world famous as an exponent of theories for the prolongation of human life.
Russians Continue Advance.
Petrograd, via London.—The Russians are continuing their successful advance in the region of the lower Lips, the war office announced.
Strike Results in Bloodshed.
Tacoma, Wash.—Rangval Delmann, a strikebreaker, was shot and killed and Sam James, a union longshoreman, sustained a probably fatal gunshot wound in a pitched battle, when union men attacked an automobile carrying nonunion workers to the Milwaukee docks.

\$10,000,000 Damage Wrought by Flood
Atlanta, Ga.—Serious floods in North Carolina, South Carolina, and Virginia, caused five known deaths, rendered hundreds homeless and damaged property and crops to the extent of \$10,000,000.

MRS. CHARLES E. HUGHES



Latest portrait of Mrs. Charles E. Hughes, wife of the Republican Presidential Candidate.

BRIEF WAR NEWS

British forces now have reached the third line of the German defenses north of the Somme and have advanced four miles since the beginning of the present offensive on July 1.
In the Champagne region there is again great activity by the French troops, who are being aided in their maneuvers by the Russians who recently came to France.
The Italians are still making headway against the Austrians, according to Rome, especially on the Poania line, and have repulsed violent counterattacks with heavy losses to the Austrians.
Berlin officially admits that General Haig's forces have gained some ground and that they have occupied Trones wood. British losses in the attack are described by Berlin as being "most severe." The Germans say the attack has been stemmed.
In the eastern theater, in the region of Lutsk, heavy fighting has begun again, with the Russians on the aggressive. According to Vienna, all attacks have been repulsed here. Neither the Vienna nor Petrograd official communication touches upon the operations in the Carpathian region, but Petrograd reports the capture from the Turks by the Russians of the important town of Baliburt, in Turkish Armenia, 60 miles south of the Black Sea port of Trebizond.

SHORT NEWS NUGGETS

American sheep raisers will receive about \$75,000,000 for this year's wool crop, the department of agriculture has announced.
The state department formally ruled that the German submarine Deutschland is a merchant vessel and entitled to treatment as such.
Iowa democrats in convention assembled, for the first time in the memory of any of the leaders present, went on record in the state platform as favoring prohibition.
President Wilson has agreed to accept the resignation of Major-General Goethals as governor of the Panama Canal at an early date, to be fixed by the general.
The interstate commerce commission has declared unjustified increases ranging from 1 to 8 1/2 cents per hundred weight on lumber from Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and western Canada to New Mexico, Oklahoma and Texas.
The epidemic of infantile paralysis in New York has been checked, in the opinion of Health Commissioner Emerson.
The big naval collier Hector, carrying 60 marines, in addition to her crew of 70 men and 12 officers, sank off Charleston, S. C. The crew were saved.
President Wilson has signed the rural credits bill recently passed by congress. The bill creates a system of land loan banks under the direction of a federal board.
Thirteen persons dead, at least ten missing and property damage estimated at around \$15,000,000 is the known toll of floods in five southern states.
Douglas fir is to be pushed into every market of Europe as soon as the restoration of peace will make its transoceanic transportation possible.
Tentative plans for a world-wide campaign of exploitation and exportation were concluded at a meeting of representative lumbermen from all the Pacific coast states at Portland.
Carranza Is Pleased.
Mexico City.—General Carranza in an interview, said that the status of the negotiations with Washington was very satisfactory, as the result of good will shown each other by Mexico and the United States.

