

# THE CONDON GLOBE

Issued Each Week

CONDON.....OREGON

## NEWS OF THE WEEK

In a Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

A Resume of the Less Important but Not Less Interesting Events of the Past Week.

The Franco-German dispute about Morocco nears a crisis.

General Maximo Gomez is very low and may die at any time.

Norway is likely to become a republic, as no one desirable for a king is willing to accept.

President Roosevelt is striving to prevent another big battle in Manchuria before peace is concluded.

The next step in the Far Eastern peace negotiations will be the signing of an armistice by the generals commanding on the field of hostilities.

Governor Brady, of Alaska, wants to attend the Lewis and Clark fair, but Secretary Hitchcock has ordered him to remain at his post for the present, as he may be needed.

The Federal grand jury at Chicago has turned in a number of indictments against beef trust officials, but particulars will not be given out until the jury has finished its work.

Not a man was saved from the Russian battleship Alexander III, and but one each from the battleships Borodino and Navarin, sunk by the Japanese in the battle of the sea of Japan.

Commissioner Richards, of the General Land office, has been ordered to Portland to attend the land fraud trials and lend assistance to the prosecution. A number of clerks are also being sent with records.

The kaiser is planning to become master of Europe.

Japan's peace terms have been outlined and will be moderate.

Washington has been chosen as the meeting place of the peace envoys.

Turkish troops have completely exterminated a Macedonian insurgent band.

Grand Duke Alexis and Admiral Avellan, heads of the Russian navy, have resigned.

Missouri railroads have united in enjoining the estate from enforcing the maximum rate law.

A case of plague has been reported on a vessel arriving at Manchester, England, from Buenos Ayres.

Orders have been issued at the War department for the formation of two provisional regiments of field artillery.

Taft says he will not run for president to succeed Roosevelt, but desires to become chief justice of the Supreme court.

The Mexican Central railroad has increased its capital from \$50,000,000 to \$100,000,000, and will acquire control of other important roads.

Secretary Hay is home from Europe. His health is greatly improved, but he has not entirely recovered. He says he has no intention of resigning.

The premier of Greece has been murdered by a gambler.

Germany will fortify Kiao Chou bay, on the Chinese coast.

Britain and America refuse to join in the conference on Morocco.

Exports from the United States to Mexico show a great increase.

Russia has formally announced the acceptance of Roosevelt's peace offer.

One of the seven largest locomotives ever built will be placed in service on the O. R. & N. lines.

Supreme Justice Warren R. Hooker has announced his intention of resigning. He is accused of postal grafting.

The number of plenipotentiaries and pace of meeting to conduct peace negotiations between Japan and Russia are now to be decided.

The motor car ordered by the Southern Pacific for use between Forest Grove and Portland is a little light for the heavy grade out of Portland.

The Lake Shore road has established a new record for fast time, having made the run from Chicago to Buffalo, a distance of 526 miles in 453 minutes.

In the army and navy maneuvers to test the effectiveness of the defenses about Washington, the attacking fleet was defeated and constructively joined Rojstvensky's.

Mount Pelee is in eruption.

A smallpox epidemic prevails in Chile.

Norway will send a special envoy to all the powers to ask recognition.

## PEACE ENVOYS ARE NAMED.

Japan Announces Three, and Names of Two Russians are Known.

St. Petersburg, June 16.—There only remain fixing of the time of meeting and the number of plenipotentiaries for the peace conference with Japan. Finding that Japan was not disposed to accept Paris, which was Russia's first choice, or The Hague, which President Roosevelt suggested, Russia readily consented to the selection of Washington. Japan, it is understood, also signified that she would name three exalted personages as plenipotentiaries, and specific information here points to Marquis Ito, Baron Komura, the minister of foreign affairs, and Marshal Yamagata, chief of the general staff, as plenipotentiaries.

It is regarded as certain that two of Russia's representatives will be Baron Rosen, who has been appointed to succeed Count Cassini as ambassador at Washington, and M. Nelidoff, ambassador at Paris. The name of M. Witte continues to be mentioned, but there is no evidence that the emperor will give him a brief to conduct negotiations. Considering his well known views against Russia's aggressive policy in the Far East, the selection of M. Witte would be regarded as tantamount to an assurance that peace would be the outcome.

The selection of Washington makes it certain that several weeks must elapse before the first meeting of the negotiators is possible.

Unless President Roosevelt is able to induce the belligerents in the meantime to agree to an armistice, the fear is general that the interim will witness another bloody battle in Manchuria. Russia, while she could not place herself in the position of directly requesting an armistice, might welcome it, if the suggestion came from the president.

## FOR CONFERENCE CITY.

Choice by Russia and Japan is Narrowed Down to Three.

Washington, June 15.—Gradually the negotiations for peace in the Far East are nearing a focus. The one point to which the energies of those directly concerned in them now are being directed is the choice of a place for holding the conference of the plenipotentiaries of the belligerents.

It is known officially that three cities are under consideration by Russia and Japan. These cities, named in the order of the likelihood of their final selection, are Washington, The Hague and Geneva.

