THE CONDON GLOBE

Issued Each Week

CONDON OREGON

NEWS OF THE WEEL

In a Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

A Resume of the Less Important but Not Less Interesting Events of the Past Week.

China threatens a boycott ou Japan Harriman is reaching after all public utilities in Chicago.

Peary has arrived at Sydney, N. S. on the steamer Roosevelt.

San Francisco is going ahead with plans for a world's fair in 1913.

President Smith, of the Mormon church, has been fined for polygatmy

It is said Platt and Depew will return to the senate, defying public opin-

The king of Greece while in Rome was slighted by the other Balkan Mayor Schmitz, of San Francisco, de-

clares the indictment against him is the result of politics. A prairie fire in Western Texas has caused the loss of several lives and

great damage to farm property. Policy holders in German insurance companies who lost in the earthquake to Boston it made a report, going into will pool their claims in an attempt to collecct.

The town of Carlsbad, N. M., is snowed in and is without fuel. Bacon is being burned by many to keep from freezing.

The price of lumber has again been 25 cents per thousand.

The president has started home from Porto Rico.

Russian rebels have been denied an asylum in Finland.

The New York Central milroad has again been fined for rebating.

Three men are dead and others are mi sing as a result of the deep snow in Texas.

Thirteen were killed by the collision of the trans-Atlantic liners in the English channel.

Mayor Schmitz, of San Francisco, is on his way home from Hamburg to face the charges against him.

Bryan and Shaw were the principal speakers at the third day's session of the Trans-Mississippi congress.

Many vessels were wrecekd and 23 lives gire known to have been lost in a

severe storm on the Great lakes. Federal authorities at San Francisco are to investigate the alleged lumber trust in Oregon and Washington.

The Monon railroad has defied the Interstatte Commerce commission and Vancouver and the mouth of the Wilwill issue passes in payment for adver-

The mayors of several Kansas towns are being removed because of a determination on their part to license liquor

Trains are snowbound in Kansas.

El Paso, Texas, is expreiencing the coldest weather in 26 years.

General Shafter left no will. His property is valued at \$15,000.

The crown prince of Servia is en-

raged at the charges of insanity. All parties in Russia have joined in

a campaign of abuse against Witte. Great Britain is ready to lead in the

movement for reform in Congo State. The Interstate Commerce commission is gathering evidence of rebates to

Spain will join with Britain and France in a naval demonstration

against Morocco.

The recent floods have caused a loss of nearly a million dollars in the vicinity of Castle Rock.

France has barred American pork The new meat inspection rules violate the old agreement. The president has refused to rescind

the order discharging negro troops without new evidence.

The downpour of rain continues in the South. Much property has been wrecked and railroad traffic blocked.

Dr. Devine, who had charge of the Red Cross relief work in San Francisco, says be does not believe there was any

Threatening letters have been sent to the pope.

The king and queen of Denmark are visiting the kaiser.

Jerome will ask for a special jury to hear the case of H. K. Thaw.

HANDLING OF RELIEF FUND

California Promotion Committee Is sues a Statement.

San Francisco, Nov. 23 .- Owing to the fact that wide publicity has been Several Large Industries Raise given to charges that \$1,000,000 of the relief fund contributed to San Fran cisco has been diverted or stolen, and owing to the further fact that those who have sent money to San Francisco STEEL TRUST LEADS MOVEMENT are entitled to a correct statement of conditions, the California Promotion committee has sent out the following statement:

"More than \$6,000,000 contributed to San Francisco came in small sums, ranging from 10 cents up to several thousand dollars. These sums came by mail and express, in all forms, from postage stamps and currency to money orders and bank drafts. Of the entire amount sent, but two sums went astray one a packasge of currency containing \$1,085.50 from Searchlight, sent to the National Bank and Trust company, of Los Angeles, by express; the other a package of \$200 sent by mail from Bal-

"The finance committee of the Citizens' Relief Committee of Forty, afterward incorporated to bandle relief and Red Cross funds, consisting of 21 prominent business men of San Francisco, received all funds and the books of this committee were examined by General Bates, a representative of the National Red Cross society, sent from Washington for that purpose, who declared them kept under a system that guaranteed their correctness.

"The Massachusetts Association for the Relief of California sent a committee to San Francisco to investigate the methods of relief work. On its return de'ail and covering every point in the work of relief in San Francisco. The report of this committee resulted in the immediate forwarding of the balance of the money in the hands of the Massachusetts organization.

