

The Observer.

MORO, OREGON.

FRIDAY, July 11, 1913

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C. L. IRELAND, Manager.

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We would like to have you take it, and we know it would be profitable to you to become a subscriber. We send it two years for \$2.50; one year \$1.50; 12¢ a month isn't much. Try it. Order by postal card, and pay for it when you can.

We will not be responsible for the neglect of subscribers to notify as of changes in their address. Nor will the notification of a Postmaster that the subscriber has "Removed" settle the bill of a delinquent.

Church and Society notices FREE, except when for money making purposes. Such notices at regular rates at the option of the publishers.

At any time when requested to do so, the paper will be discontinued. But we expect that all arrears will be paid before such request is made. It is easy to ask us for a statement, which will be cheerfully rendered at any time.

Disarmament is not gaining in Europe, but there is more caution than formerly in striking a match in international affairs.

In the Japanese army great care is taken that the socks of soldiers properly fit their feet. Attention to such details has been known to push through a long hike and win a battle.

Woman suffrage has made a long stride in the states of the American union. The English militants ought to be able to see that both their strategy and tactics are at fault.

It is a pity that all the old soldiers said to each other at Gettysburg could not be recorded. The swapping of reminiscences would make a great story if it could be preserved.

Argentina fears that free trade in the United States will mean more power for the packing trusts. The idea that free trade favors consumers is not held by persons with practical experience.

There was received at the Portland market last week 1027 cattle, 74 calves, 3784 hogs, 5372 sheep, and 21 horses. Beef cattle sold around eight cents, calves at nine cents; hogs as high as \$9.15; sheep \$3.75 to \$4.75.

It would be strange if enterprising men should invest their time and money in an effort to produce wool in our own country and then not defend the industry vigorously if it should be threatened with destruction. But then, if they did, it might be called an "insidious" lobby.

It seems the troubles of the Tri County Fair to find a home are not yet at an end. Condon and Arlington are not agreed upon the advisability of a fair at Condon without some Arlington men represented upon the board, which seems to have been overlooked by the Condon people.

The time is now ripe for Sherman county to become active in selecting sample of grains, vegetables, fruits, etc., for displays to be made at the various hand shows this fall and winter. It is hoped that every section of the county will come to the front with a liberal quantity of their best products. No amount of written or printed boasting can be as effective as a well staged display of the actual products of Sherman county gardens and ranches.

The forest service department has recently taken up the work of reclassification of lands in the national forest reserves with a view to opening up for settlement such agricultural lands as may now be included within the reserve boundaries. Under the plan for this work the bureau of soils will determine what soils are agricultural in character, experts of the forest service will determine whether or not the value of the timber on such lands is greater than the agricultural valuation, and if not, any lands which are found valuable for agriculture and not needed for public purposes will be immediately opened to settlement and entry under the homestead laws

Three Great Days.

Three great days in the history of this country, and in advance of popular government and true liberty throughout the world, have fallen on the Fourth of July. That first great day, when representatives of a handful of liberty loving people pledged their lives, their fortunes and their sacred honor for the support of a rebellion against the most powerful government then on earth and the founding of a new nation, and when the liberty bell rang out the glad announcement of a new birth of freedom, and cracked, is one whose influence has encircled the earth. It has unshackled the limbs of men from tyrannical power the world over. A new nation has just been born in Asia because of it. Men everywhere hold up their heads and question, and over throw, the authority of self-appointed and hereditary rulers. And women, inspired by the spirit of that day and the deed done, also question ancient and arbitrary authority, and demand their rightful place as coequals in the work of self-government.

Then, eighty-seven years later, came that other great day, when two vast armies of trained veterans struggled for the mastery at Gettysburg, to settle the question of whether the great nation born on the first day should continue its upward way as the beacon light of liberty for the world, or should be riven in twain and its beacon light dimmed if not extinguished. It was a day and a struggle which determined the question of continuance of popular government in an undivided union, a day when, as the immortal Lincoln said, men gave up their lives that "a government of the people, for the people and by the people should not perish from the earth" and became an inspiration for all other men to devote their lives to a new birth of liberty.

