

NOTICE

The Globe invites correspondence from all sections of Gilliam county. We aim to make the paper the leading news medium of the county and invite our readers to assist us by sending in the news of their respective neighborhoods. Correspondence must be signed by the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence of good faith, and the editor assumes no responsibility for opinions expressed by correspondents.

ABOUT THAT LOAN.

In another column of this impression will be found a statement from Mayor Ed Dunn in regard to the loan which the proprietor of this paper secured from the city of Condon in 1898. Mr. Dunn prepared the statement for publication in the last issue of the Weekly Times, as that paper had, in a previous issue, made insinuations which were calculated to give the impression that the loan had never been repaid, thereby casting reflections on the integrity of the various city officials who have held office since that time. In referring to this matter last week the Globe stated that it would leave the question of whether or not this money had been repaid to the city, to the city officials, and their books, to answer, and, as Mayor Dunn had informed the writer that a statement of the matter had been prepared and handed to the manager of the Times to be published, we thought it would be only fair to allow that paper an opportunity of correcting the false impression which its previous statement was calculated to give to the public. Our kindly intentions appear to have been thrown away, however, as it appears from Mayor Dunn's statement that the manager of the Times informed him Friday evening that the statement would not be published unless he "paid for it". This is the first time on record, so far as we know, when any kind of a newspaper has demanded pay for correcting a mis-statement, and it simply goes to show that the Times is not disposed to be fair in any particular, and as though it was afraid that the above was not sufficient evidence to establish it on a firm foundation as the champion unfair and unreliable sheet, it refers to the loan and mortgage in its last issue in the following item in its local column:

"We find on the county records that the mortgage held by the city of Condon against S. A. Pattison was satisfied last Saturday immediately after the publication of our last issue."

It is plain that the impression which the Times sought to give in the above was, that the debt was paid and the mortgage was canceled "immediately after the publication of our last issue", else why did it not consult the city records and find whether or not Mayor Dunn's statement was correct, and then either tell the whole truth about the matter or else ignore it entirely? "The truth wrongs no man"; but the truth does not appear to be what the Times is seeking. A falsehood, which, it is hoped, may wrong some man whom the ring is "after," is a weapon better suited to its tastes.

FINAL PROOF NOTICES.

The GLOBE's conscience has never hurt it a bit on account of its past action in charging the regular

An Honest Medicine for La Grippe. George W. Waitt, of South Gardiner, Me., says: "I have had the worst cough, cold, chills and grip and have taken lots of trash of no account but profit to the vendor. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the only thing that has done any good whatever. I have used one bottle of it and the chills, cold and grip have all left me. I congratulate the manufacturers of an honest medicine." For sale by The Hudson Pharmacy—C. W. Crossfield, mgr.

fee for the publication of final proof notices. Neither has this paper ever intimated that the Weekly Times is exorbitant in making the same charge. As the Times was started, not to make money, but only to put the GLOBE out of business, and as we are an accommodating sort of a cuss and like to help as many people as we can, we thought to do what we could to help the Times not to make money that it didn't want to make, and at the same time help the settlers to save money which they wanted to save.

When the Globe offered to publish these notices for \$2.50 (which offer is still open) the Times had the best chance in the world to get in and show the people of this section that it was not a grasping corporation, with no other object in life than the acquisition of the "long green" but for some reason or other it left its high perch and began to figure on dividends and things, just the same as an ordinary newspaper. As a philanthropist we are sorry the Times saw fit to ignore our good offices in this matter, but as an ordinary gnarly-hearted child of sin and misery, we are sort of glad of it. We are curious to know just how near it can reach around the barrel it is "over."

PUBLIC OWNERSHIP.

The following is from the Chicago Inter-Ocean of recent date:

"I do not believe it will be a good thing for the country or for the railroads, but the logical result of 'centralization of financial control,' is government ownership of railroads," said a leading official of one of the most important western systems. "Today the government could arrange with not more than a score of men for the acquirement of the Pennsylvania system, the Baltimore & Ohio, New York Central system, Northwestern, Union Pacific, Illinois Central, Alton, Kansas City Southern, Erie, Southern and Southern Pacific railways. When it is demonstrated that it is better to have the policy of all the railroads controlled by a few men, and this is being demonstrated today; it will not be long until it is urged that these quasi-public corporations should all be controlled by the government. Few railway officials are willing to admit that the railroads could be successfully operated by the government, but the government would have little trouble in securing the services of the very men who are now successfully operating railroads. Under government ownership it would not be necessary to have so many high salaried officials. In fact, the men most easily to be dispensed with would be the railroad presidents. While now they earn all they get, much more as a rule, the main work they now do would not be needed with the rivalry that exists between the private corporations. Government ownership would end competition without checking the development of the railways or interfering with the service given to the public. In fact, the service both to the travelers and shippers could be greatly improved. The number of passenger trains could be reduced and schedules adjusted so as to afford much better accommodations than now, and freight

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J. PIERPONT MORGAN.

