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O. B. & N. Co. Time Card. ARLEINGTON, OREGON. New time card, taking effect Sunday, February 15th.

L. W. DARLING Attorney at Law, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Condon, Ore.

S. A. PATTISON NOTARY PUBLIC. Office in Globe Building, Condon, Oregon.

D. R. J. W. VOGEL Specialist for Refraction and D. facts of the Eye. Will visit Condon every three months.

SAM E. VAN VACTOR ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. 310 1/2 corner Spring street and Oregon avenue, Condon, Oregon.

The Regulator Line. The Dalles, Portland & Astoria Navigation Co. THROUGH FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE.

Daily Line of Steamers Between Portland, Vancouver, Cascade Locks, Hood River and all points on the Washington side.

The steamers Dalles City and Regulator leave Portland every morning (except Sunday) at 10:00 a. m.

W. C. ALLAWAY, Gen. Agt., Foot of Court Street, The Dalles, Ore.

O. R. & N. DEPART TIME SCHEDULES FROM ARLEINGTON ARRIVE

Table with columns for DEPART, TIME SCHEDULES FROM ARLEINGTON, and ARRIVE. Lists various routes and destinations.

J. E. OBANE, Agent, Arlington. W. H. HURLBURT, General Passenger Agent, Portland, Ore.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

Epitome of the Telegraphic News of the World.

TERSE TICKETS FROM THE WIRES

An interesting collection of items from the two hemispheres from the 'The Two Hemispheres' Press in a condensed form.

The foreign envoys are on their way to Tien Tsin.

The flags of the allies float from the Peking Imperial palace.

Two men went insane in Des Moines, Ia., on account of heat.

Five men were smothered in a coal mine at Issaquah, Wash.

Fitzsimmons refused to take \$100,000 to lose his fight to Sharkey.

Forest fires caused \$10,000,000 damage in Colorado and Wyoming.

Seven persons were killed in a freight train collision at Kensico, N. Y.

The new treaty with Spain has been signed by Minister Storer at Madrid.

The United States government has rejected Li Hung Chang's peace terms.

Democratic papers demand the withdrawal of American troops from China.

Six men lost their lives by the caving in of a well at Guthrie, Oklahoma.

Chinese viceroys ask that no indignities be shown the emperor and empress.

Intense heat killed four persons in St. Louis, where the thermometer registered 99 degrees.

The transport Sherman left San Francisco for Nagasaki with 1,600 officers and men for China.

Queen Wilhelmina, of Holland, is engaged to Prince Frederick Adolf, of Mecklenburg-Schwerin.

St. Paul's population, according to the United States census, is 163,692; that of Minneapolis, 202,718.

Several lives were lost and much property destroyed by terrific electrical wind and rain storms in Maryland.

Colonel Marchand, of French Fashona fame, has been appointed to the general staff of the China expeditionary force.

One fireman dead, four injured and \$30,000 worth of property destroyed is the work of a firebug in two fires at Peoria, Ill.

Operations have been resumed at all the factories of the National Glass Company at Pittsburgh. The resumption gives employment to 4,000 men.

Sol Bloom, a music publisher of Chicago, has brought suit for \$25,000 damages against the Union restaurant and hotel for refusing to serve him while he was clad in a shirt waist and minus a coat.

The manager of the restaurant, when questioned regarding the refusal, said that patrons wearing shirt waists would only be served at tables adjoining the main dining room. No person would be permitted to enter the dining room unless wearing a coat.

Count von Walderssee started for China.

Roumania and Bulgaria are on the verge of war.

The emperor and empress dowager have left Peking.

Senator Stewart, of Nevada, will support McKinley.

A tornado did great damage in several Wisconsin towns.

Ex-Senator John J. Ingalls left an estate valued at \$250,000.

Japanese are beginning to distrust the Continental Europeans.

Chicago's population as shown by the United States census, is 1,698,575.

More rebels are reported to have surrendered in the United States of Colombia.

A drunken Kansas doctor killed three persons, and was shot dead by a sheriff's son.

William M. Johnson, of New Jersey, succeeds Perry Heath as assistant postmaster-general.

Lord Roberts issued a proclamation prescribing severe penalties for Boers who violate their oaths.

Estimates of the shortage in the Pacific coast salmon pack vary between 400,000 and 1,000,000 cases.