Now we have the third great day, when the men who struggled on that bloody field half a century ago meet there to congratulate each other that the outcome was what it was, that liberty had a new birth and that popular government has not only not perished from the earth, but, under the inspiration of those two other great days has encircled the globe. Friend and foe are clasping hands in rejoicing that a great nation has emerged from that bloody struggle more free, more liberal, more honored by all other nations, more influential for right and international equity, more powerful in the defense of human rights a brighter beacon of liberty for all mankind than before. There have been three great days falling on the Fourth of July. Perhaps some time there will be another.

The CREEPING GRIP

WAITER MARRIES HEIRESS.

Cheek and Blessing From Traction Magnate, Father of Bride.

Boston.—George A. Lamusse, "the handsomest waiter in Boston," has captured an heiress, Miss Nancy Redding, daughter of Michael J. Redding, a Baltimore traction magnate and president of the Democratic club of Oriole City. The couple were married, it has just become known, at the Boston Cathedral of the Holy Cross on May 1.

Lamusse hails from Providence. He was captain of waiters at the Folies Bergere restaurant, New York city. Then he came to Boston and got a job a month ago in the Copley-Plaza hotel in the Back Bay. He waited on Miss Redding at the latter hotel, and it was a case of love at first sight.

Though Mr. Redding, it is said, often told his daughters he would rather they be wedded to workmen than idle society youths, he gave a gasp, 'tis reported, when told of Miss Nancy's quick match. He barely got here in time to attend the wedding, but he gave the pair a check and a blessing. Jack Redding, the bride's brother, was best man.

Lamusse will manage a restaurant in an amusement park party owned by his father-in-law at Oil City, Pa.

TO POSTAL JOB APPLICANTS.

Civil Service Instructions Out For Postmaster Examinations.

Washington.—The civil service commission has prepared instructions to applicants for the fourth class postmaster to follow President Wilson's order regarding that appointments to office paying \$180 a year or more be made by competitive examinations.

The instructions as to the examinations are identical with those sent out following President Taft's order of Oct. 15, 1912, except that where the present instructions apply to applicants for all offices paying \$180 a year or more, last year's instructions applied to offices paying \$200 or more.

Four Celebrations in Sherman County.

Taking into consideration the number of celebrations staged within our county boundaries the day of the Fourth this county is well within the realm of patriotic patriotism.

The main celebration was a two day affair at Grass Valley with speakers from different parts of the state, notably Agriculturist C. L. Smith of the O. W. R. & N. Co. The early morning train that day from Kent was taxed with the number of excursionists taking advantage of the celebration at that place to have an outing.

DeMoss Springs Grove north of Moro sheltered about six hundred people when the program of the day began promptly at ten a. m. with a concert by Pounds Wasco band. Editor Simpson, of the News Enterprise, was the speaker of the day. Many who were at DeMoss in the morning left by train for Grass Valley in the afternoon, several going to that celebration later in the day by automobile.

Another celebration was at Murray Springs, near Rufus, where those residing in the northern part of the county and who did not care to go too far from home celebrated with a basket dinner and picnic.

The fourth celebration in Sherman county on July 4th this year was at Coopers mill on the John Day river. The celebration at that point was quite well attended and a good time was had by all.

Cole Hupmobile Ford

THE BIG THREE

Successful Contestants at DeMoss.

All races ran were 50 yard events of which E. W. Ferrel won the mens race; Lillian Morrison that for girls under 16 and also that under 14 years; John Medlar, boys under 16; Harold Sissel, boys under 14; Pearl Everet, boys under 10; Bernice Young, girls under 10.

The three leg race was won by Will Holder and Elmer J. Fuller. In the match game of horse shoes John McClure and Earl Fields came out winners from a field of contestants numbering eighteen.

The novelty auto race was won by Dewey Thompson, in a Ford, time 22 seconds; crank, run a hundred yards and stop front wheels on line.

The winners at the Baby Show were: under one year, Donald Pool, age nine months; over one year, Wilma May, age eighteen months. Judges for the baby show were Mrs. Lamborn, Wasco; Mrs. Wm. Hendrichs, Moro; Mrs. J. B. Morrison, Grass Valley.

