

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

will aid the cook as no other agent will to make

The dainty cake,
The white and flaky tea biscuit,
The sweet and tender hot griddle cake,
The light and delicate crust,
The finely flavored waffle and muffin,
The crisp and delicious doughnut,
The white, sweet, nutritious bread and roll,—
Delightful to the taste and always wholesome.

Royal Baking Powder is made from PURE GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR and is absolutely free from lime, alum and ammonia.

There are many imitation baking powders, made from alum, mostly sold cheap. Avoid them, as they make the food unwholesome.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

WINNING OVER AN AUDIENCE

A Story of the Presidential Campaign in 1896.

A clever bit of campaign reporting is accredited to Lee Fairchild, the California orator, who leaped into national fame in 1896. He was sent into a Southern state to advocate the gold standard. At a certain place he was informed by the committee that the "rally" would begin and end about the same time, and that not since 1883 had any republican speaker been permitted to finish a speech there.

Upon learning that the speakers, as a rule, had been able to get out of town and fill their next appointments, Fairchild determined to make the attempt as billed. He advised the chairman to have no music, and to introduce him by saying to the audience: "You are the people and here is the speaker." The chairman followed instructions a little too literally. He simply pointed at the audience and then at the speaker, and disappeared behind the scenes.

Fairchild began his speech at once with one of his famous stories. The audience was seated, the colored folk all being in the gallery, and only white people below. In about five minutes the speaker made a pointed thrust at the opponent party, when an organized body of young men in the center of the theater shouted in concert, "Rats!"

Fairchild paused for a moment, and then, waving his hand at the gallery, said: "Waiter, come down and take the Chinaman's orders." The effect was electrical. The speaker, in relating the incident to the writer, said: "You should have seen that black hill of faces sloping heavenward break into ledges of pearls."—Denver Times.

PERSONAL AND IMPERSONAL

Congressman Tawney, of Minnesota began life as a blacksmith's helper.

When Captain Coghlan was in command of the Raleigh he was the smallest man in stature on that ship.

A Fall River (Mass.) lover has secured a writ from court to compel his parents of his sweetheart to permit the latter to wed him.

A Lawrence (Ky.) man fell from a small flight of steps and struck the side of his head on the pavement. The blow deprived him of sight.

A Waldoboro (Me.) bachelor, while watching beside the couch of his sick father last winter, made three fine quilts as were ever produced at an old-fashioned quilting bee.

A St. Louis woman, after searching for six months for her husband, found his body in an embalmer's office, where it was doing service as an exhibit. The man had been accidentally drowned.

Perhaps the most extraordinary family in the world is one now living at Arkansas City. The mother has been married five times, and for each husband she has had a child. The five children are living with her and each bears the name of his father.

Professor G. K. Gilbert, who appears to have been investigating quietly for several years, says the city of Chicago is sinking into the lake at the rate of nine or ten inches in a century. This is happening because of a gradual tilting of the earth's crust in the lake region.

The Conclusion.

"And you say the idiot of a teacher told you that you had an extravagant fool of a father?"

"That's what he meant."

"He said it was criminal folly to waste money on the education of such a chump as I am."—Indianapolis Journal.

Schilling's Best money-back tea and baking powder at Your Grocer's

Reporting the Wedding.

A reporter on a newspaper was given the task of writing up a very swell wedding.

He composed a fine account of the wedding ceremonies, but like many young writers, he tried to use too flowery language, and, becoming excited he forgot to be accurate in the use of words. The description of the beauties of nature read something like this: "The silvery moon hovered over the scene and the stars twinkled merrily; the soft sighing of the wind in the trees near by came like a benediction of love to the happy couple entering upon the voyage of life together."

The reporter sent in his copy but just as the paper was about to be sent to press he rushed into the editor's room all excitement saying he wished to make a correction in the account of the wedding as according to the almanac there was no silvery or any other moon on that night.

And the reporter also said that he had blundered in writing of the "concocting" parties instead of "contracting" parties.

