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CONDON GLOBE

VOL. X. CONDON, GILLIAM CO., OREGON, THURSDAY, JUNE 21, 1900. NO. 15.

HAS THREE TIMES THE CIRCULATION OF ANY PAPER IN THE COUNTY.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertising Rates table listing Professional cards, One square, One-quarter column, etc.

Legal advertisements will in all cases be charged to the party ordering them, as legal fees, and paid for before ads are furnished.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

Epitome of the Telegraphic News of the World.

TERSE TICKS FROM THE WIRES

An Interesting Collection of Items From the Two Hemispheres Presented in a Condensed Form.

Fifteen hundred Boers surrendered to General Brabant. Half the town of Frances, Wash., was destroyed by fire.

San Francisco's Chinatown will be released from quarantine June 29.

France talks of joining Russia and Germany to restore order in China.

Boers have evacuated Laing's Nek, and Buller is encamped on Joubert's farm.

San Francisco Chinese have won another case against the board of health of that city.

The steamer China arrived at San Francisco from the Orient with 556 Chinese merchants.

Mrs. George H. Baker, widow of the poet and ex-minister to Russia, is dead at her home in Philadelphia.

Postmaster Graham, of Salt Lake City, Utah, was convicted of unlawful cohabitation and fined \$250.

Americans at Chin Kiang are in need of protection, as a large number of Boers have halted at that place.

Russian authority says the present trouble in China will be put down, but a terrible upheaval will come later.

Mme. Augusta Lehmann, once a singer of international reputation, is dead at Santa Cruz, Cal., aged 80 years.

The president has issued a proclamation formally announcing the establishment of reciprocity agreement with Portugal.

A score of passengers were injured, some severely, by the derailing of a train on the Great Northern, near Summit, Mont.

General Otis says the Filipinos are quick and anxious to learn and suggests that an educational system be adopted in the islands.

General MacArthur reports the capture of Rhison, near Mexico, and Carostany at Alcala, both important, the latter a very important leader of the guerrillas in Pangasinan province, Luzon.

The Yaqui Indians are causing trouble for the Mexicans. They occupy the impassable Bacate mountains, a range 50 miles in length, and it requires the utmost vigilance on the part of General Torres' 4,000 troops to hold them in check.

The United States navy will build warships aggregating over \$100,000,000 in cost as soon as the builders are prepared to undertake the great programme, which calls for 11 armored ships and three highly improved Olympia type of cruisers.

Four persons were killed in a trolley-car accident at Providence, R. I.

The Republican convention held at Philadelphia will seat 16,000 people.

Boers have torn up 24 miles of railroad between Pretoria and Kroonstad.

Boers captured a British battalion of 500 men at Rooderand, severing Roberts' line of communication.

Philippine rebels aim to follow the tactics of the Cuban rebels during the war of the latter against Spain.

The steamer City of Seattle, which arrived at Seattle from Alaska, brought 320 Klondikers and \$500,000 in gold.

Senator Clark was given a great ovation at Butte, Mont. He made a speech denouncing his enemies as perjurers.

Documents seized in the Philippines indicate that in a rebel plot for an uprising in Manila, women were to take important part.

Chinese minister in London says it is absurd that the powers should believe the empress dowager is aiding the Boxers' movement.

May shipments of coal from Seattle to San Francisco by water amounted to 20,000 tons, or half of the total amount of coal received at that port during May.

As a result of a week's scouting in the Philippines, more than 200 insurgents were killed and 160 captured, while 140 rifles, with ammunition and stores were seized.

Two five-story brick buildings, owned by Geo. E. Ketchum, on West avenue, New York, containing 125,000 bushels of grain, were destroyed by fire, causing a loss of \$140,000.

In the preliminary examination of L. L. Cook, charged with the murder of James Collins at Arlington, Or., a physician testified that Collins could easily have been saved.