A postoffice employee killed a Kansas City woman and wounded her husband as a result of a quarrel over rent.

The Chinese government asks that Conger or some other American be appointed to open peace negotiations.

The Willamette valley hop crop is practically out of danger. The yield will be heavy and prices advancing.

The state board of agriculture orders the erection of 150 additional stalls for livestock exhibit at the state fair at Salem, Or.

The reported plague in Manila for the two weeks ending July 17, as just reported to the marine hospital service, is seven new cases and five deaths. Of the new cases four were Filipinos and three Chinese.

LATER NEWS.

Large masses of Boxers are still in Peking.

Chinese rally their forces and prepare to attack the allies in Peking.

The Russian commander in Peking forbids communication with Chinese.

It was Prince Tuan and not Prince Tuan who was captured by the Japanese.

Three young women were drowned while bathing at Findlay Lake, New York.

Boers laid a trap for General Buller's cavalry and succeeded in capturing a number.

The United States will not sacrifice its guaranteed rights and privileges in China.

Food supply at Tien Tsin is insufficient for refugees and a famine is imminent.

Japan has notified Li Hung Chang that negotiations will be impossible until plenipotentiaries acceptable to the powers are appointed.

The population of New Orleans as announced by the census bureau is 287,104, against 242,039 in 1890, an increase of 45,065, or 18.62 per cent.

Fire destroyed the top floor of a building in New York City occupied by Birkenfeld-Strassman Company, manufacturers of ladies' underwear, causing a loss of \$300,000.

Five overturned fishing smacks were found with all their sails flat on the water in the Gulf of Georgia, 15 miles from Vancouver, B. C., after a gale, and as a result several fishermen were drowned.

The Yaqui Indians, who have been fighting the Mexican troops in Sonora, have sued for peace. Two thousand of the bucks yet under arms refuse to join the tribal negotiations, fearing that it means annihilation.

Twenty thousand packing house employees in the big cities of the country may be thrown out of employment September 15, on account of being unable to secure what they consider an equitable adjustment of the wage scale.

Joseph Kronke, a butcher in the Polish district of Detroit, Mich., known as 'King of Poles,' a power in politics, was accidentally killed in his own house by being pinioned between two chunks of ice and frozen to death.

At Helena, Mont., thieves stole \$5,000 worth of gold from the assay office of the Jay Gould cyanide plant. The gold was in a retort and represented a two-weeks' clear-up of R. A. Harsh's cyanide mill. The amalgam was red hot when taken from the office, having just come from the furnace.

Borala won the \$10,000 trotting stakes at Readville, Mass.

The Russian expedition to China consists of 375,000 troops.

Wisconsin Democrats and Populists fused on presidential electors.

Eight thousand Boers, with artillery, are assembled at Machadodorp.

Cables are received announcing the safety of missionaries at Peking.

Carl Smith, the well-known American sculptor, died at Copenhagen.

Two persons were killed and many wounded by a mob at Akron, Ohio.

Americans attacked the imperial palace in Peking and captured four courts.

The United States' reply, rejecting the Chinese offer, was sent to Li Hung Chang.

Louis G. Bohmrich was nominated for governor of Wisconsin by the Democrats.

The population of Philadelphia, according to the United States census, is 1,293,697.

Three persons were burned to death at Denver from efforts to kindle a fire with coal oil.

An anarchist meeting held in Berlin was dispersed by the police, who arrested the speakers.

Captain H. J. Reilly, of the Fifth United States artillery, was killed in the assault on Peking.

United States Consul Fee, at Bombay, India, reports to the state department that cholera is raging there.

United States Marshal Hasey, of Ketchikan, Alaska, shot and killed Dan Robinson, a cannery boss, while the latter was resisting arrest.

The vast makers of New York City have won their strike for the union scale of wages and the 10-hour working day. The strike affected 2,000 men, women and girls.

Fire in the immense elevator of the American Cereal Company at Akron, Ohio, damaged the plant \$75,000. A hundred and fifty thousand bushels of grain were ruined.

King Oscar, of Sweden, has formally agreed to act as arbitrator of the claims for compensation for losses sustained by British and German subjects and American citizens in Samoa.

During the last few weeks duels have caused a perfect slaughter in Italy. As many as four duellists were killed in one day. During the last year 2,400 duels have been fought in Italy, and 480 deaths have resulted. Most of these combats were between army officers and based on the most trivial pretenses.

