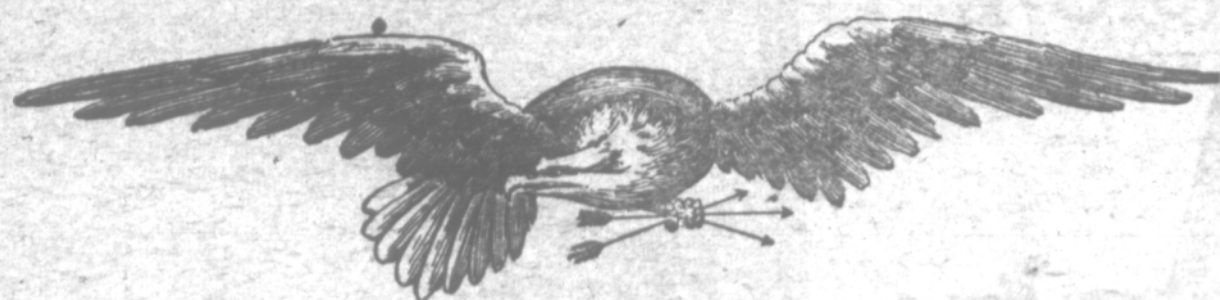


Established 1887.

Moro, Sherman County, Oregon. Friday, June 30, 1916.

Five Cents



FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATION At DeMoss Springs, Oregon

Oration by Prof. J. B. Horner, O. A. C.
A Chorus of 100 Voices Will Sing
An Old-Fashioned Drum Corps
A Grand Drill by Crowder's Boy Scouts
DeMoss Entertainers Will Sing and Play
Grand Singing Contest by the following:
WASCO CHOIR—Mrs. Akers, Director. MORO CHOIR—Miss Ina Hansen, Director. BIGLOW CHOIR, Mrs. J. T. Johnson, Director

THE BABY SHOW

The Sports program will be a feature this year—Baseball, Racing, Jumping—the Manhattan Club of The Dalles will participate. The Agricultural Display by Mr. Stephens will be fine.

Grand Free Illustrated Lecture in the Evening by the O. A. C.
Anvils at Sunrise and a Grand Display of Fireworks at Night After the Pictures

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE } George Simon, Mrs. M. L. Evans, George G. DeMoss, C. T. Mobley,
D. E. Stephens, C. J. Thompson, Mrs. G. C. Akers, C. L. Ireland, Otto Peetz.

ULTIMATUM SENT BY LANSING TO MEXICO

Immediate Release of Troopers and Quick Explanation Demanded.

Washington.—A demand for the immediate release of the American troopers taken prisoner at Carrizal, coupled with a stern notification that the United States expects an early statement of the purposes of the Carranza government was telegraphed to Mexico City by Secretary Lansing.

The note discloses that the state department received a communication from the de facto government stating that the Carrizal fight was the direct result of orders to attack American soldiers moving otherwise than toward the border, personally issued by General Carranza to General Trevino and by the latter communicated to General Pershing.

General Carranza is required to place himself on record formally and the plain intimation lies behind the restrained language of Mr. Lansing's communication that force will be met with force. Apparently, however, the Washington government is determined that the de facto government shall not evade responsibility before the world if war is forced upon the United States.

Legislative approval of President Wilson's use of the national guard in the Mexican crisis was voted almost unanimously by the house in adopting a resolution declaring the existence of an emergency and giving the president a free hand to draft as federal soldiers all guardsmen willing to take the required oath.

Government support for families of national guardsmen on the Mexican border was eliminated from the Hay militia resolution when it was reported to the senate by the military committee.

A provision that married men or others with dependents, may be excused from service was substituted.

With this amendment the resolution, which allows the president to draft all national guardsmen into Mexican service, was recommended for immediate approval.

AMERICANS OUTNUMBERED

Negro Soldier Declares 700 Mexicans Attacked 84 U. S. Cavalrymen. Columbus, N. M.—Eight to one—these are now said to be the odds against which the Americans struggled at Carrizal.

A survivor of the engagement, Sam H. Harris, a negro private of C troop, Tenth cavalry, was brought to the border suffering from wounds in his left shoulder and arm. From him came the assertion that pitted against the 84 men of the American detachment were fully 700 Mexicans.

"To top it off," said Harris, "they had a machine gun and they surprised us. We approached them in a peaceful way, and never had any idea that they would try to massacre us. Had we known they wanted to fight we would have given it to them. I guess they got enough, at that."

Oregon Troops Ordered to Move. Camp Withycombe, Or.—Captain Kenneth P. Williams, federal mustering officer for Oregon, received orders to rush the Third Battalion of the Third Infantry to San Diego.

