HOW UNCLE SAM TRAINS MEN FOR THE AVIATION CORPS

Army Schools Are Speeding Up Work to Supply Fliers for New Army.

SCHOOLING MOST THOROUGH

Pick of the Land Intellectually and Physically is the Raw Material of the Field-First Taught Mechanics and Work Gradually Up to Difficult Feats in Flying.

New York.-Uncle Sam's new army must have the best aviators in the world. This is the order that has come from Washington, and the army schools throughout the country are striving to carry it out.

There are many obstacles and discouragements, fast scout planes are almost non-existent this side of the Atlantic, but the standard airendy reached means as vast advance.

A trip out to the big government flying school on Hempstead Plains, near Mineola, L. I., shows a scene of bustling activity, a beehive of industry, which has speeded up even over its former strenuous pace in the last

At the entrance to the field a stalwart private, an automatic on his hip, challenges the visitor and scrutinizes closely the papers shown. A step through the gate discloses inside the fence a scene to rejoice the heart of the small boy-n vast expanse, on which great mechanical falcons purr and skip, now rising into the clouds and now descending swiftly and gracefully to the level

Framing the picture are rows of airplane sheds, or hangars, barracks, machine shops, offices and other rough buildings which have mostly been knocked into shape in the last few

of students and mecha-Scores nicians hustle around and over the winged monsters, oiling, plying the wrench, making tests and seeking the slightest flaw, for every flying machine must always be in the top notch of condition.

Pick of the Land There.

War will probably soon change the conditions here in many ways-indeed, some differences are already noticeable from peace days. But most of the students are still paying their way-and not a small price either. After passing his flying test a student muct turn over a \$500 tuition fee and \$300 more is due on final examination. The student must weigh not more than 190 pounds stripped, and "must furnish evidence of having a college education and be of good moral character."

The pick of the land intellectually and physically is the raw material of vided into 24 sectors, one being given thought at all. So what do they do? the field. Out of such promising nov. to each scout. The lucky man who ices Uncle Sam makes finished birdmen in three months-and now even this brief training period may be cut

The captain in command of the field explains the course of instruction:

"After the student has passed his preliminary physical examination and has had the mechanism of the machine drilled into him, we turn him over to an instructor, who takes him up on a joy ride as a passenger. He goes up about 3,000 feet the first time. When he becomes, during successive flights, accustomed to the swift rush of the air aloft, so disconcerting to the novice, he is permitted to handle the controls himself, but the instructor is there to correct any errors very promptly.

another of the instructors until four have had him, and then they make four separate reports on him. After that we begin his training in real earnest, as we have learned then whether he is cut out to be an avi-

Training Is Thorough.

"We have found that a student cannot assimilate more than half an hour's lesson aloft in a day; that is, he does not profit by a longer lesson. So when he comes down he is put to work at the mechanics of the job, dismantling and assembling his engine, detecting trouble, making such repairs as he might be called on to make if he had to descend for cause during a flight. We give him textbooks on motors, too, and something about aero-dynamics, and teach him how to observe the earth as it flies under him.

When the young aviator is competent to handle his machine he is Introduced into more complicated work, scouting and maneuvering.

For instance, on a recent day a motorcar was sent on a devious tenmile journey over little frequented Long Island roads. Its top was broadly striped in black and white, but otherwise it could not be told from the tens of thousands of other cars which are constantly on the move over the

"Twenty-four army airplanes went up to seek the car. Twenty-one left

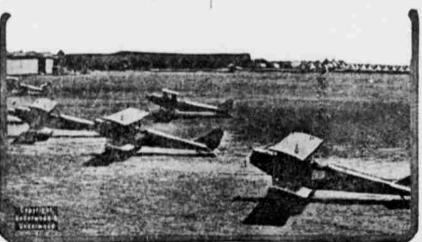
"In turn he is passed from one to and 138 miles an hour. The new Moraine-Saulnier, according to Miss Ruth pean battle front.