After a few more corrections the account of the wedding was found available for the editor's waste basket.—Tit-Bits.

No Tobacco for Norwegian Boys.

A law was recently passed in Norway prohibiting the sale of tobacco to any boy under 16 years of age without a signed order from an adult relative or employer. Even tourists who offer cigarettes to boys render themselves liable to prosecution. The police are instructed to confiscate the pipes, cigars and cigarettes of kids who smoke in the public streets. A fine for the offense is imposed which may be anywhere between 50 cents and \$25.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

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TYPE

PESTS AGAIN APPEAR.

GRASSHOPPERS REPORTED IN PARTS OF THE WEST.

Entomologist Bruner, of the United States Experiment Station in Nebraska, writes upon the variety and habits of the pestiferous insect.

Entomologist Lawrence Bruner of the United States agricultural experiment station at the University of Nebraska has sent out the following circular on grasshoppers:

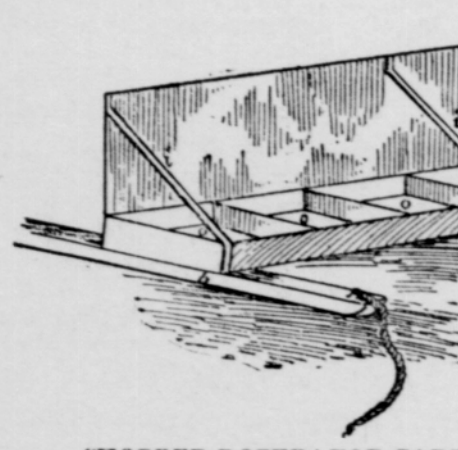
"During the past few years more or less injury by locusts, or grasshoppers, as they are usually called in this country, has been reported from various localities in the interior of North America. By means of specimens obtained and examined at the State University it has been learned that at least four or five distinct kinds of locusts are sufficiently numerous in several localities to cause alarm. They are the following:

"The two-lined locust (malinipus bivittatus), the differential locust (M. femur-rubrum), the lesser migratory locust (M. atlantis) and the Rocky

Mountain Locust—different stages of growth of young.

Mountain or migratory locust (M. spretus).

"The presence in uncommonly large numbers of the last named insect at several points seem to warrant an urging the proper authorities in infested districts to action with a view to the destruction of the pest wherever found. While this particular species is in reality no more destructive to crops than would be an equal number of individuals of any of the others named above, its habit of getting up into the air and migrating in a body to some



"HOPPER DOZER" FOR CAPTURING GRASSHOPPERS.

new locality renders it capable of greater injury. It is by this means that the insect escapes from various enemies and unfavorable climatic conditions.

"The various species that are figured herewith will readily be recognized by the readers of this report. While it is impossible to enter into any extended discussion of locust incursions and the consequent injuries arising from such multiplication of the insects, a brief statement may not be amiss. During normal conditions of weather, etc., the insects of any region are kept within bounds by means of their natural enemies and no dire results follow. When these conditions are disturbed in any way and restraining influences are withdrawn, the more harmful species increase very rapidly. Such increase in numbers of course means the requirement of an increased amount of food, and we see the result more plainly. Some kinds of locusts prefer different haunts and food plants from what others do, and hence the seeming difference in the amount of harm done by each.

"When the natural checks upon locust increase fail and these insects mul-

tiplied abnormally it is necessary to use artificial means for reducing their numbers. It is chiefly to suggest what can be done in this direction that the present circular has been prepared.

"First of all, I wish to suggest that our native birds be protected, since nearly all of them are especially fond of locusts as a diet during the summer months. When our prairie chickens and other grouse were still numerous no harm whatever was reported as coming from 'native grasshoppers.' Quail, plovers, blackbirds, sparrows, hawks and even ducks are known to feed largely upon these insects. A single bird of any of these species will destroy thousands of them. Where the birds are destroyed the extra thousands of locusts soon increase beyond the normal and injury results. Year

after year the gap is made wider and the possibility for harm increases. Even frogs, lizards, snakes and other animals that come under our ban destroy many of these destructive locusts and every time we thoughtlessly take one of them we make it possible for their natural food to do us harm.

