

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Has won success far beyond the effect of advertising only.
The secret of its wonderful popularity is explained by its unapproachable merit.

Based upon a prescription which cured people considered incurable, **Hood's Sarsaparilla** unites the best-known vegetable remedies, by such a combination, proportion and process as to have curative power peculiar to itself.

Its cures of scrofula, eczema, psoriasis, and every kind of humor, as well as catarrh and rheumatism—prove **Hood's Sarsaparilla** the best blood purifier ever produced.

Its cures of dyspepsia, loss of appetite and that tired feeling make it the greatest stomach tonic and strength-restorer the world has ever known.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is a thoroughly good medicine. Begin to take it TODAY. Get HOOD'S.

Excuseable.
He—They say feathers are all the rage this year.
She—Yes—and beads, too.

He—Paint and powder are always more or less in vogue, aren't they?
She—Yes. But, then, you must remember this is the age of Indian fads.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children's teething pains.

Success may sometimes come unexpectedly, but work alone can hold it.—F. W. Murray.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.
I, FRANK J. CHENEY, make oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1904.
A. W. GILSON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists.
HALL'S Family Pills are the best.

Cleanliness prevents rust; the best-cared for machines last the longest.

For bronchitis troubles try Pisco's Cure for Consumption. It is a good cough medicine. At druggists, price 25 cents.

Method in His Effort.
"You seem to have a great liking for large words."

"Well, sir," answered Mr. Ernest Pinkley, "I once known a man whose life were saved by a big word. He once told me that I prevaricated, and by the time I found out what that word meant it was too late for me to hit him."—New Yorker.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Pritchard*

Merely a Hint.
The man who thinks he knows it all may find out by and by.
That the man who doesn't know so much eats far less humble pie.

Miss Alice Bailey, of Atlanta, Ga., escaped the surgeon's knife, by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: I wish to express my gratitude for the restored health and happiness Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has brought into my life.

"I had suffered for three years with terrible pains at the time of menstruation, and did not know what the trouble was until the doctor pronounced it inflammation of the ovaries, and proposed an operation.

"I felt so weak and sick that I felt sure that I could not survive the ordeal, and so I told him that I would not undergo it. The following week I read an advertisement in the paper of your Vegetable Compound in such an emergency, and so I decided to try it. Great was my joy to find that I actually improved after taking two bottles, so I kept taking it for ten weeks, and at the end of that time I was cured. I had gained eighteen pounds and was in excellent health, and am now.

"You surely deserve great success, and you have my very best wishes."—MISS ALICE BAILEY, 50 North Boulevard, Atlanta, Ga. —\$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

All sick women would be wise if they would take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and be well.

THE BEST POMMEL SLICKER IN THE WORLD
TOWER'S FISH BRAND

Like all our waterproof coats, suits and hats for all kinds of wet work, it is often imitated but never equalled. Made in black or yellow and fully guaranteed by the maker.

FOR SALE BY ALL RELIABLE DEALERS. Made in black or yellow and fully guaranteed by the maker.

STICK TO THE SIGN OF THE FISH.

It is much better and easier to scrub soiled flannels with a small brush than it is to rub them clean on a board. A rather stiff brush about four or five inches long is the best article for this purpose. Scrub the bands and seams of heavy woolen shirts, as well as those of cotton, in this way. This small brush is excellent in washing corsets or any heavy pieces that are difficult to rub on a board. If the brush has a small handle the garments may be more easily cleaned with it.

Science AND Invention

London produces ten lunatics per day; New York nearly as many, with greater proportionate increase.

The self-lighting Bunsen burner of a German chemist depends upon the igniting effect of a pellet of palladium sponge, which is passed over the escaping gas as the tap is opened.

Over-fatigue is regarded by Dr. Burton-Fanning as the determining cause of 10 per cent of his cases of pulmonary consumption. Even a single excess—as unusual bicycling, climbing, hunting, or even dancing or tennis—may bring into activity unsuspected latent tuberculosis.

The statement is generally made that the principal geysers of the Yellowstone Park greatly exceed in size and power all others in the world. J. A. Riddick, now of Ottawa, Canada, contradicts this, and says that the Waimangu Geyser in New Zealand far exceeds in proportions anything described in the Yellowstone region. Mr. Riddick has never himself seen Waimangu in action, but has often witnessed the eruptions of the geysers called Fairoa and Pohotu, the former sometimes playing to a height of more than 200 feet.

The curious electric heater of M. Camille Herrgott consists of conducting wires woven into carpets and other fabrics, and it is designed to give a moderately high temperature to the shawl, hemp, cotton, linen or silk. It does not affect the pliability or appearance of the material. It is claimed that the heater is perfectly safe, and that the wires cannot be raised above a certain temperature. The arrangement can be applied to many purposes. Carpets, rugs, etc., can be kept at the temperature of the body or higher, and dry or wet medical applications can be kept easily at 150 deg. C. In the industries numerous uses are suggested, as in filters for fatty or gelatinous matters, and for warming carriages or trains, etc.

