

Sherman County Journal Published Every Friday at Moro, Oregon. Giles L. French Editor. Entered as second class matter at the Postoffice at Moro, Oregon, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879. NATIONAL EDITORIAL ASSOCIATION AFFILIATE MEMBER. CHRONIC 1958 NEWSPAPER PUBLISHERS ASSOCIATION. OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER. SUBSCRIPTION RATES ONE YEAR \$3.00. NOVEMBER 28, 1958

THANKSGIVING

This week Americans celebrated Thanksgiving and whether they credited the idea to Pilgrims, Virginians or Abraham Lincoln their actions were much the same: gathering together of family or friends and feasting. The day is certainly no holiday for the American stomach.

For nearly 100 years now we have had a formal Thanksgiving, duly proclaimed by governors, presidents and perhaps mayors. It is an official day after a fashion with everyone laying off but the cooks. And as such it performs a service, gets people together, fills the small boys for once, gives the elders an opportunity to get acquainted with the young of the clan and gives exercise to the enuity of cooks.

We are all for it and wish to say no single word against it.

Yet, it would be a nice change if some year we felt so thankful that we declared such a holiday on our own with less formality, less universality. We think that every family experiences times when its heads feel that a word of thanks would be appropriate. Such thanks need not be kept until the 4th Thursday in November and then relayed to the Almighty in the general rush. We think thanks should be spontaneous and not formalized.

If a person recovers from an ailment, misses an auto, accident, makes a fortunate investment, raises a good crop, a dinner on the occasion would be appropriate whatever the time of year. And if he bowed his head over his food and recounted his blessings it would do him good even if he did not have the full attention of the Almighty. He who gives thanks is humble and humility is good for the soul.

MONEY

Money is something like the weather in that it is easier to talk about it than to affect it and also that even the experts know little about how it works.

Money is medium of exchange, the best known one in these times although many other things have been used, some with intrinsic value of their own which money does not have. And money can be saved after which it becomes capital.

Money has no value by itself, a dollar bill has as much paper in it as a \$100 bill and the silver alloy is not much good for anything else. Money's only value is exchange value. A loaf of bread at twenty-five cents is priced high or low depending on the value one puts on the bread and the money—and perhaps the hunger. One in contemplating the purchase may compare the value of the bread with a sack of carrots or some other food or commodity. Goods are high in comparison to other goods and the money is the medium by which the comparison is made.

When money is cheap other things are high meaning that it takes a lot of money to buy anything. People have to make some sacrifices for money in most cases, must perform work, provide service or exchange goods and the comparison with the value of the service performed must be compared to the goods obtained with the money involved.

If money became cheaper on an even scale no one would be hurt. It never does and in times when the value of money is changing some persons and some groups are always getting hurt. Inflation, which is a continued period of cheapening money, hurts the savers, the lenders; it helps spenders and borrowers. But if carried on too long the savers are wiped out and the borrowers cannot borrow because there is no one to lend.

Right now the stock market is going up which means that money for investment is plentiful and that money is cheap. Few stocks will pay a good rate of interest at present prices and it seems likely that the urge to invest will have to stop for that reason alone. There isn't much use in saving three percent money. Almost any other use for it is preferable. Nei-

ther do we think high priced money is a deterrent to business or buying for this nation made its greatest gains on ten percent money, Boy, it was worth saving.

When money gets high and interest rates are up citizens importune the government to collect money by taxes and loan it out. This works for awhile but eventually the government has to pay more for money, too. At this moment the social security managers are saying that if the government would pay it the 3 1/2 percent it is paying other lenders it (social security) could balance its books. Well, if the government can't get cheap money the only way is to raise the interest rate. Then there will be money available because there are enough people who will save if it is worth while. But they have been having a hard time lately.

It looks from here as if continued inflation would cause higher interest rates and that might cause a check on inflation. It is very bad when a dollar shrinks right before your eyes, when you have to spend it today because it will be less tomorrow. That is flight from the dollar in the extreme. It has happened in nearly every nation and will happen to us if the value of money keeps on going down. We can barter but that is pretty awkward for an industrial nation.

It is one of the primary duties of government to retain the integrity of its money. Some governments do not know how, some do not have the resources to prevent inflation and some are so political they prefer to give in to the borrowers who are numerous and insistent. For whatever reason it starts inflation, flattens a nation's economy. After citizens get scared of their own money—Good-bye.

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

One of the problems that will start gray hairs on the heads of Oregon legislators this winter is what to do about unemployment compensation. All firms are now paying 2.7 per cent on their payrolls despite the fact that many of these firms had earned a .06 per cent rate because they had no unemployment problem, never firing anyone or laying off any regular employees. Continuance of the high rate will surely discourage firms with steady employment records from coming to Oregon.