It is estimated that during the past month various railroad corporations have placed orders for 90,000,000 to 300,000,000 feet of Washington fir, mainly in bridge timbers, dock stuffs and ties.

The bubonic plague has entirely disappeared from Honolulu.

Harry Kimball Shaw, of Pittsburg, Pa., gave a dinner at Paris to 25 persons that cost \$8,000.

Ex-Senator Quay, of Pennsylvania, has announced his candidacy for reelection to the senate.

The shortage in Cuban revenues occasioned by the defalcations disclosed will be reimbursed by the general deficiency bill.

LATER NEWS.

A second-class naval station will be established at San Diego, Cal.

Churches and residences of foreigners in Tien Tsin have been burned.

An extra session of congress may be convened owing to the Chinese war.

China will have a heavy bill of damages to pay for the Boxer outrages when order is again restored.

Fire destroyed the Home for the Friendless children at Leadville, Colo., causing the death of four of the inmates.

Francis of Orleans, Prince of Joinville, son of the late Louis Philippe, king of the French, is dead of pneumonia, aged 82 years.

Three persons were killed and 16 seriously injured by a collision between an express train and a train filled with race-goers near London, England.

G. P. Rummelin, a well-known merchant of Portland, Or., was murdered in New York city, presumably for the purpose of robbery. His throat was cut out from ear to ear.

A native rising has occurred in the Gambia colony, West Africa, and two British commissioners and six members of the police have been killed at Sannkanadi, on the south banks of Gambia river, by Mandingos. The party had gone to Sannkanadi to settle a question of local administration, when the Mandingos suddenly attacked and murdered them.

The Mexican government, following the example set by Texas, has quarantined against San Francisco, and until notice to the contrary is given, all persons who have been in San Francisco within a period of 15 days will not be allowed to pass the border until they have remained in quarantine for a sufficient length of time to make up the 15 days. The Mexican quarantine relates to passengers only. The border authorities have the matter in hand.

Journal specials from towns in Southwest Nebraska tell of violent rain and wind storms with some hail. At Syracuse, 5 1/2 inches of rain has fallen in 24 hours. Damage to crops is heavy. The Little Nehanna valley is one vast lake, and many families have been compelled to abandon their homes. Freight trains on the Burlington have been abandoned. Weeping Water creek, at Weeping Water, Cass county, is the highest known for 10 years and Missouri Pacific trains are delayed.

Abbe Mareux, the astronomer, has discovered and sketched through the big telescope in the optical palace of the exposition, at Paris, a remarkable spot on the sun, forming a part of an extensive group, and having a diameter of nearly 40 kilometers. This spot, he says, will remain for seven days, and become visible to the naked eye. He predicts the appearance of other spots in July, August and September, inferring that the heat during these months will be very great.

British marines killed and wounded 40 Boers.

Roberts' line of communication is again open.

General Grant reports the capture of San Miguel, a rebel stronghold.

The summer residence of the British minister at Peking has been burned.

Seven persons were drowned by the upsetting of a boat on Lake Bennett, Alaska.

Four people were killed by the destruction of a large coopeage plant in Brooklyn.

Robert's forces had a hard battle with General Botha, but did not defeat the Boer leader.

Pennsylvanians will push the candidacy of former governor Pattison for the vice-presidency.

The money appropriated by congress for use at the mouth of the Columbia will be used at once.

Two persons were drowned at South Bend, Ind., by the capsizing of a boat on the river, at that place.

Methuen and Kitchener, in an engagement with Dewet's troops, scattered the Boers in all directions.

Terry McGovern, champion light-eight of the world, knocked out Tom White in three rounds at New York City.

New York capitalists have secured concessions from the government of Honduras to build a railroad in that country.

Wood workers of Chicago threaten to go out on July 1, unless their wages are increased. The strike will involve 3,000 workmen.

Two city detectives of Kansas City undertook to stop a street fight between a crowd of negro men and women and as a result a man and a woman were killed.