"James D. Hague, of the New York chamber of commerce committee for raised \$2 per thousand feet at San the relief of San Francisco, spent sev-Francisco. Shingles have also gone up eral weeks in San Francisco, investieral weeks in San Francisco, investigating conditions. After his report was made to the New York body, funds to the amount of \$500,000, held by the New York committee were ordered turned over to the San Francisco relief corporation."

RUSH JETTY WORK.

General Mackenzie's Recommendations for the Coming Season.

Washington, Nov. 23. - General Mackenzie, chief of engineers, in his estimates recently submitted to the secretary of War, asks for only \$1,000, 000 to continue work on the jetty at the mouth of the Columbia river. In his annual report, however, General Mackenzie makes clear the necessity for securing authority to expend an additional \$1,450,000, which will be ample

to carry the south jetty to completion.

In his report General Mackenzie rework that has been done at the mouth of the Columbia and points out what remains to be done before the demands of commerce are met.

No appropriation is now needed for improving the Columbia river between

Work on The Dalles-Celilo canal has only just begun. In addition to money already appropriated, \$3,533,392 must be appropriated to complete this water-Only \$750,000 has been asked

for for the ensuing year. No estimate has ever been made of the amount necessary to make the upgable the entire distance from Celilo to Pittsburg Landing. Ten thousand dollars is needed next year.

Frauds in Town Lot Sales.

Guthrie, Okla., Nov. 23.-A special to the State Capital from Muskogco says that W. D. Foulke, special representative of President Roosevelt, has commenced an investigation into the alleged frauds in connection with Creek Nation town lot sales. This investigation was demanded by the National Creek Council, which charges government officials with misappropriating thousands of dollars. The lots were appraised and sold by government appointees. Mr. Foulke has issued a circular inviting testimony on the subject.

Gets \$500,000 for Y. M. C. A.

San Francisco, Nov. 23 .- Mr. Henry J. McCoy, general secretary of the San Francisco Young Men's Christian association, has just returned from New York, where he succeeded in securing \$500,000 for the relabilitation of the association in San Francisco. Of this amount more than \$450,000 was contributed in New York city. Morris K. Jessup and John D. Rockefeller, Mrs. W. E. Dodge, Cleveland H. Dodge, J. Morgan, Mrs. Russell Sage and E. S. Harkness being among the largest

Make Alcohol From Molasses.

Honolulu, Nov. 23.-The Hawaiian will erect a distillery at Pearl harbor. of private concerns.

BIG WAGE ADVANCE

Pay of Employes.

Sixty Thousand Men Affected and Will Add Millions to Annual Payroll of Companies.

Chicago, Nov. 24 .- Sixty thousand sult in the peaceful prosperity of a employes of the great industrial and mighty commerce. He declared that railroad corporations were today granted increases in wages that will add millions to the annual payrolls. One of cy in the means to carry on and enlarge the notable increases was that announced by the United States Steel corporation, by which its 20,000 unskilled workers will receive an addition of 10 Colombia, Brazil and Chile also spoke, cents per day to their wages after Jar-following Mr. Root's theme closely, uary 1. This will add about \$600,000 telling of the possibilities of investment to the payroll.

The New York Central firemen were today granted an advance averaging between 6 and 7 per cent as a result of completion of the wage econference at New York. The advance applies to all before the peaceful prosperity of the the lines of the company except the new commerce can be secured. Under-Boston & Albany and affects about 6,000 men. By an adjustment of the working bours firemen on switch engines will hereafter have to work only 10 hours a day instead of 12.

The Calumet & Hecla Mining company announced at Calumet, Mich., to-day, that, beginning January 1, the wages of all its employes at the mines and stamp mills would be advanced 10

tices were posted. Beginning next Monday, 30,000 cotton mill operatives at Fall River, Mass., will work under a new scale, adding 10 per cent to their wages. The agreement in this case was forced on the managers, by the operatives, who had voted to strike unless the new scale was adopted, and also by the fact that M. C. D. Borden, an important manufacturer employing 5,000 hands, and the Fall River Iron works mills had already met the demands of the mill bands, and his action forced the other mill managers to yield.

Means Advance for 100,000.

Boston, Nov. 24. - According to adin Southern New England, an advance of 10 per cent in wages granted by the Fall Eiver manufacturers today to as the statute against relating provid-Connecticut and several towns in other sections. It is understood, however, had been imposed.

the advance will not amount to 10 per. The defense offered no testimony cent except in Fall River and several small villages.