"Only a few weeks ago the writer saw dozens of birds engaged in feeding upon the young of the migrating locust in St. Louis, where the insects had hatched in one of the valleys by the river.

"Aside from the birds, reptiles and some of the smaller mammals that habitually feed upon locusts, the in-

sects are attacked by numerous kinds of other insects. These latter of course increase and decrease according as their food increases or decreases, but they also are affected by climatic conditions. Conditions that are unfavorable to the increase of these enemies do not seem to appreciably affect the locusts, hence the frequency with which the latter become destructive does not seem to be materially affected

by parasitic and predaceous insects. When we have removed about the only check to the increase in destructive numbers of the locusts we must naturally seek such relief artificially.

"Thus far we have been only partially successful in our attempts at destroying grasshoppers by the use of fungus diseases. Unlike the chinch bug fungus the one that attacks locusts in North America is comparatively slow in its action and only appears to take hold of the insects after they are about half grown. This being true we must look elsewhere for a means of warfare.

"If we carefully watch where eggs are deposited in rather large numbers we can destroy them by harrowing or disking the ground and exposing them to the drying influence of the sun or to the keen eye of birds. Deep plowing in the spring will bury locust eggs so deeply that the young locusts when they hatch are unable to reach the surface.

"By all odds the best method of destroying these insects is the use of the 'hopper dozer,' or kerosene pan, which is shown herewith. This is made of

stovepipe iron by turning up the sides and ends so as to make a long flat pan about four inches in depth. This is then mounted on runners varying in height according to the requirements. On the frame back of the machine is stretched a piece of cloth to prevent the insects from jumping over the pan. The dozer is pushed forward by a partially filled with water and then some coal oil is added. If the ground is level no cross pieces are necessary, but if the machine is to be used on sloping ground it should be made as indicated in the illustration to prevent the oil and water from running to the rear. The height of the runners will necessarily vary from two to eight or ten inches, according to the crop to be protected and the age of the insects to be captured. The 'dozer' may be of any length desired up to sixteen or eighteen feet. If small it can be drawn by hand, but when larger a horse or mule is preferable. When full the insects can be removed, a little more oil added and the machine again started. In this way a number of bushels of locusts may be destroyed during a single day. The cost is trifling and the remedy very effective. In a garden an old hen with chicks will prove quite valuable, while a flock of turkeys do much good in ridding the premises of the pest."

Thought Her a Vision.

In "Life and Letters of Harriet Beecher Stowe" Mrs. Fields relates an anecdote illustrating the peculiar faculty of Professor Stowe of seeing visions. From early youth he had possessed the singular power of seeing moving about him persons who could not be perceived by others.

Mrs. Stowe, during her residence at Andover, planned to go to Boston one day on business. Making her preparations hurriedly, she bade the household farewell, and rushed to the station, only to see the train go out as she arrived. There was nothing to do but return home and wait patiently for the next train; but wishing not to be disturbed, she quietly opened a side door, crept noiselessly up the staircase leading to her own room, and sat down by her writing-table in the window.

She had been there about half an hour when Professor Stowe came in, looked about him with a preoccupied air, but did not speak to her. She thought his behavior very peculiar, and amused herself by watching him; at last the situation became so extraordinary that she began to laugh.

"Why?" she exclaimed, with a most astonished air, "is that you? I thought it was one of my visions!"

Too Much Culture.

"Aunt Penelope Wigkins," as everybody called her, was visited one summer by a niece from the East, a Vassar College graduate. Aunt Penelope was one of the most hospitable souls alive, but she was not greatly impressed by the superior learning of her young relative, and one day she freed her mind about her thus:

"Talk to me about what a college education does for a girl! What do you suppose Matilda said to me the first time she came? 'She said she came.' 'I'm so glad to meet you, aunt! You accent your name on the Aunt Penultimate, don't you?' 'Did you ever hear such nonsense? I had to tell her my name wasn't Aunt Penultimate, but Aunt Penelope, and I thought she would die laughing!—Youth's Companion.

