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O. R. & N. TIME TABLE
Trains Depart from Arlington

EAST BOUND	
No. 2 Chicago Special.....	2:30 P M
No. 4 Spokane Flyer.....	3:15 P M
No. 6 Mail & Express.....	1:20 A M
WEST BOUND	
No. 1 Portland Special.....	12:12 P M
No. 3 Portland Flyer.....	3:15 A M
No. 5 Mail & Express.....	2:08 A M

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OREGON STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST

BIG CROPS IN LINN COUNTY.

Hay, Wheat, Oats and Hops Giving Great Promise.

Albany—The hay crop of Linn county is greater this year than ever before, and thousands of tons of hay will be shipped away. In addition to the extra acreage is the yield. It is unusually good. Hay is selling for \$4 and \$5 loose, and \$6 and \$7 baled—low prices even for the opening market. Haying has been in progress for some time, and this week will see the crop cut and in the cock. Most of it will also be in the barn or stack ere the end of the week.

Never did wheat in Linn county look better. Binders will begin moving the yellow grain this week, much of it being now fully ripe and ready for cutting. The aphid mentioned early in the summer during the rains have all disappeared, leaving no mark behind. The output of the county will not be much larger than in the past, for the acreage is not much larger than usual, but the yield is the greatest in years.

Threshing will begin the last of July or the first of August, on the fall sown grain. Three or four weeks later work will begin on the spring grain, which is looking fine where sowed early enough, but that sown late will ripen very close to the ground, making binding difficult.

Oats are looking fine, and will be a fairly heavy crop. The acreage is not as large as in some years, but the yield is excellent.

One of the bumper crops of the county will be hops. There is every indication of a full crop—better than last year. No damage has been done by the lice, the hot weather coming in time to put an end to the ravages of the little pest. The few yards that were infested with lice have been sprayed, and the crop is not affected in the least. If we have warm weather until picking season is over, the crop will be a full one. A prominent Albany hopgrower estimates the output of Linn county at about 150,000 bales.

Indians Go Into Law.

Chemawa—Among the 32 young men who were recently admitted to practice law before the Supreme court of Oregon were two Indians, graduates of the Chemawa Indian school. Both young men were successful, and give great promise of a creditable career. They were Oscar Norton, of California, who graduated in 1898, and George Bernier, of Oregon, of the class of 1900. Word has also reached here that Richard Graham, another California Indian, who was a student of Chemawa in 1897, has been admitted to practice law in the courts of Washington City. Mr. Graham has been a government department clerk for a number of years, and has attended and graduated from the Columbia law school.

Frozen Wheat Short.

The Dalles—Through the High Ridge and Fifteen-Mile country, the section of Wasco county where grain was most seriously damaged by the freeze of February, and where much reseeded was necessary, crops are looking fairly well. Some of the spring sown wheat is short and rather thin, but is of good color, and with favorable weather will make a comparatively good crop. Farmers in that section estimate that their spring grain will average 15 bushels to the acre. In that section the fall grain that was not frozen out will yield from 35 to 40 bushels to the acre. Everywhere throughout the county fall grain is ripening rapidly, and heading has already begun.

Bohemia Men Want Smelter.

Bohemia—At an important meeting of the Bohemia Mineowners' association this week steps were taken to interest some smeltermen in Bohemia camp. One mining man stated that in case interested parties put up a smelter, he would sign a contract to deliver 50 tons of ore per day. With this amount of ore from one man, it is considered an assured fact that a smelter would pay if once put in operation. Men who are now doing nothing with their properties would proceed to active development.

Albany Summer Normal.

Albany—A summer normal school for the benefit of public school teachers is being conducted in Albany this summer by County School Superintendent W. L. Jackson, City School Superintendent Hayes and I. E. Richardson. A large number of the teachers in the public schools of Linn county are attending this summer school, where instruction in practical pedagogy is given.

State Land in Klamath.

Salem—State Land Agent Oswald West has returned from a trip to Swan Lake, Klamath county, where he inspected a large tract of land believed to be swamp in character, and therefore the property of the state. He found 5,000 acres to which he believes the state is entitled to a patent, and he will take steps immediately to perfect title.