According to the figures available, there were 374 men in the Third Battalion, which departed Tuesday afternoon; there are 244 men in the Second Battalion and 179 men in Battery A, which entrained Wednesday; there will be 488 men in the First Battalion, which left Thursday, June 29, and 116 men in Troop A, which departs June 30.

Thousands Greet Guards in Camp. Tacoma, Wash.—Warlike scenes of Spanish-American war days were reenacted at Camp Elmer E. Brown at American Lake in the outskirts of Tacoma, where the Second Regiment, Infantry, of the Washington national guard, pitched tents, to await call to the Mexican border. Fully 20,000 persons flocked to the military reserve to see the guardsmen Sunday.

German Women Greet French Sisters. The Hague, via London.—The Zeitschrift fuer Frauenstimme, the German woman suffrage organ, has sent the following greeting to the women of France:

"We feel, think and suffer like you, and swear that after this catastrophic war the women of all nations shall work untidly to prevent forever its recurrence."

Hughes Welcomes Progressive Help. New York.—Charles E. Hughes, republican nominee for president, sent a telegram to O. K. Davis, secretary of the progressive national committee, welcoming the support of the progressive party.

Cholera. Cholera was first recognized by the Portuguese in India as far back as the middle of the sixteenth century. It has the peculiarity of following a well defined route, with progress just equal to that of an average journey on foot.

July 3d and 4th



Grass Valley

PROGRAM

MONDAY		TUESDAY	
10:30 Meeting in Park.	Band	10:00 Meeting in Park	Band
Music		Music	
Solo	Mrs. Woods	Prayer	Mrs. Lockwood
Address	Mr. Stephens	Solo	Prot. E. B. Lemon
		Oration	Mrs. Woods
		Solo	
LUNCH		LUNCH	
1:15 Meeting in Park	Band	1:15 Meeting in Park	Band
Music		Music	
1:30 Ball Game		1:30 Ball Game	
SPORTS		SPORTS	
Driving race to buggy, free for all, two best in three, 3-8 mile, two days, purse \$20; \$10		Driving race to buggy, free for all, 2 best in 3, 3-8 mile, 2 days, \$20, \$10	
Pony dash, 14 hands, \$5, \$2.50		Pony dash, 14 hands, \$5, \$2.50	
Driving race, 2d heat		Driving race, 2d heat	
Relay race, two days, \$20, \$10		Relay race, two days, \$20, \$10	
3-8 mile dash, free for all, \$15, \$10		3-8 mile dash, free for all, \$15, \$10	
Driving race, 3d heat		Driving race, 3d heat	
Pony express, two days, \$20, \$10		Pony express race, two days, \$20, \$10	
Boys, 14 years and under, pony race, \$5, \$2.50		Boys under 14 years, pony race, \$5, \$2.50	
Apple race, two days, \$10, \$5		Novelty race, \$5, \$2.50	
Pulling the goose, \$2.50 and goose		Apple race, two days, \$10, \$5	
		Relay foot race, \$7.50, \$4.50	
		Motorcycle race, \$5, \$2.50	
		Pulling the goose, \$2.50 and goose	

None but Sherman county horses allowed to enter any race. Entrance fee 10 per cent. of purse. Entries must be made by 3 o'clock Monday, July 3.

Admission to Ball Games 25 cents. Dancing in the big new Pavilion.

BUKOWINA OVERRUN BY RUSSIAN TROOPS

Petrograd, via London.—Occupation of the entire Austrian crownland of Bukowina was announced by the war office.

The Russians are overrunning Bukowina and are making a dash for the passes to the Carpathians, as they did 18 months ago, when they reached Kirlibaba Pass, overlooking Austrian Transylvania. A report from Bucharest states that the Russians have taken possession of two railways leading from Roumania into Bukowina.

The objective of the Russians was Radutz, where the Austrians were expected to offer stubborn resistance, but it appears that the Austrians failed to make any serious stand here. With the elimination of General Pflasser's army in Bukowina, the attention of General Brusiloff's forces in this section now is directed upon Kolomea, the key of the defense of Lemberg on the south.

THE FLAVOR OF "SPEAR HEAD" IS UNIQUE

A Chew That Has Been Famous for a Third of a Century

HAS THE RICH RED BURLEY TASTE

Chewing is the only way to get the rich taste of the tobacco leaf. And the only form of tobacco in which you get the leaf as Nature made it is the plug form.

A chew of Spear Head plug tobacco has a wonderful flavor such as you never did and never will taste in any other tobacco.

