

SHERMAN COUNTY OBSERVER
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Agents for any Magazine or Newspaper
printed in the United States.

SHERMAN COUNTY OBSERVER.

COMMERCIAL JOB PRINTING
Of Every Description to Order
Quick and Cheap!
Ink Stamps Furnished.
For Typewriters, Typewriter
Supplies, Ribbons, Etc.

Established 1887.

Moro, Sherman County, Oregon, Friday, Oct. 9, 1908

Five Cents

THE ONE SURE WAY

To have money is to save it. The one sure way to save it is to deposit it with Wasco Warehouse Milling Co. bank. You will then be exempt from the annoyance of having it burn holes in your pockets. Aside from the fact that your money will be safe from theft; the habit of saving tends to the establishment of thrift, economy, discipline and a general understanding of business principals essential to your success.

To those wishing such relations we heartily extend our services.
WASCO WAREHOUSE MILLING CO. BANK MORO

HOTEL MORO

Nearest Hotel to Business Center, Banks and Depot.
Sunday Dinner 35 cents.

First Class Barber Shop in the Hotel.

Opposite Post Office

Moro, Oregon.

Hotel Kent, Kent, Oregon.

R. Moslacher, prop.

Accommodations First Class. Headquarters for Traveling Men
Rooms Well Furnished, Nicely Ventilated, Newly Renovated
The Best of Table Board at Moderate Price.

STOP where the people stop

The Umatilla House

The Dalles, Oregon.

Steam Heat. Electric Lights. Electric Call Bells.

HOTEL RATES TO SUIT YOU.

All O.R. & N. Trains Stop at Front Door
Railway Ticket Office in the Lobby.

T. N. CROFTON, Proprietor.

PLUMBING AND STEAM FITTING

All kinds of Reservoir and Cistern work in connection with water systems installed in first class style and all work done guaranteed.
Dynamite and powder work on all kinds of Rock Excavations

H. A. Stuart, Moro, Oregon.

PLASTERING, BRICK AND CONCRETE WORK

Oregon "Builders"

Are you doing what you can to populate your state?

OREGON NEEDS PEOPLE—Settlers, honest farmers, mechanics, merchants, clerks, people with brains, strong hands and a willing heart—capital or no capital.

The Oregon Railroad and Navigation Co.

In sending tons of Oregon literature to the East for distribution through every available agency. Will you not help the good work of building Oregon by sending us the names and addresses of your friends who are likely to be interested in this state? We will be glad to bear the expense of sending them complete information about OREGON, and its opportunities.

COLONIST TICKETS will be on sale during SEPTEMBER and OCTOBER from the East to all points in Oregon. The fares from a few principal cities are:

From Denver.....	\$30.00	From Louisville.....	\$41.70
" Omaha.....	30.00	" Cincinnati.....	42.20
" Kansas City.....	30.00	" Cleveland.....	44.75
" St. Louis.....	35.50	" New York.....	55.00
" Chicago.....	38.00		

Tickets can be prepaid

If you want to bring a friend or relative to Oregon, deposit the proper amount with any of our agents. The ticket will then be furnished by telegraph. F. CRABTREE, Local Agent, Moro, Or.

Wm. McLurray, General Passenger Agent,
Portland, Oregon.

READ THE OBSERVER ALL the time.
For County news

Eureka Lodge No. 121.
A. F. & A. M., Moro, Or.
Meets the first and third
Thursday evenings of each
month. Visiting members
cordially invited to meet
with us. By order of the W. M.,
J. M. Farry, Secretary.

Bethlehem Chapter
No. 29 O.E.S.
Regular communication
each 2d and 4th Thurs-
day evenings monthly.
By order W. M.,
Mrs. Helen Farry, Secy

Moro Lodge, No. 113,
I. O. O. F., Moro, Oregon.
Meets every Saturday
evening at 7:30 o'clock.
Visiting members are
cordially invited. Mem-
bers are expected to be
present.
G. A. Meloy, N. G.,
Robert M. Brash, Secretary.

Wm. Rudolf
First street, Strong brick, Moro, Ore.

Confectionery
Cigars, Tobaccos
Billiard and Pool Tables

Ice cold drinks and ice cream in season.
Soda water, bottled and fountain,
always on hand.

FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING

My Motto is
Quick Sales and
Small Profits.
Live and Let Live.
Call and Examine
My Stock of
FURNITURE
and
SIDE LINES
before buying
O. W. AXTELL
Moro - Oregon.