RAILROAD FOR WALLOWA.

Independent Capitalists Will Build a Branch to Joseph.

La Grande—A corps of engineers are at work establishing a line for a new railroad down Grand Ronde river to the mouth of the Wallowa river, thence up the Wallowa to Wallowa valley. The right of way has been secured to the mouth of the Wallowa river. The new road will be independent of all other lines and is backed by New York capital.

A construction company is ready to begin grading as soon as part of the line is established, and will be at work within the next 30 days, and it is stated the road will be completed to the Wallowa bridge this year and will be extended to Joseph next year.

This activity has caused agents for the O. R. & N. to go to Elgin this week and busy themselves securing rights of way on all deeded land through which their final survey was established about five years ago.

The probable purpose of the new promoters is to get the right of way in the Grand Ronde and Wallowa canyons away from the O. R. & N., which it is supposed has already expired or soon will expire by limitation.

The outcome will likely be the forcing of the O. R. & N. Co. to build on its proposed line. If it does not in some way renew its pre-emption of the surveys already made, it will lose its rights, and this the O. R. & N. Co. is not expected to do. In any case, Wallowa county has a better prospect for a railroad than ever before.

Ready to Start Cut-Off.

Eugene—C. S. Freeland, construction engineer of the Southern Pacific company, is in Eugene with a force of men preparatory to the construction of the bridge across the Willamette river at Springfield for the Henderson-Springfield cutoff branch line, which will be built immediately. The people of Eugene herald the news of the beginning of the work on this line with great satisfaction. They have looked for it long and earnestly. It means the making of Eugene a terminus for all trains on the Woodburn-Natron and Springfield-Wendling branches, increasing the population of the city considerably by the addition of the trainmen and their families, and affording the people residing along the aforesaid branches a quicker and better means of reaching this city to do their trading.

Platinum on Santiam.

Lebanon—George B. Whitcomb, who lives about 30 miles above Lebanon on the South Santiam river, reports having discovered platinum in paying quantities. A quantity of black river sand was sent to the government assay office at Washington, D. C., and partly concentrated sand went \$50 to the ton, while reconcentrated sand went as high as \$175 to the ton. Mr. Whitcomb has sent other samples to the government assayer at the Lewis and Clark fair. He expects an expert in a few days who will make a thorough examination.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Club, new, 71½¢@72¢ per bushel; bluestem, new, 75¢@76¢; valley, new, 75¢.
Barley.—Feed, \$21.50@22 per ton; rolled, \$23@24.
Oats—No 1 white, feed, \$29@30 per ton; gray, \$29.
Hay—Timothy, \$14@16 per ton; clover, \$8@9.
Fruits—Apples, new, \$1.50@1.85 per box; apricots, 90¢@1 per crate; peaches, 50¢@90¢ per crate; plums, 25¢@90¢ per crate; Loganberries, \$1.25 per crate; blackberries, 4¢@5¢ pound; cherries, 7¢@12½¢ per pound; currants, 8¢ per pound; prunes, 85¢@1; raspberries, \$1.25 per crate.
Vegetables—Beans, 1¢@4¢ per pound; cabbage, 1¢@1½¢ per pound; cauliflower, 75¢@90¢ per dozen; celery, \$1 per dozen; corn, 17½¢@25¢ per dozen; cucumbers, 65¢@75¢ per dozen; lettuce, head, 10¢ per dozen; parsley, 25¢ per dozen; peas, 2¢@5¢ per pound; tomatoes, 90¢@1 per crate; turnips, \$1.25@1.40 per sack; carrots, \$1.25@1.50 per sack; beets, \$1@1.25 per sack.
Potatoes—Oregon, new, 75¢@1 per sack.
Butter—Kancy creamery, 20¢@21½¢ per pound.
Eggs—Oregon ranch, 21½¢@22¢ doz.
Poultry—Average old hens, 13¢@14¢; mixed chickens, 12¢@12½¢; old roosters, 9¢@10¢; young roosters, 11¢@12¢; turkeys, live, 18¢@19¢; geese, live, 6¢@7¢; ducks, old, 13¢; ducks, young, 10¢@14¢ per pound.
Hops—Choice, 1904, 17¢@19¢ per pound.
Wool—Eastern Oregon average best, 19¢@21¢; lower grades down to 15¢, according to shrinkage; valley, 25¢@27¢ per pound; mohair, choice, 31¢ per pound.
Beef—Dressed bulls, 1¢@2¢ per pound; cows, 3½¢@4½¢.
Mutton—Dressed, fancy, 5¢ per pound; ordinary, 4¢.
Veal—Dressed, 3½¢@7½¢ per pound.
Pork—Dressed 67½¢ per pound.

