

Established 1887.

Moro, Sherman County, Oregon, Friday, July, 11, 1913,

Five Cents

OREGON NEWS NOTES OF GENERAL INTEREST

Events Occurring Throughout
the State During the Past
Week.

U'Ren Has New Tax Idea.
Salem.—W. B. U'Ren, of Oregon City, evidently intends to have submitted to the people at the next general election an amendment to the constitution providing for the exemption of personal property to the value of \$1500 from taxation. Mr. U'Ren called Secretary of State Olcott over the telephone and asked him to approve a form of petition which will be circulated for the initiation of the law. It is planned to make it mandatory upon the secretary of state to resubmit the measure to the people for repeal at the 1916 and 1918 elections. While the object of this plan has not been revealed, it is believed that it is intended to win votes for the amendment.

REVISE SCHOOL COURSE

County Superintendents Approve and Urge State Board to Adopt It.
Salem.—Freedom in exercising the election of studies constitutes the chief feature of the revised high school course of study just completed by a committee appointed by State Superintendent of Public Instruction Churchill, and which, together with the recommendation of the committee, will be submitted to the state board of education at its next meeting for adoption. Both the course of study and recommendations were submitted to the country school superintendents in session here, and both received their approval and endorsement. Additional features are that a pupil may graduate from the high school without mathematics, the placing of American history in the third instead of the fourth year, and half a year's course in civil government. The consent of the principal, however, is necessary for the student to do so. American history is made a study of the third instead of the fourth year. The revised course of study provides for five courses and it is intended that all of them shall be taught only in the larger high schools. Probably not more than one of them will be taught in the smaller high schools.

Watson Starts Crusade.

Salem.—Ralph Watson, corporation commissioner, has started a crusade against corporations which fail to pay their licenses when due. The law requires that all fees be due July 1 and after July 15 they become delinquent and if not paid by August 15, the corporations may be fined \$100. The commissioner will request the various district attorneys to start action, when it is considered necessary, and should they default, he will ask the governor to issue writs of mandamus.

Big Oregon Lumber Mill to Be Rebuilt

Hood River.—The large mill of the Oregon Lumber company, controlled by the Eccles interests, which recently burned at Hood River, will be rebuilt at once at the same location at Dee, near the junction of the east and west forks of Hood river. It is planned to build a mill of the same capacity as the one burned, about 150,000 feet per day, and driven by electricity.

LODGE TO SCALE PEAK.

Enterprise Knights of Pythias Initiate in Clouds.

Enterprise.—Knights of Pythias of Enterprise are preparing for a novel mid-summer outing—an initiation on the summit of Eagle Cap, a tall peak in the heart of the Wallowa mountains. The plan has been under consideration for more than a month and committees of the lodge are now working out the details. Grand lodge officers have given the project their hearty approval. Eagle Cap, 10,000 feet high, is 25 miles south of Enterprise. The Knights plan to go out to the base of the peak the first day, camping there for the night. The second day will be passed in preparations for the "ceremony in the sky." From the camping ground to the summit is a long and steep climb, up which must be taken paraphernalia of all kinds and part of the camp outfit. The initiation will take place at night on the highest point of the peak. As the descent is not safe in the darkness, the lodge members expect to pass the night on the peak. In the morning the party will descend to the meadows at the base of the snowbanks and will return to Enterprise after another rest.

Customs Collector Ousted.

Marshfield.—T. H. Barry has been appointed collector of customs at the port of Empire, vice Major Tower, who was discharged because he had failed to file his resignation. Tower is a prominent old soldier and there is much indignation over his dismissal. The office is to be moved from Empire to Marshfield.

AN ARCTIC DAWN.