That Spear Head flavor is unique, mellow, fruity, everlastingly delicious and satisfying. Spear Head has been famous for a third of a century as the richest, tastiest of chews.

It's made of sun-dried, red Burley. And it's produced by the most modern methods, which develop the luscious flavor of the leaf to the supreme degree.

It is safeguarded at every step in its making. The factory is clean and sanitary—the processes are pure-food processes. When the choice red Burley has been pressed into mellow, sweet Spear Head plugs you have a chew that simply can't be equalled.

Spear Head is the high quality chew of the world. Try Spear Head—you'll never again be satisfied with any other chew. In 10c cuts, wrapped in wax paper.

23 SOLDIERS KILLED IN CARRIZAL FIGHT

Captain Morey, Wounded, is Found and Reports Mexicans Fired First Shot.

Field Headquarters, Mexico, via wireless to Columbus, N. M.—Twenty-three American soldiers are known to have lost their lives on the battlefield at Carrizal, according to a report to General Pershing from Major Jenkins, commanding the Eleventh Cavalry column ordered to scour the country in that vicinity for survivors. Major Jenkins said he had evidence that nine American troopers, in addition to those previously reported dead, had been killed. Major Jenkins reported that he had found Captain Morey hidden in a house nine miles from where he was abandoned, and that his wounds were not dangerous.

Colored Troops Face Death Smiling. American negro troopers faced almost certain death at Carrizal with smiles in their eyes and slang on their lips, and they burst into song once or twice as they fought their grim fight against odds. This was the story told by Captain Lewis Morey when he arrived at field headquarters.

"For 45 minutes the men fought, joking among themselves all the while, even though they realized we had been trapped and had little chance of getting out alive," he said.

Captain Morey said he had never seen such valor as was displayed by Captain Charles T. Boyd in leading a handful of dismounted skirmishers through the machine gun fire and into the ambush of death. He added that it was not until their ammunition was exhausted that the troop was finally cut to pieces, and told of the heroic death of Lieutenant Henry R. Adair, of Portland, O., in an attempt to replenish it.

Lieutenant Adair Died Fighting. Lieutenant Adair died fighting, his last words being, "Go on, sergeant," to a non-commissioned officer at his side, Captain Morey said.

The two were on their way to the pack animals carrying the ammunition, when they were intercepted near a small irrigation ditch by a detail of the Mexicans. Lieutenant Adair already had been wounded and lost his pistol in the previous fighting, but he had borrowed another and was fighting a hand-to-hand battle when he was killed. He fell backwards unconscious and was caught by the negro sergeant as he slid toward the ditch which was deeply filled with water. The sergeant held Adair in his arms,

his face above the water, until he died, the wounded officer reviving only long enough to whisper orders to leave him and finish the mission. Captain Morey said that Captain Boyd told the men before the fight that they were advancing into the greatest danger. He reiterated that the Carranzistas opened fire first from their machine gun trench and asserted that almost immediately afterward a detachment of the Mexicans circled to the rear and drove off numbers of the Americans' horses, which a few men had been left to hold while the cavalrymen dismounted in line of skirmish.

CAPTIVES SHOWN TO MOB

Negro Troops Paraded in Streets as Mexicans Hurl Stones and Epithets.

El Paso, Texas.—The 17 negro troopers captured in the ambush at Carrizal were stripped of their uniforms and shoes upon their arrival at Chihuahua City and marched through the streets in their underclothing, while a mob of Mexicans hurled stones and vile epithets at them from the sidewalks.

This information was brought to El Paso by a Mexican employee in the service of one of the federal departments.

Whatever their inner feelings might have been, the negro troopers, to all outward appearances, acted calmly, acknowledging the jibes with broad, toothy displays of grin, according to the federal informant.

Hughes Indorsed by Progressives. Chicago.—After voting down a proposal to run a third party ticket, the Progressive national committee, at the close of an exciting session, indorsed Charles Evans Hughes, Republican nominee for the presidency, by a vote of 32 to 6. Nine committeemen declined to vote.

Roosevelt Declares for Hughes. Chicago.—Theodore Roosevelt, in a letter read to the progressive national committee, in session here, finally declined to accept the presidential nomination of the party and strongly urged the Bull Moose organization to support Charles E. Hughes.

Hiram Johnson Will Support Hughes. Sacramento, Cal.—Governor Hiram W. Johnson, one of the leaders of the progressive party, announced that he will support Charles E. Hughes.

Cholera. Cholera was first recognized by the Portuguese in India as far back as the middle of the sixteenth century. It has the peculiarity of following a well defined route, with progress just equal to that of an average journey on foot.

U. S. OFFICERS BLAMED

General Trevino Lays Trouble to Army Men.