Mrs. Samuel Swartwood, wife of a railroad engineer living in Wilkesbarre, Pa., has just given birth to her 35th baby, 20 of whom are living.

Lewis Wilkins, a farmer near St. Paul, thinks he's the tallest man on earth. He was six feet when 10 years old, and is now 8 feet 11 1/2 inches.

Clauney Depew in London denied that American railroads are over capitalized, and says every business in the United States is healthier than ever before.

The population of Indianapolis is 169,164, against 105,438 in 1890, an increase of 63,728, or 40.44 per cent.

IN ANOTHER BATTLE

Americans Help Defeat Boxers Near Tien Tsin.

A CRUSHING DEFEAT INFLICTED

Contradictory Reports as to the Whereabouts of the Empress Dowager - Karl Li Converted.

London, August 27.—Five hundred American troops participated in a signal defeat of Boxers outside Tien Tsin, August 19. The fact is briefly reported from Vienna. Details of the engagement came from the Renter agent at Tien Tsin in a dispatch dated August 20. In addition to the Americans, the force consisted of 375 British and 300 Japanese, all under the British general, Dorward. The fight took place at a village six miles southwest of Tien Tsin, where the allied forces found a considerable number of Boxers, whom they engaged, killing over 300 and taking 64 wounded prisoners, who were sent to the hospitals of the allies. The village was burned. The Americans had five wounded. The Japanese six and the British none. Hundreds of Boxers' flags, spears and swords were captured.

From Shanghai comes a report, qualified by the assertion that it is from purely Chinese sources, that the empress dowager, after proceeding one day's journey from Peking, became terrified at the looting by General Tung Fuh Siang's troops and went back to Peking.

A Chinese telegram from Sinan Fu says that Prince Tuan has been captured by a detachment of the allies.

Other Chinese messages record the formation of a provisional government in Peking by the allies, but this appears to be a purely military measure and merely an elaboration of the scheme for dividing the city into sections for police purposes.

Li Hung Chang has received word that the allies entered Peking early before the troops of General Tung Fuh Siang utterly refused to face the allies. According to the Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Express, Earl Li, recognizing the futility of an attempt to drive the foreigners from China, now proposes conversion to reform principles.

Old Man Still Gains. New York, August 27.—'Whipped into insensibility in less than two rounds,' is the story in brief of Tom Sharkey's meeting with Bob Fitzsimmons at the Coney Island Sporting Club tonight. Fitzsimmons was the victor, Sharkey was the loser. Fitzsimmons said all along that when an opportunity presented itself he would prove conclusively that he was Sharkey's superior and settle accounts for the injustice done him when he met Sharkey in California four years ago. Sharkey was equally confident that he would prove to be Fitzsimmons' master in the ring, but the result of tonight's battle and the brevity of it proved that Fitzsimmons is still a great fighter and able to beat the best of the heavyweights. He has beaten Corbett, Kuhlbin and Sharkey.

A San Francisco Boycott. San Francisco, August 27.—The Building Trades Council, representing 28 trade organizations, has ordered a general boycott of all goods turned out by nine-hour planing mills. The action is the result of the millowners' peremptory declaration that under no circumstances would they consent to arbitration or accede to the demands of the employes for an eight-hour work-day. Resolutions declaring the nine-hour mills unfair and ordering the trade unions to refuse to 'handle, place or work on any building where unfair mill work constitutes a part of the structure,' have been adopted by a unanimous vote of the council.

Omaha's Population. Washington, August 27.—The population of the city of Omaha, Neb., according to the official account of the returns of the twelfth census is 102,555 for 1900 against 140,452 in 1890. These figures show for the city as a whole a decrease in population of 37,497 or 26.78 per cent from 1890 to 1900. The population in 1880 was 20,518, showing an increase of 109,934, or 532.23 per cent from 1880 to 1890.

Electrical Storm. St. Joseph, Mich., August 27.—The worst electrical storm of years struck here early today. The steeple of the Lutheran church was splintered by lightning, and 10 barns, a few miles south of here, containing the season's harvest, were also struck, and it is reported, were burned to the ground. A huge wave, like that which recently visited Chicago, advanced 10 feet up the shore, washing away a number of small boats and thousands of feet of lumber.