News has been received in New York of the murder of Dr. Edna G. Terry, in charge of the station of the Methodist Episcopal Woman's Foreign Missionary Society at Tung Hua, China.

Thomas Lewis, a miner of Tucson, Ariz., has been arrested on a charge of setting fire to the Catalina forests, where 5,000,000 feet of timber were destroyed. A miner who was with Lewis claims that Lewis became incensed because the pine needles hurt his feet and set fire to them, causing the most disastrous forest fire ever known in the Southwest.

Kansas has 300 flour mills, with a capacity of 10,000,000 barrels a year.

The proposed ocean cable between Copenhagen and Iceland will be 404 miles long and cost about \$850,000.

Many Americans who went to Paris with the expectation of making expenses by working are penniless.

The census office is to handle the statistics of the 75,000,000 people of this country with intricate electric machines.

PRISONERS IN PEKIN

Members of the Foreign Legations in Trouble.

SLOW MARCH OF RELIEF COLUMN

One Hundred Thousand Chinese Troops Guarding the City's Gates—Foreigners May Seize Taku.

London, June 18.—This is the situation in China as it appears to the Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Express, cabling last evening:

"It is really a state of veiled war. The members of the foreign legations in Pekin are virtually prisoners, and the Chinese troops are only restrained from attacking them by fear of the legation guards. Meanwhile, the ministers are altogether unable to communicate with the commanders of the relief column, which is making an enforced and isolated halt between Tien Tsin and Pekin. The walls of the capital are guarded by 100,000 imperial troops. The gates are heavily defended with modern guns. General Tung, acting under orders from the empress dowager, says that no more foreign troops shall enter the sacred city."

"Monday the ministers sent a demand to the Tzuji Yi Yuansu that the gates be opened, declaring that otherwise the foreign troops would enter forcibly. To this no reply was given. A second message was unanswered, or had not been answered when the latest news left Pekin. Sir Claude MacDonald's latest message says that the legations are capable of sustaining an effective defense unless attacked in force."

Russia, this correspondent asserts, notwithstanding assurances to the contrary, sides with China. Some of the foreign troops are already reported to be in the environs of Pekin, and the attitude of the Chinese troops is increasingly menacing.

ROUTED BY FUNSTON'S MEN.

Neuva Ecija Insurgents Scattered—One American Killed.

Manila, June 18.—Upon information furnished by Major Wheeler to the effect that General Lacuna intended to attack Papaya, province of Neuva Ecija, General Funston, with staff officers, Captain Koehler and troop G, of the Fourth cavalry, and half a company of the Thirty-fourth infantry, repaired to Papaya. General Lacuna was found with 200 men occupying a position on a ridge seven miles south of the town. General Funston attacked vigorously, 80 Americans charging the enemy under a hot fire. The insurgents fled.

On their attempting to make a stand later, Captain Koehler, with a detachment of troops, charged and scattered them. The pursuit over the rough country lasted until midnight. Twenty-two of the insurgents were killed. Two American soldiers were killed and one wounded.

An important capture of Filipino insurgents was reported to the war department this morning by General MacArthur, in the following telegram:

"General Macabulos, with eight officers, and 143 rifles, surrendered to Colonel Liscum, of the Ninth infantry, at Tarlac, this morning. Macabulos is the most important insurgent leader in Tarlac and Pangasinan."

Philippine Soldiers Returning.

Washington, June 18.—Adjutant-General Corbin received a cable message from General MacArthur from Manila today saying that the transport Hancock sailed today with the returning battalion of the Eighteenth infantry. This battalion is composed entirely of men whose term of enlistment is about to expire, and is being brought home for the purpose of being reorganized.

Quarantine Dissolved.

San Francisco, June 18.—In the United States circuit court, Judge Morrow rendered a decision in the case of Jew Ho against the board of health of this city, dissolving the general quarantine of Chinatown, enforced by the board of health, owing to the alleged existence of plague in this city. Judge Morrow held that the quarantine was discriminating in its character.