Where the Wine Comes In.

"It seems a little strange," remarked the funny man, "that you preachers, who always object to Sunday labor, are obliged to do your hardest work on Sunday."

"You are mistaken," replied the preacher. "We always collect our salaries on week days."—New York Journal.

A Good Word for John.

"What did that man want?" "He wanted a correction made." "Did he leave his address?" "No, he didn't want to." "All right; make the correction." Correction—"John Smith wishes it stated that he is not the John Smith who was sued for board by his landlady."—Puck.

Look the Same.

Yeast—Did you ever take any of those mud baths?" Crimsombank—Well, I ran for office once—Yonkers Statesman.

Still More Counterfeiting.

The Secret Service has just unearthed another band of counterfeiters and secured a quantity of bogus bills, which are very cleverly executed. Things of great value are always selected for imitation, notably Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which has many imitators, but no equals for disorders like indigestion, dyspepsia and constipation.

Pennsylvania coal mines are preparing to substitute well-pressed iron for mules as the motive power for the cars in the underground workings.

A Gilt-Edged Train Put on by O. R. & N.—All Modern Equipments, and Run Through Without Change.

Buffet-library cars of the latest build have been placed in service on the O. R. & N. fast mail trains. The library car embraces a spacious smoking saloon, furnished with easy chairs, writing desks, a well-selected library of standard and popular books, guide-books and current periodicals, a well-stocked buffet, a barber shop and an apartment for baggage.

The Oregon Short Line have also inaugurated a modern dining-car service, giving uninterrupted dining-car service via the O. R. & N. and its connections to and from the East. New chair cars, Pullman dining cars, Pullman sleeping cars, Pullman tourist sleepers, which have recently been placed in service and just out of the shops, are to be added to the line. The vestibule and entire train will be vestibuled, making East and West bound trains equal if not superior to many of the widely advertised limited trains in the East.

For about 10 years the Carnegie Company at Pittsburgh has maintained a savings fund for the benefit of its employees. This fund now amounts to over \$1,000,000. The savings fund is the creation of Andrew Carnegie, who, in order to induce the workmen to save their earnings, obliged the Carnegie Steel Company, Limited, to pay the depositors a higher rate of interest on their savings than could be obtained from any bank, building association or other savings institution. The company has met this obligation at all times, regardless of adverse business conditions, of fluctuations in interest rates, paying every one of its workmen who deposited his earnings with the company 6 per cent per annum.

Swift Direction.

Mrs. De Pretty—Horror! That woman who just passed is a young man in disguise.

Husband—Well! Well! How do you know?

Mrs. De Pretty—She looked at my face instead of my dress.—N. Y. Weekly.

There were 5,920 suicides in this country during the last year, compared with 6,600 during the previous year. At the same time there was a falling off of nearly 50 per cent in the number of reported embezzlements.

The American locomotive manufacturers from 1880 to 1898 inclusive exported 2,389 locomotives, of a value of more than \$20,000,000.

Wanted Something Better.

"Is there any place in this town where they telegraph without wires?" he asked of the policeman on the corner.

"That discovery is too new and we haven't got it yet," replied the officer.

"What's the matter with the old way?"

No good. I've kept five or six wires red hot for half a day trying to get my brother-in-law to send me money to get home on, but I can't even raise him.—Philadelphia Press.

"Actions of the Just Smell Sweet."

The fragrance of life is vigor and strength, neither of which can be found in a person whose blood is impure, and whose every breath speaks of internal troubles. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and makes the weak strong.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints.

All people make a pretense that they do not care for a fortune, but just enough to make them comfortable.—Washington (La.) Democrat.