DEFENSE WAIVES ARGUMENT

Submits Timber Land Case to Jury Without Debate.

Portland, July 19.—After 12 days of trial, the reputation of three of the prominent men of Oregon was given into the keeping of 12 jurymen yesterday afternoon. When the last testimony for the defendants, Representative J. N. Williamson, Dr. Van Geeser and Marion R. Biggs, had been heard, as well as District Attorney Heney's opening argument for the prosecution, Judge Bennett sprang a surprise. He refused to discuss, on behalf of the defendants, the case that had been made against them, or the reasons why the verdict should be one of acquittal. The whole contention was left to the judgment of the jury, without argument. Judge Bennett, in making this request to the court, said:

"May it please the court, I do not feel that the opening statement of the district attorney was very full or very fair in this case, and in view of the fact that the jury has been here now for 12 days, trying this case, and has listened to all the testimony offered by the government, and the evidence and explanations on behalf of the defendants, and must thoroughly understand our position in the case from the arguments that have arisen during the course of the trial, we feel that we would not be justified in keeping them here for two or three days more to listen to an argument in the case. Therefore we have made up our minds to submit the case to the intelligence of this jury on the evidence in the case and the instructions which your honor shall give."

Yesterday morning when the Federal court convened, those present heard, after a few remaining questions had been asked of the last witness called in the case, a short statement of what the government had attempted to prove, as told by Mr. Heney. It was milder than those who had followed the trial had expected. The defendants were not called to account in any great measure for what the evidence of the government seemed to show them to have done. Inveective and attack were wanting. It was, as styled by Mr. Heney, a birdseye view of the case and the evidence.

AIRSHIP FLIES OVER PORTLAND.

Wind Too Strong for It to Return to Exposition Grounds.

Portland, July 19.—Man tried again yesterday to conquer air. It was the same old story of partial defeat. He must try yet again before he can slip the metaphorical harness upon the atmosphere and make it serve him as the giants steam and electricity have been brought to serve.

For nearly two hours yesterday afternoon the airship Angelus hovered over Portland and vicinity. To the casual observer it looked like a great bird moving slowly across the sky with ease and perfect control of itself. In fact there was a battle going on every second; a battle against a strong wind which has proved the evil genius of airship inventors since the first. Every inch the brave vessel moved to the southward was an inch to the credit of the contending elements. It is noteworthy, however, that the Angelus bucked the capricious air currents yesterday with a greater degree of success than any previous air vessel. Captain T. S. Baldwin, of California, the inventor, is satisfied with yesterday's showing. He will make some delicate alterations and pit his vessel against the wind at once. He has no doubt that his boat could navigate in any direction under favorable atmospheric conditions. He intends to make it sail under any conditions.

The Angelus made the first airship flight in Northwest history and the first of the exposition competition. It was witnessed by many thousands. It started from the exposition grounds and drove southeast bucking a strong wind from the north. Lincoln Beechey, of Los Angeles, went up with the machine, and displayed remarkable skill and courage in his work. After being drifted along an irregular southward course for about six miles he tacked east and made a safe landing on a dock at a Willamette river pleasure resort. The vessel was not damaged to any great extent and arrangements were made for its conveyance back to the exposition whence other test flights are to be made this week.

Lay Siege to Vladivostok.