Chihuahua City, Mexico.—Criticism of American military men, who, he said, have caused all the trouble between Mexico and the United States, was made by General Jacinto Trevino, military commander of the northeast, in an interview.

General Trevino assumed all responsibility for Gomez' attack on the Pershing detachment.

"The United States army men are eagerly awaiting a chance to fight Mexico," he declared. "They have disobeyed the orders of their own commanders in their actions in our country, displaying no respect whatever for the feelings of Mexican citizens or their property. They have treated the dispositions of the Mexican government with utter contempt."

Railroads Ordered To Revise Rates

Washington.—Holding that water competition between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts has been completely destroyed under war conditions, the Interstate commerce commission ordered its rates from the east to the Pacific coast by September 1, so that they shall not be lower than rates to intermediate points.

Lieutenant Adair's Death Confirmed

Portland, Or.—The family of Lieutenant Henry Rodney Adair, who was killed in the fight at Carrizal on June 21, received telegrams Sunday from General Pershing and from Chief of Staff H. L. Scott, confirming the report that Adair met death in the battle.

Our duty is to be useful, not according to our desires, but according to our powers.—Ariel

THE MARKETS

Portland.
Wheat—Club, 83c; bluestem, 96c; red Russian, 82c; forty-fold, 86c; red five, 88c.
Hay—Timothy, \$24 per ton; alfalfa, \$15.
Butter—Creamery, 24c.
Eggs—Ranch, 21c.
Wool—Eastern Oregon, 32c; valley, 33c.
Hops—1915 crop, 8@11c; 1916 contracts, nominal.
Seattle.
Wheat—Bluestem, 95c; club, 86c; red Russian, 85c; forty-fold, 86c; five, 88c; \$27.50 per ton.
Barley—\$28 per ton.
Butter—Creamery, 25c.
Eggs—22c.

GENERAL TREVINO



Photo by American Press Association.

General Trevino, Carranza commander in northeast Mexico, who notified General Pershing that any advance would be opposed.

MEXICAN NEWS NUGGETS

Figures on the Carrizal battle show 84 Americans engaged. The treasury department has moved to tighten the blockade of border ports.

Veracruz is filled with refugee Americans awaiting opportunity to sail for the United States.

The navy now has vessels at practically every Mexican port. It is possible to establish an effective blockade whenever orders are given.

News dispatches from Chihuahua City indicated that, with the capture of five additional prisoners the captives in the hands of the Carranzistas now number 22.

The first militia unit completely mustered was Company M, of the Third Oregon regiment, consisting of three officers and 149 men. It was only seven men below war strength.

The United States consulate at Torreon, Mexico, was demolished June 18 by a mob of 3000 civilians, led by the mayor of the city and a Carranza army band, according to American refugees.

State department estimates fix the number of Americans remaining in

Mexico at approximately 1000. All of those who decide to leave are expected to be en route north by the end of the week.

Captain Charles T. Boyd, the American commander who was reported killed in the Carrizal engagement, was looked on as one of the most able men in his rank in the service. He was born in Iowa October 29, 1870.

Military authorities expressed the opinion that approximately 20,000 guardsmen will arrive in El Paso before the end of the week, and, with the 5000 regular troops now stationed there will make El Paso the largest military concentration camp in the United States.

Secretary Lansing prevented even formal proposal of mediation by telling Minister Calderon, of Bolivia, that the American government believes nothing in the situation is subject to arbitration. General Carranza previously had accepted "in principle" the offer to mediate.

BRIEF WAR NEWS

The Germans are now three-quarters of a mile from the French lines immediately in front of the fortress of Verdun.

A general retreat of the Austrians in the Trentino district over a sector about 20 miles in extent is announced in an official statement issued by the Italian war office.

Latest reports lend color to the belief that the long threatened concerted attack by the entente allies on the various fronts is in preparation, if not in actual process of execution.

Definite and important gains have been scored by the Germans on the western front at Verdun. Capturing the Thiaumont fortified position north of the city, they pushed on and captured a part of the village of Fleury, little more than three miles from Verdun, but were soon ejected from the village by a counter-attack, according to the Paris official statement.

The Russians have conquered the whole of the Austrian crownland of Bukowina and the Austro-Hungarians are making their way toward the Carpathian passes.

To the north German troops in increasing numbers are reported to be coming to the aid of the Austrians and the Russians are being forced to fight to hold the ground they have already won. Heavy fighting is in progress all along the line from northern Galicia to the northwest of Lutsk, but neither side is claiming material progress.

Very Melancholy. Said an Irishman, "What a melancholy sight it would be if all the people in the world were blind!"