Thus far no decision has been reached. Paris and London have been eliminated from the question. It is understood that the Russian government objects to an Asiatic city, its preference being for some European capital. After objecting to the holding of the conference in Paris, the Japanese government expressed a willingness to consider other places which afforded adequate facilities, although it is assumed that Japan's preference would be for some Far Eastern city practically within the theater of war. Finally, however, the selection seems to have narrowed down to the three cities named.

## NEW MOVES TO END STRIKE.

Hanrahan will Take a Hand—Teamsters' Offer Rejected.

Chicago, June 16.—While apparently there was no surface change in the strike today, a powerful agent for peace was at work. Grand Master J. G. Hanrahan, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, arrived in the city, and after a conference with Mayor Dunne, announced that he would use his good offices to settle the strike.

Chairman John V. Farwell, Jr., of the Employers association, declined to consider a tentative strike settlement proposition presented to him today by the state board of arbitration.

The proposition was an offer that, if the employers would agree to use all honorable influence to have police and deputy sheriffs and all armed guards withdrawn immediately, the strike would be declared off, even as to the express companies, and that orders to deliver anywhere would be obeyed by the teamsters. The offer had the approval of President Shea and the national executive board of the teamsters.

## Linievitch Takes Some Outposts.

St. Petersburg, June 16.—In a dispatch to the emperor, dated June 13, General Linievitch says the Russians, after a fight June 11, occupied the villages of Syfong-Toy, Chilipou and Chakhedzi. The same day another detachment approached the mines near Chakhedzi. A Japanese company evacuated the mines and retired southward, where it was reinforced by a battalion of Japanese with quick-firing guns. The Japanese detachment on the Mandarin road retired to a position south of Minhuagay.

## Will Fight in Spite of Mud.

London, June 16.—The Japanese correspondent of the Daily Telegraph at Moji, Japan, says: "The rainy season has started in Manchuria, and the mud in the roads is knee deep, but this will not interfere with military operations, glad tidings of which may be expected within a few days."

## READY FOR A FIGHT

Oyama Has Russian Army Completely Surrounded.

MAY PROVE SEDAN FOR RUSSIA

Before Peace Negotiations Can Begin, Greatest Battle of the War May be Fought.

London, June 17.—The practical certainty now that the peace negotiations cannot begin for another month leads to the conviction that another battle will be fought in the interval. According to the Daily Telegraph's Tientsin correspondent, a Japanese forward movement has already commenced, in spite of the rainy season.

The Daily Telegraph's Tokio correspondent gives an interesting idea of the situation from a correspondent who is said to be in a good position to know the actual facts. This correspondent says that the principal Russian depot is at Gunshu Pass, whence many light railways are being constructed northward to facilitate retreat. Lieutenant General Linievitch, bewildered by the strategy of the Japanese, is making repeated reconnaissances and throwing out innumerable scouts. Nevertheless, at the present moment, the correspondent says, all his army is completely enveloped.

## FRANCE SAVED FROM WAR.

Delcasse's Resignation Prevented a Conflict with Germany.

Paris, June 17.—When M. Delcasse resigned the portfolio of the foreign office a few days ago, Germany and France were on the verge of war. M. Delcasse thought that Germany was bluffing. Prime Minister Rouvier, remembering 1870, believed otherwise. Germany had been for some weeks strengthening her garrisons near the French frontier. France responded with a similar move. The kaiser, ignoring his own provocation, notified France that, if she did not cease this military movement, Germany would consider it an unfriendly act. This, of course, was equivalent to an ultimatum, and M. Rouvier sent a conciliatory reply.

Within a few hours after M. Delcasse's retirement, M. Rouvier made certain representations to Russia which had far greater influence upon the czar's present course than even Mr. Roosevelt's letter. M. Delcasse had done everything in his power to support the Russian policy and uphold the alliance, and had refrained from pressing advice, peaceful or otherwise, on the czar's government.

M. Rouvier said to Russia, in effect, that the vital interests of France required the czar to do something under the terms of the alliance for her protection against German aggression. It was imperative that Russia restore her military strength on her western frontier and be prepared to take an active part in the campaign if France were attacked.

## DODGE IMMIGRATION LAW.

Inspectors Discover Men in London Who Post Undesirables.

London, June 17.—Marcus Braun and Mr. Fischberg, the American inspectors who have been inspecting the emigration from Continental countries to the United States, having concluded their labors in Austria, Hungary and Russian Poland, respectively, are now looking up the conditions prevailing at the embarking points of the big Atlantic liners.

Messrs. Braun and Fischberg say that the steamship companies have inaugurated a very strict inspection of emigrants, but that even in London persons claiming to be agents of the companies are publishing guarantees to secure the admission of any emigrant to the United States for a few pounds in addition to the fare. How the subjects carry out this agreement is now under investigation by the inspectors.

## Klamath Fish Reserve.

Washington, June 17.—President Roosevelt has interested himself in the establishment of a fish preserve along Spring creek and Williamson river, on the Klamath Indian reservation. Two engineers of the Reclamation service who have been studying conditions in the Klamath basin discovered that both these streams are well stocked with trout and afford fine sport in season. They found, however, that many Indian allotments were being made along the banks of both streams, and the fish were being exterminated.

## Russian Cruiser on Rampage.

London, June 17.—The Singapore correspondent of the Daily Mail says that the Russian cruiser Rion left June 14 for Odessa, and that great uneasiness is felt for the safety of British shipping.

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