Students start learning to fly at Mineola on the poky J. N. 4 Curtiss biplanes, which go at the spail's pace of

75 miles an hour. However, it is taken for granted that the deficiency in fast machines will soon be remedied. All the art of airplane building the French and British have learned in nearly three years of warfare will be placed at the disposal tricks of the trade to our aviators. What They Must Do.

reserve corps. Civilian volunteers enter as sergeants and become lieutenants in the reserve on passing their to be sniffed at. Here are some of the things the young collegian must

He must climb out of a field 2,000 500 feet while keeping all parts of requirements. his machine within the square; he must cut off his motor at a height of 1,000 feet and land within 200 feet of a designated point; he must land over



Where Aviation is Taught,

here and three came from the gov- | and come to rest within 1,500 feet of ernment school at Governors Island, it; he must fly for 45 minutes at an New York city.

"The car with the striped top represented the head of an enemy convoy. The airmen were to detect the head of the supposed column while the intter was still far from its objective, the aviation field, for there must be time to make the imaginary artillery attack upon it effective.

Problems Easily Solved.

For the problem the map of Long Island near the flying field was difound the car whirred back to the field in short order and Mineola was "saved."

In another problem three Fast L. W. F. tractors were sent to a far distant point, which was not disclosed to the students, and there sent up as scouts of an enemy bent upon taking photographs of the Mineola field. The students were to locate these machines and drive them back by heading them off. They did this with ease.

Not all the feats attempted work out well, because real swift machines are lacking. The slower machines do not stand up so well in a gale, although otherwise easier to manage. It is understood the fastest machines now at the field are the L. W. F. tractors, capable of 95 miles an hour. British and French scouts make 135 altitude of 4,000 feet.

"The psychology of this flying business so far as the students are concerned," says the commandant of the field, "is a singular thing. In considering it you must put fear out of the reckoning. The students are never frightened. The fact of the matter is that they go into it thinking that it's a daredevil job. Then they go up and they're disappointed -it isn't the daredeviltry they They tend to go to the other extreme right away keep them from killing themselves with sheer recklessness. We have to teach them with every ounce of ability we possess that if they make the one slip they seem determined to make it will be the very last slip they'll ever make."

Bible Stops a Bullet.

Follansbee, W. Va.-Rev. Arthur C. Palmer, Free Methodist minister here, owes his life to his Bible. This developed when he turned over to the police several threatening communications promising to "get him sure" if he does not cease his efforts to reform the city. Rev. Mr. Palmer was shot from ambush as a result of these threats, the bullet lodging in his Bible, which he carried under his arm.

Queer Situation Arises and of Mix-Up in Locating a New Town in

Hutchinson, Kan.-The passenger who gets off the train at Ben Allen, a new town in Logan county, needs to make sure that he is not seeing double or triple, for Ben Allen, although with less than 200 inhabitants, has three

bears the name of a different town. It all happened as a result of a mixup in trying to start a new town when the Scott City & Northern railway was built through Logan county on

its way from Scott City to Winona. Two towns sprang up, one named Keystone and another christened El Kader. Later the two towns were merged and consolidated on a new town site named Ben Allen, in honor of the chief engineer who surveyed the route across the country. So three depots now stand at Ben Allen, each bearing a different town name.

Director of Extension Service Seeking Co-operation of Every Farmer to Increase All Products.

Portland-Headquarters for the big food drive to be made by all Oregon off and brought 66; cents a pound. Law, the flying woman, makes 150 producers have been established at 513 miles an hour. Airplanes much slow- Oregon building, and Professor R. D. er are useless on the western Euro- Hetzel, director of the Oregon Agricultural College extension service, is in charge of the campaign. He said the work was started officially Wednesday of visiting and organizing the farmers throughout the state and bringing their earnest efforts to bear upon the threatened shortage of all kinds of foodstuffs.

The workers who met in convention of the new ally. Commissions of here went into the country to take Anglo-French flying men and builders charge of the work in the various will assist the United States army in farming districts. Ten organizers manufacturing and teach the latest were sent to the outside cities and there are already 50 people in the field What They Must Do.

The Mineola school is officially an Hetzel feels every phase of the state aviation section of the signal officers work will be covered thoroughly in the campaign now being started.