The Scene as the Sun Comes Up After Six Months of Darkness.
The return of the sun after the six months' night of the polar regions is a moment not to be forgotten. Elmer Mikkelson, in his book, "Lost in the Arctic," describes the scene and the emotions it aroused. "The loneliness is so immense everything seems dead or in a trance, waiting, as we, for the advent of the life giving sun. At last the day arrives when it should appear, but we do not see it for the weather is cloudy, stormy and foggy. Not until the following day, Feb. 10, do we see its red disk once more. We stand outside the house waiting. At the end of half an hour we begin to grow impatient. "Yes, but it comes. The glow to the southward deepens until it almost harts the eyes; the mountain tops are tinged with rose, slowly extending downward toward us; then suddenly a red gold ray is flung out over the ice, and we give a mighty shout of welcome—a cheer for the herald of summer—summer that is to bring us our deliverance. "And we are not the only beings that rejoice. Far up above us sounds the astonished cry of a raven. It was flying eastward, but on seeing the sun it changes its course and steers right for it, with mighty strokes of its great heavy wings, and calling, glad as we to see the sun, a fire worshiper, as also we have grown to be. We follow it with our eyes until it disappears in the eye of the sun. Happy raven! If we had but wings!"

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A LETTER TO THE JUDGE.

He Ignored the Death Threat, but One Word Caught His Fancy.

Whenever a judge presiding over a New York criminal court is conducting the trial of some notorious murderer he is sure to receive letters, postal cards and even prepaid telegrams written by cranks breathing denunciation and threatening him with death in some horrible form.

The late Recorder Frederick Smyth, presiding over a murder trial, one day beckoned a reporter friend up to the bench and handed him a letter that ran like this:

"You cruel and bloody-minded old tyrant, you are trying to send this innocent man to the chair as you sent —, but you will never live to do it for I will lay in wait for you and pounce on you and give you death Penalty a friend of Justice."

The reporter wanted to publish it. "Oh, no," said Recorder Smyth. "I should like to see you only to call your attention to that beautiful new word, 'ponyich,' which I suppose means to crouch and to pounce. If you should publish it hundreds of other cranks would be inspired to write. It's bad enough now, for their letters take up so much time in going through the morning's mail. The writers are not dangerous—merely nuisances."—Harper's Weekly.

His "Right" Name.

From queer names and descriptions of things there follow as a natural sequence queer names and descriptions of people. Among a number of instances is one quoted by Mr. Fox-Davies, the well known authority on nomenclature, from Blackwood's Magazine of April, 1842: "In one of the Buchan fishing villages a stranger had occasion to call on a fisherman of the name of Alexander White. Meeting a girl, he asked, 'Can ye tell me far Sanny Fite lives?' 'Fik Sanny Fite?' quoth she. 'Muckle Sanny Fite?' said he. 'Fik muckle Sanny Fite?' 'Muckle lang Sanny Fite?' 'Fik muckle lang Sanny Fite?' 'Muckle lang gleyed Sanny Fite?' shouted the exasperated man. 'Oh, it's Goup-the-Lift ye're seeking,' answered the girl, 'and fat the de'il for dinna ye speer for the mon by his richt name at ance?'"

A Wonderful Memory.

"You boast of your memory, Rivers! I'll bet you a cigar you can't quote, on the spur of the moment, a single stanza of any hymn you sang in Sunday school when you were a boy."

"I'll take you on that, Brooks. In fact, I'll sing you one."

"Kind words never die. Never die, never die. Kind words can never die. No, never-se-e-e-die!"

"You win, old chap. I didn't think you could do it."—Chicago Tribune.

An Art Authority.

They were newsboys and had strayed into the art museum. At the moment they were standing before the "Winged Victory of Samothrace."

"Say, Bill, what's that?" asked one of them in an awed whisper.

"Aw, I dunno," replied the other. "Some mist wld his block knocked off."—Argonaut.

Like Father.

"I never saw a boy so much like his father—your husband's hair and eyes and even his manner of speech. But why does he jump when you speak to him?"

"Because he is so much like his father."—Houston Post.

Hard Worker.

First Employer—How long has Gotrox's boy worked in your office? Second Employer—About half an hour. He has been with us six months now.—Judge.

Proof Positive.

Harold—You don't believe I love you? Susie—No; you don't have your chest like the lovers do in the moving pictures.—Puck.