The two oldest males in this country live in Indiana. One is 114 years old, the other 103, and both claim never to have been kissed.

Help Nature Help You! Vitality cannot cure disease, unless your blood is pure inside and out. Sarsaparilla keeps it clean inside. All kinds of skin diseases, etc., cured.

During the first week in May 256,000 pounds of wool were shipped from Navarro county, Texas, to pencil factories in Cincinnati and New York.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is our only medicine for coughs and colds.—Mrs. C. Beitz, 420 8th Ave., Denver, Col., Nov. 8, '95.

Southerly: A good man and a wise man may, at times, be angry with the world and at times grieved for it, but no man was ever discontented with the world if he did his duty in it.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes! One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Powder. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Cures swollen feet, blisters and callous spots. Allen's Foot-Powder is a certain cure for ingrowing nails, sweating, smarting, hot, aching feet. We have 30,000 testimonials. Trial package FREE by mail. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

English speaking people are said to have the best foreheads and eyebrows.

Permanently Cured. No time necessary after first day's use of Dr. King's Great Peppermint Cure. D. R. H. KLINE, 125-129 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

The magnitude of the Carnegie Steel Company's operations may be understood from the statement that in 1898 the company made 17 per cent of the pig iron produced in the United States, 36 per cent of the product of Pennsylvania and 66 per cent of the product of Allegheny county. They manufactured 22 per cent of the Bessemer steel production of the United States and 42 per cent of the like product of Pennsylvania.

A new industry is springing up in Northern Mexico—the sinking of wells for salt water, from which salt is manufactured for mining and domestic purposes. One company has secured 120,000 acres of salt water territory at Camaron, 120 miles south of Laredo, and has struck water containing 12 per cent of salt, worth from 1 to 3 cents a pound.

Nothing, perhaps, is so bitter as olives freshly picked, yet after they turn purple and black, hogs soon learn to devour them.

An analyst has made the discovery that California roses contain 20 per cent more perfume than those grown elsewhere.

Remember that cholera, morbus, cholera infantum, summer complaint, bilious colic, diarrhoea and dysentery are each and all catarrh of the bowels. Catarrh is the only common name for these affections. Peruna is an absolute specific for these ailments, which are so common in summer. Dr. Hartman, in a practice of over forty years, never lost a single case of cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhoea, or cholera morbus, and his only remedy was Peruna. Those desiring further particulars should send for a free copy of "Summer Catarrh." Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.

A Clean Record.

"I wouldn't associate with her. Why, one of her ancestors was a charwoman." "Well then she's sure that one of them at least had a clean record."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Fuddy-Joggles has moved out to the suburbs." He says he does it for the exercise that working about the place will give him. He bought Shandy's place. Shandy has moved into town.

Daddy—What induced him to sell? "To get rid of the work about the place."—Boston Transcript.

For the Family

All ages hail with delight the coming of the most wonderful, meritorious preparation that will lighten the ills of humanity and will do away with the taking of obnoxious, violent purges, inconvenient liquids, and pills that tear your life out. Simply because in CASCARETS Candy Cathartic you will find just what you want, convenient in form, pleasant of taste (just like candy) and of never-failing remedial action. They have found a place in every well-regulated household, and are the favorite medicine of the whole family, from baby to good old grandpa.

Don't be fooled with substitutes for CASCARETS!

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ANNUAL SALES, 5,000,000 BOXES.

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JOHN POOLE, PORTLAND, OREGON, can give you the best bargains in general machinery, engines, boilers, tanks, pumps, pipes, belts and windmills. The new steel 1 X L windmill, sold by him, is unequalled.

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Of most strong, healthy people is their perfect digestion. Dyspepsia and impure blooded people will find permanent and quick relief in Moore's Revealed Remedy.

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Is what the largest and best school systems use.

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DR. GUNN'S IMPROVED PILLS

SURE CURE FOR RUPTURE

YOUNG MEN!

IF CLAIMANTS FOR PENSION

CURE YOURSELF!