The men now in the field are directed to determine first of all what the examinations. These "exams" are not farmers require in order to produce the greatest possible acreage of all sorts of foodstuffs, as well as the maximum of animals and poultry. will go forward the enlisting of labor, feet square and attain an altitude of of machinery and seeds to meet their

FOOD EXPERT COMES TO U.S.

an assumed obstacle ten feet high New Chairman of Food Board to Arrive From England Soon.

New York-Herbert C. Hoover, recently chosen as chairman of the American food board, is on his way from England on an American ship and will arrive here within a few days, it is announced by the American commission for relief in Belgium. After conferring with members of the committee here, Mr. Hoover will be prepared to go to Washington to assume his new position. So far as is known by the men here who have been associated with him in the relief work Mr. Hoover has no intention of abandoning the chairmanship of the Belgian commission, although it is expected that the executive work will be carried on by other members, including W. S. Honnodl, relief director in America.

NORTHWEST MARKET REPORT

Wheat-Bluestem	\$2.73
Fortyfold	2.68
Club	
Red Russian	2,66
Oats-No. 1 white	
Barley-No. feed	53.00
Cattle-Steers, prime \$	9.75@11.25
Steers, good	9.50@ 9.75
Steers, medium	9.00@ 9.50
Cows, choice	8,500 9.00
Cows, medium	7.75@ 8.25
Cows, fair	7.00@ 7.50
Heifers	6.50@ 9.00
Bulls	5.50@ 8.00
Calves	8.00@10.00
Hogs-Packing \$1	5.45@15.85
	4.50@15.00
Pigs and skips	4.00@14.50
Stock hogs	2.50@14.00
Sheep-Wethers\$	9.75@12.00
Ewes	9.00@11.00
Lambs	0.25@13.50
Flour-Patents, \$12,20.	
Millfood Coot prices	Bran \$41

per ton; shorts, \$44; rolled barley, \$59; rolled oats, \$58. Corn-White, \$72 per ton; cracked,

Hay - Producers' prices: Timothy,

Eastern Oregon, \$26@30 per ton; valley timothy, \$22 @ 24; alfalfa, \$23; valley grain hay, \$18@19. Butter - Cubes, extras, 341c per

pound; prime firsts, 33 c. Jobbing prices: Prints, extras, 36½c; cartons, 1c extra; butterfat, No. 1, 37c; No. Eggs Ranch, current receipts, 311

@32c per dozen; selects, 33c. Poultry - Hens, 19@20c per pound;

broilers, 35@38c; turkeys, 22@23c; ducks, 22@24c; geese, 13@16c.
Veal—Fancy, 14@14½c per pound.

Pork—Fancy, 19c per pound. Vegetables — Artichokes, 85c @ \$1 per dozen; tomatoes, \$2.75@3.25 per crate; cabbage, 5@8c per pound; eggplant, 25c; lettuce, \$1.85@2.25; cucumbers, \$1.25@1.75 per dozen; cel-ery, 75c@\$1.25; cauliflower, \$1.50@ 1.75 per crate; peppers, 45@50c per pound; rhubarb, 2@6c; peas, 5@6½c; asparagus, 8@12½c; spinach, \$1.25 per

Potatoes-Buying prices, \$3.75 per hundred.

Green Fruit - Strawberries, \$1.50 er crate; apples, 85c@\$2.50 per box. Hops—1916 crop, 3@6c per pound; 1917 contracts, nominal.

Wool-Eastern Oregon, fine, 35c per pound; coarse, 40@44c; valley, 40@ 45c; mohair, 65c. Cascara Bark - Old and new, 7@8c

per pound.

STATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

A truckload of mohair was sold in Corvallis Saturday to Walter H. Kline for more than \$3000. It was auctioned

While Southern Pacific reports indicate a steady decline in the car shortage from April 28, when the late peak of 1157 was reached, to 909, reported Saturday, the Public Service commission still is besieged with complaints.

Governor Withycombe has tele-graphed to R. N. Stanfield, representing the State Council of Defense at Washington, asking him to urge Secretary of War Baker that steps be taken to prohibit enlistments from the rural districts.

Governor Withycombe has been advised by Attorney General Brown that members of the Third Oregon Infantry, who are in the state on Monday, June 4, will be allowed to vote on matters pertaining to state affairs to come up at the special election.