Vinton Hotel

GRASS VALLEY, ORE.
New Entirely.
Convenient to Business

PRICES REASONABLE
Conducted on Best Principles
Commercial Trade Solicited

When in Portland

STOP AT
Hotel Oregon

Corner 7th and Stark Streets.
It is new and its rooms are provided with
running water and long distance tele-
phone. European plan. Rates
\$1 per day and upward
Highest priced room \$3
per day.

Wright-Dickinson Hotel Co.
Chas. Wright, President.
M. C. Dickinson, Manager.

O. B. Messinger

Moro, Oregon.
City Dray
Express and Freight
Delivered to any Part of the City
Piano and Furniture Moving.

Trunks and Grips Delivered
To and From all Trains.

REED HULSE

Proprietor of
CITY DRAY NO. 2
Draying of all Kinds.
Trunks and Grips Hauled to and
from all trains

WORLD CRUISE OF OUR BATTLE-SHIPS

A Significant History-Making Movement by the United States.

Pacific Ocean Saved to America by Robust Policy of Republican Party.

The present world cruise of American warships is one of the most interesting, important and far reaching performances of any administration since the Civil War. History rides upon the prow of the flagships of this fleet. Eighty-five millions of people have for months been attempting to interpret the movement and solve the problem of government in attempting to properly adjust by this circumnavigation of the globe. When President Roosevelt first announced that the fleet of battle-ships was to make the long journey from the Atlantic to the Pacific Ocean, the Democrats turned prophets of evil and predicted many disastrous things would follow as a consequence of this unprecedented move.

Armed and World Cruises. The armada took its departure from Hampton Roads, Va., in 1907, and after a wholly successful voyage around the Horn, of about twelve thousand miles, it dropped anchor in San Francisco Harbor May 6, 1908. The ships that form the four divisions of the fleet in this "round-the-world" cruise are: the Connecticut, Louisiana, Maine, Missouri, Georgia, New Jersey, Rhode Island, Virginia, Alabama, Illinois, Kearsarge, Kentucky, Ohio, Minnesota, Kansas and Vermont. To which were added the Nebraska and the Wisconsin, already in Puget Sound, thus making a fleet of eighteen first-class modern battleships in perfect condition.

There were already in the Pacific and Oriental waters the fine armored cruisers West Virginia, Colorado, Maryland and Pennsylvania. Their two sister ships, the California and South Dakota, were also on the Pacific, and the powerful Washington and Tennessee went from the Atlantic to join the armada, thus making eight armored cruisers to be added to the eighteen battleships. In addition there were in the Pacific several protected cruisers, gunboats and other lesser craft. All told there were ten hundred and fifty officers and nineteen thousand five hundred men.

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This world cruise of the mighty armada of sixteen ships of the line has been, and is being, conducted with a precision worthy of the fine traditions of American seamanship—which speaks the highest praise. Every man, from officer to common sailor, has felt that the eyes of the nation at home were following him, and that however modest at his station, he must bear himself worthily as an American sailor, in the stoutest squadron that ever flew the Stars and Stripes.

There is no question but that this cruise will be noted by all commentators as one of the most remarkable happenings of any age. Even though the American people have not fully understood the significance, when all the facts are known, it will be found to have been one of the disastrous and most important of the present Republican administration. Mr. Taft is the man to continue this history-making policy of the Republican party.

Democracy's Incompetency. The Democratic leaders have been for years making loud declarations against corporations and trusts and railroads and have, nevertheless, instituted no legislative steps in all this time for the purpose of restraining abuses. They are now indignant that the Republican party, in carrying out the promise of its own platform, is putting into practice the principles which they, with a superb self-complacency, claim are really covered by a Democratic patent—Hon. Wm. H. Taft, at Greensboro, North Carolina.

Society is Scandal. In spite of the general consent, there have been made manifest by signs not to be misunderstood, a quickening of the public conscience and a demand for the remedy of abuses, the outgrowth of this property, and for a higher standard of business integrity. Every lover of his country should have a feeling of pride and exaltation in this evidence that our society is really sound and that the Republic is not in danger.

HIGHEST TYPE OF CHRISTIAN GENTLEMAN

Churchmen Who Know Judge Taft Render Him This Sincere Tribute.

The Attitude of the Republican Candidate Towards Religion and a Life Which Shows Adherence to the Best Ethics and Morals.

