

# MORO LEADER.

Published Every Wednesday by the  
Moro Publishing Co.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:  
PER YEAR, \$1.00. SIX MONTHS, 50C.  
(In advance.)  
SINGLE COPIES.....5 CENTS.

L. W. HUNTING.....Editor.  
WEDNESDAY.....APRIL 27, 1898.

## OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

### UNITED STATES.

William McKinley.....President.  
Garrett A. Hobart.....Vice President.  
John Sherman.....Secretary of State.  
Lyman P. Gage.....Secretary of Treasury.  
C. N. Bliss.....Secretary of Interior.  
Russell A. Alger.....Secretary of War.  
John D. Long.....Secretary of Navy.  
James A. Gary.....Postmaster General.  
Joseph McKenna.....Attorney General.  
James Wilson.....Secretary of Agriculture.

### STATE OF OREGON.

W. P. Lord.....Governor.  
H. R. Kincaid.....Secretary of State.  
Phil. Metcalf.....Treasurer.  
G. M. Irwin.....Supt. Pub. Instruction.  
U. S. SENATOR.

George W. McBride.

### CONGRESSMEN.

W. R. Ellis.....Thomas H. Tongue.  
W. H. Leeds.....State Printer.

### SUPREME JUDGES.

F. A. Moore, R. S. Bean, C. E. Wolverton.

### SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

W. L. Bradshaw.....Circuit Judge.  
A. A. Jayne.....Prosecuting Attorney.  
E. R. Dufur.....Joint Senator.  
Gilliam, Sherman and Wasco counties.  
John Michell.....Joint Senator.  
Sherman and Wasco.  
B. S. Huntington, F. N. Jones, Joint  
Representatives, Sherman, Wasco.

### SHERMAN COUNTY.

John Fulton.....County Judge.  
P. R. Orr, R. H. King, Commissioners.  
Wm. Henrichs.....Clerk.  
Wm. Holder.....Sheriff.  
Geo. N. Bolton.....Treasurer.  
W. J. Dedrickson.....County Supt.  
B. F. Pike.....Assessor.  
F. E. Brown.....Coroner.  
J. T. Johnson.....Surveyor.  
J. V. O'Leary.....Stock Inspector.  
District No. 3—L. W. Hunting, Justice;  
E. B. Wheat, Constable.

## REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR CONGRESSMAN SECOND DISTRICT.  
Malcolm A. Moody.....Wasco County  
STATE.

T. T. Geer.....Governor.  
F. A. Moore.....Supreme Judge.  
Chas. S. Moore.....Treasurer.  
F. I. Dunbar.....Secretary of State.  
W. H. Leeds.....State Printer.  
D. R. N. Blackburn.....Attorney General.  
J. H. Ackerman.....Superintendent.

### SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

H. S. Wilson.....Judge.  
A. A. Jayne.....Prosecuting Attorney.  
JOINT REPRESENTATIVES WASCO AND SHER-  
MAN.

J. D. Wilcox.....Sherman.  
J. W. Morton.....Wasco.

### SHERMAN COUNTY.

Wm. Holder.....Sheriff.  
Wm. Henrichs.....Clerk.  
W. Stanley.....Treasurer.  
B. F. Pike.....Assessor.  
R. P. Orr.....Commissioner.  
W. H. Ragsdale.....School Superintendent.  
Thos. Pugh.....Surveyor.  
Dr. I. M. Smith.....Coroner.