Truth never lost ground by inquiry, because she is most of all reasonable.

NEWS FROM OUR NATIONAL CAPITAL

Senator Simmons Says Tariff Bill Will Reach President Last of August.

Washington.—With the tariff bill completed by the senate caucus, the senate leaders feel certain that the measure will be in the hands of the president by the latter part of August. Five weeks is the time Senator Simmons, who will have the bill in charge, believes will be needed. Republican senators, however, insist that it will take much more time.

Forty-seven democratic senators stood up in the party caucus one by one and declared their intention to vote for the Underwood-Simmons tariff revision bill as finally approved by the caucus. Two senators, Randall and Thornton, of Louisiana, said that they would not make such promise because of the proposal to place sugar on the free list in 1916. Senators Hitchcock of Nebraska and Culberson of Texas were absent, but both are known to be in favor of the bill. This gives the democrats 49 votes for the bill or a slender majority of one, with the vote of the vice president to fall back on in an emergency.

Resolution Not Binding.

An absolutely binding resolution was not adopted, the poll by individuals being substituted, and that poll was put only on the ground of personal promise and was not made binding. A resolution was adopted, however, declaring the Underwood-Simmons bill a party measure and urging its undivided support without amendment unless such should be submitted by the committee.

Before final action on the bill the caucus gave concessions to the senators from woolgrowing states by adopting an amendment making effective a provision for free raw wool in December 1, 1913, and the rates on manufactures of wool January 1, 1914.

Mulhall's Story of Lobbying Told.

How the National Association of Manufacturers, through its hired lobbyists at Washington, secured legislation favorable to its interests, obtained the defeat of measures beneficial to the labor interests, how it controlled congressional committees, made and unmade senators and representatives, and how it levied tribute on all manufacturing interests—great and small—throughout the country, was explained by the sensational exposures of Colonel M. M. Mulhall, for 10 years the lobbyist, field worker and strikebreaker of the organization, before the senate investigation committee called into existence by President Wilson's charges that an "insidious lobby" exists and has existed at the national capital for many years.

Witness' Confession is Astonishing.

A story of misrepresentation, impersonation of public men and organized effort to influence Wall street financiers probably without parallel in the history of congressional investigations was unfolded before the senate lobby committee by a prosperous-looking, self-proclaimed individual, calling himself David Lamar, of New York, self-described as an "operator in stocks" and admittedly the bearer of several assumed names. With entire abandon, arousing the committee to laughter at times by his naive admissions, he told of his impersonations, his participation in attempts to influence Wall street and his telephone to financial men and lawyers in the names of Representative Palmer and Representative Riordan. He assumed the guise of Chairman McCombs, of the Democratic national committee, to telephone to Chairman Hill, of the Republican national committee.

National Capital Briefs

Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska withdrew from the democratic caucus when his proposed tariff bill amendment for a graduated tax on tobacco production was defeated. A spirited scene followed.

Attorney General McReynolds has dismissed Judge Clayton Herrington from the department of justice at San Francisco. Herrington had criticized the federal authorities in connection with the Diggs-Cannett case.

The interstate commerce commission will have to get along in its great task of making a physical valuation of railroads without the assistance of the army engineers unless congress can be induced to pass special legislation.

Government officials are greatly interested in the reported achievement of Dr. Goldschmidt, a German inventor of wireless apparatus, in sending messages between Neustadt, near Hanover, Germany, and Tuckerton, N. J., 3900 miles.

The American people drank more whiskey and beer, smoked more cigars and cigarettes and chewed more tobacco during the fiscal year 1913 than in any other yearly period of the nation's history, according to estimates based on the record-breaking internal revenue receipts of the federal government for the 12 months ended June 30.

RAILWAY TRAVEL IN SYRIA.

They Have a Free and Easy System on Some of the Roads.

They have a curious way of managing some railways in Syria. Weary of much riding, a party of travelers on their way to Beirut resolved one day to go by train. They arrived at a primitive station, but could find no station master.