London, July 19.—A Japanese army has been landed north of Vladivostok and the complete envelopment of the fortress is imminent. The Tokio correspondent of the Daily Telegraph wires: "Thus Japan carries the war into undisputed Russian territory on the main land. Undoubtedly, too, a strong Japanese fleet is outside Vladivostok. Japan's navy has nothing else to occupy it at the moment. The investment of Vladivostok is regarded here as a strong argument in favor of peace."

Battleship Ohio Accepted.

Washington, July 19.—The Navy department has finally accepted the battleship Ohio, flagship of Rear Admiral Train, commander of the Asiatic fleet. The Ohio was built by the Union Iron works, of San Francisco.

HEAT GETS INTENSE

Many Deaths and Prostrations in Eastern States.

STORM AFFORDS SOME RELIEF

Crowded Tenement Districts of New York Are the Worst—Deaths Reach 75 in One Day.

New York, July 20.—While the record of deaths and prostrations greatly exceeded that of yesterday, there was a distinct diminution today in the temperature prevailing throughout the eastern section of the country. Although the midday heat was everywhere terrific, it was broken by scattering thunderstorms, many of which were of a violent character, and toward evening the temperature fell rapidly. With this welcome relief came the announcement from the weather bureau tonight that the abatement in the heated term had been general and that moderate temperatures would probably prevail for several days in the Middle Atlantic and New-England states.

In New York the highest temperature recorded was 95, one degree lower than that of yesterday, when the highest record of the season was reached. Philadelphia reported a slightly higher maximum range, and in many other cities the highest point of yesterday was not touched, while everywhere a sharp fall was noticed, beginning early in the afternoon.

As usual the maximum official temperatures everywhere were exceeded by those prevailing in the crowded districts, where the actual temperatures frequently exceeded 100 degrees.

The cumulative effect of the continued torridity of these districts was painfully evident in the enormous increase of the number of deaths in New York. While the death roll of yesterday was only 26, that of today reached the appalling total of 75, being nearly half of those prostrated. This was almost entirely due to the collapse of women and children and aged persons whose exhausted vitality was unequal to the strain of further suffering.

VERDICT IS BLOCKED.

One Juror in Land Fraud Cases Is Stubborn for Acquittal.

Portland, July 20.—Neither 31 hours and more of argument, the opinion of those learned in the law, nor his own convictions, have served to convince J. O. Cook, of Eugene, a former clerk for the Booth-Kelly Lumber company, that the defendants Williamson, Gesner and Biggs are guilty of having conspired to suborn men to commit perjury. Judge De Haven, after waiting until after 8 o'clock last night, retired to his home, leaving word with the marshal that he would not return again unless the jury should return a verdict, and then only providing the action should be taken prior to 10:30.

J. O. Cook, the man from Eugene, is hanging the jury and cannot be changed from his position, so the rumors that float around the Federal building whisper. From the first he has opposed the wishes of the other 11 men, and all their massed persuasiveness cannot turn him from his opinion.

Mr. Cook has been a fractious juror from the first, so it is understood, and has not been easy under the yoke of the rules laid down. Even at the beginning of the trial he was disinclined to heed the admonition of the court that he should neither read the comments concerning the case as published in the papers nor discuss the case as he pleased. It is understood that he did not care to follow the instructions, and contended that he would read what he pleased and discuss the case when he wished.

It is the supposition that the jury will be discharged today if it is not able to reach a verdict by evening. In the event of final disagreement, it is the announced intention of District Attorney Heney to call the second trial as soon as he has finished with the Jones case, now set for hearing on Friday.

Czar's Sincerity Is Doubted.

Tokio, July 20.—It is believed that Emperor Nicholas recently sent an encouraging message to General Linievitch, promising him men, provisions and other necessities for attaining a victory. It is also reported that the Russian emperor recently ordered the mobilization of four army corps. This fact, taken in connection with the reported limitation of M. Witte's power as chief peace plenipotentiary, is deemed to be a sign that Russia is not sincere in her expressed desire for the conclusion of peace.

Military Plot Discovered.

London, July 20.—The Moscow correspondent of the Times says that one of the topics of conversation during the proceedings of the Zemstvo congress was the alleged discovery of a military plot against Emperor Nicholas.