"Because he is the highest type of the Christian gentleman."
This is the way in which I heard the pastor of a Methodist church in southern Illinois end an argument with a layman on the train coming to Cincinnati from St. Louis, writes a staff-correspondent of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. The layman, paying due respect to the clergy of his opponent, was trying to convince him that he should not support Mr. Taft for the presidency, and instead should vote for his Democratic opponent. The churchman defended the principles of the Republican party, and as indicated, defended the man for whom he said he expected to vote, from his personal standpoint of a churchman. "Because he is the highest type of a Christian gentleman."

Bishop J. C. Harzwell of the Methodist Episcopal Church, discussing the religious beliefs of Bryan and Taft, after calling on the latter, said: "Which of these men I shall vote for will not be decided by their religious beliefs, but what they are as men, and by the principles and policies they stand for in the administration of the government. I believe that in acting upon this view, as an American citizen, I am in harmony with the spirit and purpose of the founders of our republic, who put into the constitution that there should be no religious test as to qualifications for any office or public trust under the United States. My conviction is that the future safety of the nation depends very largely upon our people heeding that constitutional prohibition. Our nation owes much in moral character, statesmanship, literature, art and religion to those who have not been in strict harmony with some of the dogmas of the church. The days of the inquisition are past."

Remembering that Mrs. Taft is a Presbyterian, but that Miss Helen Taft was confirmed in the Episcopal Church in Washington last winter at the same time that Miss Ethel Roosevelt, daughter of the President, was confirmed, I wondered as to Mr. Taft's church association. When I made the inquiry here it was answered through the columns of the Northwest Christian Advocate, the great Methodist publication, just as it had given answer to hundreds of inquiries from its Methodist subscribers. It said: "Mrs. Taft and children are Episcopalian, and the Secretary frequently accompanies them to St. John's church, where also he has a pew. While Mr. Roosevelt goes to the German Reformed Church, his wife and family, who are Episcopalian, attend historic St. John's church, where they sit only one or two pews removed from Mrs. Taft and her children. Secretary Taft spends his vacation at Murray Bay, Canada, where there is a Union Church, attended by the summer colonists of all denominations. The Secretary of War is one of the trustees of this summer colony church, where people of many faiths gather for worship."

This Methodist testimony indicated to me the broad and liberal view of Mr. Taft in religious matters. It looked through the file of this same publication—the Western Christian Advocate—I found a discussion of both incomes. In the course of which it was asserted: "The sympathies of both Mr. Taft and Mr. Bryan are very broad, and they worship easily and naturally with any Christian denomination. Whichever man is elected, the country will have, therefore, a President of clean life, lofty principles and Christian convictions."

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DETAILS OF THE POSTAL SAVINGS PLAN

Prompt Performance of Republican Platform Promise is Certain.

Postal Savings Banks Will Form Save and Convenient System for Accumulating Savings.

A bill providing for the establishment of postal savings banks was favorably reported by the United States Senate Committee on Postoffice and Post Roads at the recent session of Congress, and is reasonably certain to be enacted into law during the coming session, thus adding prompt performance to the promise of the Republican national platform relative to the form of strengthening our national system of finance.

The bill reported provides for the establishment of postal savings depositories for depositing savings at interest with the security of the Government for the repayment thereof and designates the money-order post-offices and Post Offices as the depositories for such deposits, from time to time designate as savings depositories to receive deposits from the public and to account and dispose of the same according to the terms of the act.

The depositories are to be kept open for the transaction of business every day, Sundays and legal holidays except during the usual post-office business hours of the town and localities where the respective depositories are located, and during such additional hours as the Postmaster-General may designate.

Accounts may be opened by any person of the age of 10 years, and a married woman may open an account free from interference by her husband. A trustee may open an account for another person. No person can open more than one account, except when acting as trustee for another person. A depositor's pass book will be delivered to each depositor in which the name and other memoranda necessary for identification will be entered, and entry of all deposits shall be made.

Interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent per annum computed annually, on the average deposit during each quarter of the year. One thousand dollars is the maximum deposit allowed to the credit of any account, and interest will not be paid on any amount to the credit of an account in excess of \$500.

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Postal savings funds are to be deposited by the Postmaster-General in national banks located as near as may be in the neighborhood where such depositories are located at a rate of interest not less than 2 1/2 per cent annum. If deposits can not be made in national banks at the specified rate of interest, the Postmaster-General may, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury and the Attorney-General, invest the same in State, Territorial, county, or municipal bonds.