It is our well considered belief that employer must be held responsible for his employees; that if conditions are such that he has to temporarily lay off men he should continue to pay them. It is even to his advantage to do this because he is thus assured of having a crew when he can go to work again. There is no serious disagreement with this thinking. That was the intent of the law. Since its passage it has been amended until it is now a relief measure and not insurance.

Those who work at seasonal labor have no right to expect payment for the time not worked. No one can strawberries in January in Oregon; no one expects to can strawberries at that time of year. Therefore there is no sense in paying someone for not canning strawberries in January. He isn't out of a job; he is out of strawberries.

By such gimmicks as that the unemployment fund has been raided until it is so low that every one must pay the premium rates. Employers also worked for lower rates until they were lower than proper and this has helped deplete the fund.

But the worst thing is that many persons have been permitted to draw rocking chair money without ever having been steadily employed or ever intending to be steadily employed. The shiftless are getting the benefits and the regular workers are getting some of the blame. No worker ever pays into the unemployment fund; it is the sole responsibility of employers.

The legislature may solve the problem for it contains members less subservient to labor than did the last legislature. It is a better legislature than was the 1957 legislature. The record as to who paid the campaign expenses for legislators has not come out yet but we are sure that labor had less success in buying members than before.

But someone else is going to have to study the problem as well, the general public will have to be aroused before it can be settled.

enables the family to limit the cost to its needs or wishes. Spencer & Libby funeral home 3234 800 KELLY AVE.

People's Column

Your editorial on the amount of taxes paid by citizens of Grass Valley and Moro has raised some questions in my mind. Particularly the statement that the \$280 paid to Moro is "excessive considering the services rendered." You did not mention what services you were referring to.

I would like to see a chart showing the comparison of the following services for the cities of Moro and Grass Valley: Number of feet of paved streets, number of books and circulation in the city library, fire insurance rating, acres of grassed city park, and water rates. I think a study of this chart will show what the citizens of Moro are paying for.

Grass Valley is a nice town and is to be congratulated upon its new residences. I note they are on the paved highway. Services cost money and I am proud of the Moro city park, the city library, paved streets and the fire truck. Fortunately the Moro fire truck was able to push the Grass Valley fire truck safely away from the fire in Grass Valley last summer.

If the citizens of Moro wish to reduce these services, I am sure the city council will give an attentive ear as to which should be reduced first.

Very truly yours, William E. Hall

President Patty Miller called the cooking club to order at 3:30 o'clock Thursday, November 13 at the Moro Community church. The club name was discussed. We voted the new club name as Come and Get It. Our next meeting was November 21.

Dr. Otis G. Perkins Optometrist 405 E. 2nd St. Tel. CY-6-5362 The Dalles, Ore.

WANT ADS

FOR SALE: Used dryer \$60.00. Philco TV our demonstrator \$175.00; Oil Stove \$35.00; Used magnavox Hi Fi \$150.00; Store scales \$15.00. B & D Elec. Saw, \$50.00. Ranch and Home Store, Moro, Oregon. 4c

FOR SALE: 7-room house, partly furnished in Moro. Call JO 5-3601. 3-4p

FOR SALE: TD 35, good shape, will trade for livestock. Clinton Cosner, Phone PProspect 3-5166, Centerville, Wn. 3-5p

Custom Slaughter by appointment only. Meat cutting, wrapping, sharp freeze. Kenny's Market, Grass Valley, Oregon. Call ED 3-2345 for appointment.

STATE WIDE PAINT CO. complete painting and decorating service, spray or brush. Phone CY 6-3977 or CY-6-5293, 1205 E. 12th St. Vern Campbell and Jack Null, The Dalles, Or. 38ftn

CHRISTMAS GREETINGS 1958

CHALK UP... another victory over disease. You can help defeat the age-old killer, tuberculosis. When you buy Christmas Seals, you support your TB association's efforts to eradicate this contagious disease. BUY AND USE CHRISTMAS SEALS

Moro LODGE No. 113 I.O.O.F. Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesdays in I.O.O.F. hall. Transient and visiting brothers are cordially invited. Floyd Haines, N. G. Leo Watkins, Secretary

Taylor LODGE A. F. & A. M. Wasco, Oregon Meets each First and Third Tuesdays. Elton Medler, W. M. Gordon Harper, Secretary

Eureka Lodge No. 121 A.F.&A.M. Meets on the 1st and 3rd Thursday evenings each month. Visiting members cordially invited to meet with us. Joe Heater, W. M. Clyde Gillmor, Secretary

HARLANDVIEW GRANGE Meets First and Third Saturdays each month at 8:00 p. m. Helen Bruckert, Master Florence Bruckert, Secretary

Bethlehem Chapter No. 78 O.E.S. Meets every second Thursday each month. Visiting members invited. Moro, Ore. Annabelle Keiso, W. M. Dorothy Heater, Secretary

Lupine Rebekah Lodge No. 116 Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesdays of each month. Visiting members welcome. Ann Miller, N. G. Helen Martin, Secretary

WASHINGTON AND "SMALL BUSINESS" BY C. WILSON HARDER

It will be perhaps a few weeks yet before the data is gathered on spending in the recently completed political campaigns.

