

Sherman County Journal

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GILES L. FRENCH Managing Editor



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EXAMPLE

Information given the members of the commercial club Tuesday night by the officers in charge of the CCC camp here leads to the assumption that citizens of the counties in which these camps are located will have an opportunity to put their Americanism to the test.

We in the northwest, being natives of the United States and descendants of natives to a large degree, take our American system of government and the theory of democratic self rule as a matter of course because it has been taught us from infancy and is understood by us. The boys who will probably fill the camp here will come from the industrial east. Many of them will not have had educational advantages and almost none of them will have any great knowledge of the geography or history of the nation.

It is perhaps an indictment of the industrial part of the nation that the foregoing is true. But, as we of rural America consider ourselves to be the caretakers of the American spirit of democracy we can do something to foster that spirit among the boys who are destined to spend a few months in our open western country.

The principles we cherish can be taught more easily by example than by precept. We are a part, it appears, of an Americanization program; we are, willingly or not, the examples. It is for us to determine whether we shall be good ones or bad.

GOOD WORK

There will be new and added respect for the volunteer fire departments in this county since the fire at Wasco Saturday. Anyone who observes the condition of the burned Burres building will realize that only speedy action saved it from complete destruction with almost certain burning of several other buildings in the heart of the business section.

Small town fire departments often work under handicaps that would deter regularly trained firemen. Water pressures, hoses, equipment are never as good as in the larger towns but the personal interest in the job is sufficient to overcome many difficulties. There is no doubt in the minds of Wasco citizens that the fire departments saved the town from a loss from which it could not have recovered in years, if at all.

PLANNING

This is an age of planning, or rather, of talking about planning. Now planning is a good thing and nothing becomes very successful without a smattering of it at the head office. This is the age of engineers and what are they but planners. Overlook the fact, please, that we recently bounced the "Great Engineer."

Sometimes it looks as if the human race didn't know enough to lay an adequate plan. It covers the apparent things and carefully plans how to evade certain exigencies and provide for certain others. Then, like as not, the whole picture changes and the plan is dismissed with the sorrowful excuse, "It would have been alright, if..."

Imagine, if you can, the plan that would have appealed to George Washington and Thomas Jefferson in their day. They did not even consider the railroad to say nothing of the airplane, the radio and television.

It must be true that no one can plan for a longer period of time than he can verify his information. And in these days of invention that is a short time indeed. Farmers have planned their methods of operation for years and now comes the erosion service with an entirely new bunch of information that was not considered to any great extent in the original plans. Manufacturers of machinery are constantly forced to change their plans to conform to the new developments and new inventions that make their plans obsolete.

Planning is a short time job. We cannot project, successfully, our ideas into the future and say that in 1950 or 1980 we will do this and so for we don't know what sort of a world this will be at that time. We don't even what kind of a man will be successful in 1950 and are unable to educate the youth for their adult lives to any degree of success.

We must be constantly awake to

the changes that come to us and be able to move in the direction indicated by the facts we are able to understand and foresee. Perhaps that is opportunism and not planning.

MAYBE

We wonder how the present furor about the defeat of the utility bill will be regarded after the smoke of battle dies down; how the next generation will consider it; how it will appear on the pages of history books?

Is it going to be thought immoral to work against the passage of bills that seriously affect established business? There are a few people who believe that the utilities have used all the virtues in their machinations. All agree that control is needed. Whether that control shall be state or federal or whether complete ownership of the utilities will be the outcome cannot be known.

That so many headlines should tell of the lobby for the utilities manifests a desire on the part of the people to keep the power interests from holding to their present status. Dishonest practices have already been shown, but the effectiveness of these practices cannot be shown.

Lobbying and pay for lobbying is as common as legislation. The farmers of this county have made up purses several times to lobby for desired legislation. That means paying some one to write a satisfactory bill and interest legislators in it. More often farm legislation lobbying is done from personal interest, however.

There is great prejudice against public utilities that may be the beginning of the end for them or it may be but a passing political situation that will be forgotten with better times.

Shades of Mark Hanna. Who ever thought the Republicans would ever get a kick out of carrying Rhode Island?

Joe Louis knocked the King out of Levinsky. Huey Long should take this matter up with the Louisiana legislature for he is trying to increase the number of kings and this won't do at all.

Down in Astoria they are going to shut the water off on those who don't pay their taxes. It would have been a long dry spell if that had been put in effect in 1930 or so.