CONGRESS EXPECTS TO ADJOURN AUG. 20

Waterpower, Suffrage and Dry Bills Likely to be Shelved.
Washington.—Adjournment of congress by August 20 was decided upon by the democratic caucus.
The steering committee was instructed to bring measures before the senate in this order:
Appropriations, ship purchases, revenue, workmen's compensation, corrupt practices, Philippines self-government, Spanish and Civil war questions and re-organization of the interstate commerce commission bills.
Child labor and immigration restrictions are to be voted upon next December if the steering committee finds they cannot be completed before August 20.
Conspicuous among the bills shelved by this agreement are the conservation, Shields waterpower, prohibition and suffrage amendments.
House Ends Work; Ready to Adjourn.
The house arranged to adjourn three days at a time after Monday until such time as the senate is ready for final adjournment of this session of congress, taking up only conference reports and affairs which can be passed by unanimous consent and without contest.
The Rucker so-called corrupt practices bill amending the political campaign publicity law and extending it to candidates for president and vice president was passed by the house. It now goes to the senate where a similar bill by Senator Owen is pending.
This marks the closing of the administration legislative program so far as the house is concerned.
The bill fixes the amount which may be spent for campaign expenses of a presidential candidate at \$50,000 and vice presidential at \$25,000. All candidates for president and vice president would be required to make reports to the clerk of the house the same as candidates for other offices. It would penalize violations of the law with a maximum fine of \$10,000.
Probe of Railway Problems Favored.
The Newlands joint resolution passed by the senate last February creating a joint subcommittee from the membership of the senate and house commerce committees to investigate various railroad problems, including government ownership and regulation and necessity of further legislation, was adopted by the house without record vote. The study of the situation was one of the things recommended by President Wilson in his message to the opening of congress.
Mexico's Proposal May Be Accepted.
Solution of difficulties between the United States and Mexico appeared to trend more and more towards settlement through an international joint commission. Informal conferences between Acting Secretary of State Polk and Eliseo Arredondo, Mexican ambassador-designate, it was indicated, were developing questions for probable submission to such a body.
General Carranza is said to approve the commission plan of settling differences as provided in the treaty of 1848 and state department officials are believed to be willing to let negotiations take their course, though preferring that the adjustment be made through the present conference. President Wilson, it is understood, is not dissatisfied with the direction negotiations are taking.
Rivers and Harbors Bill Wins.
Republican senators who fought the rivers and harbors bill refrained from obstructing ratification of the conference report of the measure and it was passed as approved by the house, carrying 443,886,085.
It is the first general river and harbor bill in four years.
Villistas Trying to Win Juarez Men.
El Paso, Texas.—The military authorities here have learned of negotiations carried on by Villa and other Mexican political elements for the turning over of the Carranza garrison in Juarez to Villa.

SUMMARY OF THE OREGON NEWS

The Rapid Reader's Review of Recent Reports Rewritten
Captain George A. White denied the story printed by a Portland evening newspaper to the effect that he had been responsible for the proposed relief of Colonel McLaughlin from command of the third regiment.
Five hundred poor children of Portland will enjoy a holiday at the state fair grounds at Salem Thursday, July 27. Arrangements for use of the grounds have been made by the Associated Charities of Portland.
By vote of 1009 for to 336 against, the people of Medford voted acceptance of the Bullis contract for construction of the Blue Ledge railroad, \$300,000 having been voted three weeks ago for that purpose.
Whether the city of Roseburg has a legal right to collect a license for the operation of an automobile carrying the United States mail is a question that is to be submitted to the federal authorities for determination.
City Attorney Fee of Pendleton has served upon the managements of the Pacific Telephone & Telegraph and the Pacific Power & Light companies formal request to remove poles and overhead wires from Main street.
Mrs. Cora M. Davis, of Union, supreme chief of the Pythian Sisters, has issued a program for the national convention of the supreme temple of that order to be held in Portland August 1 to 10, which calls for the beginning of social events on Monday, July 31.
The Portland chamber of commerce is launching a strong campaign to secure the next annual convention of the National Educational association for Portland. A straw vote, taken at the convention in New York, gave Portland second choice as the meeting place.
In dismissing the case against the proprietor of a rooming-house who was held on a charge of bootlegging, Circuit Judge McGinn of Portland declared that it is wrong for the state through one of its agents to entrap any man into the commission of a crime.
The Equal Rights to Oregon Industry committee filed with the secretary of state its argument in favor of its proposed constitutional amendment, permitting the manufacture of beer and its sale within the state under the restrictions and regulations now in force.
The announcement that Richard Carrick Babbitt, a Polk county boy and a junior at the Oregon agricultural college, entered West Point as a cadet on July 10 has been made. He was appointed by Congressman W. C. Hawley and passed the examinations with an unusually good record.
One Man Killed in Liquor Raid.
Seattle, Wash.—In a revolver fight during a raid by plainclothesmen on the old Ferguson bar here, former City Controller William Bothwell was killed and W. W. Morris and C. V. Harvey, members of the prohibition enforcement squad, were seriously wounded.