YEAR'S INCOME OF RAILROADS.

Increase of Nearly \$97,000,000 in Net Earnings.

Washington, Nov. 24. - A preliminary report of the Interstate Commerce. commission on the income account of the milways of the United States for the year ended June 30 last contains the final report.

to \$10,543 per mile. Passenger earnings were \$618,555,934, or \$2,811 per mile, and freight earnings \$1,640,942,-862, or \$7,458 per mile. Operating exand nearly \$97,000,000 more than the those of operation aggregated \$132,624,-9782

The dividends paid amounted to \$229,406,598, and taxes \$38,903,288.

Lumber is Made in North.

said today regarding his investigation of the so-called lumber trust: Washington for consideration. The E. Butler, of Ross, Cal., has been apprenter portion of the lumber used in pointed special agent to conduct this San Francisco is manufactured in Ore-investigation in California. Mr. Butgon and Washington, and the mills are situated in these states. It is probable that an investigation will be had in those states under direction of the Washington authorities."

Government To Make Torpedoes.

Newport, R. I., Nov. 24.—Arrange-ments are reported for the establish-Planters' association is planning to ment in this city of a government tormanufacture denatured alcohol from pedo factory where all of this class of

NEED BETTER COMMUNICATION

Would Increase Trade Between North and South America

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 21 .- Before the Trans-Mississippi Commercial congress here last night, Elihu Root, sec retary of state, delivered his second speech in this city within two days. His speech was the feature of the first day's session of the congress, which convened yesterday morning. As on Monday night, Mr. Root last night dwelt upon our relations with the South American republics, telling of his recent trip through those countries. He said the time had come for the expansion of trade between the countries of the North and South that would rethe means of communication between these countries must be improved and increased and said the "woeful deficienour South American trade is but a part of the general decline and feebleness of the American merchant marine."

of American capital in their enterprises and dealing also with the political aspeet of the situation.

Mr. Root enumerated the many practical things which must be done both by the government and by individuals lying all other considerations, however, said the secretary, was the need for improvement of the means of communica tion between the two countries. This, he said, affects the mail, passenger and freight service alike. The one and only remedy for the worful deficiency existpresent trade conditions is the establishment of Anerican lines of per cent. The action, which affects and the great ports of South American between 5,000 and 6,0000 men, was adequate to render fully as good service as is now afforded by the European as is now afforded by the European Europe.

REBATES TAKEN.

Verdict of Guilty Found in Federal Court in New York City.

New York, Nov. 21 .- The American Sugar Refining company was found by a jury in the United States Circuit court today of accepting rebates amounting to \$26,000 from the New York Central railroad. The New York Central was recently found guilty of giving relates to the American Sugar Refining company and fined \$108,000. Joseph H. Choate, formerly ambassato Great Britain, in his argument vices received from cotton mill centers for the defense in today's trial, declared that there was no precedent in American law for such an enormous penalt their 30,00 employes will affect nearly ed. It was necessary, he added, to go 100,000 operatives in Southeastern back several centuries in English law Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Eastern to find an instance in which the a penalty amountnig to more than \$100,000

After Judge Holt's charge the jury took the case and in accordance with the instruction of the court, rendered a verdict of guilty. The jury was out an hour and a half.

OLD-AGE PENSIONS NEXT.

British Premier Promises Adoption of German Idea.

London, Nov. 21.-Replying to the deputation of members of the house of returns from companies operating 220,020 miles of lines, or about 99 per cent parties, Premier Campbell-Bannerman in W. W. W. W. of the mileage that will be covered in said the matter of old age pensions would be taken up as soon as time and The total gross carnings of the roads money permitted. Old age pensions, were \$2,319,760,030, being equivalent the premier said, instead of sapping Passenger earn- the independence and undermining

thrift, do just the opposite. Speaking to the same delegation, Chancellor of the Exchequer Asquith penses were \$1,512,163,153, or \$6,963 said there was nothing nearer his heart per mile. The net earnings were than to be able to submit a financial \$787,597,877, being \$3,580 per mile plan for such pensions. He favored one altogether disassociated from the corresponding amount of the previous poor-law, and assured the deputation year. Incomes from other sources than that the government considered the question one of extreme urgency.

Will Investigate Welchers.