Believers in the inheritability of acquired characteristics will be pleased about those fox terriers born without a tail after generations of man made tail-less parents. While it might be useful if it was a fact that offspring inherit the characteristics their parents develop there are a lot of things this generation does that we hope the younger folks don't have to inherit.

The state of Oregon is going to advertise for tourists. Work on the roads themselves is a good advertisement.

Anyhow that California scientist who froze the monkey as an experiment chose a good time of year to do it in.

Striking will break into the movies pretty soon if strikers continue to handle women like that bunch down in Texas.

District attorneys, sheriffs, state police, judges and jurors are paid to catch criminals and put them in jail and along comes one mere parole officer and allegedly takes pay for letting them out again.

First it is reported that the state will have to wait to put in its bid for that easy government money and now some one says it will have to speed up. Don't anybody know nothin'?

The perfect vacation has been discovered. When it is possible to freeze people for indefinite periods one can have a complete rest without bothering about diet, water, mosquitoes or anything else.

CLUB MEETING

(Continued from page one)
around regarding the fair were not true and cautioned his listeners against them. Plans for the club cooperation with the fair board were offered by W. H. Ragsdale and S. W. Searcy.

STATE AFFAIRS

(Continued from page one)

ment is now expected to turn its attention to the problem of married women in the employ of the state.

In the 22 years of its existence the state highway department has paid out \$22,333,140 in interest charges on its bonds. This amount is only slightly less than the \$23,070,750 paid out in retirement of maturing bonds during the same period.

Human nature does not change greatly with the passing of the years. Tastes and problems are pretty much the same today as they were several decades ago. This is revealed by a review of the records of the state library. These show that the popular books of 30 years ago were "Lorna Doone," "The Virginian," "The Hoosier School Master" and "Treasure Island." Incidentally every one of these titles are still in big demand today, according to Miss Harriett C. Long, state librarian. Debate topics of that period are strongly reminiscent of the problems that agitate the world today; corrupt practices at elections; industrial arbitration; old age pensions; workingman's insurance; child labor; injunctions in labor disputes; forest preservation; income tax; liquor legislation; teachers' salaries; consolidation of rural schools; ship subsidies; food adulteration.

In an opinion this week the state supreme court held that loan companies lending money on automobiles must qualify under the Motor Vehicle Finance act rather than under the Small Loan act. Loans under the former act are limited to \$500 with interest charges limited to a maximum of two per cent a month.

Office space actually occupied by the state boards, commissions and departments in Salem increased 85 percent during the past ten years, according to a survey made by W. H. Crowell, engineer employed by the State Planning board. Space requests filed by state departments with the planning board call for an increase of 55 percent over that in use at the time of the capitol fire last April. Crowell has recommended the construction of a group of three state buildings, rather than a single larger unit. The planning board however, has not endorsed the suggestion, withholding its recommendations until the question of site and other matters, have been determined.

Read the ads in the Journal

In Other Days

From the Observer Aug. 11, 1916.
Wheat buyers in this market were paying \$1.00 per bushel Thursday. Many growers are holding off for a better price believing it will reach \$1.25 within a few weeks.

Bourhill and Co., who have purchased the grocery stock of the late firm of L. J. Lucas and Co., have added the most complete line of strictly fresh groceries as well as crockery and tinware.

A list of 67 men who were to receive money for their claims against The Dalles Military Road Company on account of homestead entries was given. The total to be paid was \$92,648.13. Many of the men were dead and others had left the country.

Hugh Shull sold 50,000 bushels of wheat Thursday of last week to the Wasco Warehouse and Milling Co. for \$1.00 per bushel.

The city authorities had the street sprinkling wagon in operation in the business section during the dusty period of last week.

From the Observer Aug. 10, 1906.
Sherman county gets \$2,290 from the irreducible school fund this year on a school population of 1347.

Prof. White, long and favorably known in educational circles in Sherman and Wasco counties, was returned to this county as principal of the Grass Valley schools.

Robert Estlinger is putting up about \$4000 worth of improvements at his farm south of Grass Valley notwithstanding the hard times.

Wm. Raymond expects to join the army of mechanics rebuilding San Francisco.

In Lewiston last week 100,000 lbs of wool was bought at 14 1/2 to 17c. R. W. Montgomery last week sold his interest in the Moro Pharmacy to L. Barnum and O. J. Goffin.

Equalization Board To Meet August 12

NOTICE: There will be a meeting of the County Board of Equalization of Sherman County, Oregon at the Court House, Moro, Oregon, on the second Monday in August, that being the 12th day of August, 1935, to publicly examine the Assessment Rolls, correct all errors in valuation, descriptions of lands or other property assessed by me, and it shall be the duty of persons interested to appear at the time and place appointed. All petitions must be made in writing and verified by the oath of the applicant and filed with the board within fifteen days from the time it is by law required to meet.