CHENEY

REVOLVING ROD WEEDER

PATENTED JANUARY 10, 1911.

This Weeder Works Where Others Fail

It is Better Than Others---BECAUSE
It Will Work in Larger Weeds and When Stubble Conditions Are Bad
There is No Dumping of Large Piles of Dirt, Weeds and Trash
It Leaves Your Ground in Excellent Condition

Geo. W. Hansell, at Moro,
Is Local Agent for this Machine. He will demonstrate the Weeder for you if you wish to see it work.

MADE IN CHENEY, WASH., BY
Rotary Rod Weeder & Mfg. Com'py.

ROBERT W. WOOLEY

ROBERT W. WOOLEY



Robert W. Woolley, Director of the Mint, who heads the Democratic National Committee publicity bureau.

PACIFIC COAST TO SAFEGUARD INFANTS

Portland, Ore.—Regulations to keep infantile paralysis from the Pacific coast and the northwest were adopted by health authorities of California, Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and British Columbia, at a meeting in Portland.
The surgeon general of the United States, the railroads and the health authorities of the five states and the province are thereby brought into a compact for the enforcement of uniform rules that will put every person coming from New York or other infected area under surveillance until the danger is deemed to be past.
This is the first step that has been taken in America by so large a group of states to secure uniform and cooperative methods of protecting the people against the danger from this disease. Thus far in the east, protective measures have been confined to single states or to even smaller areas and the action of the western health officers sets a pace for the rest of the country.
Grateful For the Hint.
"I wish to marry your daughter, sir."
"You? Why, you don't make enough to keep her in hats."
"Is that so? Then do me a favor, will you? Just make your refusal good and strong and let me back out gracefully. I might be able to make her happy, but it's a cinch I'd never be."

TROOP MOVEMENT DELAYED

No More Guardsmen Will Be Sent Until Fully Organized.
Washington.—Additional national guard organizations will be dispatched to the Mexican border only after they have been organized and equipped thoroughly. Department commanders were delaying transportation of incomplete units on instructions from the war department.
About 25,000 men now in mobilization camps are affected by the new orders, which revoke a ruling that waived certain requirements when the Mexican situation appeared acute. Some 100,000 guardsmen are on the border now. These, with 50,000 regulars and 5000 reserves, comprise a force sufficient, officials believe, to make unnecessary the sending of more inadequately equipped state troops.

Admittance Denied Castro Once More

New York.—General Cipriano Castro, ex-president of Venezuela, who was admitted to the United States in 1913 after being detained by the immigration authorities for six weeks on Ellis Island, again was denied admittance to this country, when he arrived on the steamship Vauban from Port of Spain, Trinidad.

Sir Roger Casement Loses Appeal

London.—Without hearing the attorneys for the crown, the court of criminal appeal dismissed Sir Roger Casement's appeal from the verdict of the lower court, which found him guilty of treason for his part in the Irish rebellion, for which Viscount Reading, the lord chief justice, sentenced him to death.

THE MARKETS

Portland.

Wheat—Club, 90c; bluestem, 90c; red Russian, 90c; forty-fold, 92c; red file, 90c.
Hay—Timothy, \$20 per ton; alfalfa, \$16.
Butter—Creamery, 29c.
Eggs—Ranch, 26c.
Wool—Eastern Oregon, 22c; valley, 33c.
Hops—1915 crop, 10c; 1916 contract, nominal.

Seattle.

Wheat—Bluestem, \$1.00; club, 92c; red Russian, 92c; forty-fold, 92c; turkey red, 90c.
Barley—\$28 per ton.
Butter—Creamery, 29c.
Eggs—29c.

Wounds of the Heart.

In wounds of the heart itself the escape of blood is never in large quantity, and the lethal consequences are due to the fact that the escape of blood from within its cavity of cavities late the surrounding sac of the pericardium mechanically interrupts the alternate contraction and expansion by which its pumping action is maintained. Accordingly the results of the wound of the heart are usually identical with those of gradual suffocation.—Exchange.