Here is the opinion of the great financier as expressed by the United States Investor, and one of the recognized authorities in the financial world:

It is not necessary that one's memory should go back more than fifteen years in order to discover how effectually Morgan has changed the character of the United States. We are not the same people we were then; our ideals are different; our industrial methods have been entirely transformed; our political tendencies have all been changed; our dependence on fixed economic principles has generally come to be recognized as an absurdity; the old distinctions of society have been abandoned; liberty, equality and fraternity are no longer words to stir the blood; the personal equation is no longer considered an essential factor in life; the relations between man and man is no longer defined in terms of justice and human sympathy, but in such terms as "capital" and "labor" and "the survival of the fittest," the latter being construed strictly in the sense in which it is used in connection with the struggle for existence among the brute creation.

To District School Officers and Teachers.

OFFICE OF SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT, Condon, Ore., March 4, 1901.

All school laws now in force, except that pertaining to the issuance of state papers to those who graduated from normal schools and chartered institutions prior to September 1, 1890, will remain in force until May 22, 1901.

The following changes have been made in the methods of apportioning the county school fund:

"Subdivision 3, section 19. He shall make an apportionment of the entire school fund then in the county treasury on the first Monday in April and October of each year, and at such other times during the year as he may deem advisable. The county school fund, collected in pursuance of the school tax levied by the county court, shall be apportioned in the following manner: In October he shall apportion \$50 to each district in his county that has reported to him as required by law. At the same time he shall apportion to each district in his county \$5 for each teacher employed by such district during the twelve months immediately preceding such apportionment, who has attended for a period of at least sixteen hours an annual county institute or state teachers' association held during the twelve months immediately preceding the time of making such apportionment. The county superintendent shall take as evidence that such district has employed a teacher or teachers who have attended an institute or association as above described, a certificate properly signed by the secretary of such institute or association, or a certified copy thereof. It is hereby made the duty of such teachers to file with the clerk of such district a certificate or copy thereof as hereinbefore provided, and it shall be the duty of said clerk to file said certificate or copy thereof with the school superintendent of his county; provided, that the county school superintendent shall not credit a district with a greater number of such certificates than the whole number of rooms in operation in such district at any one time during the year. The balance of the county school funds thereafter remaining in the treasury, and any amount of such funds to be apportioned at any other time, shall be apportioned among the several districts in his county that have reported to him as required by law in proportion to the total number of school age residing in each district, between the ages of four and twenty years as shown by the clerk's last annual report. If at the time for making the apportionments in October there shall not be sufficient of the county school fund to make the required \$50 to each district and the \$5 for each teacher employed, as hereinbefore provided, he shall apportion the whole amount of such fund in equal sums among the several districts which have reported as required by law, and as soon thereafter as there is a sufficient amount of the county school funds on hand for that purpose he shall apportion to each district such a sum as will make up the required \$50 and \$5 for that year. In the case of joint districts the sum of \$50 herein required to be paid to each school district in a county before any part of the county school fund is otherwise apportioned, said \$50 shall be paid to said joint district by the counties in which it lies in proportion to the total number of children resident in each county, between the ages of four and twenty years in each county as shown by the clerk's last annual report, and the \$5 each for teachers employed as hereinbefore provided, shall be paid in equal proportions by each of the counties in which such district lies.

On the first Monday of October of each year he shall apportion the common or irreducible school fund among the several districts in his county in proportion to the number of children resident therein between the ages of four and twenty years. As soon as he shall have made any of the apportionments provided for in this subdivision he shall draw warrants on the county treasurer in favor of

To the Consumers of Gilliam County:

We desire to state that we are determined to reduce our large stock of goods and for the next 90 days will make great reductions in all lines for cash.

By referring to your local papers you frequently note the ad. of interior merchants who, with conspicuous signs, say: "We sell at Arlington prices." Is this not evidence that the Arlington merchants must lead in low prices or there would be no need for such statements? Before purchasing your fall supplies or the smaller bills get prices from us.