Presently, however, one of the camp followers arrived, looked about and, spying a small red flag lying on the platform, made off with it along the line. When a train came in the man waved his flag, the engine driver pulled up, and the travelers got in.

Later, while the train was puffing on its way, the guard came along the footboard and issued the tickets, carefully noting down the names, nationality and occupation of the passengers. Two stations farther on they got out, and here there was not only a station-master, but a porter, and the latter stayed with them all day in an orchard till the camp arrived, meanwhile feeding them with honey from the comb.

Where else, one wonders, could such a charming railway system be found?—Wide World Magazine.

Brief News of the Week

According to figures given out at Chicago, a total of 350 deaths occurred from heat prostrations in different eastern cities during the recent hot spell.

The New York board of health has adopted a resolution which practically forbids the use of the Friedman serum in the treatment of patients in that city.

The annual national reunion of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks assembled Monday at Rochester, N. Y., for a session of six days.

Evidence that serious fighting is occurring in Macedonia is found in the arrival of large numbers of wounded and prisoners at the various Balkan capitals.

Minnesota will collect approximately \$15,000 in costs from the Northern Pacific and Great Northern railways as the result of the United States supreme court's decision in the Minnesota rate case.

Sixteen dead and 754 injured is the total of the "Bane Fourth" accidents compiled at Chicago from reports from all over the country. Most of the victims lived in the smaller cities.

Two electric trains met on a curve while carrying passengers to and from an Elks Purple day celebration near Ogden, Utah, resulting in four deaths and a score of injured. One motor man disobeyed orders, it is said.

While thousands of provincial soldiers were parading the streets at Winnipeg, Man., July 4, a young American waved the United States flag. A mob of civilians tore it from his grasp and trampled it in the streets.

An injunction was granted by Circuit Judge Galloway at Salem, Ore., against Secretary of State Olcott to restrain the calling of a special election in November for the reference of bills. A demurrer, filed by Attorney General Crawford, was overruled by the court and notice of appeal was given. The case will be argued before the Supreme Court next week.

The notable gatherings of the week include the annual convention of the National Education association, in Salt Lake City; the National Conference of Charities and Correction, in Seattle, and the international convention of Christian Endeavor societies, in Los Angeles.

Work is to commence within 15 days on the Butte-Boise Winnemucca railroad, according to announcement of L. O. Leonard, president of the \$40,000,000 corporation. He says that within 10 days contracts will be let for the grading of the first link of the route east and west out of Boise. The Butte-Boise-Winnemucca has a right of way south and west out of Boise to Winnemucca, Nev., and north and east to Butte, Mont., crossing four divides to reach the Montana metropolis.

People in the News

The University of Edinburgh, Scotland, has conferred the honorary degree of doctor of laws upon James Wilson, former secretary of agriculture of the United States.

Ellen Terry and her husband, James Carew, emphatically denied the report that they had separated.

Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, with his two sons, Archie and Quentin, is to spend two months camping in the Grand Canyon of Arizona.

An offer of \$42,000 for the restoration of the Y. M. C. A. buildings at Dayton, Hamilton and Marietta, Ohio, has been received from John D. Rockefeller, Jr. They were badly damaged by the March floods.

President and Mrs. Wilson have announced the engagement of their second daughter, Jessie Woodrow Wilson, to Francis Bowes Sayre of Lancaster, Penn. The wedding will take place at the white house in December. Mr. Sayre is at present an attorney in the office of District Attorney Whitman of New York.

B. L. Winchell, formerly president of the St. Louis and San Francisco railroad and later receiver for that system, has been appointed director of traffic for the Union Pacific.

NATIONAL BANKS FAIL IN PENNSYLVANIA

Pittsburg First-Second National Cause of Failure of Other Institutions.

Pittsburg.—The First-Second National Bank of Pittsburg, the First National Bank of McKeesport, a neighboring city; the American Waterworks & Guarantee Company and the banking house of J. S. and W. S. Kuhn, incorporated, of this city, were forced into the hands of a receiver, through the failure of the first-named institution to open its doors Tuesday.