Mrs. Henry Happold received the largest number of votes and was declared most popular lady in Sherman county. Mrs. Happold is a resident east of Klondike.

Cole Hupmobile Ford

THE BIG THREE

Sherman County Realty Transfers.

Dating from June 21 to June 28, 1913.

James H. Meyers to Marion and Elsie Medler, section 21 sw 1/4 section 22 tp 1 n r 17 e w m \$1.

Alberta Frock to William Emerick, lots 1, 2, 3 in block 2 Clements addition to Grass Valley \$10.

J. O. Elrod to W. J. Furnish, e 1/2 section 19, w 1/2 section 20, nw 1/4 section 29 tp 1 s r 18 e w m \$10.

Chas. W. Moore to George Ellard, lot 11 block 1 Grass Valley \$75.

The CREEPING GRIP

Belated Discovery. "Ella—Mrs. Gayboe looks very sad since she divorced her husband. Bella—Yes, she didn't know what a good husband she had until she saw how generous he behaved about the alimony.—Clubfellow.

The Best Medicine in the World. "My little girl had diphtheria very bad. I thought she would die. Chamberlain's Cough, Colic, and Diarrhoea Remedy cured her, and I can truthfully say that I think it is the best medicine in the world," writes Mrs. William Orris, Clare, Mich. For sale by all dealers.—Advertisement.

URGE NATIONS TO JOIN PEACE FETE

International Conference Extend Invitation to All.

MARKS CENTURY OF PEACE.

Resolutions Are Unanimously Adopted Inviting Co-operation of Nations in Making Celebration of the Signing of the Treaty of Ghent in 1815 a World Event in Cause of Peace.

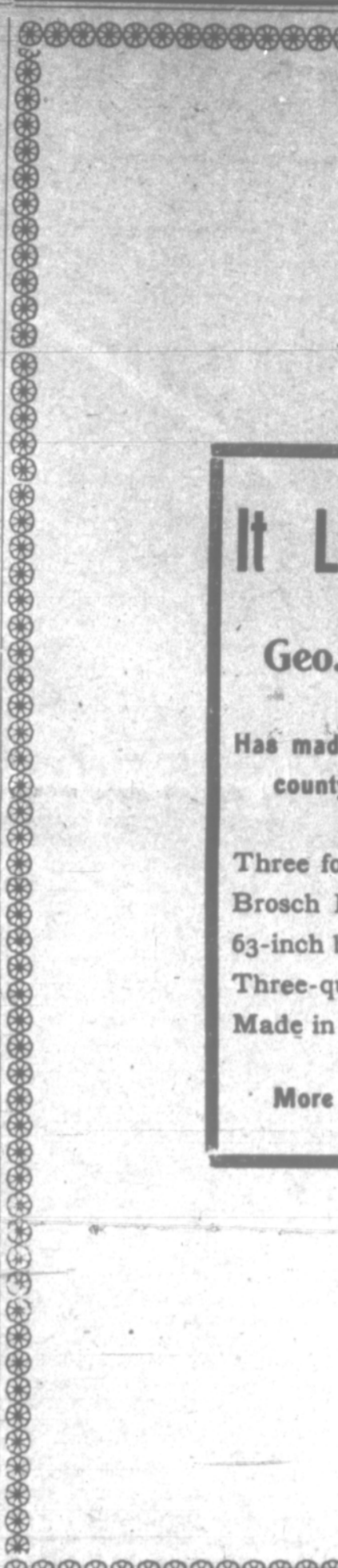
Lake Mohawk, N. Y.—At the conclusion of the international conference here to arrange for a fitting celebration of the signing of the treaty of Ghent in 1815, at which time one hundred years of peace between English speaking peoples will have been completed, the following manifesto was unanimously adopted by the conferees and is presented to the English speaking world and to those in other nations interested in the cause of universal peace.

Representatives of Great Britain, of Newfoundland, of the United States, of the Dominion of Canada, of the Commonwealth of Australia and of the municipality of Ghent, having been in conference concerning an appropriate celebration of the centenary of the signing of the treaty of Ghent, which marked the end of the last international war between the British and American peoples, unite in offering to the governments and the people of the civilized world an earnest invitation to take part in making this celebration in every way worthy of the hundred years of peace that it commemorates.