In agricultural implements we have the favorite Monitor Drills subject to four attachments, viz, hoe, disc, press wheels or shoe.

The Oliver and Flying Dutchman Plows are hard to beat for good clean work, durability and lightness of draft.

It is no longer an experiment to buy a Bain or Stoughton wagon, as they have but few if any competitors when strength and light-running qualities are considered.

If you anticipate treating yourself to a new buggy or hack do not purchase until our new carload of the old reliable Racine rigs reach us, which will be here in September.

When in need of a chop mill, hay press, windmill, sewing machine, or any kind of machinery used on the farm, write us for prices and we will treat you right.

Address all communications to the firm at the old James W. Smith store.

SHURTE & WEIR CO. Arlington : : : Oregon.

ARLINGTON SALOON, JEAN LABOUS, PROP.

FINE WINES, LIQUORS and CHOICE CIGARS. BILLIARD and POOL TABLES.

FIRST-CLASS GOODS OUR PRIDE. FRESH, COOL MILWAUKEE KEG BEER ON DRAUGHT.

Main St., Condon, Oregon

THE "MODEL." A Quiet Resort. Lower Main street Charles Fix, Prop. BOWLING ALLEY AND POOL TABLES IN CONNECTION. Condon, Oregon.

DR. JORDAN'S GREAT MUSEUM OF ANATOMY. 1081 MARKET ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. The largest Anatomical Museum in the World. Greatest attraction in the City. A wonderful sight for visitors.

R. J. PALMER, Practical Blacksmith and Horse-shoer. Satisfaction Assured. Give me a Trial. At the Old Clark Stand Condon, Oregon.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS. In the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Gilliam County. In the matter of the Estate of August Seekamp deceased.

Remarkable Cures of Rheumatism. From the Vindicator, Rutherfordton, N. C. The editor of the Vindicator has had occasion to test the efficacy of Chamberlain's Pain Balm twice with the most remarkable results in each case.

C. S. PALMER, Artistic Barber. Sleek Shaves and Hair-cuts. Razors honed and re-ground. CONDON - - - OREGON.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS NOW ARRIVING.

We wish to announce to our friends and patrons that our Fall and Winter stock of Dry Goods, Notions, Clothing, Underwear, Furnishing Goods and Shoes is now arriving and is larger and better selected than ever before.

We also have complete lines of Superior Hoe and Disc Drills, Superior Seeders, Canton Plows and Studebaker Hacks, Wagons and Buggies.

ALL GOODS MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

when in Arlington make our store your headquarters. There's room for all and bargains for all and the latch string is always out.

LORD & CO. Arlington, Oregon.

The Condon Barn Leading Horse Hotel of the City. MEALS SERVED AT ALL HOURS. First-class Livery at Reasonable Rates. Your Patronage is Solicited. SPRINGSTON & ROGERS.

PORTWOOD'S LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE. SPECIAL ATTENTION TO DRUMMERS' TRADE. FIRST-CLASS RIGS AND CAREFUL DRIVERS. J. J. PORTWOOD, Proprietor. Condon, Or. Corner Spring and Church sts.

State Normal School MONMOUTH, OREGON. FALL TERM BEGINS SEPTEMBER 18, 1900. Students prepared to take State Certificate immediately on graduation. Graduates readily secure good positions.

Don't Forget that the GLOBE Office is still in business giving the latest news and turning out the neatest job work in the County. Finest Visiting Cards: latest Stationery; in short the "best printing."

Call and Examine Our Stock and Prices Before Ordering. PAPERING AND PAINTING. H. W. HARTMAN, Carpenter and Builder. Scroll Work a Specialty. Plans and Estimates Furnished. Condon : : Oregon.

SELLING OUT AT COST OUR ENTIRE STOCK TO BE CLOSED OUT IMMEDIATELY.

We will be with you but a short time so now is the time to lay in a supply of goods for the Spring and Summer for little money. We will sell

REGARDLESS OF COST FOR CASH. COME EARLY AND HAVE FIRST CHOICE BEFORE STOCK IS PICKED OVER.

Parties having HIDES, FELTS, FURS, HAIR Etc., should bring them in immediately if they wish to secure the highest market price.

DANOSKY BROS. MOCEL BUILDING, LOWER MAIN STREET OPPOSITE HENSH AW'S STORE