Statue of Apollo Found. Athens, August 27.—A magnificent marble statue of Apollo, life size, has been discovered in this vicinity. Its workmanship is of the fifth century, B. C., and it is believed to be the first in existence. Archaeologists are delighted at this important discovery.

Lightning Killed Children. Milwaukee, August 27.—During another storm tonight two children of Charles Zunker were killed by a bolt of lightning while at play in a barn on their father's farm, two miles north of the city. The county hospital was struck by lightning and a section of the roof torn away.

The transport Strathgyle left San Francisco for China with 763 horse for the use of the army in the Orient.

IN THE FORBIDDEN CITY.

Americans Attacked the Imperial Palace in Peking.

London, August 24.—'Today 1,500 Americans attacked the imperial palace,' says a dispatch to the Morning Post from Peking, dated August 15, 'and captured four of the courts. The American flag is flying over the imperial granary and the imperial bank has been looted.'

Describing the relief, the Daily Mail's correspondent writes: 'August 12, the Tsung li Yamun requested a conference with a view to peace. No armistice was granted, however, and that night we endured the longest fusillade of the whole siege. It lasted 12 hours. August 13 the Tsung li Yamun begged to be excused from any conference, saying that the members were too busy. Later they wrote that they had forbidden firing on us and would court-martial any who disobeyed. During the evening many shells fell in the legation grounds.'

The Daily Chronicle publishes an interview with the Japanese minister in London, which represents him as having said: 'The empress is the heart and soul of China. As long as she lives, so long as she remains in China, whether the supreme power is taken from her or not, she will always be the greatest force, the one above all others to be reckoned with. The difficulty will be to get any one who can speak for her. I fear that the powers must come to a final understanding quickly. Riots, anarchy, bloodshed and misery throughout China will be the inevitable result of the policy that does not immediately disclose itself. The government must be re-established.'

The Japanese envoy expressed his approval of the reported American suggestion regarding a conference of the powers and said he believed that satisfactory pecuniary compensation could be secured, despite the fact that the revenues are pledged.

Field Marshal von Walderssee, expresses the opinion that his labors in China will be of long duration, 'as pacification will be a difficult undertaking.'

Three hundred and seventy-five thousand Russian troops are already in the far East or already on the way there by land and sea and under orders to embark.

BOER FORCES MASSES.

Eight Thousand of Them Are Gathered at Machadodorp.

Twyfelaar, August 24.—Through secret intelligence agents, the British authorities learn that General Louis Botha, the commander-in-chief of the Boer forces; General Lucas Meyer, the commander of the Orange Free State forces, and General Schalkburg, vice-president of the Transvaal republic, with 8,000 Boers, have assembled at Machadodorp (generally understood to be the headquarters of President Kruger, on the Pretoria-Delagoa bay railroad), with the whole Boer artillery, including the heavy pieces formerly at Pretoria.

Pretoria Plotter Convicted. Pretoria, August 24.—The trial of Lieutenant Cordua, formerly of the Transvaal artillery, on charge of being concerned in the plot to kidnap General Lord Roberts, was concluded today.

The prisoner was found guilty of all the counts in the indictment against him, but sentence was deferred until the findings of the court shall have been confirmed by Lord Roberts.

Colonel Godfrey, the judge, in summing up, caused a sensation by declaring that a violation of parole was punishable with death. His speech, which dilated on the weakness and vagueness of the prisoners' defense, was listened to with profound interest by the audience, which was mostly composed by men of Dutch birth. A period of 41 minutes was occupied in considering the verdict.

Motorman Responsible. St. Louis, August 24.—In a verdict rendered today the coroner's jury, which has been hearing an inquest over the remains of Blanche E. Skeele, who was beheaded in an accident on the Transit line Sunday, finds Motorman W. H. Gilbert guilty of criminal carelessness. Gilbert was locked up by the police. A crowd of South siders who saw the accident made an attempt to lynch the motorman Sunday, but he escaped.

Exportations From Cuba. Washington, August 24.—According to a statement made today by the division of customs and insular affairs of the war department, the total exportations from Cuba through the port of Havana for the seven months ending July 31, 1900, was \$16,698,605, as against \$16,796,971 for the same period last year, a decrease of \$98,366. The total exports from Havana for the month of July alone were \$2,237,864.