But already, with figures in only up to September 1st, an idea is gained of the vast amounts of money Big Labor threw into campaign activity.

Up until September 1, organized labor groups had spent on campaign purposes a recorded total of \$690,000 as compared to only \$751,000 spent by one of the major political parties.

These totals only give an idea, not the full amount as it is only required under Federal law to report campaign expenditures by political committees that operate in more than one state.

Thus, while the totals on labor's political spending is largely under the banner of the AFL-CIO Committee on Political Education, presumably, unions operating inside a state that have set up local political organizations can also spend freely on campaigns without reporting.

It is interesting to note that of reported political campaign spending, Labor accounted for 20% of the total.

It is also interesting that the law does not require reports on money spent in primary elections even though in many cases they are equal in importance to the general election.

Under the law, it is illegal for labor organizations to make contributions to candidates for national office.

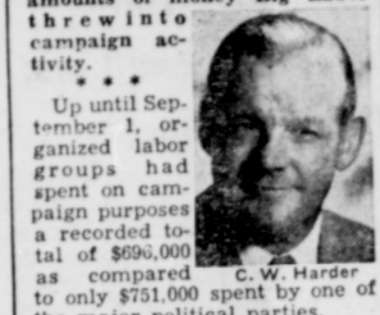
Yes, Big Labor has made a mockery of this law by setting up groups such as the Committee on Political Education, which takes in the money from the unions and spends it for campaign purposes.

It is also interesting to note that just one union, United Auto Workers, through their political satellite, the Political Action Committee, C. I. O. spent almost one third of reported totals.

Generally speaking, businesses are prohibited by law from making political campaign contributions. Thus, for all practical purposes, the biggest single factor in election spending is Big Labor.

Undoubtedly, entire situation points up need for businessmen to take a far more active part in the political affairs in order for business to survive in an economy where labor looms so important in political arena. And while it is undoubtedly quite unwise for business to try to enter into political campaigning with political funds, it also seems obvious that business must take some action.

It seems without doubt that the best influence a businessman can have on political matters affecting small business is to make known, without trying "pressure" tactics, the problems of independent enterprise, and express opinions on measures that affect small business welfare. It is in this area that the National Federation of Independent Business functions. Only in this manner can the American politico-economic scale be kept in proper balance.



C. W. Harder

County Ramblin's

County Agricultural Agent

A new bulletin that is available to you free on request at the office of your county extension agent, is "Farm Power Sprayers." It is referred to as a PNW Publication. Why? Well, on a number of subjects of mutual interest and need, the University of Idaho, Washington State college and Oregon State college, have pooled their efforts and come out with a bulletin for the Pacific Northwest. In other words it's a Pacific Northwest cooperative extension publication.

This sprayers bulletin is well illustrated and covers such subjects as: selection and operation of farm power sprayers, cleaning the sprayer, safety precaution pumps, booms and hand guns, nozzles, tanks, agitators, controlling the spray application calibration of sprayers, time required for spraying and other practical items. Ask for PNW bulletin No. 23.

Farm Employer Liability The State Industrial Accident commission has advised that farm employers can no longer protect themselves in suits resulting from on-the-job injuries to workers by pleadings: (1) employee negligence; (2) fellow employee negligence; (3) employee's assumption of risk. In other words, employers are liable.

Two common methods employers are using to spread the risk: (1) Secure coverage under the Workman's Compensation Act through the State Industrial Accident commission; (2) Obtain adequate insurance coverage by a private company.

Detailed information may be obtained from the State Industrial Accident commission.

Coming Events Sherman county will play host to the annual Oregon Wheat League meeting to be held at the Multnomah Hotel, Portland, December 4-6. County wheat league officers hope for a large turnout from the county. Special invitations to attend will be mailed to county land owners living in and

Dr. Frank D. Reid Dentist Moro Hotel Bldg. JO 5-3561 Tuesdays & Wednesdays

near Portland. The Mideo Breeders association annual sale will be held Tuesday, December 2, The Dalles. Previously the event was held at Moro. Directors decided after an invitation from Wasco county to move the event to the Seufert Cannery building, The Dalles.