### JUSTICE DISTRICT, NO. 3.

E. B. Wheat.....Justice.  
E. B. Wheat.....Constable.

### OF CRITICISMS.

So many able journals have severely criticised President McKinley that it would seem presumptuous in a local county paper to defend him. Most of the complaint has been on account of his action in the Cuban affair. Some say he has not laid enough stress upon the Maine explosion, while others more hot-headed have not hesitated to denounce his entire course for the last six months. In defense of him it can well be said that he has not acted in as great a hurry as some of his critics. He gave Spain warning last December that if the scheme she had just inaugurated should prove no better than the one just abandoned on the recall of Weyler, he would consider it time to protest. When the time had, in his opinion, arrived to notify Spain that the new scheme was not satisfactory, or about that time, the world was shocked by the explosion that sent the Maine and 266 men to the bottom of the harbor at Havana. Being of a more calm and judicial turn than many, he determined to await judgment until a duly and properly established court of inquiry had investigated the matter. While waiting the result of the inquiry he preserved a calmness almost miraculous, when it is remembered how pressure was being brought to bear on him in the shape of resolutions introduced in congress, and telegrams received from many persons of high repute all over the country. Had he been less level-headed he probably would have given way to the clamor and precipitated the country into war before we were prepared, and before we could have made it appear to the world that we had just cause for war. Being a lawyer, and having proper respect for judicial proceedings, he would not render judgment in advance of the court of inquiry; neither would he refuse to accept the decisions of that court when it was finally rendered. Whatever may be his own private opinion of the cause of the destruction of the Maine, he could not well ignore their verdict with-

out in effect declaring to the world that he thought himself better able to judge of the case than the naval court that had been for weeks constantly endeavoring to fix the cause and responsibility. There being no legal right to demand of Spain reparation for a deed that had not been proven as being done by Spain, he could not make that a reason for the beginning of hostilities. The only thing to do was to demand of Spain that the cruel and inhuman warfare being waged in Cuba should cease, and this was a most difficult thing to do, for no sooner did he begin to call on Spain than that country began to, in a measure, accede to his demands—not enough to satisfy, but enough to leave but little, if any reason, to say that she had ignored him. Thus it was, and thus it might have been for weeks to come had not his patience finally become exhausted and his faith (if any he ever really had) in Spain's good intentions was at an end. Then it was that he determined to let the whole matter rest with congress. We cannot refrain from admiring another thing he did. During all the time he was patiently giving Spain time to reform, he was doing what he could to prepare for war. It is a notorious fact that had war been declared when the Maine was blown up Spain would have had us at a disadvantage. Time to us has been worth far more than to Spain. He has made such good use of time that we are now ready for war and can prosecute it to advantage. His foresight even prepared a way of escape for all Americans from Havana without provoking any particular display of hostility on the part of Spaniards, or endangering the lives of Americans. In fact we believe President McKinley has acted very wisely, and that historians will praise his calm and far-seeing judgment and ability to hold in check until the proper time the great popular clamor for war.

## OF CANDIDATES.

For Governor.—T. T. Geer will be our next governor. Of all the men before the people for their suffrages in June, he is the one that is more in touch with the common every-day man than any one else. None question his nobleness and honesty, and few indeed know so little of him as to question his ability. The many thousands who have listened to his plain yet most convincing speeches, know his qualifications fit him to be our governor, and our next governor he will be.

The nomination of F. A. Moore to succeed himself as supreme judge is a significant indorsement of his actions, and his re-election is a foregone conclusion.

F. I. Dunbar, for secretary of state, is a very popular man in Clatsop county, where he is county clerk, and those who know him best are loudest in praise of him, and no doubt he will be our next secretary.

Charles S. Moore, judge of Klamath county, comes before the people well recommended, and is worthy to be the next treasurer.

For state superintendent, Prof. J. H. Ackerman has no peer on any other ticket. He is a practical school teacher and an advanced scholar. The people of Oregon need him, and will elect him.

The past record of W. H. Leeds, as state printer, is a guarantee that he is the proper man for the place.

D. R. N. Blackburn, an able Linn county attorney, is before the people for the important office of attorney general, and no doubt will be elected.

Malcolm A. Moody of The Dalles needs no introduction to Sherman county people. He is known by all to be a tireless worker, honorable in all his dealings, and true as steel to his friends and to the principles of the Republican party. He will be our next congressman from this district, and, we predict, by an overwhelming vote.

For representatives for Wasco and Sherman counties J. D. Wilcox of Kent, and J. W. Morton of Hood River, were given the nomination. Of J. D. Wilcox it may be said that he is known to almost everybody in Sherman county, and has no enemies, except it might be political ones, and he will make a representative that no one need be ashamed of. As to J. W. Morton we know only that he is a prominent and popular man where he is known, and that he is a man of good ability and sound principles, and we unhesitatingly commend him to the voters as the proper man for the place.