Margaret W. Peetz
County Assessor

Review of National History Shows Constitutional Changes

By John T. Ganoe

What conclusions can be drawn from history as to the problem of the extension of the activities of the Federal Government? What aid, if any, can be received from the study of State and Federal relations in the past? Can we, from history, draw conclusions that will aid in the interpretation of the concrete issues now placed before us by the advent of the so-called New Deal?

These are the problems to which we now turn our attention. From our history we may, I believe, summarize our conclusions in the following five propositions:

(1) The sphere of action for Federal Government conceived of by the framers of the Constitution, has long since been abandoned and it is impossible and undesirable to attempt to return to it.

The economic development has been so rapid and diffuse that any attempt to return to the ideas of even the most ardent of the nationalists of the federalist era would fail to give the government powers deemed almost universally to be desirable.

(2) The interpretation of the respective spheres of action of the state and national government cannot be made by the consultation of the simple and general terms of the Constitution relating to the powers specifically delegated to the Federal Government.

The Constitution is not the mere document; it is that plus all the customs, traditions and judicial interpretations relating to it. Conceived in this manner, present problems must be interpreted not in terms of a strict interpretation of the wording of the original document but in terms of what the Constitution is today.

(3) The decisions of the courts generally have followed the economic and social development. The formal process of amending the Constitution was made so cumbersome by the framers that rarely has constitutional modification come about in that way. As a consequence the greater burden of constitutional adaptation has fallen upon the Court.

is equally true that the men compose the courts and that in their interpretations make laws.

Marshall, following the Federalist principles of the times, moulded the Constitution to coincide with those ideals. Taney, an ardent adherent to the States' Rights doctrine, moulded it in that direction in response, perhaps, to the opinion of the prevailing political power of the era.

The refusal of the Senate to confirm President Hoover's appointment of Judge Parker to the Supreme Bench was no accident. It was a frank recognition that the personnel of the Court determines the direction of constitutional development and that a proposed member of the Court must be in accord with economic and political philosophy of the day.

(4) Political parties have by no means been consistent in their positions as to the extension of Federal powers. Attitudes toward, and interpretations of, the sphere of Federal activity on the part of political parties seem to be closely correlated to the effects of a particular extension of governmental authority upon the economic interests which are dominant within the various political parties.

The character of the process of constitutional adaptation has thus depended upon the wise or unwise choice of statesmen reflecting in the political arena the economic interests they have represented.

(2) Not only has the constitution been the result of evolution but each age has been confronted with the problem of determining the direction of its growth.

The question of the relation of the States to the Federal Government has not been decided by the opinion of any one generation, because it is a question of evolution. Each and every stage of our economic, social and political development presents the problem in a new form and it becomes a new question.

We are now confronted with the economic problem of a new era, and while the evolution of concepts over the past hundred and fifty years plays an important and to some degree a determining influence, it is also true that the answer which the American people

gives to the economic, social and political problems with which they are now confronted will determine the relations between the State and Federal Governments.

Before the American people is the practical question as to the acceptance of the fundamental principles of the New Deal as a part of our constitutional system.

Should the American people accept the extension of Federal authority involved in the economic and political program of the New Deal? Is the program of the New Deal in accordance with the fundamental constitutional ideals?

The answer to these questions is to be found not only by an appeal to the past but by a very careful analysis of the economic and political problems involved in the light of present circumstances.

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR THE COUNTY OF WASCO

The Oregon-Washington Joint Stock Land Bank of Portland, Oregon, a corporation. Plaintiff, vs. William K. Ketchum, Lena W. Ketchum, Charles H. Brune, Elizabeth H. Brune, Albert Hill, Edith Hill, The First National Bank of The Dalles (Oregon), O. A. Carlson, as Receiver of The First National Bank of The Dalles (Oregon), a Municipal Corporation of the State of Oregon, and The Federal Land Bank of Spokane, a corporation. Defendants.