Regarding the existence of the plague, Judge Morrow stated that he was not qualified to pass judicially on the question, owing to the conflicting testimony of physicians, but that if it came within his power to decide in the matter, he would declare that plague does not, nor has not, existed.

At a meeting of the board of health this afternoon the quarantine was declared dissolved.

A New York Mystery.

New York, June 18.—The body of a man with the throat cut from ear to ear was discovered today in the upper bay. An autopsy showed that the cut had been inflicted before the body entered the water. In his pockets were an account book with the inscription on the outside, "Ladd & Titton, Portland, Or." There was also a billhead of G. P. Rummelin of Portland, Or., a business card of M. F. Phillips, representing E. W. Bedell, 93 Blocker street, New York, and a visiting card of J. D. Williams, 263 Wickoff street, Brooklyn.

To Explore Greenland Coast.

Copenhagen, June 18.—The Norwegian steamer Antarctic, with the Danish East Greenland exploration, commanded by Lieutenant Ambrus, sailed this morning to explore the coast between Cape Brewster and Argai island.

Havana, June 18.—Yellow fever has broken out at Quemados, eight miles from Havana, where United States troops are stationed. Thus far there have been four cases, three of which proved fatal.

POLICE WERE WITHDRAWN.

St. Louis Street Cars Now Run Unmolested—All Quiet.

THE ALPHA LANDED

Had No Trouble Getting to Cape Nome May 25.

DID NOT TOUCH AT ST. MICHAEL

Brought Back Four Passengers, With a Quarter of a Million—Claims Richer Than Reported.

Vancouver, B. C., June 19.—That the gold fields of Cape Nome are richer and more productive than has yet been represented, is the story brought down by the steamer Alpha, which arrived from the North tonight. From a single claim, worked by 20 men in the employ of Jack Brady, \$15,000 was taken out in one week and the same claim panned out \$50,000 within a month. As an earnest of Cape Nome's golden productiveness, the Alpha brought down \$250,000 in gold dust. There were five passengers on board, and the dust belonged to four of them, in the following amounts:

Jack Gill, of Seattle, \$145,000; J. C. Mongahan, of Denver, \$40,000; Frank Green, of Kansas City, \$30,000; Glen Tinsley, an old Dawson miner, who went to Nome last year, \$35,000.

Unusual interest has followed the Alpha's trip, not only because she was the first steamer to sail for Cape Nome, but more especially on account of possibility of international complications, the Alpha being a Canadian bottom and Nome not being a sub-port of entry. But the skipper had no trouble with the customs regulations. He sailed from Vancouver on April 5, clearing for St. Michael. He says he was so menaced with icebergs as he approached St. Michael that he proceeded directly to Nome, landing 153 passengers and their supplies on the beach on May 25, and sailing for Vancouver on May 30.

The Alpha was carried by the ice to the Siberian coast, and for five days was packed in the ice unable to move. She finally made Nuwivak island, where she found the San Francisco whalers, Alexander and Jeanette, with about 100 passengers each, also trying to reach Nome. After spending three days more in very heavy ice near Pribyloff islands, the Alpha finally made Nome, whither the Alexander had preceded her two days. So overjoyed were the miners at the double arrival of the Alexander and the Alpha that a civic holiday was declared, and the Canadian boat was received with salutes, all the customs regulations being waived, although as she had cleared from Vancouver for St. Michael the discharge of her freight was in direct contradiction of the custom laws.

Nome was rather dull during March and April, work being entirely suspended on account of cold weather. Several times during the winter the settlement narrowly escaped total destruction by fire. All the buildings are said to be fireproof structures, and no fire protection is afforded.

The extent of the gold-producing area of Nome seems much greater than was at first supposed, and all over the country men are reported to be washing from 15 to 25 cents to the pan in gold. Golden Gate and Mascoot creek are turning out well. Topcock is the biggest find of the season, where it is considered nothing remarkable for a miner to make \$30 a day on many of the claims, although the gold is found in intermittent streaks. It was on Topcock creek that \$50,000 was cleaned up in 30 days. Topcock is 15 miles from the sea, and 50 miles south of Nome. One thousand people are working there now, and there have been clean ups of \$25,000 to \$50,000 on 100-foot claims.