The closing of the First-Second National Bank was ordered by the Controller of the Currency, T. P. Kane, after every effort had been made to meet the government requirements as to the legal reserve.

The Kuhn banking house has extensive interests in irrigation projects throughout the west and mines and street traction systems throughout western Pennsylvania, besides being a dominant factor in the American Waterworks & Guarantee company.

W. S. Kuhn was president of the First-Second National Bank, vice president and director in the banking house and vice president and director of the American Waterworks & Guarantee company, besides being a director of the McKeesport bank. J. S. Kuhn was a director of the First-Second bank and president and director of the American Waterworks & Guarantee company, besides being a director of the McKeesport bank and chairman of the board of directors of the banking house.

Washington.—Secretary McAdoo in a statement declared that the general banking condition in Pittsburg, as well as in the entire country, was strong and sound and that he expected no further trouble as a result of the failure of the Pittsburg First-Second National bank.

"The failure of the Pittsburg bank is simply a sporadic case of unsound banking and has no other significance," the secretary said. He added that the receivership for this institution removed a long-standing "sore spot" in the Pittsburg situation, leaving the general condition in that city sound.

Oregon Bank Robber Soon Caught.

Portland.—Following the sensational holdup of the First State bank of Milwaukie, Ore., Saturday afternoon and a daring effort to make away with his booty, Virgil Perrine, the robber, was captured two hours later within the limits of the town. He was found immersed in his head in the water under a water works wheel, and dynamite was used by the posse in effecting his capture.

STRIKERS CONTROL SITUATION IN RAND

Johannesburg.—The settlement of the strike among the gold miners in the Rand district, which the government arranged with a committee of strikers Saturday, proved ineffective.

The mobs reassembled Sunday. All trains and streetcars suspended service, the crews refusing to work.

Except at the time of the Jameson raid in 1896 and the outbreak of the war in 1899 this city has not experienced such a day of terrorism as Saturday. The mobs in the business section caused less fear than desperadoes who were threatening to dynamite the homes of the wealthy.

The rioting began when strikers forced their way into the Rand Club, whose members are mine-owners. They demolished everything on the ground floor. Three times dragons scattered the mob, but it quickly reformed. The troops fired a volley over the heads of the rioters, and then two volleys directly into their ranks.

Revised figures show that about 20 persons were killed and 150 wounded on Saturday, and that 100 were killed or wounded Friday.

CUBAN CHIEF OF POLICE SHOT

Pistol Fight Outcome of Raid on Gambling Club.

Havana.—General Amadoro Riva, chief of the national police, was shot and mortally wounded during a pistol fight in the most crowded portion of the Prado.

General Ernest Asbert, governor of Havana province, Senator Vidal Morales and Representative Arias were involved in the fighting, which was the outcome of a raid made by General Riva Saturday night on the Asbert Club, when a large number of members were caught gambling.

General Riva, while driving with his two young sons, stopped his carriage in front of the Asbert Club and caused the arrest of the doorkeeper for illegally carrying a revolver.

Asbert, Morales and Arias arrived in an automobile about the same time and a heated dispute arose, and the shooting followed.

FRAUD IN REFERENDUM?

Will Investigate Petition to Refer Oregon Compensation Law.

Salem, Or.—In the belief that they have evidence that discredits many of the signatures to the petitions to refer the workmen's compensation act, Harvey Beckwith and C. D. Babcock, prospective members of the workmen's compensation commissioners under the law, will ask an investigation by the district attorney of Multnomah county.

After several weeks of work, Messrs. Beckwith and Babcock finished an examination of the petitions and all evidence obtained will be turned over to the district attorney.

While unwilling for the present to give specific instances of irregularities they say they have found sufficient duplications of signatures and false addresses to justify them in asking for an investigation by the courts.

Indian Lands to Be Sold

Goldendale, Wash.—Five hundred and twenty acres of land in 80-acre tracts, on the Yakima Indian reservation, will be sold to the highest bidder on July 21 by Don M. Carr, superintendent of the Yakima agency at Fort Simcoe. The land is the property of non-competent Indians or those who have died and is appraised at \$26,000.