FWashington, Nov. 21. — Secretary Metcalf, of the department of Commerce and Labor, has directed the com-San Francisco, Nov. 24. — United missioner of corporations to make an States District Attorney Robert Devlin investigation of the action of fire insurance companies in the settlement of claims for losses resulting from the the evidence I have gathered I have earthquake and fire in San Francisco transmitted to the attorney general at and other places in California. George ler, it was stated, has bad an experience of 38 years in the fire insurance business

Ten Below in Colorado.

Denver, Nov. 21.—Temperatures be low zero are reported today in Southern Colorado and in the mountain regions of the state. One degree above zero is ommend in his first message to the leg-the weather bureau's record in this islature the levying of a tax on incomes the 14,000,000 gallons of molasses produced annually, and for this purpose explosives used in the United States was Corona, on the summit of the constitutional test. The governor also duced annually, and for this purpose navy will be manufactured independent front range, where 10 degrees below zeor is recorded.

TO IMPROVE RIVERS

National Congress To Be Asked for Fifty Millions.

WAR EXPENSES COST FAR MORE

Congressman Ransdall, Chairman of Rivers and Harbors Congress, Makes Startling Statement.

The United States government expends 25 times more in indirectly fostering trade than in doing so directly. In other words this governments spends \$500,000,000 annually for war and its effects, which are presumed to foster trade, and but \$19,750,000 for the improvement of rivers and harbors in this country-a direct method of not only fostering, but also creating and upbuilding trade. This is the essence of a startling statement made by Chair-man Ransdell, of the National Rivers and Harbors congess, in a recent ad-dress before the Portland Chamber of Commerce. He stated that the national government annually expends \$169,-000,000 for the navy, \$106,000,000 for the army and \$144,000,000 for pensions. Congressman Ransdell believes that if the United States can afford to expend so vast a sum annually for war, it surely can make at least substantial appropriations for the improvement of the rivres and harbors. It has been estimated that an appropriation of \$50,000,000 at the coming congressional session will aid materially in improving many of the present rivers and har-bors and open others so that they may become navigable and be what at present they are only supposed to be-the mai : arteries of trade and practical rate reducers. To do this the leading commercial organizations, and, in fact, everyone interested in the welfare of our country, is co-operating so that all forces may throw their influences together and secure this appropriation, the effect of which will necessarily be inestimable.

Able men will head the Pacific Northwest delegations to the National Rivers and Harbors congress which will meet in Washintgon, D. C., on the 6th and 7th of December. The object of those who compose this congress is to scenre a national appropriation of \$50,-1000,000 for the improvement of the rivers and harbors of this country and with the tremendous influence of this powerful oragnization there is no doubt of success.

TRANS-MISSISSIPPI CONGRESS,

Speeches and Discussions Cover Wide Range of Subjects.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 22.—Speechs and disgussions covering a wide range subjects took up the time yesterday of the three sessions of the Tran-Mississippi Commer ial congress. 1mproved waterways, insurance and currency reforms, the value of the Panama canal as a means of enlarging our trade relations with the South American republics, and the necessity of doser relations between the United States and those countries, the great value to the South of improved levees and the resources and needs of Alaska were some of the topics touched upon.

The principal speakers were J. E. Ransdell, representative in congress from Louisiana; W. D. Vandiver, su-Dr. W. S. Woods, president of the Na-tional Bank of Commerce of Kansas City; John Barrett, United States minister to Colombia; Minister Calderon, of Bolivia; Minister Pardo, of Peru; Minister Cortes, of Colombia; Secre-tary Do Amaral, of the Brazilian legation at Washington; Representative Morris Sheppard, of Texarkana, Tex.; Jo in G. Brady, of Boston, ex-governor of A'aska, and Major T. I. Clarkson, of Seattle.

Mr. Sheppard, who is credited with being the youngest member of the national house, made an earnest plea for the upbuilding of the levee system, and won warm applause from the delegates. He began by declaring the levee is one of the most important factors in the economic growth of the United States, and of many other countreis.

He took the various arguments urged against levees, especially the claim that they were an interference with the laws of nature, and showed that the arguments were without foundation. He demonstrated that there was no real conflict between irrigation projects and levee enterprises, showing that they were the product of entirely different geographical conditions and had a common aim, the improvement of the productiveness of the soil.

Income Tax Law for Ohio.

Columbus, O., Nov. 22.—Governor Harris stated today that he would reccity, while Pueblo's official report is 8, by the state of Ohio, if a way can be below. The coldest point in the state found to enact a law that will stand the tax law repealed by the legislature.