H. S. Wilson is emphatically our choice for circuit judge for this district. He is an able attorney, and is recognized by all who know him as well suited for the position. Among other attorneys he bears the reputation of being a strong, calm and able jurist, and would make an excellent judge.

Our present district attorney, A. A. Jayne, has already served two

terms, but he has made such a good record that no one desires to make a change, and he received the nomination without opposition, and will be elected by a handsome majority. There is practically no one that could defeat him.

C. C. Kuney, who has served as assessor of Sherman county, and as such officer was before the state board of equalization, has made a good record, and proved that he is well qualified to fill the position of member of the board of equalization.

Taken altogether, singly or in a body, our candidates on the Republican ticket are men we can and do recommend to the people as being the proper men for the places each aspire to, and we can see no reason why each and every one should not receive a handsome majority in June.

The swinish nature of the "O. Man" (?) broke loose again last week, and he squirted the usual amount of bile at us. The head and front of our offending was an innocent little sheriff's sale notice, which a lawyer in The Dalles saw fit to publish in the LEADER. We have never been informed as to "the special reason" for placing the ad. with us, but we have heard so much complaint from numerous persons who have heretofore been patrons of the paper "that is on the side of the people, and not hampered by political schemes and intrigue," in regard to its outrageously high charges for legal and other advertising, that we have no doubt the LEADER got the notice so that the advertiser might receive something from the sale of the ranch after paying the publisher's fees, which would be extremely doubtful if the Observer had been allowed a whack at it.

We commend to the thoughtful attention of Prohibitionists the following from the letter of M. D. Markham, to the Prohibition executive committee, declining the nomination for state printer: "Third—My plan for doing prohibition work is for every true temperance prohibition Christian voter to go to the primaries of his own party and try to elect good temperance men for your delegates, and if you are not strong enough to carry your primaries you are not strong enough to carry an election; thus you run no risk of throwing your influence toward any other than a stable government, with an honest dollar; provided, however, that you vote for the party who advocate those principles, which I think the most of you would."

The advocates of fusion among Populists are continually running against such men as Silvester Evans and B. P. Welch, who say the Democrats never have treated them fair, and never will, and also that the free coinage of silver, the only Populist doctrine championed by them, is of less importance than some other things. Evans says "Even admitting that it (free coinage) would raise the price of wheat and labor, would it not also raise the valuation of railroads and corporation stock in greater proportion, thus adding to what all Populists considered the paramount evil of all questions of the day?"

The work of the Republican state and congressional conventions is receiving unstinted praise from all portions of the state. Settlement of the Multnomah trouble was one good thing, the declaration of principles by the state convention another, but the last was the selection of candidates for office of men who, when elected, will give to the people of Oregon their earnest, honest and best efforts toward safe, sound and economical conduct of the affairs of their respective offices.

Judge Fulton held a special term of the probate court last Wednesday for the purpose of hearing testimony in the matter of the application of Adol. Perrault to be appointed guardian of the estate of Luce Tessier, an infirm old lady who lives with Perrault, south of Grass Valley. After a full hearing the application was granted, and the guardian qualified before Clerk Henrichs.

Large shipments of corn from Nebraska, Kansas and Iowa, are being shipped to California. This is something unusual, but is caused by the short crop of barley that will be harvested there, which leaves California with no feed unless shipped in from abroad. Here might be a chance for Oregon farmers to market some of their surplus.

The only paper to give a complete list of all names of settlers against whom the Eastern Oregon Land Co. filed suits and actions, was the LEADER. Some of them are complaining that the sheriff has not served on them the papers yet, and thus give them a chance to prepare their defense.

## RAILROAD MEETING.

MONKLAND, April 23, 1898.