We invite such co-operation to the end that it may be made clear and unmistakable to public opinion everywhere that the time has come when international rivalries and differences, though numerous and severe, may be settled without the carnage and the horrors of war. Although it be unreasonable to disregard the possibility of conflict arising in the future out of mutual or partial misunderstanding, yet we gratefully recognize that the chances of misunderstanding have been largely eliminated by the degree in which modern science has facilitated intercourse and accelerated communication. We are therefore encouraged to hope that the development of letters, science and the arts, of commerce, industry and finance, of mutual knowledge, trust and good feeling on the part of those who owe different allegiances and who speak different tongues may profitably absorb the energy of mankind as well as offer opportunity for the display of the noblest and finest traits of mind and of character.

Great Britain has been a colonizing nation, and the United States has drawn to the population various and powerful elements from different countries and from different climes. Therefore a century of peace between Great Britain and her dominions beyond the seas on the one hand and the United States on the other hand touches directly both the interests and the imagination of every land to which Great Britain's sons have gone as well as those of every nation from which the present day population of the United States has been drawn. Such a celebration will not only mark the close of a century of exceptional significance and importance, but it will call attention to an example and an ideal that we earnestly hope may be followed and pursued in the years to come. What nations have done nations can do.

We respectfully request his majesty's secretary of state for foreign affairs and the secretary of state of the United States to transmit this invitation



It Lays Its Own Track

Geo. N. Crosfield, Wasco, Ore.

Has made a selling contract for all of Sherman county for sale of The Creeping Grip Tractor

Three forward speeds.
Broch High Tension Magneto.
63-inch bearing surface on each side.
Three-quarter to four miles per hour.
Made in 30, 40, 60 and 100 horse power.

More about this great farm engine next week.

through the proper official channels to the governments of the world in order that both by the participation of governments and by the co-operation of men of good will in every land this celebration may be so carried out as to mark not merely the close of 100 years of peace between English speaking peoples, but the opening of what we sincerely trust will be a fresh era of peace and good will between all the nations of the world.

The Duke Was Angry. "The duke is angry with me," said his wife, the heiress. "Seriously?" "Oh, very. He has refused to borrow any money from me for more than a week."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Washington. George Washington was appointed commander in chief of the American army on June 15, 1775, about two months after the battle of Lexington. He took command of the troops investing Boston July 2.

MORO BRANCH

TUM A LUM LUMBER CO.

H. U. MARTIN, Manager.

WOOD - COAL - POSTS

Lumber, Cement and Lime,
Windows, Doors, Moulding.

Special prices on Wood in car load lots where one or more are buying.

The

Best Drug Store in Sherman County is located right here in Moro, in fact it skins any thing for a long way in any direction, so thinks the

Moro Pharmacy

"Thank Duke's Mixture for Them"

Every member of your family will appreciate the many handsome, useful presents you can get free with the coupons now packed in

Liggitt & Myers Duke's Mixture

Duke's Mixture is one of the big favorite brands for both pipe and cigarettes. Men everywhere prefer it because of its true natural tobacco taste. Duke's Mixture is simply the choice leaves of fine Virginia and North Carolina bright leaf—thoroughly aged, stemmed and crumbled. It's impossible to get a purer smoke or a more likeable one than this mild, rich, fragrant Liggitt & Myers Duke's Mixture.

One and a half ounces of this choice granulated tobacco cost only 5¢—and with each sack you get a book of cigarette papers FREE.

The Presents are FREE

They do not cost you one penny. In each 5¢ sack of Liggitt & Myers Duke's Mixture we now pack a free present coupon. With these coupons you can get any article described in our new illustrated catalogue of presents. As a special offer, we will give you this catalogue absolutely FREE. Simply send us your name and address. This offer expires December 31, 1913.

Coupons from DUKE'S MIXTURE may be converted with first from HORSE SHOE, J. T. TINSLEY'S NATURAL LEAF, CHANGIA TWIST and coupons from FOUR ROSES (10-15¢ double cap), FIVE PLUCK CUT, FLEMING CIGARETTES, GUY CIGARETTES, and other tags and coupons issued by us.

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