The Colombian Rebellion.

Kingston, Jamaica, June 19.—The Royal mail steamer Don, Captain Davis, which arrived here today, from Colon, brings news of an important battle fought on Friday last about 10 miles outside of Panama. According to this information the insurgents forces were victorious and some 200 of the government troops were killed. It is inferred that Panama may already be in possession of the rebels. The latter are strongly entrenched at San Joaquin, near Santa Marta, and all the government troops at Baranquilla had been dispatched to Santa Marta, when the Don left Colon.

Help From Manila.

Manila, June 19.—The Ninth regiment has been ordered to Manila, whence it will proceed to China.

Manila, June 19.—The gubat Concord, with marines aboard, has sailed under sealed orders, supposedly for China. The British cruiser Buenaventura has sailed for Hong Kong and Tien Tsin.

Died in a Dining Car.

Chicago, June 18.—John H. Donlin, a prominent contractor here, died while sitting at the table in a Chicago & Northwestern dining car between Waukegan and Kenosha Wis., last evening. Donlin, with two friends, were on their way to Eagle river, Wis., where they intended to spend several days fishing.

Des Moines Auditorium Burned.

Des Moines, June 19.—The Des Moines auditorium, used for a convention hall, which was constructed a year ago at a cost of \$50,000, was destroyed by fire today. It was insured for \$25,000. It was occupied by the Commercial Exchange and the T. W. P. Chase Amusement Company, the latter holding a lease and conducting a vaudeville show. All the seats, effects and scenery were burned, making a total loss, as now estimated, of \$40,000, with \$27,000 insurance.

Drugists and Hotelmen Excluded.

St. Paul, June 16.—The grand lodge of Odd Fellows today voted to exclude drugists and hotel-keepers from the order in this state. William McGregor, of Minneapolis, was elected grand warder.

Eight Miners Killed.

Canmore, Alberta, June 16.—A terrible gas explosion occurred in Canmore coal mine yesterday afternoon, resulting in the instant death of eight men and the injury of several others. The cause of the explosion is supposed to have been the carelessness of one of the miners in opening his safety lamp in violation of the rules, and in a portion of the mine where to do so was dangerous to the extreme. This miner is believed to be one of the unidentified victims.

A Wedding in June.

Astoria, Or., June 16.—Governor T. T. Geer, Oregon's chief executive, and Miss Isabelle Turlinger, were married in Astoria this afternoon, under circumstances as happy and surroundings as pleasant as could be desired. The weather did not promise well, but the bridal party started away on their special car, amid a shower of rice. The ceremony was performed at the First Presbyterian church, by Rev. Henry Marcolte, pastor of the church.

The Ashantee Rebellion.

London, June 18.—The Daily Express has the following dispatch from Frazan, dated yesterday: "There has been another fight on the line of communication of the Kumasse relief expedition. There are 10,000 Ashantes surrounding Kumasse, and 5,000 facing the relief force. The leaders of the rebellion include Ashantah, Queen of Otenu."

Torturing a Murderer.

London, June 16.—A Shanghai dispatch, dated yesterday, says: "A Chinese steamer, laden with arms and ammunition, cleared from Shanghai today, bound for Tien Tsin. A notorious murderer, who was delivered by the municipality of Shanghai to the Chinese authorities, is being slowly stoned to death in a cage. Thousands of spectators watch his agonies daily."

Thirty Miles From Peking.

Berlin, June 16.—The Berlin papers have a dispatch from Tien Tsin saying that the international force has arrived within 30 miles of Peking, but that the distance remaining must be traveled on foot, as the railway is completely destroyed. This, the dispatch says, will require three days.

Six Million Destitute.