ED. LEADER: At a call meeting of the farmers of Hay Canyon at Monkland, Saturday, April 23, for the purpose of talking over the R. R. business, there was a large attendance. The meeting was for the purpose of seeing what could be done about inducing the C. S. R. R. Co. to build their road into and up Grass Valley canyon, dropping into the canyon at or near the McDonald bridge, instead of keeping on top of the ridge west of the canyon. Messrs. Lytle and O'Reilly were at the meeting, and stated their reasons for not following the route that the Hay Canyon people wanted. They said it would make them about four miles further road to get to Moro, and a great deal more expensive road to build; that it would cost them \$40,000 or \$50,000 more to build it by the canyon route than by the ridge route, and, under these circumstances, they thought the people should give them a little help if they expected them to come that way, and it seemed to be the opinion of all in attendance that they should help them; and, on motion, a committee of four were appointed by the chair to solicit subscriptions among the farmers. The committee consists of Elwood Thompson, Robert Newton, R. A. Murray and O. P. Hulse. They are to solicit subscriptions with the understanding that all parties subscribing are to have a chance to work it out on the road, if they wish to.

The next thing discussed was the matter of right of way. Following are some of the parties that expressed themselves in regard to it: R. Newton, J. F. Belcher, A. M. Wright, A. Dillinger, Hugh McIntyre, R. A. Murray and others, and the feeling seemed to be the same with all that the parties who are obstructing the right of way and delaying the building of the road south, were working against the interests of every farmer that lived five miles south of Wasco.

On motion there was a committee of five appointed on right of way, and they were instructed to hold a meeting at Grass Valley and work with a committee that would be appointed at that place. The committee on right of way are: P. W. McDonald, A. Dillinger, A. M. Wright and Hans Hansen.

Meeting adjourned.

## A. SUBSCRIBER.

At the call of Chairman King, the Populist county convention met again in Moro on the 23d and filled out their county ticket by placing P. M. Ruggles on for clerk, and R. Hargreaves for school superintendent. It having been decided that J. M. Dunahoo was not eligible to the office of justice of the peace for District No. 3, Geo. Meader was placed in nomination, and the convention ratified the nomination.

The Democratic county convention held an adjourned meeting in Moro on Saturday, the 23d, but did nothing more than attend to routine business and ratify the nomination of D. W. Howard for justice of the peace for District No. 3. No nominations were made for county offices, nor were any candidates of other parties indorsed.

C. W. Dickman says that at the grand rally at Salem, when Governor Geer was formally notified of his nomination, a grand display of tall men was made on the stage, but that only one was noticeably taller than Mr. Geer, and he did not succeed in getting the attention of the people, who crowded as close as possible to greet our next governor.

A. Coon, of Grass Valley, was in our city last Wednesday on legal and land business. Bro. Coon is just as strong a Republican as he ever was. "More power to him."

Frank I. Dunbar, of Astoria, Republican candidate for secretary of state, will tour Eastern Oregon. We hope he will come to Moro.

## United States Land Office—Notice of Filing Plans.

THE DALLES, Or., April 8, 1898. Notice is hereby given that the approved plat of survey of Township 12 South, Range 2d East of the Willamette Meridian, Oregon, has been received at this office and will be officially filed in this office Saturday, the 28th day of May, 1898, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Jas. F. Moore, Register.  
Wm. H. Briggs, Receiver.

## School Teachers.

Applications to teach in the Moro public schools will be received until the 30th of April, 1898. Applicants must write their application with pen and ink, state grade they desire to teach and salary expected. Address:

W. H. RAGSDALE, Clerk,  
Moro, Oregon.

## Klondike Gold

Loaned on Sherman county real estate. Call on or address  
R. E. HOSKINSON,  
Moro, Oregon.

## Notice to Stockholders.

There is now due and payable at once on each share of stock in the Moro Hall Co. (known as A. O. U. W. Hall) an installment of \$5 on each share subscribed. Payable to A. H. Barnum or H. A. Moore, Moro, Oregon.