Dakota Crops Damaged. St. Paul, Minn., August 22.—Specialists to the Dispatch tell of heavy damage to property and crops in North Dakota by severe electric storms. At Nicholson, Towel and other places many buildings were wrecked and carried lifted from the track by the fierce wind. The rainfall was over two inches.

Boiler Explosion. Glenford, O., August 23.—Manns Helmsford's sawmill boiler exploded today, killing Laviga Dopler, Elmer Winegartner and a man named McLaughlin. The bodies were horribly mutilated and blown a great distance. The owner of the mill was seriously injured. The cause of the accident is unknown.

The transport Strathgyle left San Francisco for China with 763 horse for the use of the army in the Orient.

TO ATTACK THE ALLIES

Chinese Reported Rallying Their Forces at Peking.

HAVE 9,000 TROOPS AND 15 GUNS

Russian and Japanese Cavalry Were Expected to Encounter Them a Several Days Ago.

Washington, August 28.—A dispatch received at the Japanese legation today from the foreign office of Japan, conveying the latest and most authentic information of the situation in and around Peking. In a measure the advances were of a disquieting nature as they indicated that the Chinese had rallied their forces and were preparing for an attack upon the allies in Peking. If it should prove that the allied forces were besieged in Peking it would account for the lack of advices from General Chaffee. As made public by Minister Takahira the dispatch from the Japanese foreign office at Tokio is as follows: 'An official telegram, dated Peking, August 18, was received at Tokio from General Yamaguchi, commander of the Japanese forces, to the following effect: 'The capital is now entirely cleared of the enemy. A cavalry regiment which had been sent to Wan Shau Shan (where the empress dowager's palace is located), reports that the imperial family, who had left Peking August 14, started, after a short rest at Wan Shau Shan for the west, and were under the escort of General Ma and his troops, consisting of only about 600 horsemen and 20 carts. The Japanese forces occupied the treasury department, in which over 2,000,000 taels in silver and a large quantity of rice were found.'

'Another telegraphic dispatch, dated Taku, August 23, states that as the Chinese troops and Boers, who had gathered at Nan Yuen, were about to attack the foreign forces at Peking, Japanese and Russian cavalry were expected to encounter them on the 20th. The dispatch further states that Chinese infantry, 9,000 strong, with 15 guns, are advancing from Shan Tung to make a rear attack on the allies.'

A copy of the dispatch was transmitted to Acting Secretary Adee, at the department of state and by him furnished to the president. While the news of a possible rear attack upon the comparatively small force of the allies was not received with surprise, generally, it was not regarded as serious, as the foreign forces are believed to be abundantly able to take care of themselves against any force of Chinese likely to be sent against them.

LOST IN A DESERT.

Three Men Found Perishing Because of Lack of Water.

El Paso, Texas, August 28.—Three men, who had almost perished from thirst, have been found in the desert near the Coleran church, 60 miles north of El Paso. One of the men is Professor R. H. Cook, who recently came to this city from the East. The men left Almo Gordo, N. M., on bicycles, Thursday, bound for El Paso. They took the overland road through the Tularosa valley. On that route there is a desert of sand 70 miles wide. When the men had gone about 30 miles their bicycles broke down and they had to walk. One of the men reached the Coleran church before he could speak. He then told of his comrades. Two men with jugs of water tied on their saddles went back in search of the missing men. One was found 15 miles away exhausted and unconscious in the sand and was brought to the ranch. The other, Professor Cook, was found 20 miles further away in spasms and would probably have died in an hour had he not received water. All the men are now in a critical condition. The names of the other two men were not learned.

Morocco Asked to Pay. Tangier, Morocco, August 28.—A United States warship has arrived here to support the claim arising out of the murder last June of Marcus Essagin, a naturalized American citizen, who was the manager of a French firm. Essagin, while riding on horseback, jolted against the muzzle of a Morocco priest. A dispute ensued, during which Essagin, in self-defense, drew his revolver and fired, wounding a native. This was a signal for a general attack upon the American, who received dozens of knife wounds and whose body was burned, according to some accounts, before life was extinct.

Cut by a Negro. St. Joseph, Mo., August 28.—An unknown negro boy probably fatally stabbed Angus Morrison, superintendent of bridges for the Chicago Great Western railway, tonight, as he was hurrying to catch a train. Morrison's throat was cut, probably with a razor. Morrison can give no reason for the assault, unless it is because he accidentally brushed against the negro.