With labor scarce, appropriations materially decreased and demands for wages soaring, state institutions confront a decidedly serious situation, according to reports made to the State Board of Control by practically every one of the heads of such institutions.

An interesting relic of the past in the shape of an old American flag has just been hung in the dining room of the Pilot Butte Inn at Bend. is one given by General Ulysses S. Grant to William T. Birdsall, father of W. C. Birdsall, manager of the inn, and bears only 38 stars, indicating its

At the meeting of the Medford city council this week, Mayor Gates launched a vigorous campaign to stop all forms of gambling in Medford. The city executive said that a charity patient whom he had befriended recently lost \$4.50, which was all the cash he had, in a game of poker at a local pool

The monthly report of the Industrial Accident commission for April shows receipts for the month amounting to \$77,937.29, and disbursements of \$83,-189.35. Cost of administration during the month was \$4121.66. The commission had a total balance of \$950,-947.72 with the state treasurer on April 30.

The State Highway department may use funds available in the treasury out of the \$300,000 derived from the onefourth mill tax to complete contracts entered into before the present commission went into office, according to an opinion by Attorney General Brown, sent to State Highway Engineer Nunn.

The Beuhner Lumber company at North Bend announces a straight increase in wages for its employes of the logging camps and mills of 25 cents per day, which places the minimum for men at \$2.75, effective May 1. The company had this raise under consideration for some time past and it is the first advance above wages generally current in the best-paying companies. The order applies to nearly 375 men.

Sheridan has, to date, sent 62 young men to the army and navy.

According to statements that developed at a meeting of the State board of control recently the penitentiary brick plant may be closed down after the governor takes charge of the prison this month.

The Sunset Woolen Mill at Bandon, a newly-incorporated local stock company composed of 60 business men, has completed arrangements for the opening of the old Bandon Woolen Mills plant, and operations will commence in about three weeks. It will employ between 40 and 60 persons.

Officers of four California cement companies that had been included in a Federal indictment against members of the so-called "cement trust," charging illegal combination to apportion territory and control prcies, in behalf of the companies enter pleas of guilty before Federal Judge Wolverton in Portland.

After waiting a number of months to ascertain what the Eugene Chamber of Commerce would do as to the purchase of flaxseed from the state, and after rejecting a number of offers from outside people, the State board of conrtol has found that Eugene does not want the seed and that the offers made from other sources are now closed.

Several of the large logging camps and mills in the Clatskanie vicinity are in receipt of the "red hand" postcards which have been sent broadcast throughout the lumber industry of the Northwest since Saturday.

The Baker Red Cross organized last Wednesday already has 77 members, A campaign for 1000 members by June 1 is being launched and those at the head of the movement expect to have one of the strongest chapters in the

Civilian Population of Lens Forced to Build Roads by the German Invaders.

Paris.-Berween 7,000 and 8,000 of the Inhabitants of Lens, which is in the occupied territory of France, have remained there and lived in their cellars for more than two years, says Elle Reumaux, manager of the coal mines there, who has just arrived in Paris. The former population of Lens was 40,000.

All the cellars in the town, M. Reumaux says, have been armored with cement by the Germans, so that they constitute so many little fortresses. The entire civilian population is obliged to work at road mending and railroad building.

The coal mines of Lens, which are among the most important of the re-gion of the Pas de Calais and produced 20,000,000 tons a year before the war, have been idle since the invasion and have suffered immense damage,

Mexico is 1,900 miles long.

THE FLAG

By KENNETH MAC DOUGAL.

The die is cast, the time has come, The eagle screams once more, The Stars and Stripes again shall Upon a foreign shore.

Behind the flag of freedom, Sweep on our fighting men, To crush the Prussian eagle, The peace dove bring again

Regiment, brigade, division And corps pass smartly by; Pressing to crush oppression, That the flag of right may fly,

Men who were known as hyphens, Russians, Frenchmen, lads from Spain, Germans, Austrians, Italians, Are Americans again,

To the flag, then! So the president! A toast: We're in the right! Forward, march! We'll show the That we're not too proud to fight. gannananananananananana

A red sunrise, with clouds lowering later in the morning, indicates rain.

railway depots. Moreover, each of the three depots