## FOR SALE.

400-acre farm; also 400 acres summer-fallow, 500 acres of wheat, 18 work horses, 8 cows, full outfit of farm implements, consisting of 4 wagons, hack, buggy, harness, gang plow, right lap, harrows, etc., etc. If sold soon, in quantities to suit purchaser. For price and terms call on or address  
R. E. HOSKINSON,  
Moro, Oregon.

## To All Whom It May Concern.

Notice is hereby given that at the term of county court, held on April 6, 1898, an execution was issued commanding me to collect the delinquent tax for 1897, and to levy upon and sell property. To give one and all every chance in my power to pay without costs added, I will not start out to make such levies until May 16, 1898, thereby giving the taxpayers the same time to pay without costs I have each year. I hope all will be able to avail themselves of this opportunity.  
Moro, Or., April 18, 1898.

Wm. Holder,  
ap202 Sheriff Sherman County, Or.

## Mortgage-Holders.

A few figures will suffice to show that the holders of fixed investments include a great number of people who cannot be regarded as "grasping creditors." Thus in 1890 there were \$6,200,000,000 of real estate mortgages held in this country. The savings banks held of these mortgages \$687,583,977 in trust for 4,533,217 depositors. The building associations held \$450,000,000 in trust for 1,800,000 shareholders. The life insurance companies doing business in New York state held, December 31, 1889, \$272,828,457 for 4,582,281 policy holders. Adding other states in 1890 about \$300,000,000. Thus in these three items we find 12,100,000 persons holding \$1,437,000,000 of mortgages. In 1890 one-fourth of the real estate mortgages in the country were held by the thrifty working people of the nation. It is, in fact, a debt of the people to the people. The national banks cannot hold any of this mortgage debt, and all the other banks, state banks, trust companies and private banks in 1890 held less than \$60,000,000 of these loans. The large corporations do not own real estate mortgages. An examination of the facts will prove to the satisfaction of any one that the great mass of mortgages are held locally in small sums and amounts by saving and thrifty people. Even the big mortgage companies represent a great array of holders. In every rural county farmers loan to each other, small sums are put out at bond and mortgage; many widows, orphans and aged men have their all in little mortgages. It is estimated that there are to-day 5,000,000 of savings banks depositors, 2,000,000 of building association shareholders, and 8,700,000 of insurance policies; in all, 15,700,000, and they hold about \$2,000,000,000 of mortgages.—American Manufacturer.

An Experience of Blindness Utilized. Over forty years ago William Moon, a young Englishman, at the age of twenty-five, suddenly, through illness, lost his sight. Using the then popular "Frere's type," some ladies taught him to read. After this and previous systems had been mastered, the young man became a successful teacher to others similarly afflicted. Realizing the great necessity, he invented a similar method, called the Moon type, noticeable for having but nine simplified characters. Mr. Moon's printing, it is said, is larger than preceding systems, is more easily felt, and therefore at once became popular.

Besides the Bible, Dr. Moon has printed (embossed) an extensive literature, both in English and many foreign languages. His earlier publications were a monthly magazine and a collection of devotional extracts. Dr. Moon died in 1894.

## When You Study, Study.

Lord Macaulay, the celebrated historian, was a great student, and when he studied, he studied. He used to get up at five o'clock, and study until nine or ten. He got so he could read Latin or Greek right off-hand the same as you can this. He had the power of putting his whole mind on his book. Many people put part of their mind on their work and the rest on something else. But all this is wrong. Play when you play, and when you study, study. In study all the faculties are needed—reason to judge of what you read; memory to recollect it; and so with all the rest. Macaulay became one of the most distinguished writers of his time, and it was mainly by dint of this early habit of his, putting his entire mind at the disposal of the work before him. All cannot study alike, but we can all be deeply in earnest in whatever it is that we do, and only downright earnestness will cause us to succeed in life.—Domestic Journal.

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

J. B. HOSFORD,  
Attorney-at-Law and Notary Public.

Practices in all the Courts of this State.  
MORO.....OREGON.

L. W. HUNTING,

Justice of the Peace, District No. 3,  
Sherman County.

Collections and Real Estate.  
Strict attention given to business.

Terms Reasonable.

MORO.....OREGON.