Attacked by Hoodlums. St. Joseph, Mo., August 28.—Because St. Joseph did not win both ball games today, a gang of hoodlums were angered and assaulted Umpire Dick Ebright for calling out a player at first base during the eighth inning. The police could not, or would not, prevent a disgraceful scene. Ebright and the Denver players were pelted with mud and fled to points of safety. Pitcher Schmidt, of Denver, felt several members of the mob with a club.

TRAVELING MEN'S DAY

They Have Planned a Great Parade for Sept. 8.

Portland Carnival Will Be a Big Success by the Men Who Never Know Defeat in Their Daily Business—They Want Their Customers to Join Them.

Portland, August 27.—It is now a conceded fact that Traveling Men's Day at the Elks' carnival, to be held in Portland, will be one of the greatest attractions of the fair. September 8 has been set as Travelers' Day, and every traveling man in the Northwest will be in line in one of the most unique and instructive parades ever witnessed on any street. Each traveling man will be decked out in a linen duster, wearing a white cravat hat with a blue ribbon band and carrying an umbrella. There will be at least 1,000 of them in line. There will also be numerous floats, each representing the traveling men of the different centuries, from the 15th to the present date, with elaborate costumes suited for the occasion. They will also show the different methods by which they travel, including the pack mule, stage coaches, buckboards, freight trains and Pullman cars. The hotel accommodations which they have to contend with will not be left out of this parade. It is the desire of the travelers and also of the houses they represent, that all of their customers and friends be present that day so they can see the traveling man in his every day trials, showing both the good and bad of their trips. The boys are making special preparations to treat their customers and friends in a royal way.

GENERAL CHICAGO STRIKE.

The Plan Is to Tie Up Building Operations in the City.

Chicago, August 27.—Unless the plans of the leaders miscarry every union man connected with the Building Trades Council will be called out on a strike before Labor Day.

The plumbers have already been ordered out and the intention is that all other unions whose men are working shall follow suit. Owing to increased activity in the building trades within the last few days, many union men have been put to work, in some places with the consent of the business agents, and it is the purpose of the unions to stop the work wherever the bosses believed they had won a victory and show them that the labor organizations are still in the fight. The business agent of one of the largest unions said: 'Contractors have come to believe that it is comparatively easy sailing for them now, and accordingly have been undertaking some large jobs with the idea that there would be no further trouble from the unions. They will find to their disgust that many of the men whom they supposed to be non-union men have become members of the unions and they will simply be unable to do any work. It is the only thing that is left the unions to do, and they propose to give up their fight. The idea of helping the contractors along their jobs has been a mistake which is generally recognized now and they will find there is a lot of fight left among the men yet.'

AN ALL-DAY ENGAGEMENT.

Fight Between Grobler's and Baden-Powell's Forces.

London, August 27.—Lord Roberts reports as follows: 'Grobler's division marched to Vanwyck's Viet, 15 miles south of Belfast, yesterday. His casualties were 20. 'Paget reports from Hammanskraal that Baden-Powell engaged Grobler's rear guard all day yesterday. Grobler was driven back east of Pinaris river. Baden-Powell occupied the railway station of that name. During the fight Baden-Powell's advance and that of the enemy galloped into each other, the Rhodesians losing Colonel Spreckley and four men killed and seven wounded. Many of the Boers were killed or wounded. They were at Cyberkulle this morning. Plumer and Hickman were closely pursuing them. 'It seems certain that Dewet finding it hopeless to make his way eastward has recrossed the Magaliesberg with a few wounded, with the intention of returning to the Orange River colony. He was in a very different condition from that when he left Bethlehem with six or eight guns and 2,000 men. His guns have mostly been buried and his personal followers cannot be more than 300.'

War May Be Averted. London, August 27.—Numerous dispatches appear in the morning papers regarding the Bulgarian-Roumanian situation, growing out of the demand of Roumania for the suppression of the Macedonian revolutionary committees whose headquarters are at Sofia. What appears to be the most reliable summary of the latest developments comes from the Vienna correspondent of the Standard who says: 'The conviction prevails that the conflict between Roumania and Bulgaria has now lost much of its acuteness, and that in the end Bulgaria will satisfy the Roumanian demands.'