New materials from which paper can be made are continually found. Recently in our Southern States yellow pine waste has been successfully manufactured into that universal substance without which so many features of modern civilization could hardly survive. Fine paper can be made of corn stalks and of rice straw. In addition to spruce, whose usefulness in paper-making has caused great uneasiness concerning the ultimate fate of the beautiful White Mountain forests, marsh pine, fir, aspen, birch, sweetgum, cottonwood, maple, cypress and willow trees all contain fiber suitable for the manufacture of paper. Hemp, cotton, jute, Indian millet and other fibrous plants can also be used for this purpose, so that there seems to be no danger of a dearth of paper.

Major Powell-Cotton's expedition in Eastern Equatorial Africa resulted in the discovery of six tribes of men previously unknown to the civilized world. One of these tribes is known to the neighbors by the name of the Magicians. The Magicians dwell on the high lands half-way between Lake Rudolph and Lake Albert, and their villages consist of two-story houses built of wattle, and grouped together on the upper slopes of the hills. They inspire great awe among the dwellers in the valleys below, although the latter outnumber them a thousand to one. Their formidable reputation appears to be based upon their superior intelligence. None of the new tribes discovered by Major Powell-Cotton had ever met a white man, and they treated their visitors in a friendly manner.

LAUNDERING IN WINTER TIME.

Methods by Which Clothes May Be Kept White and in Good Condition.

Many housekeepers find difficulty in doing their laundering during cold weather. In the summer season cottons and linens can be bleached on the grass and dried in the warm sunshine, and while they are whiter for being frozen and thawed, there is seldom warmth enough in the depth of winter to thaw them on the line, and if they are handled in the frozen state they are apt to crack. For this reason good housekeepers will not allow fine table linen to be dried out of doors in the winter, even though it may be slightly yellowed by indoor drying. Fine handkerchiefs are very easily torn and delicate underwear can be ruined more quickly by being taken from the lines and folded when frozen than in any other way.

If white cotton garments are much stained freezing will restore them to their proper color, and if there is time they can be left out on the lines until they freeze hard and thaw out, provided they are not handled in a frozen state or left to flap about in the wind. Loosely woven materials, like stockinette may also be left outdoors on the lines until they are dry enough to bring into the house.

A large laundry is a very useful place in winter, as the clothes can be dried there and the dangers of freezing avoided. Such a room is also very useful for ironing in hot weather. It should be provided with a laundry stove and the fire kept up until the clothes are dried.

Flannels and woolen stockinette ought to be dried on wooden frames, which any carpenter will make, and which will prevent shrinking. This is because the ultimate fiber of wool is spiral, and the drawing up and interlocking of the fibers being what constitutes shrinkage. In underwear factories the garments are always washed and dried on frames so that they may be offered soft and unshrunk for sale.

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QUEER STORIES

In Valparaiso all the conductors on trolley cars are women.

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When the Nest Was Found the Missing Bills Were All Intact.

A short time ago Mrs. Mike Huller, who keeps a grocery on the corner of Eighth and Elm streets, hid away where she could easily find it, \$76 in bills for use at a time when necessity or desire required it. She thought of thieves, but not of the rodent description, and was, therefore, quite particular in selecting a hiding place. A few days later she thought she would take a look at her hidden treasure, with the view of assuring herself that the money was where she had hidden it, but on going to the place her surprise can easily be imagined when, on placing her hand where the money ought to have been, she discovered that it was gone.

Matters remained in that condition up to a few days ago, when, hearing a rat traveling around the house, the idea struck her that rats were the real purloiners of her money. Going to work with a vim she was not long in ripping up two or three planks from the floor of one of the rooms of the house and, instituting a close search, was actually elated to find that rodents had actually stolen the money, packed it away and made a cozy bed of it, for there it was before her eyes. Every bill was found intact, not a dollar missing.—Henderson (Ky.) Gleaner.

Making Money Out of Garbage.

The borough of Fulham, London, by the use of its garbage in the furnace of the municipal electric lighting plant makes a profit of \$3,442 a year.

Laugh when a friend tells a joke; it is one of the taxes you must pay.

SISTERS OF ST. JOSEPH

RELY ON PE-RU-NA TO FIGHT CATARRH, COUGHS, COLDS, GRIP

Persons with blue eyes are rarely affected with color blindness. Sleepers made of earthenware are used on some of the railroads in Japan.

In making the best Persian rug a weaver spends about twenty-three days over each square foot of surface.

Each ear has four bones. The body has about 500 muscles. The human skull contains thirty bones. The lower limbs contain thirty bones each. Every hair has two oil glands at its base. The sense of touch is dulled