R. E. HOSKINSON,

Attorney-at-Law and Notary Public.

Practices in all Courts of this State.

Real Estate, Collection and Insurance Agency. Abstract of titles and conveying a specialty. Moro, Sherman county, Oregon.

We respectfully solicit business in our line, insuring that promptness which always follows strict attention to matters of this character, confident of our ability to handle the same in a manner satisfactory to all.

## BUSINESS CARDS.

W. H. MOORE. H. A. MOORE.

MOORE BROS.,

BANKERS.

Transact a General Banking  
Business, Moro, Oregon.

Letters of credit issued available on Eastern states.

Collections made at all points on favorable terms. Sight exchange and telegraphic transfers sold on New York, San Francisco, Portland, The Dalles and various points in Oregon and Washington.

## BARAINS IN REAL ESTATE.

Bargain No. 1.—160a ranch 3 miles south of Grass valley, 100a farm land; terms, \$1000; \$500 cash, bal. on easy terms; int. 10 per cent.

Bargain No. 2.—320a ranch 7 miles south of Moro, fair improvement, plenty of water; terms, \$2000; \$1000 to be paid in crop payments; \$500 extra for crop on place.

Bargain No. 3.—160a ranch 5 miles from Grass valley, 80a farm land, plenty of water; terms, \$1100, \$500 cash, bal in two payments; int. 10 per cent.

Bargain No. 4.—475a ranch 8 miles east of Wasco, 300a farm land, 240a sown to wheat, house of 6 rooms, barn 40x35, and granary 18x24, machine shed 20x32; terms, \$500; \$250 cash, bal on easy terms; \$500 extra for crop.

R. E. HOSKINSON,  
Moro, Oregon.

W. O. HADLEY,

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE AND

SPECTACLES.

All Work Warranted First-Class.

Factory agent for Bicycles, Pianos, Organs, Graphophones and Kodaks.

MORO.....OREGON.

## MORO-ANTELOPE

PASSENGER AND EXPRESS STAGE LINE.

FINE COACHES,

GOOD TEAMS AND CAUTIOUS DRIVERS.

Makes Direct Connections

At Antelope for Canyon City and way points; at Moro with Dalles-Moro and Grant, Wasco and Moro stages.

## POPULAR PASSENGER ROUTE.

Leave Antelope Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; leave Moro Sunday, Wednesday and Friday.

W. J. ASHBY, Prop.

## U. S. MAIL ROUTE.

F. E. BROWN.....Proprietor.

GRANT, WASCO, MORO AND ANTELOPE

STAGE LINE.

POPULAR PASSENGER ROUTE.

Stage connections with all trains, connecting at Moro with Monahan's stage for Antelope.

LEAVES. ARRIVES.

Grant.....7:30 a m Moro.....11:30 a m  
Wasco.....10:15 a m Wasco.....10:30 a m  
Moro.....1:30 p m Grant.....4:30 p m

Strict attention will be given to all business entrusted to my care. Express and other packages promptly delivered. I am prepared to offer first-class accommodations to the traveling public with easy coaches, good teams and accommodating drivers.

## U. S. MAIL LINE.

Ellis Neece.....Prop.  
(Successor to J. M. Dunahoo.)

Rutledge division of the Grant, Moro and Rutledge

## STAGE LINE.

Leaves—Rutledge, 7 a. m.; Grass Valley, 9 a. m.; Moro, 1 p. m.  
Arrives—Rutledge, 6 p. m.; Grass Valley, 4 p. m.; Moro, 11 a. m.

Strict attention will be given to all business entrusted to my care.

A. D. BOLTON & CO.,

DRUGGISTS AND

STATIONERS.

PATENT MEDICINES

Toilet Articles,

...and leading brands of....

## CIGARS

MORO, OREGON.

# RIGHT HERE

.....Is the place where the.....

# MORO MANUFACTURING CO.

Will soon have something worth reading.

Keep your eye on this corner.

# SUBSCRIBE NOW

FOR THE

# "LEADER"

# 1 YEAR \$1.00 1 YEAR

# All the News

# of all the