By virtue of the writ of execution and order of sale duly issued

out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Wasco, on the 31st day of August, 1935, pursuant to a decree entered in said Court June 8th, 1935, in a suit wherein The Oregon-Washington Joint Stock Land Bank of Portland, Oregon a corporation, is plaintiff, and William K. Ketchum, Lena W. Ketchum, Charles H. Brune, Elizabeth H. Brune, Albert Hill, Edith Hill, The First National Bank of The Dalles (Oregon), O. A. Carlson, as Receiver of The First National Bank of The Dalles (Oregon) and County of Wasco, a Municipal Corporation of the State of Oregon, and The Federal Land Bank of Spokane, a corporation, are defendants, said writ being directed to me commanding me to make sale of the real property hereinafter described, I will on Saturday, the 31st day of September, 1935, at 10:00 o'clock a. m. at the front door of the Court House of Sherman County, in the City of Moro, State of Oregon, offer for sale and proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash in hand the following described real property, situate in Sherman County, State of Oregon, to-wit:

North-east Quarter of the North-east Quarter (NE1/4) of Section Thirty-four (34), Township Two (2) South, Range Fifteen (15) East of the Willamette Meridian, situate in Sherman County, State of Oregon, containing forty (40) acres, more or less, to satisfy the sum of Fifty-five and 60-100 Dollars (\$55.60), deficiency remaining upon said judgment and

Said sale is made under execution issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Sherman to me directed in the case of Elizabeth Fuller, plaintiff, vs. J. H. Ferrell, a single man; O. A. Carlson, Receiver of the First National Bank of The Dalles, Oregon; State Industrial Accident Commission; and Alma Barnett Fridley, defendants. HUGH CHRISMAN Sheriff of Sherman County, Ore. First published July 19, 1935. Last publication August 9, 1935.

29-30-31
RACES
for the
Sherman County FAIR
will be conducted under the rules and regulations of the central Oregon association insuring Speed and Thrills

You Meet Your Friends at the Fair
for "Every Day Is Sherman County Day"

"You don't have to be rich to enjoy rich whiskey!"

A BARREL OF QUALITY IN EVERY BOTTLE

"You can count on ME FOR QUALITY! And a fair price... I've been a young fellow myself"

The Friendly Whiskey friendly to your taste, throat and purse

Yes, my friends—that's what this old-timer is always going to try to give you... a barrel of quality in every bottle.

As you prefer... in
BOURBON or RYE
NOW AVAILABLE IN OREGON

75c PINT
No. 1266 (Reg)
No. 1726 (Bourbon)

\$1.45 QUART
No. 126A (Reg)
No. 172A (Bourbon)

OLD QUAKER
STRAIGHT WHISKEY AS YOU PREFER... IN BOURBON or RYE

OLD QUAKER DISTILLED GIN
75c PINT No. 801C (100 Proof) 95c FIFTH No. 801B (80 Proof)

decreed, after exhausting proceeds of sale of the remainder of the property included in said decree and order of sale, with interest thereon from July 24, 1935, at the rate of six per cent. per annum, together with the costs of and upon said writ.

HUGH CHRISMAN Sheriff of Sherman County, Oregon

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL PROPERTY

On Saturday, the 17th day of August, 1935, at the hour of ten o'clock a. m. at the front door of the courthouse in Moro, Sherman County, Oregon, I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real property located in Sherman County, Oregon, to-wit:

Lots numbered Four and Five of Section Six, Township One North of Range Nineteen, East of Willamette Meridian, containing One Hundred nineteen and 35-100 acres, more or less, according to Government Survey, Sherman County, Oregon.

Said sale is made under execution issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Sherman to me directed in the case of Elizabeth Fuller, plaintiff, vs. J. H. Ferrell, a single man; O. A. Carlson, Receiver of the First National Bank of The Dalles, Oregon; State Industrial Accident Commission; and Alma Barnett Fridley, defendants. HUGH CHRISMAN Sheriff of Sherman County, Ore. First published July 19, 1935. Last publication August 9, 1935.

ZELL'S FUNERAL HOME
Phone 345 The Dalles, Ore.
GRASS VALLEY PHARMACY
Phone 222

Like MAGIC
A CONSTANT SUPPLY OF HOT WATER FOR EVERY NEED WITHOUT WAITING AT LOW COST

Install electric hot water service now...

With low 8-mill rate and low-priced automatic electric water heater, you can easily afford it!

\$10 down installs a specially-priced 40-gallon automatic electric water heater in your home. You pay the balance in convenient monthly installments. The operating cost is only eight-tenths of 1c per k.w.h. ... Try this heater for 60 days. Then—if you are not fully satisfied, it will be removed. The only cost to you will be the electricity used. (Remember, you don't have to own an electric range to own an electric water heater.)

SEE ANY DEALER IN ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT
or PACIFIC POWER & LIGHT COMPANY
Always at Your Service