The extension, research and resident instruction staffs in agriculture and home economics at OSC will hold its annual conference December 1-5. Theme of the conference is "Education Today for Tomorrow's Needs." Several outstanding speakers and educators have been secured for the event including C. M. Ferguson, administrator, Federal extension service, Washington, D. C.

Those attending from Sherman county will be Carol Armstrong, county extension agent; W. E. Hall and Bill Wright, Sherman branch experiment station. I will be unable to attend due to confliction between Mideo Sale and Oregon wheat league meeting.

New Acreage To Strip Cropping Paulen Kaseberg and John Shipley are initiating new acreages of cross slope strip cropping. The Kaseberg acreage amounts to 300 and Shipley 100. Strip cropping is an excellent conservation practice and should be given more consideration by Sherman county farmers.

The Sherman Agricultural Planning conference this past winter gave strong support for strip

cropping. It recognized its importance as a practice that can be done by any farmer without equipment change. Under nearly all erosion problems strip-cropping will stop erosion. The strips on the Shipley and Kaseberg ranches were laid out under the direction of Henry Grabenhorst soil conservation service.

Other land use practices planned or underway are land leveling for irrigation, Al Merritt, 30 acres; Shelt Burres, 54 acres; and Stan Coelsch, 10 acres. The Soil Conservation service also supervises this work. A sprinkler irrigation system of 9 acres has been planned for Merle Miller, Moro.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF FINAL ACCOUNT Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has filed in the County Court of the State of Oregon for Sherman County, his Final Account as Administrator of the Estate of Jennie K. Foss, deceased, and that Monday, the 22nd day of December, 1958, at the hour of ten o'clock A. M. of said day in the court room of the County Court in Moro, Sherman County, Oregon, have been fixed by the Court as the time and place for hearing objections to said Final Account and for the settlement of said estate.

John A. Foss Administrator T. Lester Johnson Attorney for Administrator 3-6c

NOTICE OF VACATION NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Council of the City of Moro, Oregon, has by Resolution initiated proceedings to vacate the following described property, to-wit:

That portion of Second Street lying southeasterly of the south easterly line of Main Street and between Block 4 and 5, City of Moro, Oregon.

and that the 16th day of December, 1958, at the hour of 8:00 o'clock p. m. has been fixed by the Council of said City as the time and the City Hall of said City of Moro, Oregon, as the place for the hearing of the matter of said vacation and objections or remonstrances thereto may be made in writing and filed with the City Recorder of said City prior to the time of said hearing. Recorder of City of Moro, Oregon 2-5c

W. M. Alsop

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

All persons having claims against the Estate of L. E. DEHLER, Deceased, are hereby notified to present them, with the proper vouchers and duly verified to the undersigned, the duly appointed, qualified and acting Administratrix of the Estate of L. E. Dehler, deceased, at the office of T. Lester Johnson, Attorney at Law, Moro, Oregon, within six months from the date of the first publication of this Notice, to-wit: November 7, 1958.

Elva Dehler Administratrix T. Lester Johnson Attorney for Administratrix 1-4c

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR THE COUNTY OF SHERMAN In the matter of the Estate) of) EARL JAMES LYONS) (Deceased)

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the undersigned, as the Administrator of the above entitled estate, under and by virtue of an Order of the above entitled Court, made on the 5th day of November, 1958, will sell at private sale, in one parcel, to the highest bidder, upon the terms and conditions hereinafter mentioned, and subject to the confirmation of the above entitled Court, on or after Monday, the 8th day of December, 1958, at the hour of two o'clock P. M. at the office of T. Lester Johnson, attorney at law, Moro, Oregon, the following described real property situated in the Town of Kent, Sherman County, Oregon, to-wit:

All of Block Twenty-six (26) of the FIRST ADDITION to the Town of Kent in Sherman County, Oregon, excepting that portion of said Block taken by the Sherman County Highway, also known as U. S. Highway No. 97.

The terms of said sale will be Cash, lawful money of The United States, ten per cent (10%) of the purchase money to be paid at time of sale, balance on confirmation of sale by the Court.

All bids or offers must be in writing and may be left at the office of T. Lester Johnson, attorney for said administrator, at Moro, Oregon, or may be delivered to said administrator personally at Moro, Oregon, at any time after the first publication of this Notice and before the making of the sale.

Dated this 7th day of November, 1958.

Clair Balzer Administrator of the Estate of Earl James Lyons, Deceased 4-7c

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Table with 2 columns: Deposit Weekly, Receive Next November. Values range from \$50 to \$500.

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