Simla, India, June 16.—Over 6,000,000 persons are now receiving relief. There was an increase in Bombay of 3,300,000 last week, owing to the return of destitute people who deserted the works on account of the cholera scare. The prospects of a fair monsoon are somewhat improved.

Bishop Wilmer Dead.

Mobile, Ala., June 16.—Right Rev. Richard Hooker Wilmer, Episcopal bishop of the diocese of Alabama, died here this morning, aged 84 years.

Five Miners Killed.

Biwabik, Minn., June 16.—A terrible accident occurred today at the Hale mine, three miles from here, in which five men were instantly killed by an explosion of dynamite.

IS IT MALARIA OR ALUM?

Popular Science Monthly. Languor, loss of appetite, indigestion and often feverishness are the common symptoms of a physiological condition termed "malarial." All these symptoms may be and frequently are the effect of the use of alum baking powder in food making. There is no question about the poisonous effect of alum upon the system. It obstructs digestion, prostrates the nerves, coagulates and de vitalizes the blood. All this has been made clear, thanks to physicians, boards of health, and food commissions. So "highly injurious to the health of the community" does the eminent head of the University of Pennsylvania, Dr. Barker, consider the alum baking powders, that he says "their sale should be prohibited by law."

Under these circumstances it is worth the while of every housewife to employ the very little care that is necessary to keep so dangerous an element from the food of her family.

A pure cream of tartar baking powder, which is the only kind that should be used, ought to cost about forty-five to fifty cents a pound. Therefore, if you are paying much less something is certainly going wrong. The powder is always bear these simple facts in mind when purchasing baking powder.

TO CELEBRATE THE FOURTH.

Three Days of Festivity Have Been Arranged for in Portland.

Portland, June 18.—The Fourth of July will be celebrated in Portland this year as it never has been before. Three days of festivity have been arranged for, with special programmes for every day. The committee which has the matter in charge is composed of enterprising business men, among them being Gen. Owen Summers, Julius L. Meier and Dan McAllen. They have succeeded in securing a rate of one cent fare for the round trip from all points in the state, so that everyone will be enabled to come to Portland and help celebrate.

Among the unique features which have been arranged is a grand illuminated parade at night, which will take the place of the usual fireworks. Volleys of rockets and mines will be discharged as the parade moves along through the streets, and in the procession will be many brilliant fire floats and squads of torch bearers. The best of music has been provided, and visitors to the city will find no lack of opportunity to find entertainment while giving vent to their patriotism.

BEATEN BY REPORTER.

How a Newspaper Man Retaliated for Insults From a Candidate.

A good story, and one with a moral, is related by a well-known Southern writer, says the New York Mail and Express.

"No great statesman with good hard horse sense ever went out of his way to offend a newspaper man," he says.

"Some years ago there was a very hot campaign in Georgia for a big office.

"In a distant city lived a candidate who was confident of election. He was proud and haughty, and thought only of himself.

"A young newspaper man was detailed by the managing editor to accompany the statesman and report his speeches.

"Now comes the funny part of the story. The statesman ignored his companion—left him to take care of himself—introduced him to nobody—treated him without any consideration.

"Once when they were riding in a buggy through the country they stopped at a spring. The statesman drank a bottle of wine in the spring and drank it all, without offering the journalist a drop.

"Then he helped himself to a cigar from the valise, and resumed his seat in the buggy.

"Drive on," he said.

"The newspaper man hated and despised the cold-blooded politician, but he had his work to do.

"He reported the speeches and campaign incidents, but in a quiet way he knifed the statesman. The big man read the reports, and was conscious that something was lacking, but he could not tell what.

"The newspaper man simply stuck to the facts and damned the candidate with faint praise. He left out the element of enthusiasm. He was dull, and deliberately so.

"The candidate was defeated, and he never knew how much the newspaper man had done to it.

"Of course he did not dream that his own conduct had injured him. No mean man ever makes the discovery that he is mean."