Catholic Federation Opens in Seattle

Seattle.—With Archbishop Christie, of Portland, celebrating a pontifical high mass, assisted by Bishop O'Reilly, of Baker City, Or.; Bishop Lenihan, of Great Falls, Mont.; Bishop O'Dea, of Seattle, and nearly a score of priests, the second annual convention of the Catholic Federation of the State of Washington opened in St. James cathedral Sunday.

BALKAN WAR LOSSES ARE OVER 30,000

London.—After 10 days of fighting, more severe and deadly in character than anything in the last Balkan war, a little light begins to break on the hitherto obscure operations. The Servians have lost more men than in the whole previous campaign.

Bulgaria's strategy appears to be to hold the Greeks in check, probably with comparatively small forces, while she deals with Servia. This assumption, if correct, would explain the victorious advance of the Greek army.

Saloniki dispatches continue to report Greek victories. The Greeks are said to have captured 16 guns at Dorian. Evidence of desperate fighting is found in the arrival of 8000 wounded at Saloniki, taxing the town's accommodations and resources to the uttermost.

A conservative estimate of the killed and wounded in last week's fighting fixes the number at from 30,000 to 40,000. Thousands of destitute refugees from the scene of the fighting are coming into Saloniki.

The Greeks continue to make wholesale charges against the Bulgarians of burning and pillaging all the villages they abandon and of committing murders, mutilation and other horrors.

THE MARKETS.

Portland.

Wheat—Club, 92c; bluestem, 96c; red Russian, 90c.

Hay—Timothy, \$18; alfalfa, \$13.

Butter—Creamery, 30c.

Eggs—Candled, 28c; ranch, 25c.

Wool—Eastern Oregon, 16c; Willamette valley, 19c.

Seattle.

Wheat—Bluestem, 97c; club, 92c; red Russian, 90c.

Eggs—28c.

Butter—Creamery, 31c.

Hay—Timothy, \$18 per ton; alfalfa, \$13 per ton.

London Children and the Country.

The bishop of Stoney was telling stories recently about the inability of the London slum child to appreciate the country. "Would you like to live here always?" he asked a girl on a school treat, and she answered, "No; it would be dull." He took a party of children for a treat to Hampton court last spring. There was blue sky overhead, with a blaze of color in the flower borders. He thought the children were enjoying it, but presently one of them asked, "When are we going to get there?" and inquiry revealed that her sole idea of a day in the country was a place where there would be swings. Another girl was asked whether she would like to stop and sleep in the country. "No," she replied, "not with all these rabbits about."—Westminster Gazette.

A Gentle Hint.

Dr. Johnson to the contrary notwithstanding, puns are occasionally excusable. This one, attributed by the Brooklyn Times to a boarding house keeper of that city, is good enough to pass muster.

One of the young men who lived in the boarding house had the double fault of slowness in paying his bill and fussiness about the table service. One morning he said peevishly to the landlady:

"Mrs. Jones, will you tell me why my napkin is so damp?"

"Yes, Mr. Wicks," replied the landlady promptly. "It's because there is so much dew on your board."



July 11, 1913.

Dear Friend:

They have hired me down at the grocery. What do you think I do? Everywhere they put my picture, a new one each time, in the paper. My work is to tell everybody where to buy good groceries. I like my place very well because it is a good place where they treat one well.

They treat everyone well where I work, because they carry good groceries and sell them at the right prices.

Your friend
P. S. I work at
JACOB'S

MELOY'S

BOTTLE BROKERS.

A Curious Branch of the Fiery Vodka Traffic in Russia.

Since the edict of June 6, 1904, the production and sale of vodka, that fiery drink in which most Russians delight, have been controlled by the government. Of the 50,000 places engaged in the vodka traffic in European Russia more than one-half are conducted by the state under the direct supervision of the ministry of finance.

Most of the employees in the government vodka shops are wid